**2021-2022学年高一英语人教版（2019）必修第一册**

**unit 1 习题精选3**

一.用所给动词的适当形式填空

1. The doctor recommended that he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(stay) a few more days in hospital.
2. It is three years since he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(graduate).
3. The teacher \_\_\_\_\_(quit) the job as a teacher to explore the world two years ago.
4. Now many kids are addicted to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(play) computer games.
5. The mobile phone \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(design) by the company are popular among the young.
6. The freshmen \_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(impress) by TIMES Photography Club at the opening ceremony.
7. My first French class \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(confuse). The teacher spoke so fast!
8. You will quickly get used to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(live) here.
9. I will \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(prepare) for university or whatever else comes in the future.
10. The main purpose of the course is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(help) improve each student’s reading ability.

**二、选用方框中的短语（并用其适当形式）填空**

be good at, hand out, get used to, clean up ,be suitable for, prefer. . .to. . . ,be responsible for, sign up, graduate from ，behind schedule

1. I will help\_\_\_\_\_ the roadside litter whenever possible. I hope my behavior will make a difference.

2. If you want to go by bus, that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_me.

3. George\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the accident because he didn't give a signal to other drivers.

4. In the crowded city, my father\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ walking\_\_\_\_\_\_ taking a bus.

5. Lucy decided to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_for yoga classes at last yesterday.

6. The teacher had the monitor\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the papers.

7. Driving on the left is strange at first but you’ll soon \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_it.

8. As far as I'm concerned, she\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ playing the piano.

9. Owing to various delays, we arrived two days\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

10. Many boys and girls go to college after \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ high school.

三.阅读理解

The disease malaria has caused trouble to mankind throughout history. In the 1860s as the drug called chloroquine began to lose its effectiveness, malaria began to appear again in Southeast Asia. Every country in the world then poured huge amounts of human resources into discovering another anti­malaria drug. In 1964, China put forward the plan to seek a breakthrough from among traditional Chinese medicinal drugs. There was no great discovery until 1981，when Chinese scientist Tu Youyou gave a speech titled “Chemical Research into Artemisinin” at an international conference of the WHO. The speech was regarded as a lifeline for malaria sufferers.

In 1969, the 39 year­old Tu took on the job as head of a research team into this problem. She and her colleagues conducted various kinds of experiments on hundreds of kinds of Chinese medicinal herbs, including artemisinin. However, the results were disappointing.

But later, when Tu found a relevant passage written by Ge Hong of the Eastern Jin Dynasty (317～420), it occurred to her that high temperatures destroy artemisinin's effectiveness: it needs a low temperature to work properly. The discovery pointed to a brand­new direction for Tu and her research team. Finally, in 1972, an extract (#R40) of it was found to be one hundred percent effective against the disease!

In 2000 the WHO announced artemisinin was a leading anti­malarial drug, and promoted it worldwide. So far, it has been playing a great role in the battle against malaria. Beginning at the age of 39, Tu devoted her fife to her research. In 2015, at the age of 85 and as the first Chinese scientist, she received a Nobel Prize in Physiology or Medicine. How did Tu manage to accomplish such a great achievement? You probably have the answer to that already.

1．What can be learnt about “chloroquine” from Paragraph 1?

A．It contributed to Tu's great discovery.

B．It was discovered by experts in Southeast Asia.

C．It was a breakthrough out of Chinese medicine.

D．It used to be effective against the disease of malaria.

2．What did Tu Youyou do after reading a passage by Ge Hong?

A．She interviewed doctors to collect their experience.

B．She attempted to heat the extract at a low temperature.

C．She made necessary adjustments in each stage of her research.

D．She expanded access to the anti­malarial drug around the world.

3．Which of the following can best summarize the main reason for Tu's success?

A．You reap what you sow.

B．Actions speak louder than words.

C．Don't claim to know what you don't know.

D．Live and learn through your mistakes or experience.

**四、七选五**

We all have days, or even weeks, on the job when our productivity declines. But if your output has been steadily decreasing, it could be because you’re wasting time rather than focusing on key tasks at hand. 　1

**Turn** **off** **your** **cellphone**

If you’re eager to stop wasting time at the office, silence your cellphone. 　2　 Turn on your phone only during breaks.

**Organize** **your** **calendar**

It’s easy to waste time when you don’t have a preset schedule outlining your days at work. But if you’re guilty of not maximizing your time at the office, it’ll help to create a daily calendar with blocks of time for various tasks.

**Organize** **your** **space**

　3　If your desk is in a mess, carve out some time to get it organized. Throw away papers you don’t need, file essential documents in some sort of order, and make your supplies more accessible.

**Build** **in** **breaks**

Sometimes we waste time at work by talking to colleagues, checking text messages, or surfing the Internet because our minds need a break from the constant work. If that sounds like you, then you’d better schedule some breaks during the day. 　4

The more time you waste at work, the more your manager and peers are likely to take notice—and that’s a good way to hurt your reputation and put your job at risk. 　5　Doing so might save you from a busy night.

1. Ask your manager for permission to use his office.
2. Here are a few steps you can take to stop wasting time at work.
3. Instead, clean up your act and keep searching for ways to be more efficient.
4. Give family members and close friends a way to reach you in an emergency.
5. Conversations in the office are far more interesting than the work you are doing.
6. A messy workplace can make you inefficient even when you’re trying to do better.
7. This way, you’ll get that need out of your system so you can then go back to concentrating.