MATH180C: Introduction to Stochastic Processes II

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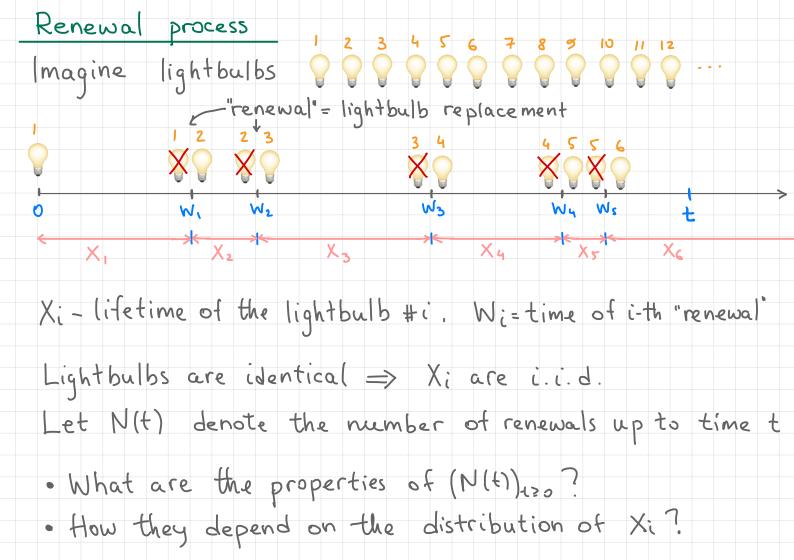
Today: Introduction to renewal processes

> Q&A: November 2

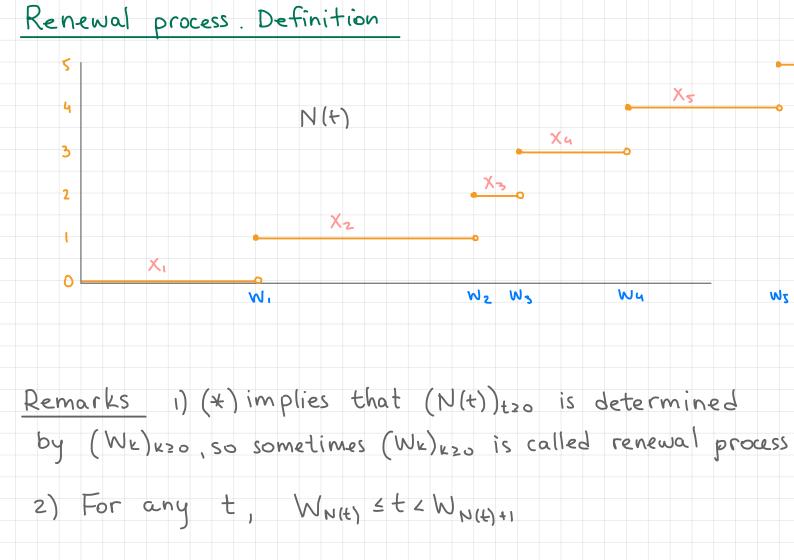
Next: PK 7.2-7.3, Durrett 3.1

This week:

- Quiz 3 (November 4)
- Homework 4 (due Friday, November 6, 11:59 PM)



Renewal process. Definition Def. Let {Xi}is, be i.i.d. r.v.s, Xi>0. Denote Wn := X1+ -- + Xn, n = 1, and Wo := 0. We call the counting process the renewal process. Remarks 1) Wn are called the waiting / renewall times Xi are called the interrenewal times 2) N(t) is characterised by the distribution of X;>0 3) More generally, we can define for 04a < b < 00 $N((a,b]) = \#\{k: a < Wk \leq b\}$



Convolutions of c.d.f.s

Suppose that X and Y are independent r.v.s

F: $\mathbb{R} \rightarrow [0,17]$ is the c.d.f. of X (i.e. $P(X \le t) = F(t)$).

G: R > [0,1] is the c.d.f. of Y

· if Y is discrete, then

$$F_{X+Y}(t) = P(X+Y \leq t) =$$

Distribution of Wk

Let $X_1, X_2,...$ be i.i.d. $\Gamma.V.S$, $X_i > 0$, and let $F: \mathbb{R} \to [0,1]$ be the c.d.f. of X_i (we call F the interoccurrence or

interrenewal distribution). Then

•
$$F_i(t) := F_{w_i}(t) = P(W_i \le t) = P(X_i \le t) = F(t)$$

•
$$F_2(t) := F_{w_2}(t) = F_{x_1 + x_2}(t) =$$

$$F_n(t):=F_{W_n}(t)=P(W_n\leq t)=$$

Remark:
$$F^{*(n+1)}(t) = \int_{0}^{t} F^{*n}(t-x) dF(x) = \int_{0}^{t} F(t-x) dF^{*n}(x)$$

Renewal function Def Let (N(t)) teo be a renewal process with interrenewal distribution F. We call

Proof.
$$M(t) = E(N(t)) =$$

=

Related quantities Let N(t) be a renewal process. δt It WNIE) t WNIE)+1 Def We call · Yt := WN(t)+1 - t the excess (or residual) lifetime . St = t - WN(t) the current life (or age) · Bt: = Yt + St the total life Remarks 1)

Expectation of Wn Proposition 2. Let N(t) be a renewal process with interrenewal times X., X2,... and renewal times (Wn) n21. Then $E(W_{N(t)+1}) = E(X_1) E(N(t)+1)$ = \mu (M(t)+1) where $\mu = E(X_1)$. Proof. E (WN(+)+1) = E (X2+ --+ XN(+)+1)=

$$E\left(\sum_{j=2}^{N(t)+1}X_{j}\right)=$$

Renewal equation

Proposition 3. Let $(N(t))_{t\geq 0}$ be a renewal process with interrenewal distribution F. Then M(t) = E(N(t)) satisfies

Proof. We showed in Proposition 1 that
$$M = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} F^{*n}$$

Then M*F=