Exercise (Jun. 9, 2009)

```
5 import java.awt.*;
 6 import java.awt.event.*;
 7 import javax.swing.*;
   public class GridChangeColor implements ItemListener{
       JFrame mainFrame = new JFrame("變色龍");
10
       JPanel mainPanel = new JPanel():
11
       String[] colorName = {"紅", "榾", "黃", "綠"};
12
       JRadioButton[] colorButton = new JRadioButton[4];
13
140
       public static void main(String[] argv) {
15
           GridChangeColor qb = new GridChangeColor();
16
           qb.init();
17
180
       public void init(){
           Container contentPane = mainFrame.getContentPane();
19
20
           contentPane.add(mainPanel, "Center");
           JPanel up = new JPanel();
21
22
           contentPane.add(up, "North");
           up.setLayout(new GridLayout(2,2));
23
24
           ButtonGroup g = new ButtonGroup();
25
           for (int i=0;i<colorName.length;i++) {</pre>
26
               colorButton[i] = new JRadioButton(colorName[i]);
27
               up.add(colorButton[i]);
28
               q.add(colorButton[i]);
29
               colorButton[i].addItemListener(this);
30
           mainFrame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXTT ON CLOSE);
31
32
           mainFrame.setSize(320, 240);
           mainFrame.setVisible(true);
33
34
```

```
public void itemStateChanged(ItemEvent e){
35⊜
36
           if (e.getStateChange() == ItemEvent.SELECTED) {
37
               JRadioButton s = (JRadioButton) e.getSource();
38
               if(s == colorButton[0]){
39
                   mainPanel.setBackground(Color.RED):
40
               }else if(s == colorButton[1]){
41
                   mainPanel.setBackground(Color.ORANGE);
               }else if(s == colorButton[2]){
43
                   mainPanel.setBackground(Color.YELLOW);
44
               }else{
45
                   mainPanel.setBackground(Color.GREEN);
46
47
48
49 }
```

彷造例子改成右 側面版

顏色顯示區

