Theorem 1 [Associativity of
$$=\emptyset$$
 = (assoc@)]

(L1@L2)@L3 = L1@(L2@L3)

Proof of Theorem 1 by structural induction on L1

First constant

Fit. E \Rightarrow e

List \Rightarrow L1, L2, L3

[Boxe case

What \otimes show is (wil@ L2)@L3 = mil@(L2@L3)

(mil@L2)@L3 \Rightarrow L2@L3 by(@1)

Linduction Case

What to show is ((e|L1)@)L2)@L3 = (e|L1)@(L2@L3)

Judication (typothesis

(L1@L2)@L3) @L3 = L1@(L2@L3) ... (IH)

[(e|L1)@L2)@L3

 \Rightarrow (e|CL1@L2)@L3

 \Rightarrow (e)CL1@L2)@L3

 \Rightarrow (e)CL1@L2)@L3

 \Rightarrow (e)CL2@L3)

$$\rightarrow e[((l1@l^2)@l^3)] \qquad by (@l^2)$$

$$\rightarrow e[(l1@(l^2@l^3))] \qquad by (JH)$$

$$\frac{(\ell(l)) \otimes (\ell_1 \otimes \ell_3)}{\Rightarrow \ell \mid l \otimes (\ell_2 \otimes \ell_3)}$$

$$\rightarrow$$
 wil by $(n1-1)$

reuz (nil)

 $\Rightarrow \frac{\text{St} > (\text{nil}, \text{nil})}{\text{hil}} \quad \text{by (sr2-1)}$

I Induction case what to show is revi(e(d)) = rev2(e(e1))

oInduction Itroothesis nev1(lf) = rev2(l2) ··· (IH)

$$\frac{\text{revI}(e|ll)}{\Rightarrow \text{revI}(ll)} @ (e|nil) by (nf-2)$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{\text{rev} \perp (\mathcal{U})}{\text{sr} \perp (\mathcal{U}, \text{nil})} \otimes (\text{el nil}) \quad \text{by (IH)}$$

$$\rightarrow \text{Sr} \perp (\mathcal{U}, \text{nil}) \otimes (\text{el nil}) \quad \text{by (n2)}$$

rev2 (21 61)

Sr2(11, n??)@(eliil) & Sr1(11, elni?)の書理表がこれ大人 ででは276~でにか、(これの(補題)か以事、候補、補題と(7日以下が挙げられる)

Sr2(L1, El ni?) = Sr2(L1, ni?) @ (El nil)

こn 練測 (f learna & (1) (T 具体的 TET 3 にか f) - 般 化ル 以下 以下 かを lemma & LT 使用话.

Srx(L1, Fx | Lx) = srx(L1, nil) @ (Ex | Lx)

Srd(ll el nil) -> sr2(11, nil) @ (e/nil) bx (P-SN2)

End of Proof of Theorem 2

I. Base case
what to show is
$$Sr2(ni7, e2|2) = Sr2(ni7, ni7) @ (e2|2)$$
.

$$\frac{Sr_2(kil, e_2 | l_2)}{\Rightarrow e_2 | l_2}$$
 by (sr_2-1)
 $\frac{Sr_2(ki7, ki7) @ (e_2 | l_2)}{\Rightarrow ki7 @ (e_2 | l_2)}$ by (sr_2-1)

→ e2/122

I. Induction (ase

what to show is
$$sh_2(e|l_1, e_2|l_2) = sh_2(e|l_1, hil) @ (e_2|l_2)$$

by (@1)

$$Sr_2(l_1, E_2(L_2)) = Sr_2(l_1, hil) @ (E_2(L_2)) ... (III)$$

$$\frac{Sn2(e|11,e_2|12)}{\Rightarrow Sn2(11,e|e_2|12)} \qquad \qquad by(Sn2-2)$$

$$\Rightarrow Sn2(11,ni1) @ (e|e_2|12) \qquad by(IH)$$

Sn2(e 11, ni7) @ (e2 12)	
	by (561-1) by (IH) by (05000) by (02)
→ sr2(l1, n77) @ (ele2(l2))	by (@f)
End of those of Lemmo]	