# 搞定2022, 无悔2025

词+句+意+题+精翻

### 三轮学习法

## 重新定义--中国--考研英语学习

第一轮: 真题逐篇逐句精讲

a. 词海拾贝(真题词汇考点梳理)

b. T型长难句(主干-修饰-意群-英语思维习得)

c. 逐句精翻讲解(精准理解-词句义-综合)

第二轮: 真题文章听-说-译

逐篇-逐句-逐词-视译-带读-带听

第三轮: 真题文章逐句逐词检测

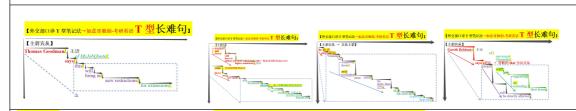
{如意门-集结令}

一入如意门,一世如意人. 如意如意,顺你心意!

# 【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】



## 如意哥 T/梯型长难句要素拆解--英语思维&能力习得最科学高效训练路径



按行数从上至下读:体现试卷中<mark>单词和句子实际出现的先后顺序;</mark>

按箭头从左至右读:体现理解中句子实际的逻辑层次和思维框架: 主从/并列等逻辑和修饰关系

要素	含义	要素	含义	要素	含义	要素	含义	要素	含义
红色	全句主干	绿色	定语或同位语	蓝色	状语	紫色	其它成分	С	并列关系
7	主句主干	N	定语从句或同 位语从句主干	7	状语从句 主干	A	其他从句 主干	1,1	句子整体 走向

/ 意群划分

无统一划分规则;常见意群划分处:连词/介词/名词/动词/标点/非谓语等(to do 前/done 前/doing 前)比 如 that/what/how.../which/who/whom/when/where/while/why/whether/and/or/either...or/as well as/but/so/if/if only/as long as/as soon as/although/thought/both...and.../because/since/before/after/as/in/for/about/on/with/from......

### 如意哥的几段路,分享给考研的朋友们

### 是教育让如意哥从山村一步步定居北京

### 走出贫困山村

(小学在农村读书,未接触英语;中学由小姨带入县城读书,初次接触英语。零基础,不会学,学不会, 对英语无比恐惧自卑。幸遇良师,耐心教我,指导我,教会我方法,纠正我的误区,英语逐渐走上正道!)





高考的遗憾

没有考入理想大学,心有不甘,大学四年不忘初心,不屈服命运 大一就读机械学院,大二受兴趣和梦想激励,转专业,留级一年重学英语 从此,命运的小小齿轮开始转动

先后获得全年级、全系、全校级别英语英语大赛冠军,大三代表全校参加外研社杯全国大学 生英语演讲比赛,获得复赛专业组一等奖









### 保送-求学北师大

一路求学,保送北师大翻译硕士,在校期间担任北师大外文口译队队长,担任校内外交同传





## 走上北外讲台

受聘担任北外-口译课程讲师,并多次受邀担任北外和部委口译大赛评委

#### 第九期全国公安机关国际执法合作培训班英语口译大赛举办

发布者: 宣传部 [发表时间]: 2020-01-08 [来源]: 宣传部 [浏览次数]: 335

1月8日,"第九期全国公安机关国际执法合作培训班英语口译大赛"在我校行政楼配楼会议室举行。公安部国际合作局行动处处长高俊义出席活动。



本次比赛邀请了李元星、李羿哲、杨昉、罗如意、孙浩、谭佳6位老师担任评委,分为初赛、复赛和决赛三个阶段,口译话题涉及警务、外交、国际合作等多个方面,共有25名选手参赛。

比赛中,选手们按抽签次序依次上台,在对话口译、汉英交替传译和英汉交替传译3个环节展开激烈角逐。赛场上,他们快速捕捉信息、自信沉稳作答,娴熟的口译技巧与流畅的表达能力充分展现了公安干警过硬的业务素质与三个月来的学习成果,为在座评委与观众带来了一场精彩纷呈的口译盛宴。

评委老师们从口译有效度、精准度、流利度、语言转换、语义连贯、语音语调、临场发挥、翻译逻辑等不同角度对各位选手的综合表现进行了全面、细致的点评,并提出了具有针对性和专业性的指导意见。





### 北京户口

没有考入理想大学,心有不甘,大学四年不忘初心,通过研究生,抓住了人生的第二次机会; 北师大研究生毕业,进入体制内,拿到北京户口,后辗转从事口译和考研培训,定居北京! 现在是知乎的一名考研英语老师!







### 全家福

是读书、是上岸、是持续的努力、是教育,不仅让我自己从小山村一步步来到并定居北京, 也让我有能力和底气安排全家人畅游北京,这一刻,我既开心又自豪。













# 如意哥

### 知乎考研英语全程班主讲老师 考研英语语块学习法全国第一人

考研一线教学经验7年,助力千余学生圆梦双一流 专业第一名推免北京师范大学翻译硕士 外研社杯专业组全国大学生英语演讲比赛一等奖 国家中级职称口、 笔译员 (CATTI二级) 曾任北京外国语大学CATTI二级口译讲师 曾为哈萨克斯坦前总理、 多 国大使等担任交/同传翻译

### 读研改变了我! 考研这一路,让如意哥陪你一战上岸

这是如意哥的成长历程!

请同学们坚信,读书、教育是可以给我们人生命运的! 如果你即将开始属于自己的备考之路!如意哥想送两句话给你!

# 劝学一

子曰: "盖有不知而作之者,我无是也。多闻,择其善者而从之,见多而知之,知之次也。" ----《论语-为政》

#### 【翻译】

孔子说:"大概有自己不懂却凭空造作的人吧,我没有这样的毛病。多听,选择其中好的加以学习,多看,全记在心里。这样的知,是仅次于'生而知之'的。"

#### 【解读】

这一章是孔子关于学习的方法论,他主张对自己所不知的,应该多听、多看,努力学习。反对那种本来什么都不懂,却在那里凭空杜撰的做法。注重实践,反对空谈,他自己是这样做的,同时也要求他的学生这样去做。

### 【劝学】

"闻道有先后,术业有专攻。"大千世界,总有人率先悟道,掌握方法与经验。无论是工作,生活还是学习考研,悟道先后不重要,关键是要谦虚好学,持续努力,切忌自我封闭,固于己见。

对于考研学习而言,同学们要多听,多见,多思,多学,多做!对于英语学习而言,同学们既要多汲取老师和过来人的方法和建议,在大的方向上听话,当然,如果确实遇到与自身相关的特殊具体情况时,也要加入自己批判性的思维!

大方向:能力,一切脱离基础能力提升的备考路径终归空中楼阁!我们要追求的不是一天记200个单词,不是10天搞定5500,也不是10天搞定阅读核心2000词,因为记"单"词(背字典一样地背单词书)本身就不是语言能力提升的正道,因为语言学习本身就是"慢"而循序渐进,是不可能速成的。我们能做的,只是确保我们所学的内容是和考试相关的,我们所学的方式是符合考察要求的,我们的学习路径是符合语言科学规律的。

## 劝学二

子曰: "譬如为山,未成一篑,止,吾止也。 譬如平地,虽覆一篑,进,吾往也。"

### 【翻译】

孔子说,好比堆土成山,只要再加一筐土便成山了,如果懒得做下去,这是自己停止的;又 好比在平地上堆土成山,纵是刚刚倒下一筐土,如果决心努力前进,还是要自己坚持啊!)。

#### 【解读】

孔子在这里用堆土成山这一比喻,说明功亏一篑和持之以恒的深刻道理,他鼓励自己和学生们无论在学问和道德上,都应该是坚持不懈,自觉自愿。这对于立志有所作为的人来说,是十分重要的,也是对人的道德品质的塑造。孔子认为,无论学习知识,还是道德修养,都有一个循序渐进、慢慢积累的过程,不可能一蹴而就。因此,不能浅尝辄止,必须坚持不懈,直到最后成功。他以"为山"和"平地"为喻,勉励人们在目标尚未达到前,不要因为取得了一点小成绩,就止步不前,半途而废,以至前功尽弃。

### 【劝学】

乾坤未定, 你我皆是黑马!

人生需要拼搏,考研需要坚持!没有方向和行动,所有的风都逆风。坚持打卡是行动,搞定真题是方向。跟着如意哥一起学透真题,打卡行动起来!我们正处于人生中最让人热血澎湃的年纪,有无限可能,有充沛的精力,有家人的陪伴,健康的身体,命运掌握在我们自己手中

既然如此,就让我们以梦为马,不负韶华,执理想之笔,唱自由之歌。

同学们,除了你自己,没有人可以阻碍你对未来美好人生和无限可能的向往和追求。

抛弃幻想,脚踏实地,遇到困难,直面困难,解决困难,2025,我们扬帆上岸!



### 敲黑板的话:

请大家在备考前牢记如意哥下面的嘱咐:暂时把单词书和app放到一旁,对于基础一般,甚至很弱的同学,这样学是效果极差,而且越学越怀疑人生的!

让我们回归语言学习最本源,最科学的方式,在听说读写中学! 让我们回归考试大纲的要求,走出熟悉舒适区,在听说读写中学! 让我们找到最针对性的知识,直接学透真题,在真题的逐句中学,在真题的逐段中学,在真

近几年的真题是最能反应真是的考研难度和考情的考试内容,把它学透了,才是对症下药!如果你的基础差,一开始感觉难,那就学得慢一点,没有关系,后面你会越来越快,正所谓,慢慢来,比较快,慢慢的意思不是低效,而是我们要学得精,而不是囫囵吞枣,我学一句话,就要把这句话从单词的意思,到单词的考点,到句子的意思,句子的结构,到翻译理解,到句子的朗读,无死角掌握。这才是正道,看似慢,其实这才是真正的捷径,不让我们做无用功,这也是语言学习本来的样子!

晨读直播:抖音/视频号/小红书和b站:罗如意老师 晨读回放:主要在小红书和b站: 罗如意老师

题的逐篇中学,在真题的听说读写中学!



喜马拉雅: 考研英语罗如意: 各种音频电台节目集中地

如果同学们有研友或者同学朋友考研,可以邀请进群,组队学习打卡,也欢迎和感谢大家推荐给周围的同学朋友、学弟学妹,大家少走弯路,高效学习。

晨读网盘网盘地址:

1.1.1. 如意哥 25 考研晨读等课程资料网盘地址:

链接: https://pan.baidu.com/s/1cjBLsjtJpzrSpmZlZwu3Fw

提取码: 3zi8 (可以到群公告复制链接打开)

网盘会持续更新, 所以同学们也需要不断更新

### 网盘内容说明:

1.1.2. 1: 晨读的讲义为电子版: 大家可以用电子版听课, 做笔记, 打卡群内有很多同学很擅长借助电子工具高效学习, 大家可以相互交流;

2: 有很多同学会将讲义打印出来,并且加上封皮,如果喜欢纸质学习,那就打印出来,整理好,后期,这就是我们的单词和句子学习的复习资料;
3:网盘中的讲义有很多种: 现在晨读的讲义主要有两种,第一种是逐句学习版; 用于第一轮学习; 第二种是完整的真题无编辑版, 用于二轮复习;
4:前面的许多大家错过的直播, 如意哥都已经剪辑好, 全部上传到网盘的《真题逐句精讲》文件夹,大家可以用网盘听前面的内容,也可以去 b 站和小红书(罗如意老师)去听, 如果大家平时用的话, 如意哥推荐后者, 因为网盘的实效性差, 最新的内容来不及上传, 最新的内容都发布在 b 站和小红书, 另外: 视频号的直播回放中一般也保留了晨读的回放, 但是这是没有剪辑过的内容, 不够精品;

5:为了大家的学习方便,如意哥已经 23 年的逐句英一英二的所有切片教学 视频精讲单独上传到晨读网盘。关于网盘中如意哥的这些真题视频切片课 程,大家根据自己需要利用即可,另外,如果有同学想下载上传到自己的一些账号用于自己学习,或者涨粉,售卖等需求的,也没有关系,大家可以随意使用,但是我希望还是主要方便大家的学习;







## 2022 年全国硕士研究生招生考试

# 英语(一)

(科目代码: 201)

### ☆考生注意事项☆

- 答题前,考生须在试题册指定位置上填写考生编号和考生姓名; 在答题卡指定位置上填写报考单位、考生姓名和考生编号,并涂 写考生编号信息点。
- 2. 考生须把试题册上的"试卷条形码"粘贴条取下,粘贴在答题 卡的"试卷条形码粘贴位置"框中。不按规定粘贴条形码而影 响评卷结果的,责任由考生自负。
- 3. 选择题的答案必须涂写在答题卡相应题号的选项上,非选择题 的答案必须书写在答题卡指定位置的边框区域内。超出答题区 域书写的答案无效;在草稿纸、试题册上答题无效。
- 4. 填(书)写部分必须使用黑色字迹签字笔书写,字迹工整、笔迹清楚;涂写部分必须使用 2B 铅笔填涂。
- 5. 考试结束,将答题卡和试题册按规定交回。

(以下信息考生必须认真填写)

考生编号								
考生姓名								

## 搞定2022, 无悔2025

词+句+意+题+精翻

三轮学习法

## 重新定义--中国--考研英语学习

第一轮: 真题逐篇逐句精讲

a.词海拾贝(真题词汇考点梳理)

b.T 型长难句(主干-修饰-意群-英语思维习得)

c. 逐句精翻讲解(精准理解-词句义-综合)

第二轮: 真题文章听-说-译

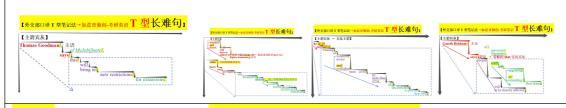
逐篇-逐句-逐词-视译-带读-带听

第三轮: 真题文章逐句逐词检测

# 【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】



### 如意哥 T/梯型长难句要素拆解--英语思维&能力习得最科学高效训练路径



按行数从上至下读:体现试卷中单词和句子实际出现的先后顺序;

按箭头从左至右读:体现理解中句子实际的逻辑层次和思维框架: 主从/并列等逻辑和修饰关系

要素	含义	要素	含义	要素	含义	要素	含义	要素	含义
红色	全句主干	绿色	定语或同位语	蓝色	状语	紫色	其它成分	С	并列关系
A	主句主干	N	定语从句或同 位语从句主干	N	状语从句 主干	A	其他从句 主干	7	句子整体 走向

意群划分

无统一划分规则;常见意群划分处:连词/介词/名词/动词/标点/非谓语等(to do 前/done 前/doing 前)比 如 that/what/how.../which/who/whom/when/where/while/why/whether/and/or/either...or/as well as/but/so/if/if only/as long as/as soon as/although/thought/both...and.../because/since/before/after/as/in/for/about/on/with/from.....

## 2022 年全国研究生招生考试英语(一)试卷

Section I Use of English

**Directions:** 

Read the following text. Choose the best word(s) for each numbered blank and mark A, B, C or D on the ANSWER SHEET. (10 points)

### 完形第一段

2022-<u>英一-完形-第1段——01句:</u> The idea that plants have some degree of consciousness first took root in the early 2000s; the term "plant neurobiology" was <u>coined</u> around the notion that some aspects of plant behavior could be compared to intelligence in animals.

【词海拾贝】

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

精翻

<u>2022-英一-完形-第1段——02句: Though</u> plants lack brains, the firing of electrical signals in their stems and leaves nonetheless triggered responses that <u>hinted at</u> consciousness, researchers previously reported.

【词海拾贝】

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

精翻:

#### 完形第二段

<u>2022-英一-完形-第 2 段——01 句:</u> But such an idea is untrue, according to a new opinion article.

【词海拾贝】

【外交部口译	T 型笔记法→	·如意哥独创	考研英语 T	型长难句】

<b>林本 雅和</b>	
們的	

2022-英一-完形-第 2 段——02 句: Plant biology is complex and fascinating, but it <u>differs</u> so greatly from that of animals that so-called <u>evidence</u> of plants' intelligence is inconclusive, the authors wrote.

【词海拾贝】

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

### 完形第三段

2022-<u>英一-完形-第3段——01句:</u> Beginning in 2006, some scientists have <u>argued</u> that plants possess neuron-like cells that interact with hormones and neurotransmitters, <u>forming</u> "a plant nervous system, <u>analogous</u> to that in animals," said lead study author Lincoln Taiz.

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【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

<mark>精翻:</mark>

2022-英一-完形-第 3 段——02 句: "They even claimed that plants have 'brain-like command centers' at their root tips."

【词海 <del>拾</del> 贝】
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
<b>精翻:</b>
<mark>完形第四段</mark>
2022-英一-完形-第 4 段——01 句: This perspective makes sense if you simplify the workings of
a complex brain, reducing it to an array of electrical pulses; cells in plants also communicate
through electrical signals.
【词海拾贝】
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
<b>精翻</b> :
2022-英一-完形-第 4 段——02 句: However, the signaling in a plant is only superficially
similar to the firing in a complex animal brain, which is more than "a mass of cells that
communicate by electricity," Taiz said.
【词海拾贝】
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
精翻:



### 完形第五段

<u>2022-英一-完形-第5段——01句:</u> "For consciousness to evolve, a brain with a threshold <u>level</u> of complexity and capacity is required," he <u>added</u>.

【词海拾贝】

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

精翻.

<u>2022-英一-完形-第 5 段——02 句:</u> "Since plants don't have nervous systems, the <u>chances</u> that they have consciousness are effectively zero."

【词海拾贝】

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

精翻:

### 完形第六段

<u>2022-英一-完形-第6段——01句:</u> And what's so great about consciousness, anyway?

精翻:

<u>2022-英一-完形-第6段——02句:</u> Plants can't run away from <u>danger</u>, so investing energy in a body system which <u>recognizes</u> a threat and can feel pain would be a very <u>poor</u> evolutionary strategy, according to the article.

【词海拾贝】

### 【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

#### 摔翻

1.	[A] coined	[B] discovered	[C] collected	[D] issued
2.	[A] attributed	[B] directed	[C] compared	[D] confined
3.	[A] Unless	[B] When	[C] Once	[D]Though
4.	[A] coped with	[B] consisted of	[C] hinted at	[D] extended to
5.	[A] suffers	[B] benefits	[C] develops	[D] differs
6.	[A] acceptance	[B] evidence	[C] cultivation	[D] creation
7.	[A] doubted	[B] denied	[C] argued	[D] requested
8.	[A] adapting	[B] forming	[C] repairing	[D] testing
9.	[A] analogous	[B] essential	[C] suitable	[D] sensitive
10.	[A] just	[B] ever	[C] still	[D] even
11.	[A] restriction	[B] experiment	[C] perspective	[D] demand
12.	[A] attaching	[B] reducing	[C] returning	[D] exposing
13.	[A] However	[B] Moreover	[C] Therefore	[D] Otherwise
14.	[A] temporarily	[B] literally	[C] superficially	[D] imaginarily
15.	[A] list	[B] level	[C] label	[D] load
16.	[A] recalled	[B] agreed	[C] questioned	[D] added
17.	[A] chances	[B] risks	[C] excuses	[D] assumptions
18.	[A] danger	[B] failure	[C] warning	[D] control
19.	[A] represents	[B] includes	[C] reveals	[D] recognizes
20	[A] humble	[B] poor	[C] practical	[D] easy



# **Section II Reading Comprehension**

Part A

Directions:
Read the following four texts. Answer the questions below each text by choosing A, B, C or D.
Mark your answers on the ANSWER SHEET. (40 points)
Text 1
Text1 第一段
2022-英一-text1-第 1 段——01 句: People often complain that plastics are too durable.
【词海抬贝】 ····································
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
<mark>精翻:</mark>
2022-英一-text1-第 1 段——02 句: Water bottles, shopping bags, and other trash litter the planet,
from Mount Everest to the Mariana Trench, because plastics are everywhere and don't break down
easily.
【 <mark>词海拾贝】</mark>
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
<b>精翻:</b>
2022-英一-text1-第 1 段——03 句: But some plastic materials change over time.
【词海拾贝】
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
17

\_) 许下你的心愿吧!

一入如意门,一世如意人!如意如意,顺你心意,(\_\_\_\_ 搞定真题,以终为始,绝无偏航!

<mark>精翻:</mark>
<u>2022-英一-text1-第 1 段——04 句:</u> They crack and frizzle.
精翻:
<u>2022-英一-text1-第 1 段——05 句:</u> They "weep" out additives.
精翻:
<u>2022-英一-text1-第 1 段——06 句:</u> They melt into sludge.
<mark>精翻:</mark>
<u>2022-英一-text1-第 1 段——07 句:</u> All of which creates huge headaches for institutions, such as
museums, trying to preserve culturally important objects.
【词海拾贝】
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
<mark>精翻:</mark>
<u>2022-英一-text1-第 1 段——08 句:</u> The variety of plastic objects at risk is dizzying: early radios,
avant-garde sculptures, celluloid animation stills from Disney films, the first artificial heart.
【词海拾贝】
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
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大大型 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Text1 第二段

2022-英一-text1-第 2 段——01 句: Certain artifacts are especially vulnerable because some pioneers in plastic art didn't always know how to mix ingredients properly, says Thea van Oosten, a polymer chemist who, until retiring a few years ago, worked for decades at the Cultural Heritage Agency of the Netherlands (RCE).

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【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

<mark>精翻:</mark>\_\_\_\_\_\_

2022-英一-text1-第 2 段——02 句: "It's like baking a cake: If you don't have exact amounts, it goes wrong," she says.

【词海拾贝】

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

<mark>精翻:</mark>\_\_\_\_\_\_

2022-英一-text1-第 2 段——03 句: "The object you make is already a time bomb."

精翻:

### Text1 第三段

<u>2022-英一-text1-第 3 段——01 句:</u> And sometimes, it's not the artist's fault.

精翻:

<u>2022-英一-text1-第 3 段——02 句:</u> In the 1960s, the Italian artist Piero Gilardi began to create
hundreds of bright, colorful foam pieces.
【词海拾贝】
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
<mark>精翻:</mark>
<u>2022-英一-text1-第 3 段——03 句:</u> Those pieces included small beds of roses and other items as
well as a few dozen "nature carpets"—large rectangles decorated with foam pumpkins, cabbages,
and watermelons.
【词海拾贝】
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
<b>精翻:</b>
<u>2022-英一-text1-第 3 段——04 句:</u> He wanted viewers to walk around on the carpets—which
meant they had to be durable.
【词海拾贝】 ····································
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
精 <mark>翻:</mark>

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<u>2022-英一-text1-第 4 段——01 句:</u> Unfortunately, the polyurethane foam he used is inherently
unstable.
【词海拾贝】
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
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<b>精翻:</b>
173 MADE
2022-英一-text1-第 4 段──02 句:It's especially vulnerable to light damage, and by the
mid-1990s, Gilardi's pumpkins, roses, and other figures were splitting and crumbling.
<mark>【词海拾贝】</mark>
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
<mark>精翻:</mark>
2022-英一-text1-第 4 段——03 句: Museums locked some of them away in the dark.
<mark>精翻:</mark>

## Text1 第五段

<u>2022-英一-text1-第5段——01句:</u>So van Oosten and colleagues worked to preserve Gilardi's sculptures.

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【词海拾贝】
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
<del>精翻:</del>
<u>2022-英一-text1-第5段──02句:</u> They infused some with stabilizing and consolidating chemicals.
<mark>精翻:</mark>
2022-英一-text1-第 5 段——03 句:Van Oosten calls those chemicals "sunscreens" because their goal was to prevent further light damage and rebuild worn polymer fibers.
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法 + 如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
精翻:
2022-英一-text1-第5段——04句:She is proud that several sculptures have even gone on display again, albeit sometimes beneath protective cases.
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创_考研英语 T 型长难句】

精翻:
Text1 第六段
2022-英一-text1-第 6 段——01 句:Despite success stories like van Oosten's, preservation of
plastics will likely get harder.
【词海拾贝】
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
kt sin
精翻:
2022-英一-text1-第 6 段——02 句:Old objects continue to deteriorate.
精翻:
<u>2022-英一-text1-第6段——03句:</u> Worse, biodegradable plastics, designed to disintegrate, are
increasingly common.
【词海拾贝】
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
<mark>精翻:</mark>

Text1 第七段

<u>2022-英一-text1-第7段——01</u>句:And more is at stake here than individual objects.

restoration at the NOVA School of S	Science and Technology, notes that archaeologists first defined	1
	history—Stone Age, Iron Age, and so on—after examining	
artifacts in museums.	instory stone rige, from rige, and so on after examining	,
【词海拾贝】		
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型	<mark>√长难句】</mark>	
青翻:		
2022 <del>                                    </del>	<b>—</b> w	
	句:We now live in an age of plastic, she says, "and what we	
lecide to collect today, what we de	ecide to preserve will have a strong impact on how in the	•
inture we'll be seen."		
Tuture we'll be seen."  【词海拾贝】	↓ <del>と</del> 命句 <b>【</b>	
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【词海拾贝】 【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型	ums are faced with difficulties in	
【词海拾贝】 【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型	ums are faced with difficulties in	

[B] obtaining durable plastic artifacts	
[C] handling outdated plastic exhibits	
[D] classifying their plastic collections	
22. Van Oosten believes that certain plastic objects are	
[A] immune to decay	
[B] improperly shaped	
[C] inherently flawed	
[D] complex in structure	
23. Museums stopped exhibiting some of Gilardi's artworks to	
[A] keep them from hurting visitors	
[B] duplicate them for future display	
[C] have their ingredients analyzed	
[D] prevent them from further damage	
24. The author thinks that preservation of plastics is	
[A] costly	
[B] unworthy	
[C] unpopular	
[D] challenging	
25. In Ferreira's opinion, preservation of plastic artifacts	
[A] will inspire future scientific research	
[B] has profound historical significance	
[C] will help us separate the material ages	
[D] has an impact on today's cultural life	

#### Text 2

### Text2 第一段

2022-英一-text2-第 1 段——01 句: As the latest crop of students pen their undergraduate application form and weigh up their options, it may be worth considering just how the point, purpose and value of a degree has changed and what Generation Z need to consider as they start the third stage of their educational journey.

【词海拾贝】

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

<mark>精翻:</mark>\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

### Text2 第二段

<u>2022-英一-text2-第 2 段——01</u> 句:Millennials were told that if you did well in school, got a decent degree, you would be set up for life.

【词海拾贝】

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

<u>2022-英一-text2-第 2 段——02</u> 句:But that promise has been found wanting.

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2022-英一-text2-第 2 段——03 句: As degrees became universal, they became devalued.
精翻:
2022-英一-text2-第 2 段——04 句:Education was no longer a secure route of social mobility.
精翻:
2022-英一-text2-第 2 段——05 句:Today, 28 per cent of graduates in the UK are in non-graduate
roles, a percentage which is double the average among the OECD countries. 【词海拾贝】
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
精翻:
Text2 第三段
2022-英一-text2-第 3 段——01 句:This is not to say that there is no point in getting a degree, but
rather stress that a degree is not for everyone, that the switch from classroom to lecture hall is not
an inevitable one and that other options are available.
<mark>【词海拾贝】</mark>
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
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### Text2 第四段

2022-英一-text2-第 4 段——01 句: Thankfully, there are signs that this is already happening, with Generation Z seeking to learn from their millennial predecessors, even if parents and teachers tend to be still set in the degree mindset.

【词海拾贝】

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

特翻:

<u>2022-英一-text2-第 4 段——02 句:</u>Employers have long seen the advantages of hiring school leavers who often prove themselves to be more committed and loyal employees than graduates.

【词海拾贝】

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

精翻:

<u>2022-英一-text2-第 4 段——03</u> 句:Many too are seeing the advantages of scrapping a degree requirement for certain roles.

【词海拾贝】

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

精翻。
Text2 第五段
2022-英一-text2-第5段——01句:For those for whom a degree is the desired route, consider that
this may well be the first of many.
【词海拾贝】
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
<mark>精翻:</mark>
2022-英一-text2-第5段——02句:In this age of generalists, it pays to have specific knowledge or
skills.
<mark>【词海拾贝】</mark> ····································
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
<del>指翻:</del> 2022-英一-text2-第 5 段——03 句:Postgraduates now earn 40 per cent more than graduates.
2022-92 -text2-93 5 12 03 43. Postgraduates now earn 40 per cent more than graduates.
<b>精翻:</b>
2022-英一-text2-第 5 段——04 句:When more and more of us have a degree, it makes sense to
have two.

29

一入如意门,一世如意人!如意如意,顺你心意,(\_\_\_\_\_\_) 许下你的心愿吧! 搞定真题,以终为始,绝无偏航!

课程咨询: 18010023192; 抖音视频号 blibli 小红书公众号: (考研英语) 罗如意老师 精翻: Text2 第六段 2022-英一-text2-第 6 段——01 句:It is unlikely that Generation Z will be done with education at 18 or 21; they will need to be constantly upskilling throughout their career to stay employable. 【词海拾贝】 【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】 2022-英一-text2-第 6 段——02 句:It has been estimated that this generation, due to the pressures of technology, the wish for personal fulfillment and desire for diversity, will work for 17 different employers over the course of their working life and have five different careers. 【词海拾贝】 【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

<u>2022-英一-text2-第6段——03</u> 句:Education, and not just knowledge gained on campus, will be a core part of Generation Z's career trajectory.

【词海拾贝】

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

精翻:	
Text2 第七段	
<u>2022-英一-text2-第7段——01 句:</u> Older generations often talk about their de	egree in the present
and personal tense: 'I am a geographer' or 'I am a classicist'.	
<mark>【词海拾贝】</mark>	
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】	
精翻:	
<b>2022-英一-text2-第7段——02 句:</b> Their sons or daughters would never say su	ch a thing; it's as if
they already know that their degree won't define them in the same way.	
【词海拾贝】	
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】	
<mark>精翻:</mark>	
26. The author suggests that Generation Z should	
[A] be careful in choosing a college	
[B] be diligent at each educational stage	
[C] reassess the necessity of college education	
[D] postpone their undergraduate application	111

\_\_\_\_\_) 许下你的心愿吧!

一入如意门,一世如意人!如意如意,顺你心意,(\_\_\_\_ 搞定真题,以终为始,绝无偏航!

27. The percentage of UK graduates in non-graduate roles reflects
[A] Millennial's opinion about work
[B] the shrinking value of a degree
[C] public discontent with education
[D] the desired route of social mobility
28. The author considers it a good sign that
[A] Generation Z are seeking to earn a decent degree
[B] school leavers are willing to be skilled workers
[C] employers are taking a realistic attitude to degree
[D] parents are changing their minds about education
29. It is advised in Paragraph 5 that those with one degree should
[A] make an early decision on their career
[B] attend on-the-job training programs
[C] team up with high-paid postgraduates
[D] further their studies in a specific field
30. What can be concluded about Generation Z from the last two paragraphs?
[A] Lifelong learning will define them.
[B] They will make qualified educators.
[C] Degrees will no longer appeal them.
[D] They will have a limited choice of jobs.
Text 3
Text3 第一段
2022-英一-text3-第 1 段——01 句:Enlightening, challenging, stimulating, fun.
<del>精翻:</del>

32

<u>2022-英一-text3-第 1 段——02 句:</u>These were some of the words that Nature readers used to describe their experience of art-science collaborations in a series of articles on partnerships between artists and researchers.

【词海拾贝】

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

精翻:

<u>2022-英一-text3-第1段——03 句:</u>Nearly 40% of the roughly 350 people who responded to an accompanying poll said, they had collaborated with artists; and almost all said they would consider doing so in future.

【词海拾贝】

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

精翻

Text3 第二段

2022-英一-text3-第 2 段——01 句:Such an encouraging result is not surprising.

精翻:

<u>2022-英一-text3-第 2 段——02 句:</u>Scientists are increasingly seeking out visual artists to help them communicate their work to new audiences.

【词海拾贝】

<u>2022-英一-text3-第 2 段——03</u> 句: "Artists help scientists reach a broader audience and make emotional connections that enhance learning," one respondent said.

【词海拾贝】

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

### Text3 第三段

<u>2022-英一-text3-第 3 段——01 句:</u>One example of how artists and scientists have together rocked the scenes came last month when the Sydney Symphony Orchestra performed a reworked version of Antonio Vivaldi's *The Four Seasons*.

【词海拾贝】

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

<mark>精翻:</mark>\_\_\_\_\_\_

2022-英一-text3-第 3 段——02 句: They reimagined the 300-year-old score by injecting the latest climate prediction data for each season—provided by Monash University's Climate Change Communication Research Hub.

【词海拾贝】
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
<mark>精翻:</mark>
<u>2022-英一-text3-第3段——03句:</u> The performance was a creative call to action ahead of
November's United Nations Climate Change Conference in Glasgow, UK.
【词海拾贝】
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
精翻:
Text3 第四段
2022-英一-text3-第 4 段——01 句:But a genuine partnership must be a two-way street.
精翻:
2022-英一-text3-第 4 段——02 句: Fewer artists than scientists responded to the Nature poll,
however, several respondents noted that artists do not simply assist scientists with their
communication requirements.
【词海拾贝】

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

<mark>精翻:</mark>
2022-英一-text3-第 4 段——03 句:Nor should their work be considered only as an object of study.
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
精 <mark>翻:</mark>
2022-英一-text3-第 4 段——04 句:The alliances are most valuable when scientists and artists
have a shared stake in a project, are able to jointly design it and can critique each other's work.
【词海 <del>拾</del> 贝】
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
精翻:
2022-英一-text3-第 4 段——05 句:Such an approach can both prompt new research as well as
result in powerful art.
【词海拾贝】
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
<mark>精翻:</mark>

# Text3 第五段

<u>2022-英一-text3-第5段——01句:</u> More than half a century ago, the Massachusetts Institute of Technology opened its Center for Advanced Visual Studies (CAVS) to explore the role of technology in culture.

【词海拾贝】

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

<mark>精翻:</mark>

<u>2022-英一-text3-第5段——02句:</u>The founders deliberately focused their projects around light—hence the "visual studies" in the name.

【词海拾贝】

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

<mark>精翻:</mark>\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

<u>2022-英一-text3-第5段——03句:</u>Light was a something that both artists and scientists had an interest in, and therefore could form the basis of collaboration.

【词海拾贝】

精翻:

2022-英一-text3-第 5 段——04 句: As science and technology progressed, and divided into more sub-disciplines, the centre was simultaneously looking to a time when leading researchers could also be artists, writers and poets, and vice versa.

【词海拾贝】

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

精翻:

## Text3 第六段

<u>2022-英一-text3-第6段——01句:</u>Nature's poll findings suggest that this trend is as strong as ever, but, to make a collaboration work, both sides need to invest time, and embrace surprise and challenge.

【词海拾贝】

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

精翻

<u>2022-英一-text3-第6段——02句:</u>The reach of art-science tie-ups needs to go beyond the necessary purpose of research communication, and participants must not fall into the trap of stereotyping each other.

精翻:
<b>2022-英一-text3-第 6 段——03 句:</b> Artists and scientists alike are immersed in discovery and
invention, and challenge and critique are core to both, too.
【词海拾贝】
L 则使知义A
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
<mark>精翻:</mark>
31. According to Paragraph 1, art-science collaborations have
[A] caught the attention of critics
[B] received favorable responses
[C] promoted academic publishing
[D] sparked heated public disputes
32. The reworked version of <i>The Four Seasons</i> is mentioned to show that
[A] art can offer audiences easy access to science
[B] science can help with the expression of emotions
[C] public participation in science has a promising future
[D] art is effective in facilitating scientific innovations
33. Some artists seem to worry about in the art-science partnership
[A] their role may be underestimated

[D] their work may be misguided

34. What does the author say about CAVS?

[A] It was headed alternately by artists and scientists.

[B] It exemplified valuable art-science alliances.

[C] Its projects aimed at advancing visual studies.

[D] Its founders sought to raise the status of artists.

35. In the last paragraph, the author holds that art-science collaborations

[A] are likely to go beyond public expectations

[B] will intensify interdisciplinary competition

[C] should do more than communicating science

[D] are becoming more popular than before

[B] their reputation may be impaired

[C] their creativity may be inhibited

#### Text 4

١	Tex <sub>1</sub>	4	第	_	段

<u>2022-英一-text4-第1段——01句:</u>The personal grievance provisions of New Zealand's Employment Relations Act 2000 (ERA) prevent an employer from firing an employee without good cause.

【词海拾贝】

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

<mark>精翻:</mark>

<u>2022-英一-text4-第 1 段——02 句:</u>Instead, dismissals must be justified.

<mark>精翻:</mark>\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2022-英一-text4-第1段——03句:Employers must both show cause and act in a procedurally fair way.

精翻。

## Text4 第二段

<u>2022-英一-text4-第2段——01句:</u>Personal grievance procedures were designed to guard the jobs of ordinary workers from "unjustified dismissals".

【词海拾贝】

<mark>精翻:</mark>
2022-英一-text4-第 2 段——02 句:The premise was that the common law of contract lacked
sufficient safeguards for workers against arbitrary conduct by management.
【词海拾贝】
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
<mark>精翻:</mark>
2022-英一-text4-第 2 段——03 句:Long gone are the days when a boss could simply give an
employee contractual notice.
【词海拾贝】
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
精翻:
Text4 第三段
2022-英一-text4-第 3 段——01 句:But these provisions create difficulties for businesses when
applied to highly paid managers and executives.
【词海拾贝】

精翻:
<u>2022-英一-text4-第3段──02句:</u> As countless boards and business owners will attest,
constraining firms from firing poorly performing, high-earning managers is a handbrake on
boosting productivity and overall performance.
【词海拾贝】
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
<b>精翻:</b>
<u>2022-英一-text4-第 3 段——03</u> 句:The difference between C-grade and A-grade managers may
very well be the difference between business success or failure.
<mark>【词海拾贝】</mark> ····································
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
精翻:
2022-英一-text4-第 3 段——04 句:Between preserving the jobs of ordinary workers or losing
them.
<b>精翻:</b>
<u>2022-英一-text4-第 3 段——05 句:</u> Yet mediocrity is no longer enough to justify a dismissal.

精翻:

## Text4 第四段

<u>2022-英一-text4-第 4 段——01 句:</u>Consequently—and paradoxically—laws introduced to protect the jobs of ordinary workers may be placing those jobs at risk.

【词海拾贝】

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

精翻:

## Text4 第五段

2022-英一-text4-第5段——01句:If not placing jobs at risk, to the extent employment protection laws constrain business owners from dismissing under-performing managers, those laws act as a constraint on firm productivity and therefore on workers' wages.

【词海拾贝】

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

精翻:

2022-英一-text4-第 5 段——02 句:Indeed, in "An International Perspective on New Zealand's Productivity Paradox" (2014), the Productivity Commission singled out the low quality of managerial capabilities as a cause of the country's poor productivity growth record.

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
Text4 第六段
2022-英一-text4-第 6 段——01 句:Nor are highly paid managers themselves immune from the
harm caused by the ERA's unjustified dismissal procedures.
<mark>【词海拾贝】</mark> ·
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
<mark>精翻:</mark>
2022-英一-text4-第 6 段——02 句:Because employment protection laws make it costlier to fire
an employee, employers are more cautious about hiring new staff.
<mark>【词海拾贝】</mark> ····································
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
<mark>精翻:</mark>
2022-英一-text4-第 6 段——03 句:This makes it harder for the marginal manager to gain
employment.
<mark>【词海拾贝】</mark>

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法 — 如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
精翻:
2022-英一-text4-第 6 段——04 句: And firms pay staff less because firms carry the burden of the
employment arrangement going wrong.
<mark>【词海拾贝】</mark> ····································
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法一如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
<b>精翻:</b>
Text4 第七段
<u>2022-英一-text4-第7段——01句:</u> Society also suffers from excessive employment protections.
精翻:
<u>2022-英一-text4- 第 7 段 — − 02 句:</u> Stringent job dismissal regulations adversely affect
productivity growth and hamper both prosperity and overall well-being.
<mark>【词海拾贝】</mark> ····································
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

# Text4 第八段

2022-英一-text4-第 8 段——01 句:Across the Tasman Sea, Australia deals with the unjustified dismissal paradox by excluding employees earning above a specified "high-income threshold" from the protection of its unfair dismissal laws.

【词海拾贝】

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

精翻:

<u>2022-英一-text4-第8段——02</u> 句:In New Zealand, a 2016 private members' Bill tried to permit firms and high-income employees to contract out of the unjustified dismissal regime.

【词海拾贝】

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

精翻

<u>2022-英一-text4-第8段——03</u>句:However, the mechanisms proposed were unwieldy and the Bill was voted down following the change in government later that year.

【词海拾贝】

精翻:	
36. The personal grievance provisions of the ERA are in	tended to
[A] punish dubious corporate practices	
[B] improve traditional hiring procedures	
[C] exempt employers from certain duties	
[D] protect the rights of ordinary workers	
37. It can be learned from Paragraph 3 that the provision	s may
[A] hinder business development	
[B] undermine the managers' authority	
[C] affect the public image of the firms	
[D] worsen labor-management relations	
38. Which of the following measures would the Producti	vity Commission support?
[A] Imposing reasonable wage restraints.	
[B] Enforcing employment protection laws.	
[C] Limiting the powers of business owners.	
[D] Dismissing poorly performing managers.	
39. What might be an effect of ERA's unjustified dismiss	sal procedures?
[A] Highly paid managers lose their jobs.	
[B] Employees suffer from salary cuts.	
[C] Society sees a rise in overall well-being.	
[D] Employers need to hire new staff.	
40. It can be inferred that the "high-income threshold" in	n Australia
[A] has secured managers' earnings	
[B] has produced undesired results	
[C] is beneficial to business owners	

[D] is difficult to put into practice

#### Part B

**Directions:** 

In the following text, there are five people's opinions about the article "The Cases Against the Zoos". For Questions 41-45, choose the most suitable one from the list A-G to summarize each numbered person's name. There are two extra choices, which do not fit in any of the blanks. Mark your answers on the ANSWER SHEET. (10 points)

<mark>新题型第一段</mark>

41. Teri Byrd:	
022-英一-新题型-第 1 段——01 句:I was a zoo and wildlife park employee for years.	
· <mark>翻:</mark>	

<u>2022-英一-新题型-第 1 段——02</u> 句:Both the wildlife park and zoo claimed to be operating for the benefit of the animals and for conservation purposes.

【词海拾贝】

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

精翻.

2022-英一-新题型-第 1 段──03 句: This claim was false. Neither one of them actually participated in any contributions to animal research or conservation.

【词海拾贝】

<u>*</u> ±± <b>≭</b> 10	
<b>5                                    </b>	_
2 <b>022-英一-新题型-第 1 段——04 句:</b> They are profitable institutions whose bottom line is mu	ıch
nore important than the condition of the animals.	.011
note important than the condition of the animals.	
<mark>【词海拾贝】</mark>	
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】	
<b>青翻:</b>	_
新 <mark>题型第二段</mark>	
2022-英一-新题型-第 2 段——01 句:Animals despise being captives in zoos.	
1022-央 -新國生-第2权 01 刊. Annhais despise being captives in zoos.	
青 <mark>翻:</mark>	
and the short tree real date a real	
<u>2022-英一-新题型-第 2 段——02 句:</u> No matter how you "enhance" enclosures, they do not allo	ЭW
or freedom, a natural diet or adequate exercise.	
<mark>【词海拾贝】</mark> ····································	
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】	
·····································	
<del>7</del> ки-	_
10.22 苯二苯丙甲 <b>在 2.5</b> 11	
<u>022-英一-新题型-第 2 段——03 句:</u> Animals end up stressed and unhealthy or dead.	
<b>青翻:</b>	<u></u>
50	ノ ,

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_) 许下你的心愿吧!

一入如意门,一世如意人!如意如意,顺你心意,(\_\_\_\_ 搞定真题,以终为始,绝无偏航!

<u>2022-英一-新题型-第 2 段——04 句:</u> It's past time for transparency with these institutions, and
it's past time to eliminate zoos from our culture.
【词海拾贝】
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
<b>精翻:</b>
<mark>新题型第三段</mark> ····································
42. Karen R. Sime
<u>2022-英一-新题型-第 3 段——01 句:</u> As a zoology professor, I agree with Emma Marris that zoo
displays can be sad and cruel.
【词海拾贝】
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT
<mark>精翻:</mark>
<u>2022-英一-新题型-第 3 段——02 句:</u> But she underestimates the educational value of zoos.
<mark>精翻:</mark>
<mark>新题型第四段</mark>
<u>2022-英一-新题型-第 4 段——01 句:</u> The zoology program at my university attracts students for
whom zoo visits were the crucial formative experience that led them to major in biological

sciences.

【词海拾贝】
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
<mark>精翻:</mark>
2022-英一-新题型-第 4 段——02 句:These are mostly students who had no opportunity as children to travel to wilderness areas, wildlife refuges or national parks.
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
<mark>精翻:</mark>
2022-英一-新题型-第 4 段——03 句:Although good TV shows can help stir children's interest in conservation, they cannot replace the excitement of a zoo visit as an intense, immersive and interactive experience.
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
精翻:  2022-英一-新题型-第4段──04句:Surely there must be some middle ground that balances zoos

treatment of animals with their educational potential.

【词 <del>海拾</del> 贝】
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法一如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
<mark>精翻:</mark>
<mark>新题型第五段</mark>
43. Greg Newberry
<u>2022-英一-新题型-第5段——01句:</u> Emma Marris' article is an insult and a disservice to the
thousands of passionate people who work tirelessly to improve the lives of animals and protect our
planet.
【词海拾贝】
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法一如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
精翻:
<u>2022-英一-新题型-第 5 段——02 句:</u> She uses outdated research and decades-old examples to
undermine the noble mission of organizations committed to connecting children to a world beyond
their own.
【词 <del>海拾</del> 贝】
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
精 <mark>翻:</mark>

## 新题型第六段

<u>2022-英一-新题型-第6段——01</u> 句:Zoos are at the forefront of conservation and constantly evolving to improve how they care for animals and protect each species in its natural habitat. Are there tragedies?

【词海拾贝】

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

精翻:

**2022-英一-新题型-第6段——02句:**Of course.

2023-英一-新题型-第 6 段——03 句:But they are the exception, not the norm that Ms. Marris implies.

【词海拾贝】

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

精翻:

<u>2022-英一-新题型-第6段——04句:</u>A distressed animal in a zoo will get as good or better treatment than most of us at our local hospital.

【词海拾贝】

精翻:
<b>行育單:</b>
。 新 <mark>新題型第七段</mark>
44. Dean Gallea
2022-英一-新题型-第 7 段——01 句:As a fellow environmentalist, animal-protection advocate
and longtime vegetarian, I could properly be in the same camp as Emma Marris on the issue of
zoos.
<mark>【词海拾贝】</mark> ····································
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
<mark>精翻:</mark>
2022-英一-新题型-第 7 段——02 句:But I believe that well-run zoos, and the heroic animals that
suffer their captivity, do serve a higher purpose.
【 <mark>词海拾贝】</mark>
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
精翻:
2022-英一-新题型-第7段——03句:Were it not for opportunities to observe these beautiful, wild
creatures close to home, many more people would be driven by their fascination to travel to wild
areas to seek out, disturb and even hunt them down.

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
<b>精翻:</b>
<del>信献:</del>
<mark>新题型第八段</mark>
<u>2022-英一-新题型-第8段——01句:</u> Zoos are, in that sense, similar to natural history and
archeology museums, serving to satisfy our need for contact with these living creatures while
leaving the vast majority undisturbed in their natural environments.
【词海拾贝】
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
精調.
<mark>新题型第九段</mark> 
45. John Fraser
<u>2022-英一-新题型-第9段——01 句:</u> Emma Marris selectively describes and misrepresents the
findings of our research.
【词海拾贝】
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法—如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
<del>。</del> 精翻:
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2022-英一-新题型-第 9 段——02 句:Our studies focused on the impact of zoo experiences on how people think about themselves and nature, and the data points extracted from our studies do not, in any way, discount what is learned in a zoo visit.

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【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

<mark>精翻:</mark>\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

#### 新题型第十段

**2022-英一-新题型-第 10 段——01 句:**Zoos are tools for thinking.

<mark>精翻:</mark>\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

<u>2022-英一-新题型-第 10 段——02 句:</u>Our research provides strong support for the value of zoos in connecting people with animals and with nature.

【词海拾贝】

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

精翻:

<u>2022-英一-新题型-第 10 段──03 句:</u>Zoos provide a critical voice for conservation and environmental protection.

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
精翻:
<u>2022-英一-新题型-第 10 段——04 句:</u> They afford an opportunity for people from all
backgrounds to encounter a range of animals, from drone bees to springbok or salmon, to better
understand the natural world we live in.
【词海拾贝】
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
【介义即日华·1 望名记法一知思可然的·与研究后 1 望下难刊】
精翻:
[A] Zoos which spare no effort to take care of animals should not be subjected to unfair criticism.
こ う 。
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
精 <del>酣:</del>
[D] To procesure goes to spend loss on their enimals would lead to inhumans sutcomes for the
[B] To pressure zoos to spend less on their animals would lead to inhumane outcomes for the precious creatures in their care.
process or cararos in their care.

<mark>精翻:</mark>
[C] While animals in captivity deserve sympathy, zoos play a significant role in starting young
people down the path of related sciences.
<mark>【词海拾贝】</mark>
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
<mark>精翻:</mark>
[D] Zoos save people trips to wilderness areas and thus contribute to wildlife conservation.
<mark>【词海拾贝】</mark> ·
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
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精翻:
[E] For wild animals that cannot be returned to their natural habitats, zoos offer the best
alternative.
【词海拾贝】
<b>了从大切中以下到你只好,你</b> 老哥她们来可禁闭下到 <b>以</b> 你是了
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

<del>精翻:</del>
[F] Zoos should have been closed down as they prioritize money making over animals' wellbeing.
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
<mark>精翻:</mark>
[G] Marris distorts our findings which actually prove that zoos serve as an indispensable link between man and nature.
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
精翻:
Part C
Directions:
Read the following text carefully and then translate the underlined segments into Chinese. Write
your answers on the ANSWER SHEET. (10 points) 翻译第一段

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Spain and Portugal) was the scene of a titanic and merciless struggle.

<u>2022-英一-翻译-第1段——01句:</u>Between 1807 and 1814 the Iberian Peninsula (comprising

【词 <del>海拾</del> 贝】
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
<mark>精翻:</mark>
<u>2022-英一-翻译-第1段——02 句:</u> It took place on many different planes: between Napoleon's
French army and the angry inhabitants; between the British, ever keen to exacerbate the emperor's
difficulties, and the marshals sent from Paris to try to keep them in check; between new forces of
science and meritocracy and old ones of conservatism and birth.
【词海拾贝】
<mark>精勳:</mark>
2022-英一-翻译-第1段——03句:(46) It was also, and this is unknown even to many people well
read about the period, a battle between those who made codes and those who broke them.
【词海拾贝】
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
<mark>精翻:</mark>

# 翻译第二段

<u>2022-英一-翻译-第 2 段——01</u> 句:I first discovered the Napoleonic cryptographic battle a few years ago when I was reading Sir Charles Oman's epic *History of the Peninsular War*.

【词海拾贝】

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

精翻.

<u>2022-英一-翻译-第 2 段——02</u> 句:In volume V he had attached an appendix, The Scovell Ciphers.

精翻:

2022-英一-翻译-第 2 段——03 句:(47) It listed many documents in code that had been captured from the French army of Spain, and whose secrets had been revealed by the work of one George Scovell, an officer in British headquarters.

【词海拾贝】

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

精翻

2022-英一-翻译-第2段——04句:Oman rated Scovell's significance highly, but at the same time, the general nature of his *History* meant that (48) he could not analyze carefully what this obscure officer may or may not have contributed to that great struggle between nations or indeed tell us anything much about the man himself.

【词海拾贝】
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
<mark>精翻:</mark>
2022-英一-翻译-第 2 段——05 句: I was keen to read more, but was surprised to find that Oman's appendix, published in 1914, was the only considered thing that had been written about this secret
War.
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
精翻:
<mark>翻译第三段</mark> 2022-英一-翻译-第 3 段——01 句: I became convinced that this story was every bit as exciting
and significant as that of Enigma and the breaking of German codes in the Second World War.
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
<mark>精翻:</mark>

<u>2022-英一-翻译-第 3 段——02 句:</u> The question was, could it be told?
精翻:
<mark>翻译第四段</mark>
<u>2022-英一-翻译-第4段——01句:</u> Studying Scovell's papers at the Public Record Office, London,
I found that he had left an extensive journal and copious notes about his work in the Peninsula.
【词海拾贝】 【词海拾贝】
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
精翻:
<u>2022-英一-翻译-第 4 段——02 句:</u> What was more, many original French dispatches had been
preserved in this collection, which I realized was priceless.
【词海拾贝】
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
精翻:
2022-英一-翻译-第 4 段——03 句:(49) There may have been many spies and intelligence officers
during the Napoleonic Wars, but it is usually extremely difficult to find the material they actually
provided or worked on.
【词海拾贝】

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
精翻:
翻译第五段
2022-英一-翻译-第 5 段——01 句: As I researched Scovell's story I found far more of interest
besides his intelligence work.
【词海拾贝】
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
<mark>精翻:</mark>
<u>2022-英一-翻译-第5段——02句:</u> His status in Lord Wellington's headquarters and the
recognition given to him for his work were all bound up with the class politics of the army at the
time.
【词海拾贝】
【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】
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<u>2022-英一-翻译-第 5 段——03 句:</u> His tale of self-improvement and hard work would make a

fascinating biography in its own right, but represents something more than that.

情翻:	

2022-英一-翻译-第 5 段——04 句:(50) Just as the code breaking has its wider relevance in the struggle for Spain, so his attempts to make his way up the promotion ladder speak volumes about British society.

【词海拾贝】

【外交部口译 T 型笔记法→如意哥独创-考研英语 T 型长难句】

精翻.			
<b>水田 田村 ・</b>			

# **Section III Writing**

#### Part A

#### **51. Directions:**

Write an email to a professor at a British university, inviting him/her to organize a team for the international innovation contest to be held at your university.

You should write about 100 words on the ANSWER SHEET.

Do not use your own name in the email. Use "Li Ming" instead. (10 points)

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## Part B

#### **52. Directions:**

Write an essay of 160-200 words based on the picture below. In your essay, you should

- 1) describe the picture briefly,
- 2) interpret the implied meaning, and
- 3) give your comments

You should write neatly on the ANSWER SHEET. (20 points)

