

Theoretical Portion of Assignment 9

1. See code portion.
- 2.

$$\begin{aligned}
 V_t^\pi((P_t, R_t)) &= \mathbb{E}\left(\sum_{i=t}^{T-1} r_i | (t, P_t, R_t)\right) \\
 &= \mathbb{E}\left(\sum_{i=t}^{T-1} N_i Q_i | (t, P_t, R_t)\right) \\
 &= \mathbb{E}\left(\sum_{i=t}^{T-1} N_i P_i (1 - \beta N_i - \theta X_i) | (t, P_t, R_t)\right) \\
 V_t^*((P_t, R_t)) &= \max_{\pi} \{V_t^\pi((P_t, R_t))\} \\
 &= \max_{N_t} \{N_t P_t (1 - \beta N_t - \theta X_t) + \mathbb{E}(V_{t+1}^*((P_{t+1}, R_{t+1})))\}
 \end{aligned}$$

Notice that: $V_{T-1}^*((P_{T-1}, R_{T-1})) = R_{T-1} P_{T-1} (1 - \beta R_{T-1} - \theta X_{T-1})$. Then, we have:

$$V_{T-2}^*((P_{T-2}, R_{T-2})) = \max_{N_{T-2}} \{N_{T-2} P_{T-2} (1 - \beta N_{T-2} - \theta X_{T-2}) + \mathbb{E}(V_{T-1}^*((P_{T-1}, R_{T-1})))\}$$

We first calculate $\mathbb{E}(V_{T-1}^*((P_{T-1}, R_{T-1})))$:

$$\begin{aligned}
 V_{T-1}^*((P_{T-1}, R_{T-1})) &= R_{T-1} P_{T-1} (1 - \beta R_{T-1} - \theta X_{T-1}) \\
 &= (R_{T-2} - N_{T-2}) P_{T-1} (1 - \beta (R_{T-2} - N_{T-2}) - \theta (\rho X_{T-2} + \eta_{T-2})) \\
 &= P_{T-1} ((R_{T-2} - N_{T-2}) - \beta (R_{T-2} - N_{T-2})^2 - \theta (R_{T-2} - N_{T-2}) (\rho X_{T-2} + \eta_{T-2}))
 \end{aligned}$$

Since Z_t and η_t are independent for all t , we have:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathbb{E}(V_{T-1}^*((P_{T-1}, R_{T-1}))) &= P_{T-2} \mathbb{E}(e^{Z_{T-2}} ((R_{T-2} - N_{T-2}) - \beta (R_{T-2} - N_{T-2})^2 - \theta \rho X_{T-2} (R_{T-2} - N_{T-2}))) \\
 &= P_{T-2} e^{\mu_Z + \frac{1}{2}\sigma_Z^2} ((R_{T-2} - N_{T-2}) - \beta (R_{T-2} - N_{T-2})^2 - \theta \rho X_{T-2} (R_{T-2} - N_{T-2}))
 \end{aligned}$$

Using the moment generating function of normal distribution. Therefore, the optimal N_{T-2} , denoted N_{T-2}^* here, will satisfy:

$$\begin{aligned}
 P_{T-2} (1 - 2\beta N_{T-2}^* - \theta X_{T-2}) + P_{T-2} e^{\mu_Z + \frac{1}{2}\sigma_Z^2} (-1 + 2\beta (R_{T-2} - N_{T-2}^*) + \theta \rho X_{T-2}) &= 0 \\
 (1 - 2\beta N_{T-2}^* - \theta X_{T-2}) + e^{\mu_Z + \frac{1}{2}\sigma_Z^2} (-1 + 2\beta (R_{T-2} - N_{T-2}^*) + \theta \rho X_{T-2}) &= 0 \\
 1 - 2\beta N_{T-2}^* - \theta X_{T-2} - e^{\mu_Z + \frac{1}{2}\sigma_Z^2} + 2\beta e^{\mu_Z + \frac{1}{2}\sigma_Z^2} R_{T-2} - 2\beta e^{\mu_Z + \frac{1}{2}\sigma_Z^2} N_{T-2}^* + \theta \rho e^{\mu_Z + \frac{1}{2}\sigma_Z^2} X_{T-2} &= 0 \\
 2\beta N_{T-2}^* + 2\beta e^{\mu_Z + \frac{1}{2}\sigma_Z^2} N_{T-2}^* &= 1 - \theta X_{T-2} - e^{\mu_Z + \frac{1}{2}\sigma_Z^2} + 2\beta e^{\mu_Z + \frac{1}{2}\sigma_Z^2} R_{T-2} + \theta \rho e^{\mu_Z + \frac{1}{2}\sigma_Z^2} X_{T-2} \\
 N_{T-2}^* &= \frac{1 - \theta X_{T-2} - e^{\mu_Z + \frac{1}{2}\sigma_Z^2} + 2\beta e^{\mu_Z + \frac{1}{2}\sigma_Z^2} R_{T-2} + \theta \rho e^{\mu_Z + \frac{1}{2}\sigma_Z^2} X_{T-2}}{2\beta + 2\beta e^{\mu_Z + \frac{1}{2}\sigma_Z^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

Let $c = \frac{1 - e^{\mu_Z + \frac{1}{2}\sigma_Z^2}}{2\beta + 2\beta e^{\mu_Z + \frac{1}{2}\sigma_Z^2}}$, $A = \frac{\theta \rho e^{\mu_Z + \frac{1}{2}\sigma_Z^2} - \theta}{2\beta + 2\beta e^{\mu_Z + \frac{1}{2}\sigma_Z^2}}$, $B = \frac{e^{\mu_Z + \frac{1}{2}\sigma_Z^2}}{1 + e^{\mu_Z + \frac{1}{2}\sigma_Z^2}}$, we have:

$$N_{T-2}^* = c + A X_{T-2} + B R_{T-2}$$

While β cannot be 0.