# **HW6 Report**

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### Introduction

This program computes the Yokoi connectivity number (4-connected) of an binary image. The overall process includes the following steps:

*Preprocess*. Binarize it with threshold=128, and then down-sample the source image using 8x8 block size with the topmost-left pixel's value

Main process. Compute the Yokoi connectivity number of the binary image.

### **Usage**

Place the source image and main.py under the same directory. Run the following command in the terminal.

```
python3 main.py -s <source>
```

#### **Parameters**

-s <source>: the file path of source image, default = lena.bmp

### **Yokoi Connectivity Number**

For each white pixel in the binary image, compute the f formula:

$$f(a_1,a_2,a_3,a_4) = \begin{cases} 5, & if \ a_1 = a_2 = a_3 = a_4 = r \\ n, & where \ n = \# \left\{ a_k | a_k = q \right\}, otherwise \end{cases}$$

where  $a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4$  are the result of the *h* formula 4 corner neighborhood of the input pixel. The *h* formula is given as the following:

$$h(b,c,d,e) = \begin{cases} s, & \text{if } b \neq c \\ r, & \text{if } b = c = d = e \\ q, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

The result is saved as yokoi.txt as shown in the next page.

### Screenshot of yokoi.txt

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