## Large loop array的优化算法原理

```
int i = 0 j = 0;
while ( i < COUNT) {
   if (i % 10) {
       a = 0.0;
       b = 1.0;
   } else {
       a = a + 0.1;
       b = b + 0.2;
                   为层循环i未初始化
   while ( j < len)
       x[j] = a + j;
                     len是最外层循环的循
       y[j] = b + j;
                     环不变量
       j = j + 1;
   total = total + loop(x, y, len);
   i = i + 1;
```

```
if ( i < COUNT) {
   if (i % 10) {
       a = 0.0;
       b = 1.0;
   } else {
       a = a + 0.1;
       b = b + 0.2;
   while ( j < len) {
       x[j] = a + j;
          y[j] = b + j;
       j = j + 1;
   7
   total = total + loop(x, y, len);
                                   激讲死代码消除
   i = i + 1;
                                   指针分析
   while (i < COUNT) {
                                    循环不变量外提
       if (i % 10) {
          a = 0.0;
                                   冗余消除
          b = 1.0;
       } else {
          a = a + 0.1;
          b = b + 0.2;
       total = total + loop(x, y, len);
       i = i + 1;
```



```
a = a + 0.1;
                b = b + 0.2;
                while ( j < len) {
                    x[j] = a + j;
                    y[j] = b + j;
                    j = j + 1;
                int tmp = loop(x, y, len);
                total = total + tmp;
                i = i + 1;
                while (i < COUNT) {
                    total = total + tmp;
稀疏条件常量传播
                    i = i + 1;
```

if ( i < COUNT) {