

< Programming Assignment #3 >

See announcement in our LMS (learning.hanyang.ac.kr)

- Due Date, submission e-mail address, etc

1. Environment

- OS: Windows, Mac OS, or Linux
- Languages: Java or Python (any version is ok)

2. Goal: Perform **clustering** on a given data set by using **DBSCAN**.

3. Requirements

The program must meet the following requirements:

- Execution file name: **clustering.py** (or clustering.exe, clustering.etc ...)
 - Execute the program with four arguments: **input data file name, n, Eps and MinPts**
 - Three input data will be provided: 'input1.txt', 'input2.txt', 'input3.txt
 - **n**: number of clusters for the corresponding input data
 - **Eps**: maximum radius of the neighborhood
 - **MinPts**: minimum number of points in an Eps-neighborhood of a given point
 - We suggest that you use the following parameters (**n, Eps, MinPts**) for each input data
 - For 'input1.txt', **n=8, Eps=15, MinPts=22**
 - For 'input2.txt', **n=5, Eps=2, MinPts=7**
 - For 'input3.txt', **n=4, Eps=5, MinPts=5**
 - Example:

```
clustering.exe input1.txt 8 15 22
```

- Input data file name = 'input1.txt', **n = 8, Eps = 15, MinPts = 22**

- File format for an input data

[object_id_1]\t[x_coordinate]\t[y_coordinate]\n

[object_id_2]\t[x_coordinate]\t[y_coordinate]\n

[object_id_3]\t[x_coordinate]\t[y_coordinate]\n

[object_id_4]\t[x_coordinate]\t[y_coordinate]\n

...

- Row: information of an object

- $[object_id_i]$: identifier of the i th object
- $[x_coordinate]$, $[y_coordinate]$: the location of the corresponding object in the 2-dimensional space

- Example:

0	84.768997	33.368999
1	569.791016	55.458000
2	657.622986	47.035000
3	217.057007	362.065002
4	131.723999	353.368988
5	146.774994	77.421997
6	368.502991	154.195999
7	391.971008	154.475998

- Output files

- You must print n output files for each input data

- (Optional) If your algorithm finds m clusters for an input data and m is greater than n (n = the number of clusters given), you can remove $(m-n)$ clusters based on the number of objects within each cluster. In order to remove $(m-n)$ clusters, for example, you can select $(m-n)$ clusters with the small sizes in ascending order
- You can remove outlier. In other words, you don't need to include outlier in a specific cluster

- File format for the output of 'input#.txt'

- 'input#_cluster_0.txt'

$[object_id]$ \n

$[object_id]$ \n

...

- 'input#_cluster_1.txt'

$[object_id]$ \n

$[object_id]$ \n

...

- 'input#_cluster_ $n-1$.txt'

$[object_id]$ \n

$[object_id]$ \n

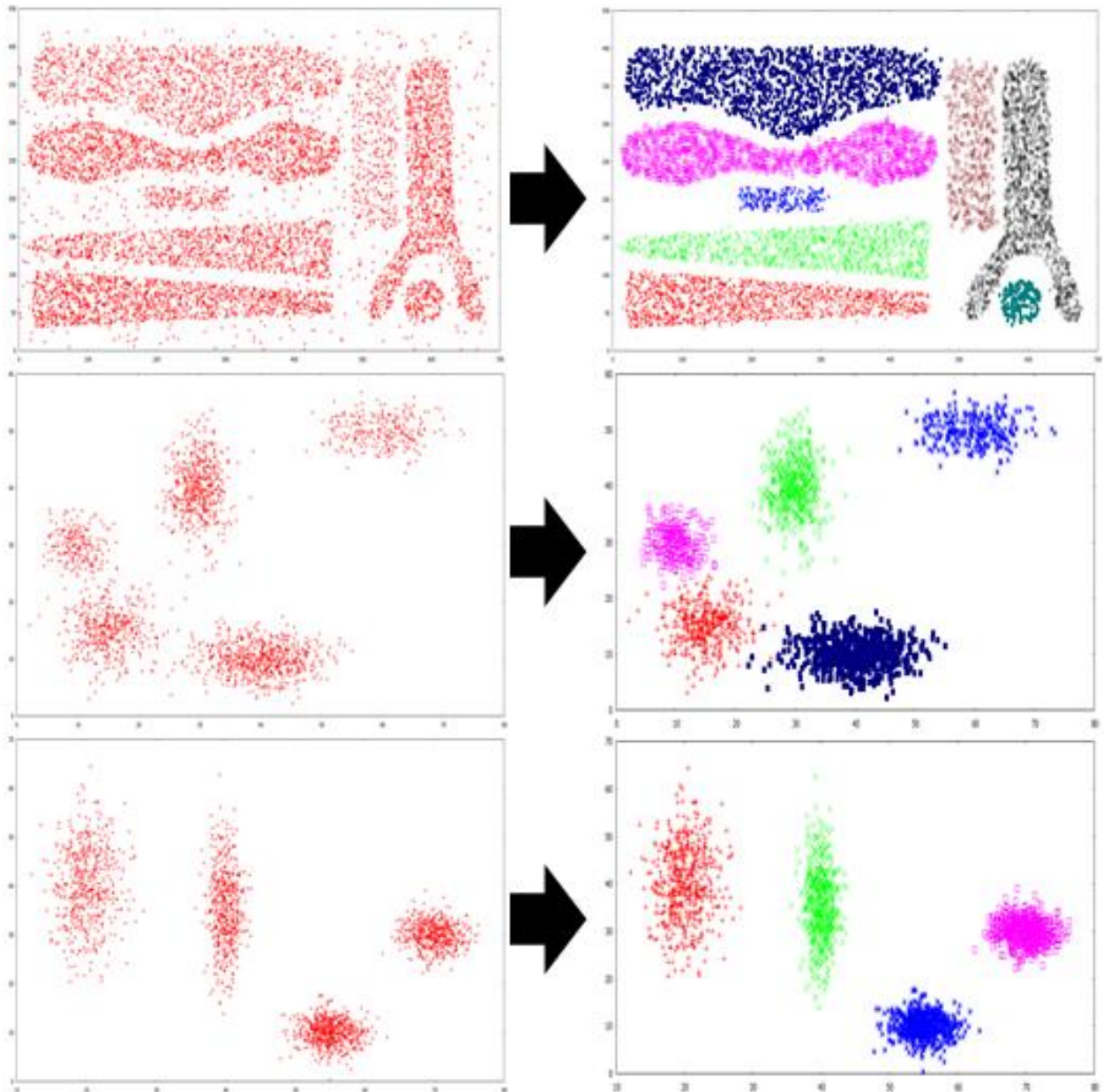
...

- 'output#_cluster_ i .txt' should contain all the ids belonging to cluster i that were obtained by using your algorithm

- Supposed to follow the naming scheme for the output file as above

4. Rubric

- The following figure shows the clustering result for each input data



- Test method

- **(just for your information)** For testing, we will use a measure similar to the Kendall's tau measure. Please refer to the following wikipedia page.

(http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kendall_tau_rank_correlation_coefficient)

- Example

- Correct answer: $[object_id_1]$ and $[object_id_2]$ are contained in different clusters

- Your answer

- $[object_id_1]$ and $[object_id_2]$ are contained in the same cluster → **INCORRECT**

- $[object_id_1]$ and $[object_id_2]$ are contained in different clusters → **CORRECT**

- The final score will be computed as follows:



















$$\frac{\text{The number of correct pairs}}{\text{The number of all possible pairs}}$$

5. Submission

- Please submit a single .zip file to TA's email address
 - Guileline
 - The file format of report must be *.pdf. or *.doc or *.hwp
 - Content
 - ✓ Instructions for compiling and running your source codes on other person's computer (e.g. screenshot) (*Important!!*)
 - ✓ Java or Python version, and any other specification that our TA must know for running your code
 - Program files
 - An executable file (.exe or .py)
 - ✓ For JAVA users, if you have a problem in making or sending .exe file, you can submit .jar or .java instead, or share a google drive link (please open the permission to anyone who has the link)
 - All source files
 - ✓ For JAVA users, include MakeFile if you use Linux

6. Testing program

- Please put the following files in a same directory: Testing program, your output files, given input files, attached answer files(~ideal.txt)

 input1
 input1_cluster_0
 input1_cluster_0_ideal
 input1_cluster_1
 input1_cluster_1_ideal
 input1_cluster_2
 input1_cluster_2_ideal
 input1_cluster_3
 input1_cluster_3_ideal
 input1_cluster_4
 input1_cluster_4_ideal
 input1_cluster_5
 input1_cluster_5_ideal
 input1_cluster_6
 input1_cluster_6_ideal
 input1_cluster_7
 input1_cluster_7_ideal
 PA3

- Execute the testing program with one argument (input file name)

```
C:\Users\User\Desktop\PA3>PA3.exe input1
```

- Check your score for the input file
 - If you implement your DBSCAN algorithm successfully and use the given parameters mentioned above, you will be able to get the similar scores with the following score for each input data
 - For 'input1.txt', Score=99
 - For 'input2.txt', Score=95
 - For 'input3.txt', Score=99
 - The test program was build with program 'mono'. So, even if you are using mac or linux instead of window, you can run dt_test.exe using C# mono.

7. Penalty

- Late submission
 - 1 week delay: 20%
 - 2 weeks delay: 50%
 - Delay more than 2 weeks: 100%
- Requirements unsatisfied
 - Penalty up to 100% will be given depending on how the requirements are well-satisfied