

YUMENG ZHANG

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EDUCATION

2019	B.S. in Chemistry and Molecular Science, Wuhan University of China
2019 -	Ph.D. in Chemistry, University of Massachusetts at Amherst of US (Chen Lab)

RESEARCH INTERESTS

2019-present: University of Massachusetts, Amherst (Ph.D. study)

❖ Graduate Research Assistant (Advisor: Jianhan Chen).

- Coarse-grained model (HyRes II) optimization for IDP studies.
Re-parametrize the HyRes protein model to achieve accurate CG simulations of disordered proteins and dynamic interactions. The optimized HyRes II model has been applied to study
 - We succeeded in determining the relationship between the inhibitory ability and the domain stability. We offered the molecular insights on how the bacteria homogeneous function differently on inhibit the immune enzyme.
 - The revealed immunity mechanism can guide the next drug targeting program on prevent the inflammation from *Staphylococcus*.
- The cellular regulation of the mitochondrial via CypD (2020).
 - Characterizing the dynamics between the disordered N-terminal domain of p53 and Cyclophilin (CypD), which regulate the opening of the mitochondrial permeability pore. With the coarse-grained simulations, we successfully locate the highly consistent binding surface on CypD.
 - The hot spots between CypD and p53-NTD indicate an electrostatic-driven process between two proteins, both identified by simulations and experiments.
- The active states of the membrane protein KCNQ (2021).
 - Aim1: Characterize the conformational dynamics between two significant active states of KCNQ: Intermediate open state (IO) and Active open state (AO).
 - Aim2: Locating how the N-terminal domain on KCNQ will co-operatively interact with the calmodulin (CAM) in different states using coarse-grained simulations. Revealing the mechanism on how CAM regulates the conformational transitions of KCNQ.
- The conformational dynamics of the Flavivirus Proteases (2021-ongoing).
 - Aim1: Offering the molecular insights of the conformational dynamics of Proteases in ClyA nanopore using coarse-grained simulations. (Done)
 - Aim2: Help to engineering the *typhi* ClyA nanopore to stably trap the proteases. (Done)
 - Aim3: Using the engineered pore to detect the ligand-bound state and open state conformational dynamics with simulation and experiments.

- Aim4: Scan the potential drugs that may help inhibit the Proteases.
- ❖ **Multi-scale method developments for MD.**
 - The HyRes II coarse-grained force field development (2021-2022).
 - Optimizing the HyRes CG model to solve the over-compaction problem by re-balancing the intra-molecular interactions and implement SASA model.
 - We succeeded in re-capitulating the globular conformational and the 2nd structure propensities of IDPs, which was hard to be re-produced by the current CG models.
 - We accurately simulated the intermolecular dynamics between IDP and other proteins.
 - Optimizing the REST2 method (2021-2022).
 - We did exhausted analysis of the old RSET2 (replica-exchange with solute tempering) method, and unreal an artificial but unexpected over-compaction condition under high temperature conditions.
 - We optimized the solute-solvent interactions and developed the new REST3 method to solve the high temperature chain collapse, which is particularly unfavored in IDP simulations.
 - We realized more efficient simulations with the new protocol tested by two model IDPs. We conclude the hidden disadvantage of the over-compaction in T-REX methods.

2015-2019: Wuhan University, Wuhan (B.S. Study)

- ❖ **Organic synthesizing of the aatural product synthesis (2015-2017).**
 - Metal-catalyzed enyne cycloisomerization in natural product total synthesis.
 - Organic synthesis of some natural product like DHP-vinylindole via metal-catalyzed enyne.
 - Optimizing the reaction path to improve the production rate.
 - Product characterizations using NMR.
- ❖ **Construction of the enzyme-free DNA circuit for signal amplification (2018-2019).**
 - Hybrid HCR-CHA circuits for phosphorylase kinase signal amplifications.
 - Develop the HCR-CHA circuits to amplify the FRET signal during a continuous chain reaction.
 - Using the circuits to detect the interactions between phosphorylase kinase with inhibitors.

HONORS AND AWARDS

Freshman Scholarship of Wuhan University	2015
2 nd Class Freshman Scholarship of Wuhan University	2016
1 st place prizes in 2022 ResearchFest poster presentation of UMass Chemistry	2020

TEACHING EXPERIENCE

Support Teaching in Guiyang, China	2018
CHEM111 TA in UMass Amherst Chemistry department.	2019-2020

PUBLICATIONS

1. X. Gong#, **Y. Zhang**# and J. Chen, “Advanced Sampling Methods for Multiscale Simulation of Disordered Proteins and Dynamic Interactions” *Biomolecules*, 11, 1416 (2021) (Invited Review). [MDPI](#)
2. J. Zhao, X. Liu, A. Blayney, **Y. Zhang**, L. Gandy, F. Zhang, R. J. Linhardt, J. Chen, C. Baines, S. N. Loh and C. Wang, “Intrinsically disordered N-terminal domain (NTD) of p53 interacts with mitochondrial PTP regulator Cyclophilin D” *J. Mol. Biol.* 434, 167552 (2022). [JMB](#)
3. **Y. Zhang**, X. Liu* and J. Chen*, "Towards Accurate Coarsened-Grained Simulations of Disordered Proteins and Their Dynamic Interactions", *J. Chem. Inf. Model* (2022). [ACS](#)

CO-WORKERS

- [Chen Lab](#)
- [Wang Lab](#)
- [Geisbrecht Lab](#)

SKILLS

Organic Chemistry:

- Proficient in optimizing the synthetic path, basic purification skills.
- Proficient in basic product characterizations by NMR.

Analytical and Biochemistry:

- Proficient in PCR, UV spectrum, Fluorescence spectrum, and Gel purification.

Computation and Physics Chemistry:

- High proficiency in CHARMM and Gromacs
- Proficient in multi-scale methodology developments.

Computer Software:

- High proficiency in bash, python language.
- Proficiency in VMD, Jupyter-lab, and Unix.