Visualization

February 5, 2021

```
In [ ]: import pandas as pd
        import numpy as np
        import matplotlib
        import matplotlib.pyplot as pp
        import pandas.plotting
        #data frame is table or 2D array
        #here we use df as data frame which is taking data set imported by using read function
        af = pd.read_csv(r'C:\Users\Desktop\Data Science\download phn\data science data set\acci
        #print df prints hole table
        af.head()
        print(af.shape)
        print(af.columns)
        print(af['Accident_Severity'].value_counts())
        pd.DataFrame(af.Time.value_counts())
In []: #From describe function it is clear that Accident_Index is the primary key of the datase
        #df.isnull().any() will give you boolean result about which columns contain NaN value
        print(af.isnull().any())
        #df.isnull().sum() gives you the total number of NaN in each column
        print(af.isnull().sum())
In [ ]: #.dropna() function drop the NaN values from the row
        af.dropna(subset = ["LSOA_of_Accident_Location"],axis=0,inplace=True)
        print(af.isnull().sum())
In []: x = af[af == -1].any()
       print(x)
       y= af[af==-1].sum()
       print(y)
In [ ]: # since we have colum which have -1 values will change it to nan
       p = -1
           .replace() will replace the value from -1 to nan
        af["Junction_Control"].replace(p , np.nan , inplace=True)
        af["2nd_Road_Class"].replace(p , np.nan , inplace=True)
        af["2nd_Road_Number"].replace(p , np.nan , inplace=True)
        af["Road_Surface_Conditions"].replace(p , np.nan , inplace=True)
        af["Did_Police_Officer_Attend_Scene_of_Accident"].replace(p , np.nan , inplace=True)
```

```
af["2nd_Road_Number"].fillna(af["2nd_Road_Number"].mode()[0],inplace=True)
        af["Road_Surface_Conditions"].fillna(af["Road_Surface_Conditions"].mode()[0],inplace=Tru
        af["Did_Police_Officer_Attend_Scene_of_Accident"].fillna(af["Did_Police_Officer_Attend_Scene_of_Accident"].
        x = af[af == -1].any()
        print(x)
        y= af[af==-1].sum()
        print(y)
        afnew= af.drop(['Junction_Control','2nd_Road_Class'],axis=1)
        print(afnew.dtypes)
        print(afnew.shape)
In []: afjoin1 = afnew[['Accident_Severity',
               'Number_of_Vehicles', 'Number_of_Casualties', 'Day_of_Week',
                'Local_Authority_(District)', '1st_Road_Class', '1st_Road_Number', 'Road_Type', '
               'Junction_Detail', '2nd_Road_Number',
               'Pedestrian_Crossing-Human_Control',
               'Pedestrian_Crossing-Physical_Facilities', 'Light_Conditions',
               'Weather_Conditions', 'Road_Surface_Conditions',
               'Special_Conditions_at_Site', 'Carriageway_Hazards',
               'Urban_or_Rural_Area', 'Did_Police_Officer_Attend_Scene_of_Accident']]
        print(afjoin1['Accident_Severity'].value_counts())
        \#afjoin1.to\_csv(r'C: \ Users \ Desktop \ traffic \ uk \ accident join1.csv', index=None, header=True)
In [ ]: import pandas as pd
        import numpy as np
        import matplotlib
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import seaborn as sns
        from scipy import stats
        #data frame is table or 2D array
        #here we use df as data frame which is taking data set imported by using read function
        af = pd.read_csv(r'C:\Users\Prakhar Geete\Desktop\traffic uk\accidentjoin1.csv')
        #print df prints hole table
        af.head()
        print(af.shape)
        print(af.columns)
        sns.boxplot(x="Accident_Severity",y="Speed_limit",data=af)
        print(af['Accident_Severity'].value_counts())
In [ ]: afjoin2 = af[['Accident_Severity',
               'Number_of_Vehicles', 'Number_of_Casualties', 'Day_of_Week',
                'Local_Authority_(District)', '1st_Road_Class', '1st_Road_Number', 'Road_Type', '
               'Junction_Detail',
               'Pedestrian_Crossing-Human_Control',
               'Pedestrian_Crossing-Physical_Facilities', 'Light_Conditions',
               'Weather_Conditions',
```

```
'Urban_or_Rural_Area']]
        afjoin2.to_csv(r'C:\Users\Desktop\traffic uk\accidentjoin3.csv',index=None,header=True)
In [ ]: afdayofweek= af.groupby('Accident_Severity').Day_of_Week.value_counts()
       afdayofweek
        afjunction= af.groupby('Accident_Severity').Junction_Detail.value_counts(normalize=True)
        afweather= af.groupby('Accident_Severity').Weather_Conditions.value_counts(normalize=Tru
       aflight= af.groupby('Accident_Severity').Light_Conditions.value_counts(normalize=True)
       afroadtype=af.groupby('Accident_Severity').Road_Type.value_counts(normalize=True)
       afroadtype
        afurbanrural=af.groupby('Accident_Severity').Urban_or_Rural_Area.value_counts(normalize=
       afurbanrural
        afroadsurface=af.groupby('Accident_Severity').Road_Surface_Conditions.value_counts(norma
       afroadsurface
In []: plt.figure(figsize=(5,5))
       af.Accident_Severity.value_counts().plot(kind = 'bar',color=['blue','red','orange']);plt
        """ 1= Fatal 2= Severe 3= Slight """
In []: plt.figure(figsize=(5,5))
       af.Accident_Severity.value_counts().plot(kind = 'barh',color=['blue','red','orange']);pl
        """ 1= Fatal 2= Severe 3= Slight """
In []: plt.figure(figsize=(5,5))
        af.Accident_Severity.value_counts().plot(kind = 'pie',colors=['blue','red','orange']);pl
        """ 1= Fatal 2= Severe 3= Slight """
In []: plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
       afdayofweek.plot(kind='barh')
       print("1= Fatal 2= Severe 3= Slight")
       print("\n1: Monday 2: Tuesday 3: Wednesday 4: Thursday 5: Friday 6: Saturday 7: Su
In []: plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
       afdayofweek.unstack().plot(kind='bar');plt.title('Accident_severit, Days_of_week')
       print("Accident Severity 1= Fatal 2= Severe 3= Slight")
       print("""\nDays_of_week
       1: Monday
       2: Tuesday
       3: Wednesday
       4: Thursday
       5: Friday
       6: Saturday
       7: Sunday""")
In [ ]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
       afdayofweek.unstack().plot(kind='bar',stacked = True)
       print("1= Fatal 2= Severe 3= Slight")
       print("\n1: Monday 2: Tuesday 3: Wednesday 4: Thursday 5: Friday 6: Saturday 7: Su
```

```
In [ ]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
        afjunction.unstack().plot(kind='bar');plt.title('Accident_severit, Junction_Details')
        print("Accident Severity: 1= Fatal 2= Severe 3= Slight")
        print("""\nJunction_Details
        O :Not at junction or within 20 metres
        1: Roundabout
        2: Mini-roundabout
        3: T or staggered junction
        5:Slip road
        6:Crossroads
        7: More than 4 arms (not roundabout)
        8:Private drive or entrance
        9:Other junction""")
        #afjunction.plot(kind='barh')
In []: plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
        afweather.unstack().plot(kind='bar');plt.title('Accident_severit, Weather_condition')
        print("1= Fatal 2= Severe 3= Slight")
        print("1:Fine no high winds, 2:Raining no high winds, 3:Snowing no high winds, 4:Fine + high
In [ ]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
        aflight.unstack().plot(kind='bar');plt.title('Accident_severit, Light_condition')
        print("Accident Severity: 1= Fatal 2= Severe 3= Slight")
        print("""\nLight_condition:
        1
                 Daylight
                 Darkness - lights lit
        5
                 Darkness - lights unlit
                 Darkness - no lighting
                 Darkness - lighting unknown
        иниу
In []: plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
        afroadtype.unstack().plot(kind='bar');plt.title('Accident_severit, Road_Type')
        print("1= Fatal 2= Severe 3= Slight")
        print("""\nRoad_type
       1 Roundabout
        2 One way street
        3 Dual carriageway
        6 Single carriageway
        7 Slip road
        9 Unknown
        нину
In [ ]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
        afurbanrural.unstack().plot(kind='bar',stacked = True)
        print("Accident severity: 1= Fatal 2= Severe 3= Slight")
        print("""\nUrban_Rural:
```

```
Urban
        1
        2
                 Rural
        """)
In [ ]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
        afroadsurface.unstack().plot(kind='bar')
        print("accident severity")
        print("""Road_surface_conditions
        1 Dry
        2 Wet or damp
        3 Snow
        4 Frost or ice
        5 Mud
        """)
In []:
In []:
```