

备份与恢复



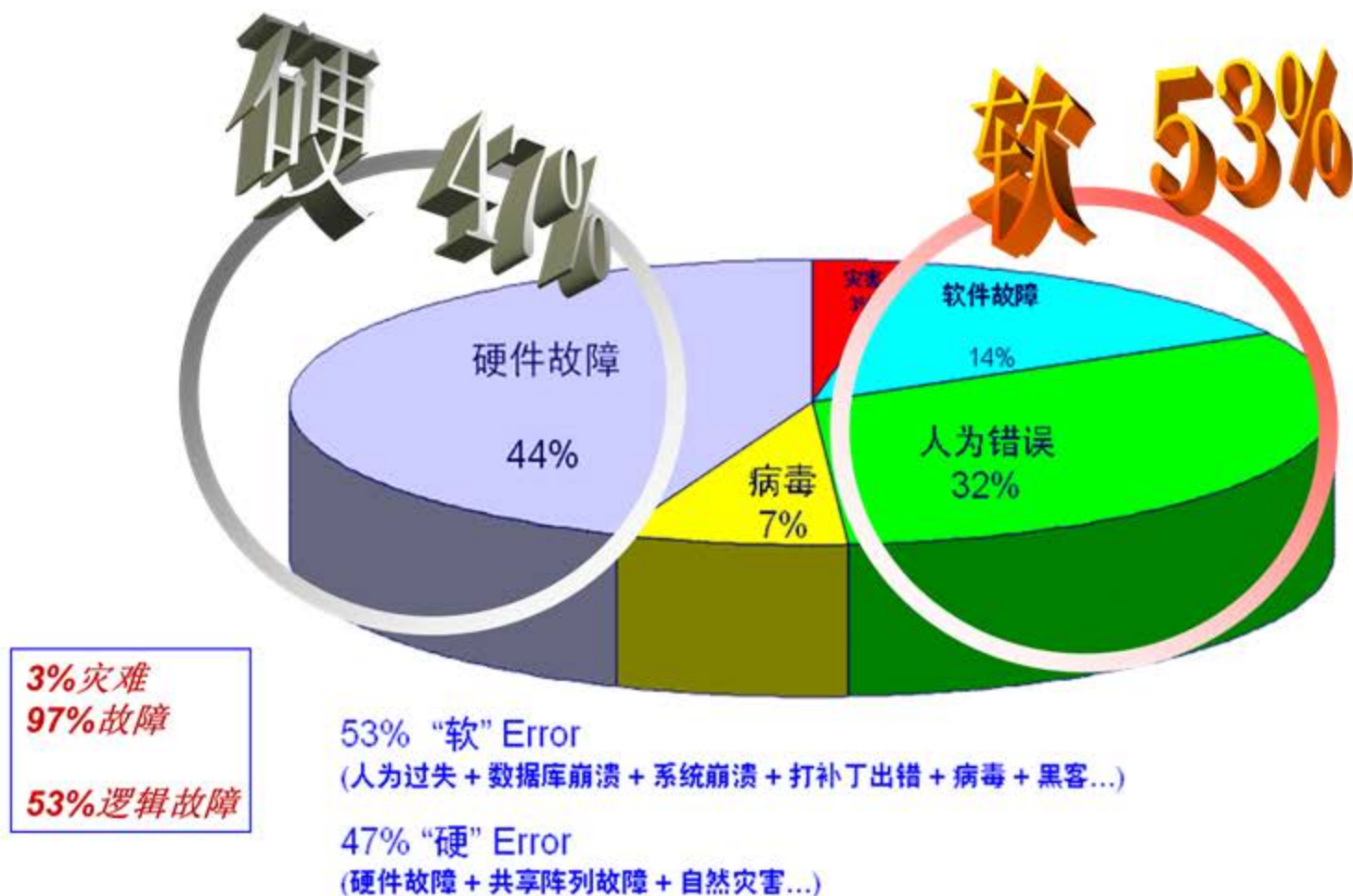
概述

- ▶ 备份恢复概述
- ▶ 虚拟机快照概述
- ▶ KVM快照管理
- ▶ KVM备份与恢复
- ▶ 备份脚本实现

◆ 备份恢复概述

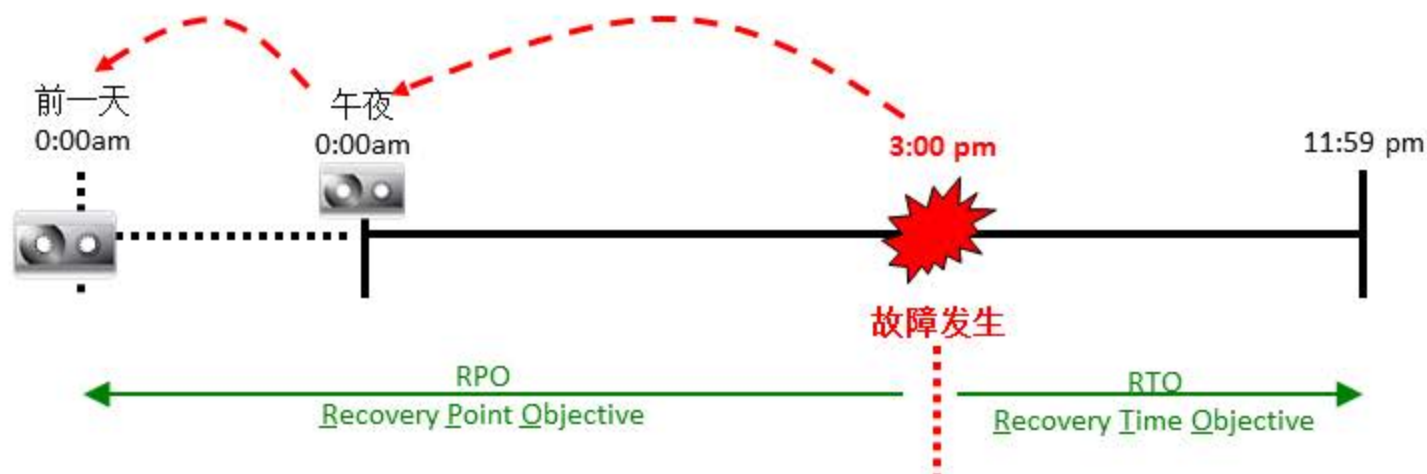
- ▶ 数据损坏风险分析
- ▶ 备份策略评估参数

数据损坏风险分析



数据来源：Progress Smart, Storageworld Conference, June 2006

备份策略评估参数：RPO、RTO.....



Recovery Point + Recovery Time = 您 真正的 宕机时间

- 在3pm发生故障
- 恢复数据是什么时候的数据? **15 小时?**
- 备份的数据是否可用正常运转? **39 小时?**

这是您的 恢复点 Recovery Point

- 多长时间可以解决问题?
- 多长时间可以从Tape上恢复数据?
- 多长时间可以让用户可以正常使用?

这是您的 恢复时间Recovery Time

◆ 虚拟机快照概述

- ▶ 磁盘I/O栈的快照
- ▶ KVM快照分类



磁盘I/O栈的快照

可以在磁盘I/O栈中不同的级别上实现

- ▶ QEMU快照
 - ▶ QCOW2, QED
- ▶ LVM
- ▶ 文件系统快照
 - ▶ btrfs
- ▶ 企业级存储上的快照
 - ▶ NetApp、EMC等

** 本章重点是在QEMU快照*

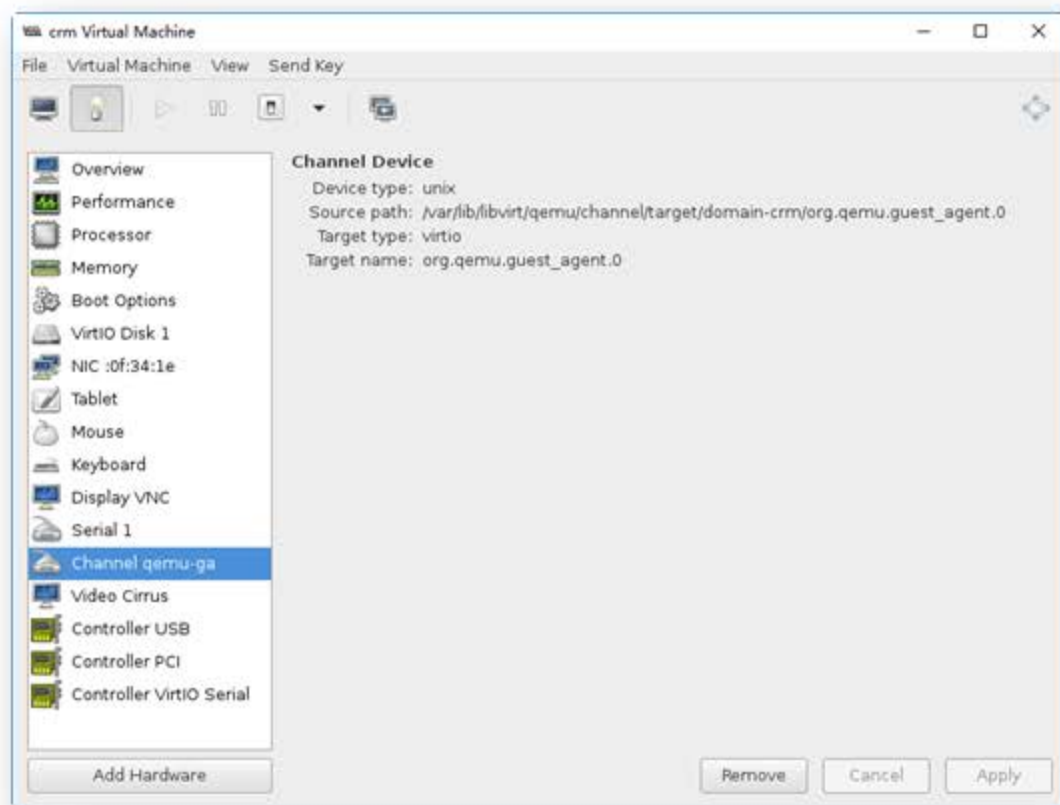
KVM快照分类

- ▶ 磁盘快照
 - ▶ 根据快照信息保存位置
 - ▶ 内置快照
 - ▶ 外置快照
 - ▶ 根据虚拟机状态
 - ▶ 关机态快照
 - ▶ 运行态快照
 - ▶ 根据磁盘数量
 - ▶ 单盘
 - ▶ 多盘
- ▶ 内存快照
- ▶ 检查点快照

◆ KVM快照管理

- ▶ Qemu guest agent
- ▶ 通过qemu-img管理磁盘的快照
- ▶ 通过virt-manger管理快照
- ▶ 通过virsh管理快照

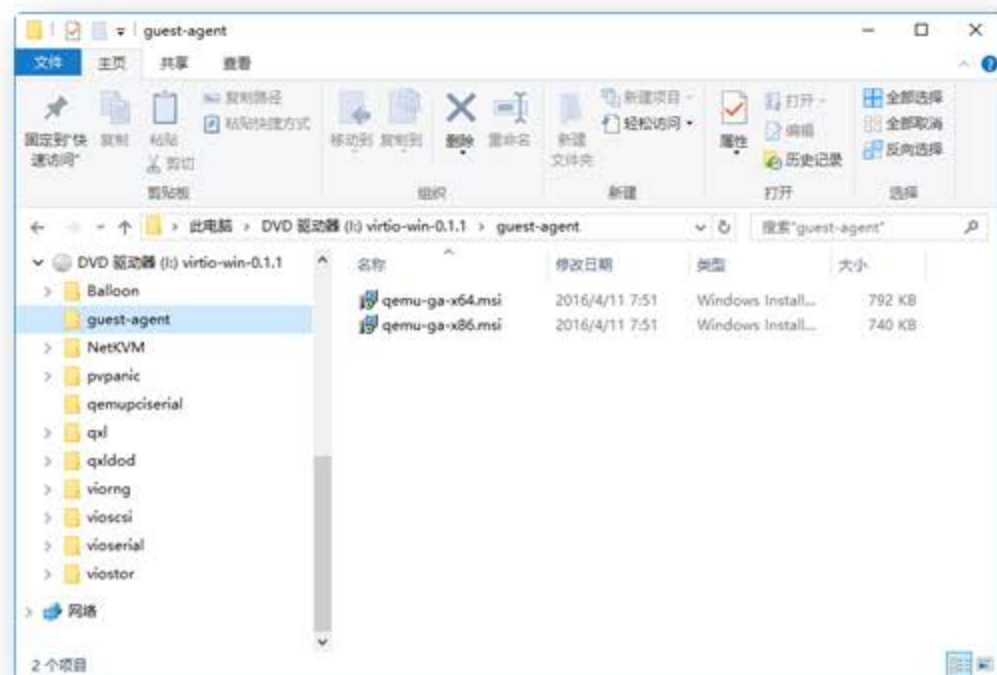
Qemu guest agent



```
# yum -y install qemu-guest-agent
```

Installed:

```
qemu-guest-agent.x86_64 10:2.5.0-3.el7
```



http://wiki.libvirt.org/page/Qemu_guest_agent
<http://wiki.qemu.org/Features/QAPI/GuestAgent>

通过qemu-img管理磁盘的快照

```
# qemu-img snapshot [--object objectdef] [--image-opts] [-q] \
  [-l | -a snapshot | -c snapshot | -d snapshot] filename
```

Parameters to snapshot subcommand:

'snapshot' is the name of the snapshot to create, apply or delete

'-a' applies a snapshot (revert disk to saved state)

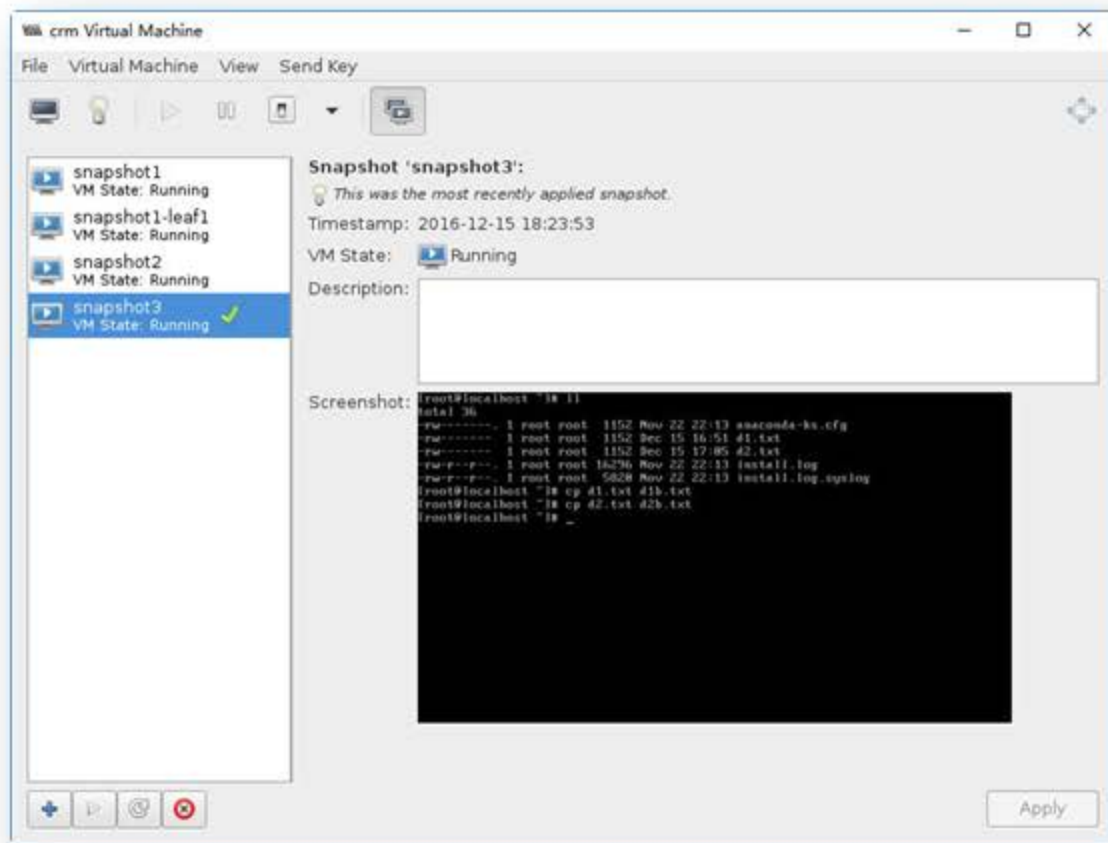
'-c' creates a snapshot

'-d' deletes a snapshot

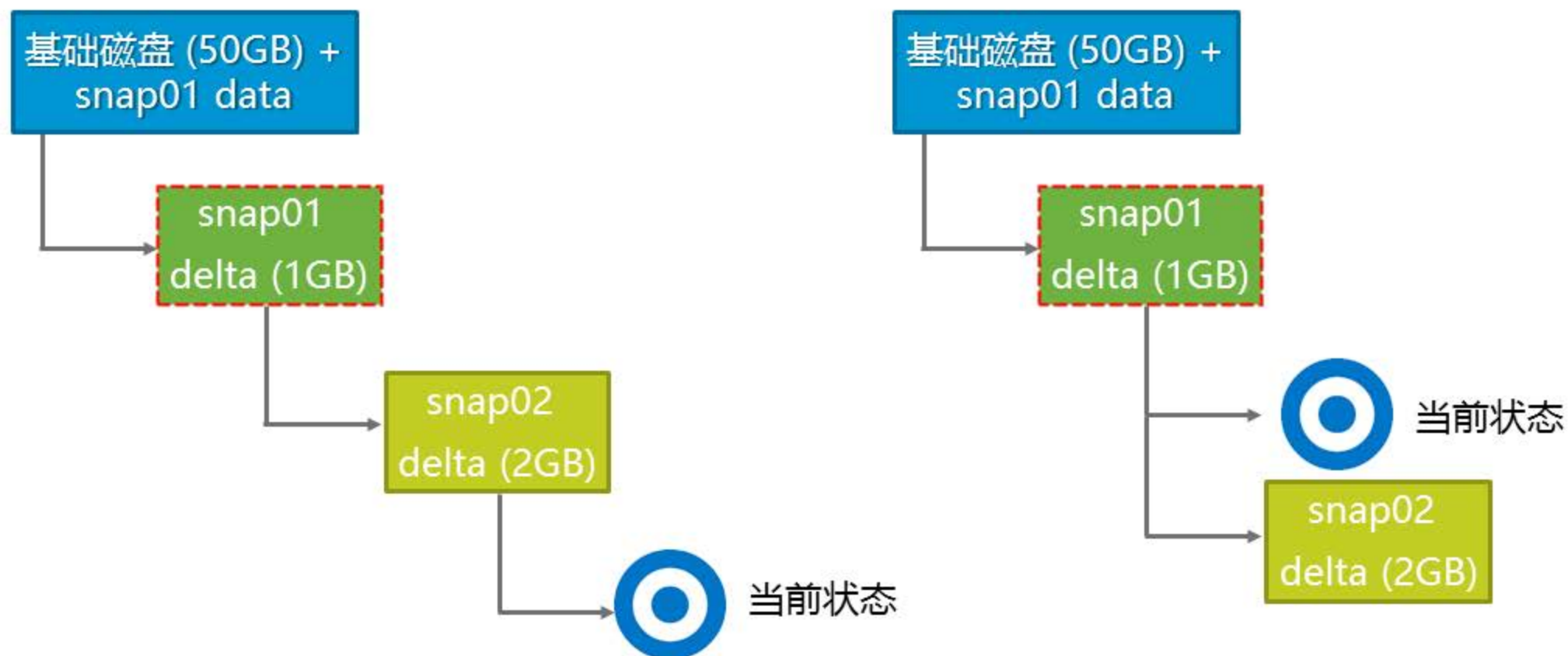
'-l' lists all snapshots in the given image

通过virt-manger管理快照

- ▶ 创建快照
- ▶ 恢复快照
- ▶ 删除快照
- ▶ 获得快照信息



快照的依赖关系

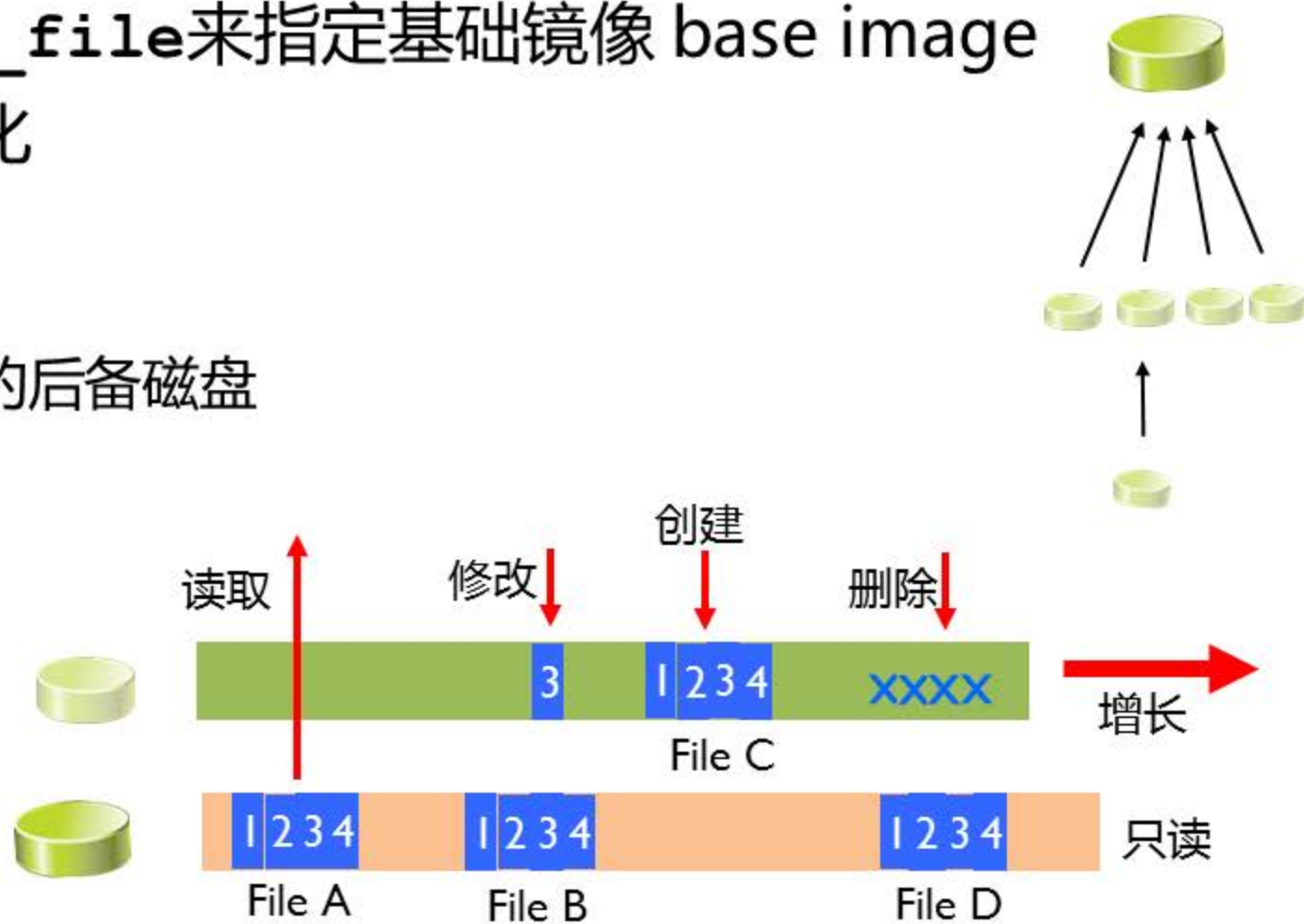


通过virsh管理快照

```
# virsh # help snapshot
Snapshot (help keyword 'snapshot') :
snapshot-create           Create a snapshot from XML
snapshot-create-as        Create a snapshot from a set of args
snapshot-current          Get or set the current snapshot
snapshot-delete           Delete a domain snapshot
snapshot-dumpxml          Dump XML for a domain snapshot
snapshot-edit             edit XML for a snapshot
snapshot-info             snapshot information
snapshot-list             List snapshots for a domain
snapshot-parent           Get the name of the parent of a snapshot
snapshot-revert           Revert a domain to a snapshot
```


backing_file基本原理

- 创建磁盘时使用backing_file来指定基础镜像 base image
- 差异磁盘与基础镜像的变化
 - 后备磁盘不会改变
 - 差异磁盘隔离变化
 - 多个差异磁盘可以使用相同的后备磁盘
 - 增加了开销，较差的性能
- 可用于标准化基础镜像
 - 避免在高磁盘IO环境中使用



◆ KVM备份与恢复

- ▶ 冷备vs.热备
- ▶ 基于虚拟磁盘文件的KVM备份

冷备vs.热备

- ▶ 冷备份(cold backup)，也被称为离线备份
 - ▶ 关闭虚拟机并且不更新的情况下进行的备份
 - ▶ 简单，低维护，高度安全
 - ▶ 备份虚拟机配置文件、所有虚拟机磁盘文件/LVM卷
 - ▶ 备份时，业务不可用
- ▶ 热备份，也移为在线备份
 - ▶ 在虚拟机正常正常运时，进行的的备份
 - ▶ 通过创建外部快照文件

基于虚拟磁盘文件的KVM备份

▶ 创建临时外部磁盘快照

```
# virsh snapshot-create-as --domain crm guest-state1 \  
--diskspec vda,file=/export/images/crm-overlay1.qcow2 \  
--disk-only --atomic
```

有可能需要升级: error: Operation not supported: live disk snapshot not supported with this QEMU binary

```
# yum -y install centos-release-qemu-ev  
# yum -y install qemu-kvm-ev
```

▶ 备份磁盘文件

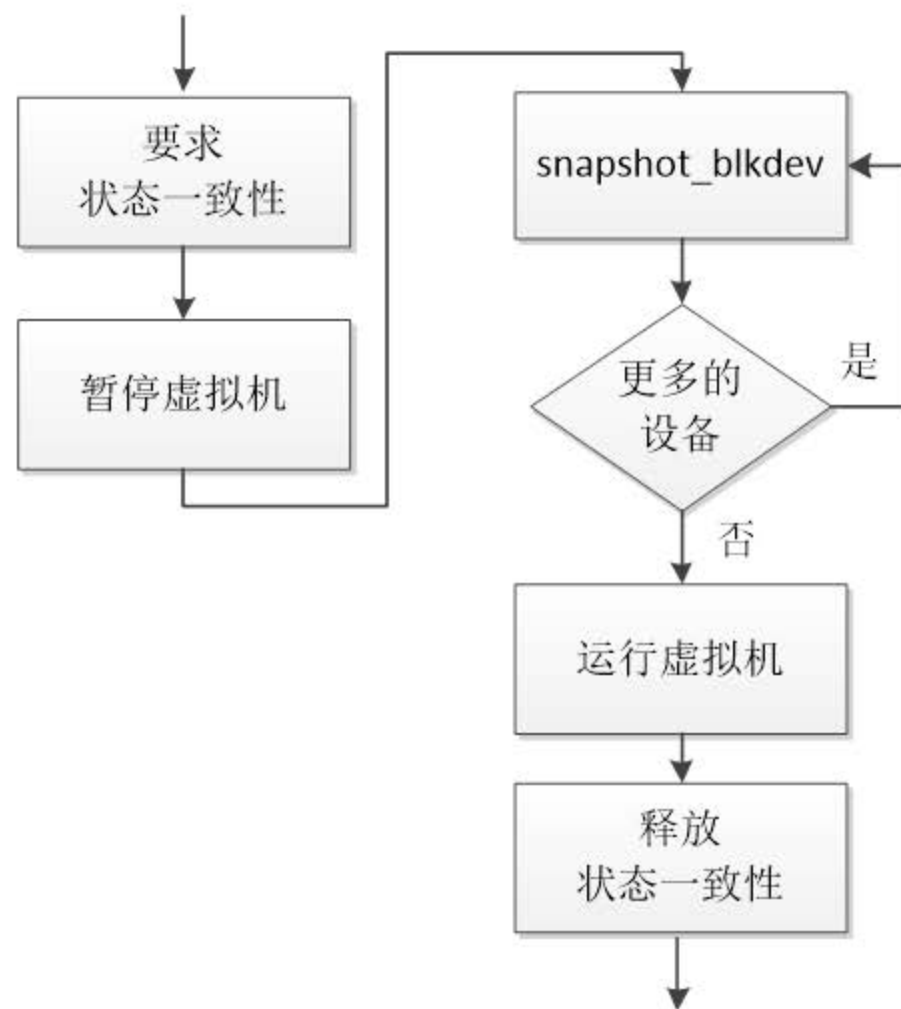
```
# tar zcvf 201612182100-crm.tar.gz /vm/crm-disk0.qcow2
```

▶ 恢复虚拟机配置及回写数据、删除临时快照

```
# virsh blockcommit crm vda --active --verbose -pivot  
# virsh snapshot-delete crm guest-state1
```

?

快照的基本流程



◆ 备份脚本实现

▶ 基于LVM虚拟机的示例

- ▶ <http://repo.firewall-services.com/misc/virt/virt-backup.pl>

- ▶ `virt-backup.pl --pre --vm=machine1 --backupdir=/mnt/remotenas/ --privatedir --compress --snapsize=5G --debug`

- ▶ <http://sandilands.info/sgordon/automatic-backup-of-running-kvm-virtual-machines>

▶ KVM Live Backup项目

- ▶ • `git://github.com/jagane/qemu-livebackup.git`
- ▶ • `git://github.com/jagane/qemu-kvm-livebackup.git`

KVM Live Backup项目

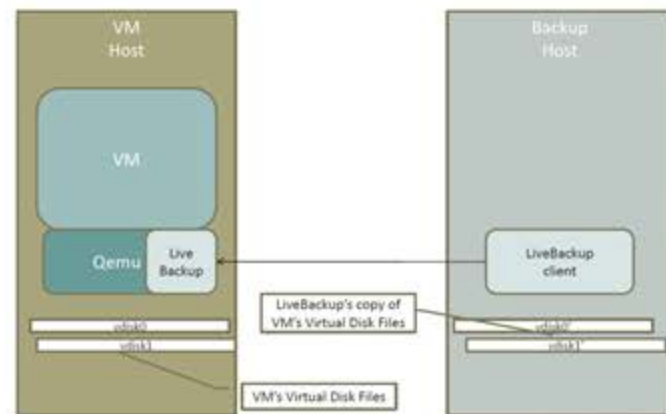
- ▶ Create Full and Incremental Backups of running VMs
- ▶ Must work with all types of virtual disk types, qcow, qcow2, LVM volumes, etc.
- ▶ A System Administrator or Backup Software can use livebackup_client to connect to the qemu process using a TCP socket and transfer dirty blocks over
- ▶

Livebackup Server (built into qemu process for the VM)

```
# ./x86_64-softhmmu/qemu-system-x86_64 \  
-drive file=/dev/kvm_vol_group/kvm_root_part,boot=on,if=virtio,livebackup=on\  
-drive file=/dev/kvm_vol_group/kvm_disk1,if=virtio,livebackup=on\  
-m 512 -net nic,model=virtio,macaddr=52:54:00:00:00:01 \  
-net tap,ifname=tap0,script=no,downscript=no \  
-livebackup_dir /root/kvm/livebackup \  
-livebackup_port 7900
```

Livebackup Client (run on backup server)

```
# livebackup_client /root/kvm-backup 192.168.1.220 7900
```



总结

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