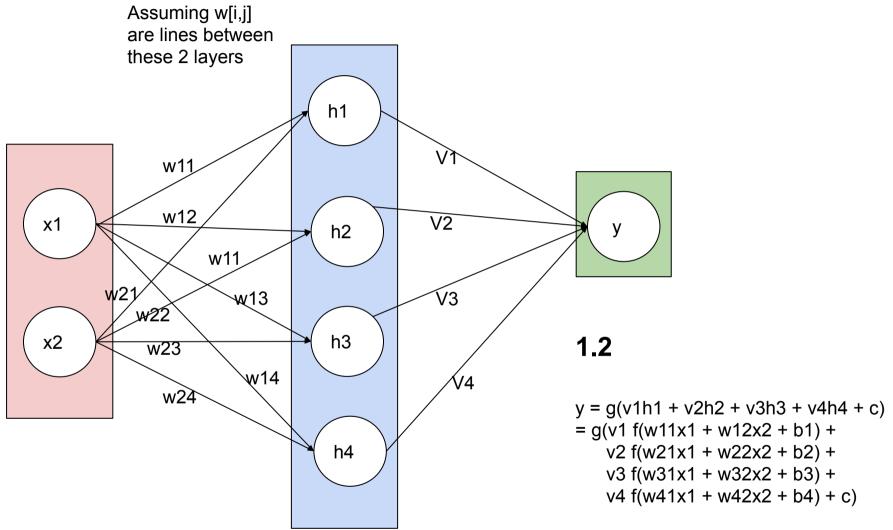
## 1.1



f is rectified linear activation function; g is the output function and is not specified

## Problem 2.1

$$f(x,y) = (3-x^3) + 50 * (2y^2 - x)^2$$
  
= 3 - x<sup>3</sup> + 50 \* (4y<sup>4</sup> - 4xy<sup>2</sup> + x<sup>2</sup>)  
= 3 - x<sup>3</sup> + 200y<sup>4</sup> - 200xy<sup>2</sup> + 50x<sup>2</sup>

$$\frac{\partial f(x,y)}{\partial x} = -3x^2 - 200y^2 + 100x$$
$$\frac{\partial f(x,y)}{\partial y} = 800y^3 - 400xy$$

## Problem 3.1

$$\begin{split} &\frac{dL}{d\widehat{y}} = -\left(\frac{y_i}{\widehat{y_i}} - \frac{1-y_i}{1-\widehat{y_i}}\right) \\ &\frac{\partial L}{\partial v_i} = \frac{\partial L}{d\widehat{y}} h_i = -\left(\frac{y_i}{\widehat{y_i}} - \frac{1-y_i}{1-\widehat{y_i}}\right) h_i \quad (h_i > 0) \\ &\frac{\partial L}{\partial c} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial \widehat{y}} = -\left(\frac{y_i}{\widehat{y_i}} - \frac{1-y_i}{1-\widehat{y_i}}\right) \\ &\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{1i}} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial \widehat{y}} v_1 x_1 = -\left(\frac{y_i}{\widehat{y_i}} - \frac{1-y_i}{1-\widehat{y_i}}\right) v_1 x_1 \\ &\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_{2i}} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial \widehat{y}} v_2 x_2 = -\left(\frac{y_i}{\widehat{y_i}} - \frac{1-y_i}{1-\widehat{y_i}}\right) v_2 x_2 \\ &\frac{\partial L}{\partial b_i} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial \widehat{y}} v_2 \end{split}$$