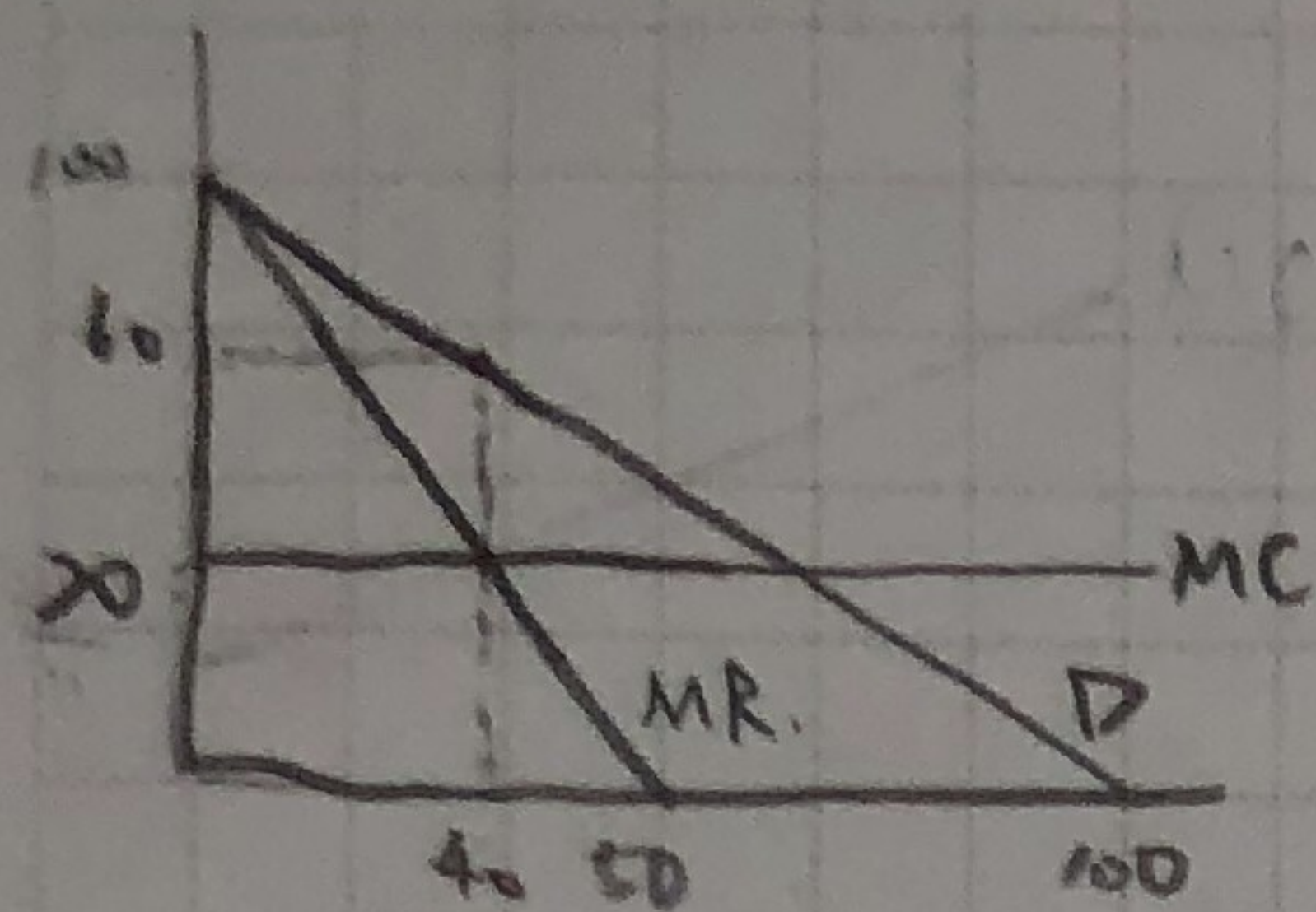


隨5. $P=100-q$ $C=30+20q$



$$TR = 100q - q^2$$

$$MR = 100 - 2q$$

(A) P^*, Q^*, π^*

$$MR = MC$$

$$\Rightarrow 100 - 2q = 20$$

$$q = 40 \quad P = 60$$

$$\pi = TR - TC$$

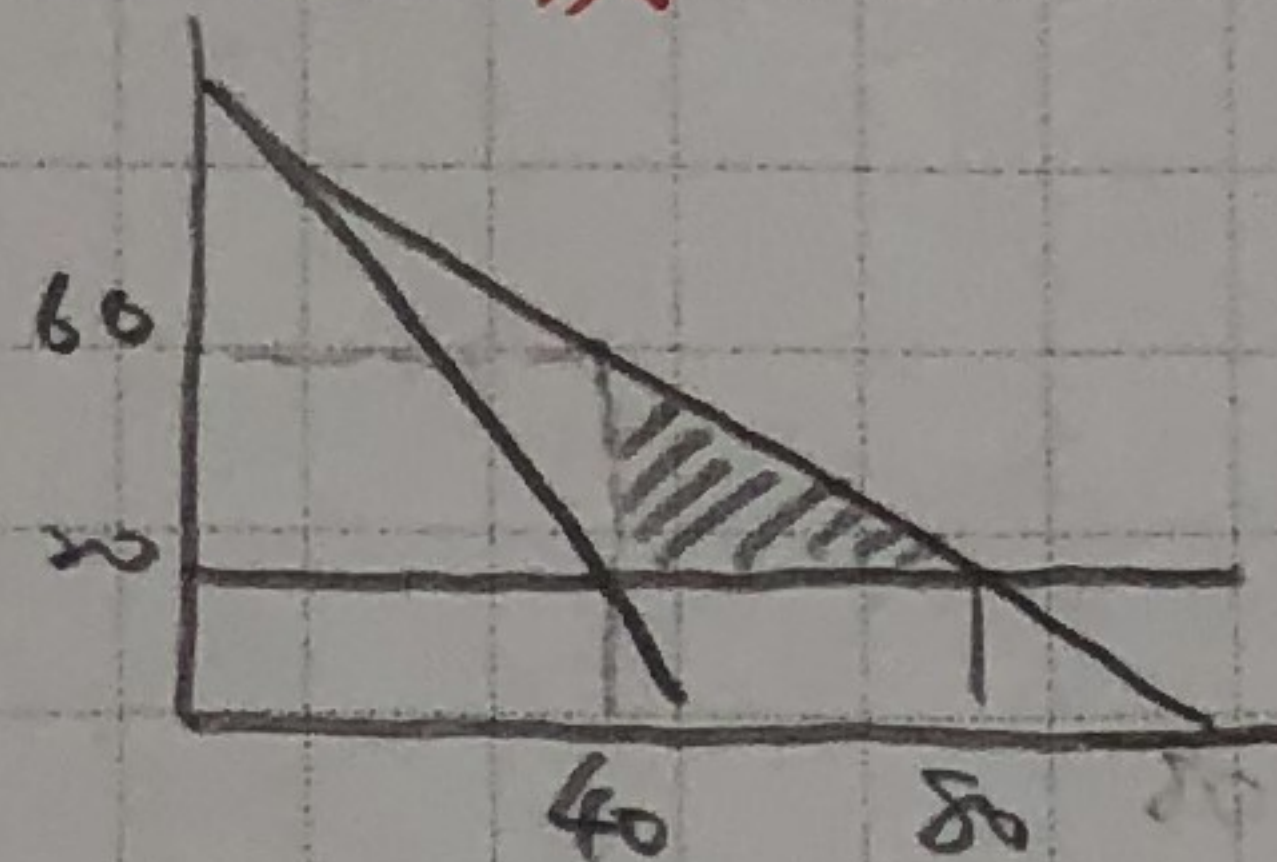
$$= (40 \times 60) - (30 + 20 \times 40)$$

$$= 1570$$

(B) DWL?

$$\frac{1}{2} (60 - 20) \times (80 - 40)$$

$$= 800$$



(C) Lerner Index.

$$L = \frac{P - MC}{P} = \frac{1}{1 - |E|}$$

$$= \frac{60 - 20}{60} = \frac{2}{3}$$

(不變)

(D) 從量稅10 $\Rightarrow MR = MC + 10$

$$100 - 2q = 30$$

$$q = 35 \quad P = 65$$

$$\pi = (35 \times 65) - (30 + 20 \times 35)$$

$$= 1195$$

(E) 從價稅6 $\Rightarrow MR = 1.1 MC$

$$0.9(100 - 2q) = 20$$

$$q = \frac{350}{9} \quad P = \frac{550}{9}$$

$$\pi = \left(\frac{350}{9} \times \frac{550}{9} \right) - \left(30 + 20 \times \frac{350}{9} \right)$$

$$= 1331$$

(F) 600元定額稅 $\Rightarrow C = 1030 + 20q$

MC 不變

$$P = 60 \quad q = 40$$

$$\pi = 1570 - 1000 = 570$$

(G) 20%利潤稅 (不變)

$$q = 40 \quad P = 60$$

$$\pi = 1570 \times 0.8 = 1256$$

(H) MC 不變, firm 損? DWL?

$$P = MC$$

$$100 - q = 20 \quad q = 80 \quad P = 20$$

$$(80 \times 20) - (30 + 20 \times 80) = -30 = \pi$$

$$DWL = 0$$

隨3. $P=280-q$ $TC_A=2q_A^2$ $TC_B=4q_B^2$

1. q_A, q_B

$$MR = MC_A \Rightarrow 280 - 2(q_A + q_B) = 4q_A$$

$$MR = MC_B \Rightarrow 280 - 2(q_A + q_B) = 8q_B$$

$$q_A = 2q_B \Rightarrow q_B = 20, q_A = 40$$

$$P = 280 - (q_A + q_B) = 220$$

隨6. $P=120-q$ $TC=2q^2$

(A) P, Q, π, E 獨佔力

$$MR = MC$$

$$120 - 2q = 4q$$

$$q = 20 \quad P = 100$$

$$\pi = 100 \times 20 - 2(20^2) = 1200$$

$$L = \frac{100 - 80}{100} = 0.2 = \frac{1}{|E|}$$

$$E = 5$$

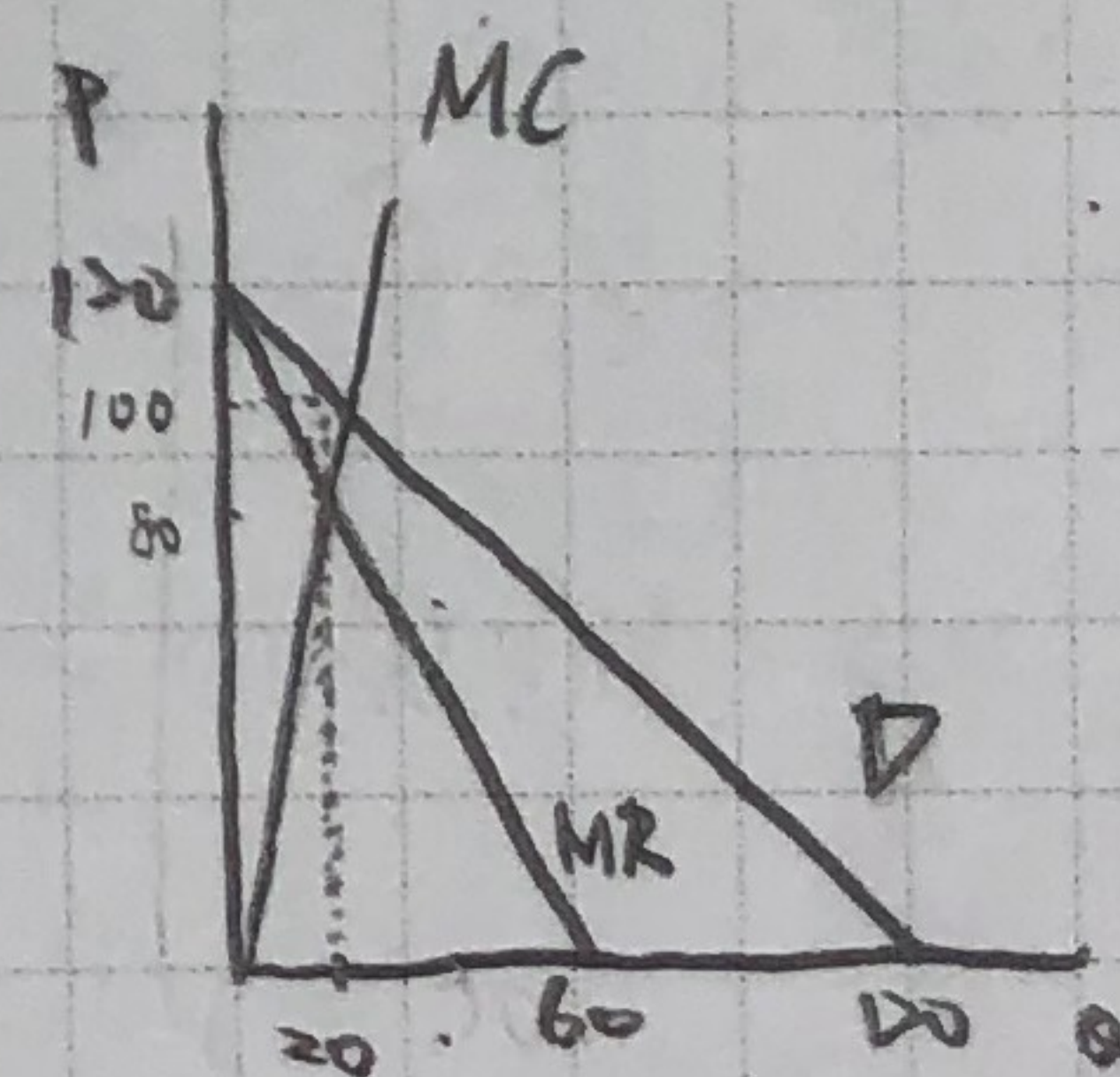
(B) $DWL = 20 \times 4 / 2 = 40$

(C) $P = MC$

$$120 - q = 4q \Rightarrow q = 24, P = 96$$

$$\pi = 96 \times 24 - 2(24^2) = 1152$$

$$DWL = 0$$



$$MC = 4q$$

$$MR = 120 - 2q$$

(D) $P = AC$

$$120 - q = 2q \Rightarrow q = 40, P = 80$$

$$\pi = 80 \times 40 - 2(40^2) = 0$$

$$DWL = 800$$