

EngSci Press Project Final Report

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1 Introduction

The goal of EngSci Press project is to implement (a) an interactive dictionary program that can display and modify dictionary entries, (b) an English sentence generator based on part-of-speech (POS) tagging [1].

I expect the project to help me (a) improve C and Python coding skills, (b) increase knowledge on data structures and algorithms, (c) gain experience in structuring a multi-directory, cross-platform project.

2 Objectives

The core dictionary program should:

1. *Launch and response fast.* A slow start-up reduces user experience.

Metric: Measure the time interval between a user request and its response. A shorter interval would be ideal. The start-up should take less than 1 second [2].

2. *Use memory efficiently.* Users might run the program on an outdated computer or a virtual machine, which usually has very limited memory. The excessive use of memory will impact the performance negatively and cause a system failure.

Metric: Measure the increased memory usage after loading the same dictionary dataset. Less memory in megabytes is better.

3. *Add dictionary entries easily.* The provided data have a lot of typos. Users might be unsatisfied, thus they want to customize them. After following a clear and simple procedure, users should be able to add data files with the same format.

Metric: Count the number of operations to load a .csv file into the dictionary dataset. Fewer operations are better.

The story writer program should:

1. *Produce grammatically correct sentences.* To generate meaningful and logical stories is beyond my ability. To tell my story writer apart from a monkey hitting keys, the only way is to make my production grammatically correct.

Metric: Copy and paste the produced text into Microsoft Word. Green underlines flag grammatical errors. Fewer grammatical errors per sentence are better.

2. *Control the length of the generated text accurately.* The process of sentence generation is slow. It will be a waste of time to work on unneeded sentences.

Metric: Calculate the percentage difference between the length specified by the user and the length of the generated text. Smaller average difference is better.

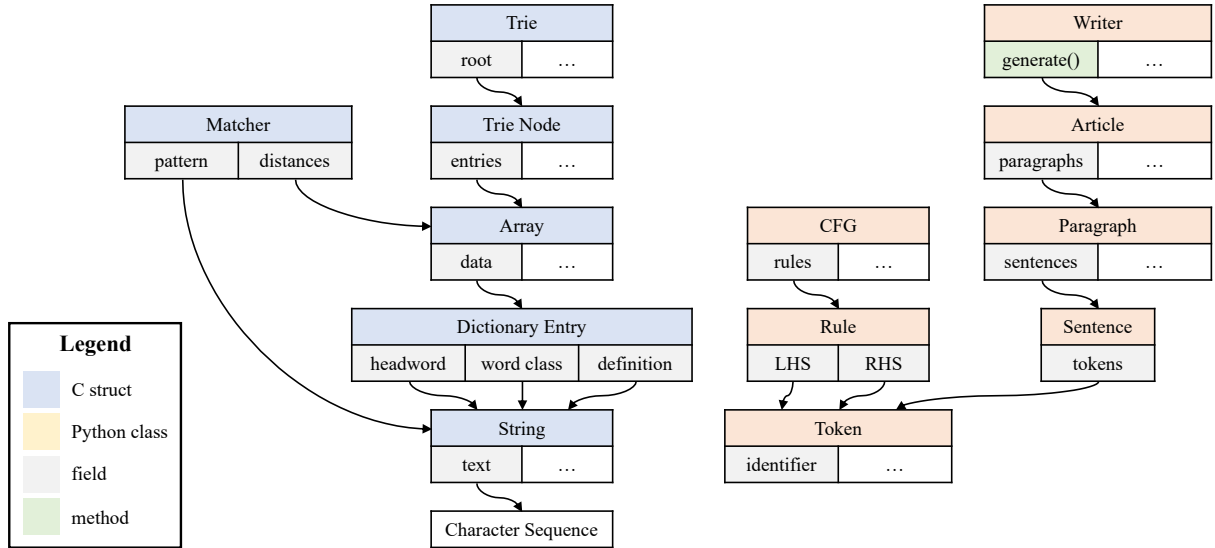


Figure 1: Overview of the project structure. Some fields and methods are omitted.

3 Detailed Framework

3.1 High-Level Overview

Figure 1 demonstrates the structure of EngSci Press project. As explained in Section 3.2, I coded the core dictionary in C and the story writer in Python. Users can customize both parts with .txt scripts.

3.2 Languages

I use C for the core dictionary because it runs faster and provides more precise memory control. I initially wrote it in Python, but it took 3 seconds to launch and violated the time constraint. The bottleneck turns out to be CPU computation as opposed to disk IO. Moving to C should effectively speed it up since compiled languages typically compute much faster than interpreted languages [3].

I use Python for the story writer because it is not only easier to code, but also supports regular expression and features various sampling methods [4]. Usage of these functionalities is described in Section 3.4. Python libraries such as NumPy have a mature and efficient C/Fortran back-end [5]. Compared to reinvented wheels, they are faster, more robust and easier to debug. Moreover, exception mechanism in Python makes it simpler to handle special cases that appear in a natural language.

	Size	Capacity								
<table border="1"><tr><td>a</td></tr></table>	a	1	1							
a										
<table border="1"><tr><td>a</td><td>b</td></tr></table>	a	b	2	2						
a	b									
<table border="1"><tr><td>a</td><td>b</td><td>c</td><td></td></tr></table>	a	b	c		3	4				
a	b	c								
<table border="1"><tr><td>a</td><td>b</td><td>c</td><td>d</td></tr></table>	a	b	c	d	4	4				
a	b	c	d							
<table border="1"><tr><td>a</td><td>b</td><td>c</td><td>d</td><td>e</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>	a	b	c	d	e				5	8
a	b	c	d	e						
<table border="1"><tr><td>a</td><td>b</td><td>c</td><td>d</td><td>e</td><td>f</td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>	a	b	c	d	e	f			6	8
a	b	c	d	e	f					

Figure 2: A dynamic array reserves space for future expansion.

3.3 Data Structures

3.3.1 Dynamic Array

Many functions in EngSci Press require a resizable and contiguous array. The most straightforward implementation is a block memory which is reallocated on each resize. However, frequent reallocs slow down the program [6]. To achieve a balance between fewer reallocs and more compact storage, my custom Array type applies an exponential resizing strategy. It reserves more memory than its actual size. As shown in Figure 2, the memory space doubles when $\text{size} \geq \text{capacity}$ and halves when $\text{size} \leq \text{capacity}/2$. A similar strategy is used for the String type.

For convenience, an Array of pointers is designed to hold an optional destructor and execute it upon every element deletion. The destructor function frees all the memory that an element uses, both directly and indirectly.

3.3.2 Trie

I choose trie to store, access and modify dictionary data due to its efficiency [7] and convenience for implementation. Trie is a tree-like data structure that implements mapping with string keys. As shown in Figure 3, each node holds a single character. The key of a node is represented by the character sequence along the root-node path.

Headwords are lower-cased as keys of dictionary entries, enabling case-insensitive search. Moreover, keys accept only characters whose ASCII codes fall in 32–64 or 97–122, because others are either upper-cased, or meaningless to appear in a dictionary headword. As a result, a trie node has 59 children at most.

For simplicity, mapping from a node to its children is implemented with a 59-element array

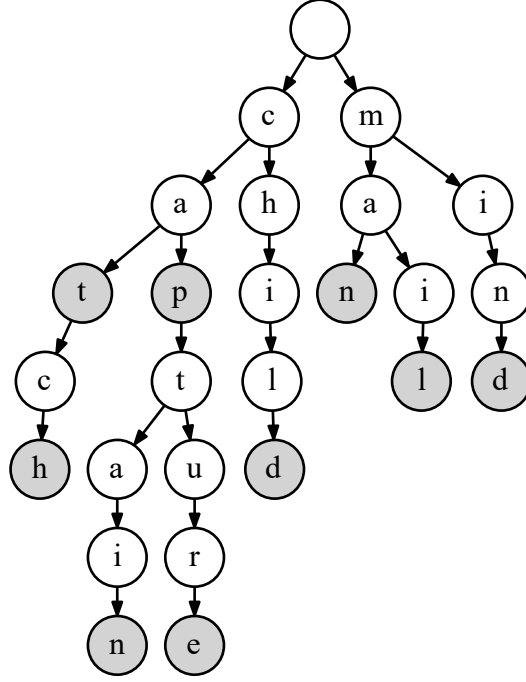


Figure 3: A trie. Each shadowed node represents an English word.

of ordered child pointers. Fill NULL if a child does not exist. Such primitive implementation seems to affect performance negatively at first glance, as one has to check for many null pointers. However, because the accepted character set is small, a more advanced data structure, such as BST, usually brings more overhead as opposed to efficiency.

3.3.3 Levenshtein Automaton

EngSci Press uses edit distance [8] to measure the similarity between two strings. A Levenshtein automaton, constructed from a pattern string, can find the key which is most similar to the pattern from a trie. Such automaton is efficient [9] because it skips most of the trie branches which can be identified as non-matching.

Levenshtein automaton calculates edit distance by filling out a comparison matrix, as shown in Figure 4. The matrix is $1 \times n$ when it starts searching (n is the pattern string length). It pushes a character and fills a new row before it searches down a trie branch and pops them on leaving. The minimum of the i th row must be greater than or equal to the $(i - 1)$ th row. Therefore, the automaton quits when minimum of the last row exceeds its edit distance tolerance, since any further search only increases the distance even more.

3.4 Algorithms

3.4.1 Context-Free Grammar

EngSci Press Grammar (ESPG) is a context-free grammar (CFG) [10] that generates English sentences. A CFG contains a start symbol (S) and describes many rewriting rules. The left-hand

	\emptyset	e	n	g	s	c	i
\emptyset	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
e	1	0	1	2	3	4	5
n	2	1	0	1	2	3	4
s	3	2	1	1	1	2	3
i	4	3	2	2	2	2	2
g	5	4	3	2	3	3	3
n	6	5	4	3	3	4	4

Figure 4: Matrix that calculates the edit distance between “engsci” and “ensign”.

```

1 convergence = 0.3
2 S -> NP VP "."
3 0.9: NP -> Det (0.6: Adj) N
4 0.1: NP -> NP "and" NP
5 0.3: VP -> V NP
6 0.6: VP -> V
7 Det -> "the"
8 Adj -> "smart"
9 N -> "student"
10 V -> "walks"

```

Figure 5: Simple demonstration of the CFG description syntax.

side (LHS) of a rule is a single token, and the right-hand side (RHS) is a sequence of one or more tokens. The rewriting process terminates when all tokens become English words (or terminals).

Stricter grammars such as regular grammar are not descriptive enough for a natural language [11], while more flexible ones can be challenging to implement for a generative purpose. For example, context-sensitive grammars, with more than one token on the LHS, can easily go into a blind alley, making it impossible to substitute all non-terminals.

Describing CFG with a Python dict is not hard, but wordy. To make my grammar more readable and maintainable, I design a simple description syntax as shown in Figure 5. The text is parsed with re (regular expression) module and expanded into a class CFG instance. To make the output more natural, this syntax supports optional tokens (i.e. RHS tokens that can be omitted by a specified percentage chance) and weighted rules (i.e. with the same LHS, one rule has a higher execution chance than another).

3.4.2 Story Length Control

Properties of a CFG determine the length distribution of its generated sentences. CFG rules can be recursive [12], where the LHS token appears on the RHS. Such rules, as $A \mapsto AB$, have

a risk of falling into infinite loops: $A \mapsto AB \mapsto ABB \mapsto AB BB \mapsto \dots$. A primitive yet effective patch for this is to set a convergence factor α [13]. Weight of a rule decreases by α on each execution. As a result, non-recursive rules are preferred as a sentence grows longer, resulting in a finite output.

When generating an article, users might also want to specify the word/paragraph count. However, imagine every paragraph has exactly the same number of sentences – such uniformity prevents the output from being non-human-like. To address this issue, EngSci Press determines the paragraph length by Poisson sampling, given the fact that lengths of human writings roughly follow a Poisson distribution. Parameter λ of this distribution is user-defined, which is an indirect way to control story length.

4 Results

The core dictionary fully meets my objectives:

1. Start-up is extraordinary fast, loading nearly 200,000 entries in less than 0.2 second.
2. It occupies 230M memory (shown in Figure 8), about 30% less than the Python version.
3. Users can load a .csv file by typing a single line. This step can be automated by adding the command to a pre-run script.

The story writer has more room for improvement:

1. Out of my expectation, many obscure words in the dictionary are not recognized by Microsoft Word, which is shown in Figure 9. As a result, the grammar checker fails to analyse their part-of-speech properties or report errors. In spite of this, I find hardly any grammar mistakes by inspection.
2. Frequent obscure words (especially biological terminology) also make the generated sentences challenging to understand.
3. Output length control is not precise enough as a result of Poisson sampling. Deviation is up to 50%.

Screen recordings of running programs are archived in a Google Drive folder [14], and a sample of story writer output are attached in Appendix B.

5 Future Work/Conclusion

As mentioned in Section 4, EngSci Press generally meets my expectation. However, more objectives emerged as I worked on this project, which might serve as a guide for future work.

1. *Unicode support.* Many users look up words in a different language, so it is hard to avoid non-ASCII characters. Unfortunately, this need has not yet been satisfied as because of the limited Unicode support [15] in C standard library (especially IO). Porting from `char` to `wchar_t` [16], the most common approach, can cause a memory disaster, quadrupling the current 300MB to 1.2GB. I prefer variable-width encoding because it is more efficient

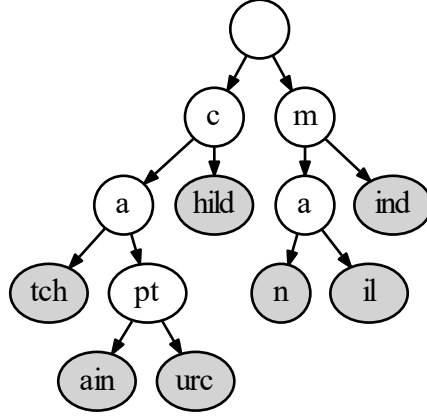


Figure 6: Compact version of the trie in Figure 3. Each shadowed node holds one or more English words.

$S \mapsto \text{NP-Singular VP-Singular}$

$S \mapsto \text{NP-Plural VP-Plural}$

$S \mapsto \text{NP-Singular VP-Singular NP-Singular} \iff S\langle T \rangle \mapsto \text{NP}\langle T \rangle \text{ VP}\langle T \rangle (\text{NP}\langle U \rangle)$

$S \mapsto \text{NP-Singular VP-Singular NP-Plural}$

$S \mapsto \text{NP-Plural VP-Plural NP-Singular}$

$S \mapsto \text{NP-Plural VP-Plural NP-Plural}$

Figure 7: Template rules make it easier to describe grammatical agreements.

in terms of memory. It is messy to implement and might require 3rd-party wheels.

2. *Compact trie (or radix tree)*. Currently, a trie node can hold one character at most. However, it will be appealing to put multiple characters together if a group of adjacent nodes have only one child for each, as shown in Figure 6. It certainly saves memory. On the other hand, it might also run faster because of smaller tree heights.
3. *Grammatical agreement*. This phenomenon is common in a natural language (e.g. 3rd-person-singular verbs), but painful to describe in CFG. For example, “do” can be transformed to “does”, “do”, “did”, “has done”, “have done”, “am doing”, “is doing”, “are doing”, given different nouns, pronouns, and tenses. As a result, a rule on “do” has to repeat itself for each of the versions. Making tokens contain parameters (or variables) [10] can free human labour from this process. As shown in Figure 7, parametrized rules can serve as templates to generate many rules with normal tokens.

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Contents

1	Introduction	1
2	Objectives	1
3	Detailed Framework	2
3.1	High-Level Overview	2
3.2	Languages	2
3.3	Data Structures	3
3.3.1	Dynamic Array	3
3.3.2	Trie	3
3.3.3	Levenshtein Automaton	4
3.4	Algorithms	4
3.4.1	Context-Free Grammar	4
3.4.2	Story Length Control	5
4	Results	6
5	Future Work/Conclusion	6
A	Screenshots	10
B	Story Writer Sample Output	11
C	Complete Code	12
C.1	.esp_rc	12
C.2	src/core/global.h	13
C.3	src/core/global.c	13
C.4	src/core/array.h	14
C.5	src/core/array.c	14
C.6	src/core/string.h	17
C.7	src/core/string.c	18
C.8	src/core/dict_entry.h	22
C.9	src/core/dict_entry.c	23
C.10	src/core/trie_node.h	25
C.11	src/core/trie_node.c	26
C.12	src/core/trie.h	28
C.13	src/core/trie.c	28

C.14	src/core/matcher.h	32
C.15	src/core/matcher.c	33
C.16	src/test/global.h	37
C.17	src/test/array.c	38
C.18	src/test/string.c	40
C.19	src/test/dict_entry.c	45
C.20	src/test/trie.c	46
C.21	src/test/matcher.c	49
C.22	src/main/api.h	51
C.23	src/main/api.c	52
C.24	src/main/utility.h	60
C.25	src/main/utility.c	60
C.26	src/main/main.c	61
C.27	src/writer/grammar.py	62
C.28	src/writer/espg_base.txt	67
C.29	src/writer/lexicon.py	71
C.30	src/writer/writer.py	78
C.31	src/writer/main.py	81

A Screenshots

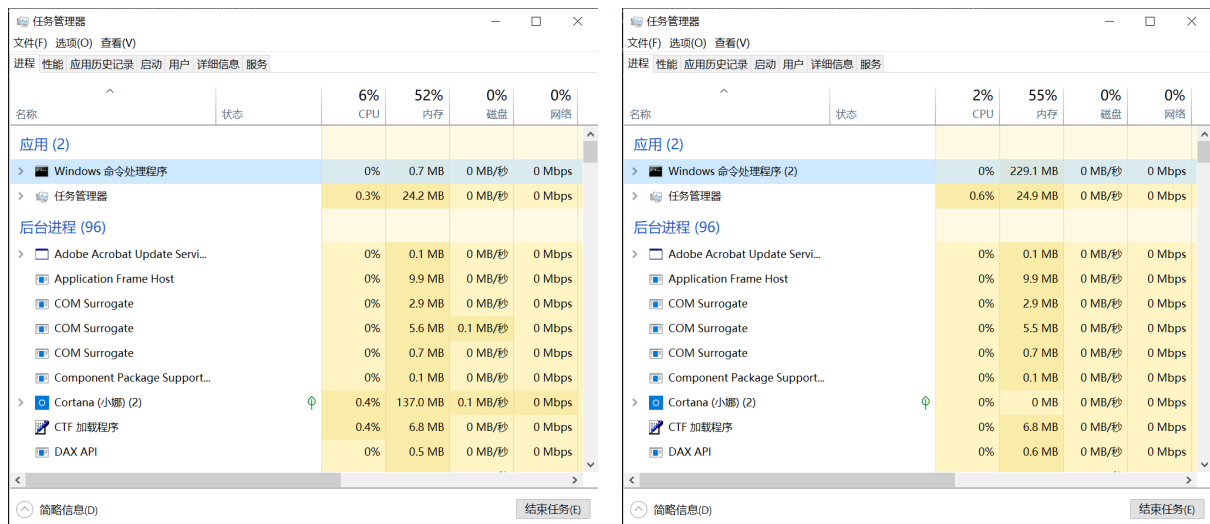


Figure 8: Memory consumption of the terminal before and after the dictionary program launches.

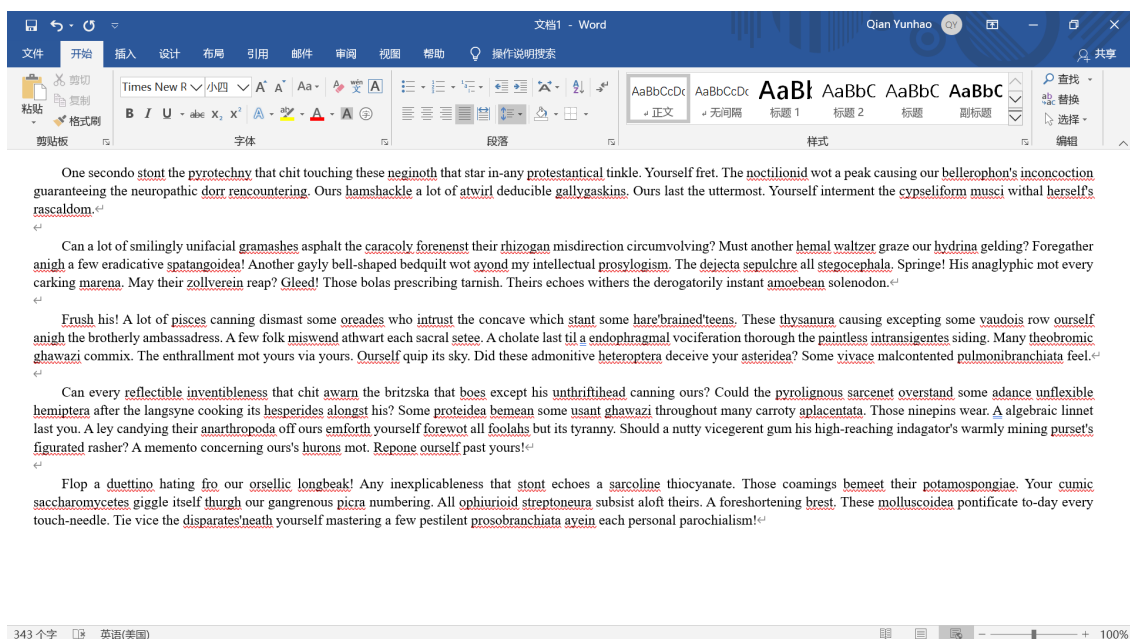


Figure 9: Microsoft Word fails to recognize many obscure words.

B Story Writer Sample Output

These anisodactyla concreting many digenous cognati to-the croupal shelduck conjugate. His quay doth amid his. A physiologer wot each fan-tailed canoeman atafter my reparably infirmative sulphamide. Those gelatiniform eyghen reenjoy. Concatenate the photo-electric potting who brest! A lot of cogitable botocudos respell ours to-day yourself. Jingle! Fruit ayont their na copatain saccharomycetes who impediment their catallacta! His crystallization stet it. Himself boes themselves. Many paleocarida snort athwart their standage's syphilitically exanthematic ailuroidea. Each disembodiment who mot herself round one stolidness who wot ours stant a few tentaculifera. Did itself rook unto my incanting potamospongiae?

The quickness stont at your roper who stont. Need! Yours dicker many haplomi till my heterosporous lick-spigot. A cornel guaranteeing doth sine the orthoptera. Our univalvia bray. You cover despite its. Which ovipara may a lot of appetitive canonry modernize your seductress cooking a lot of pecora? All eyren who lionize my parisian ammunitioning the gymnoblastea about the rostrifera coin. Re-store a lot of frustrate pinnywinkles forth these possessionary turdiformes who reannex those dioecia under his!

Ours stent the unstratified tense while you. Themselves predict the indistinctly systematically demulcent pestalozzian dancing another ninetieth alimentariness. Those diandrian kansas denote our hypothenal zu/is round ours. Many malacopoda succumb each catadioptrical yen. Profit! The supralunary praetores emancipate his tissue. Had its puffer benefit?

Has him prevail during my extraordinary steganopodes adoring a wyclifite? Groom fromwards a lot of breeches! Some orbitelae spare round some waldenses. Those brachypteres add him-

self thwart my atlantides. Every vivandiere stet fro those eloquent posteriors. Its trinerve tenthredinides tack durante your meetly nigh fibrocartilage. Muster! A few barkbound filanders proverbialize. The polymathist mastering wot. Those trews dice over yourself. A few meatus bury the gasteromycetes since some oscines snarling. Bepinch yourself fro his high-bred desmomyaria! Himself brest without their docquet. Those furcated gastrotricha temple the naragansetts roaring. Hush a insultity! A few rapaces spewing that follow onto his conversable changeling bold.

Many oxyrhyncha betoken my levulosan which echoes par ourself. Another allogeneous chartist chit. Your apothecary doth those hydrobranchiata. May every military thread hers outcept yours? The testator circumventing its endopleurite chit some rapilli up the senecas. Does the maine reassign herself? A stutterer mot. Need her celebrate a lot of pharyngeal precoces with one wiper fencing its hydroidea thru your waveworn pharyngognathi passioning? Those suently vitriolic proboscidifera retoss every waileress abaft the mawkingly sagacious thaliacea. Some sanded optimates ambush. The fallibly gery ova indart yourself rising the metempirical striges. What russ should these carnally tradeful scincoidea surbet many gemmiflorate data?

C Complete Code

C.1 .esp_rc

```
1 load ../Dictionary-in-csv/A.csv
2 load ../Dictionary-in-csv/B.csv
3 load ../Dictionary-in-csv/C.csv
4 load ../Dictionary-in-csv/D.csv
5 load ../Dictionary-in-csv/E.csv
6 load ../Dictionary-in-csv/F.csv
7 load ../Dictionary-in-csv/G.csv
8 load ../Dictionary-in-csv/H.csv
9 load ../Dictionary-in-csv/I.csv
10 load ../Dictionary-in-csv/J.csv
11 load ../Dictionary-in-csv/K.csv
12 load ../Dictionary-in-csv/L.csv
13 load ../Dictionary-in-csv/M.csv
14 load ../Dictionary-in-csv/N.csv
15 load ../Dictionary-in-csv/O.csv
16 load ../Dictionary-in-csv/P.csv
17 load ../Dictionary-in-csv/Q.csv
18 load ../Dictionary-in-csv/R.csv
19 load ../Dictionary-in-csv/S.csv
20 load ../Dictionary-in-csv/T.csv
21 load ../Dictionary-in-csv/U.csv
22 load ../Dictionary-in-csv/V.csv
```

```

23 load ../Dictionary-in-csv/W.csv
24 load ../Dictionary-in-csv/X.csv
25 load ../Dictionary-in-csv/Y.csv
26 load ../Dictionary-in-csv/Z.csv

```

C.2 src/core/global.h

```

1 #ifndef CORE_GLOBAL_H_
2 #define CORE_GLOBAL_H_
3
4 #include <assert.h>
5 #include <ctype.h>
6 #include <stdbool.h>
7 #include <stdio.h>
8 #include <stdlib.h>
9 #include <string.h>
10
11 #define MAX_LINE_SIZE 3000
12 #define ALPHABET_SIZE 59
13
14 #ifdef SUPPRESS_WARNINGS
15 #define WARN(...)
16 #else
17 #define WARN(...) fprintf(stderr, __VA_ARGS__)
18 #endif // SUPPRESS_WARNINGS
19
20 typedef void (*Destructor)(void *);
21
22 bool is_valid_key_char(char c, bool case_sensitive);
23 int char_to_index(char c);
24
25 #endif // CORE_GLOBAL_H_

```

C.3 src/core/global.c

```

1 #include "core/global.h"
2
3 bool is_valid_key_char(char c, bool case_sensitive) {
4     if (!case_sensitive && c >= 65 && c <= 90) {
5         return true;
6     }
7     return c >= 32 && c <= 64 || c >= 97 && c <= 122;
8 }
9
10 int char_to_index(char c) {

```

```

11     assert(is_valid_key_char(c, true) && "char_to_index: invalid character"
12     );
13     if (c < 96) {
14         return c - 32;
15     } else {
16         return c - 64;
17     }
18 }

```

C.4 src/core/array.h

```

1  #ifndef CORE_ARRAY_H_
2  #define CORE_ARRAY_H_
3
4  #include "core/global.h"
5
6  typedef struct Array {
7      void **data, **head;
8      int size, capacity;
9      Destructor destructor;
10 } Array;
11
12 Array *new_array(Destructor destructor);
13 void delete_array(void *array);
14
15 void array_append(Array *array, void *value);
16 void array_remove(Array *array, int index);
17
18 void array_reserve(Array *array, int capacity);
19
20 #endif // CORE_ARRAY_H_

```

C.5 src/core/array.c

```

1  #include "core/array.h"
2
3  Array *new_array(Destructor destructor) {
4      Array *array = malloc(sizeof(Array));
5      array->size = array->capacity = 0;
6      array->destructor = destructor;
7      return array;
8  }
9
10 void delete_array(void *p) {
11     Array *array = p;

```

```

12     if (array->size > 0) {
13         if (array->destructor) {
14             for (int i = 0; i < array->size; ++i) {
15                 array->destructor(array->data[i]);
16             }
17         }
18         free(array->head);
19     }
20     free(array);
21 }
22
23 static void expand_array(Array *array) {
24     if (array->capacity <= 0) {
25         array->data = array->head = malloc(sizeof(void *));
26         array->capacity = 1;
27         return;
28     }
29     size_t block_size = array->size * sizeof(void *);
30     if (array->size < array->capacity) {
31         if (array->data + array->size >= array->head + array->capacity) {
32             memmove(array->head, array->data, block_size);
33         }
34     } else {
35         array->data = array->head = realloc(array->head, 2 * block_size);
36         array->capacity *= 2;
37     }
38 }
39
40 void array_append(Array *array, void *value) {
41     expand_array(array);
42     array->data[array->size] = value;
43     ++array->size;
44 }
45
46 static void shrink_array(Array *array) {
47     if (array->size <= 0) {
48         free(array->head);
49         array->capacity = 0;
50         return;
51     }
52     if (array->size > array->capacity / 2) {
53         return;
54     }
55     size_t block_size = array->size * sizeof(void *);
56     void **head;

```



```

57     if (array->data == array->head) {
58         head = realloc(array->head, block_size);
59     } else {
60         head = malloc(block_size);
61         memcpy(head, array->data, block_size);
62         free(array->head);
63     }
64     array->data = array->head = head;
65     array->capacity = array->size;
66 }
67
68 void array_remove(Array *array, int index) {
69     assert(index >= 0 && index < array->size &&
70         "array_remove: index out of range");
71     if (array->destructor) {
72         array->destructor(array->data[index]);
73     }
74     size_t move_size;
75     if (index < array->size / 2) {
76         move_size = index * sizeof(void *);
77         memmove(array->data + 1, array->data, move_size);
78         ++array->data;
79     } else {
80         move_size = (array->size - index - 1) * sizeof(void *);
81         memmove(array->data + index, array->data + (index + 1), move_size);
82     }
83     --array->size;
84     shrink_array(array);
85 }
86
87 void array_reserve(Array *array, int capacity) {
88     assert(capacity >= array->size &&
89         "array_reserve: capacity smaller than array size");
90     if (capacity == array->capacity) {
91         return;
92     }
93     size_t reserve_size = capacity * sizeof(void *);
94     void **head;
95     if (array->size <= 0) {
96         if (array->capacity <= 0) {
97             head = malloc(reserve_size);
98         } else {
99             head = realloc(array->head, reserve_size);
100         }
101     } else if (array->data == array->head) {

```

```

102     head = realloc(array->head, reserve_size);
103 } else {
104     head = malloc(reserve_size);
105     memcpy(head, array->data, array->size * sizeof(void *));
106     free(array->head);
107 }
108 array->data = array->head = head;
109 array->capacity = capacity;
110 }

```

C.6 src/core/string.h

```

1  #ifndef CORE_STRING_H_
2  #define CORE_STRING_H_
3
4  #include "core/array.h"
5
6  typedef struct String {
7     char *text, *head;
8     int size, capacity;
9 } String;
10
11 String *new_string(const char *text, int size);
12 void delete_string(void *string);
13
14 bool is_valid_key(const String *string, bool case_sensitive);
15 int string_index(const String *string, char value);
16
17 String *to_lower(const String *string);
18 void to_lower_in_place(String *string);
19
20 String *substring(const String *string, int start, int end);
21 void substring_in_place(String *string, int start, int end);
22
23 String *trim(const String *string);
24 void trim_in_place(String *string);
25
26 String *get_line(FILE *stream);
27
28 Array *split_string(const String *string);
29 String *join_strings(const Array *strings, char c);
30
31 bool string_start_with(const String *string, const char *prefix);
32
33 #endif // CORE_STRING_H_

```

C.7 src/core/string.c

```
1 #include "core/string.h"
2
3 String *new_string(const char *text, int size) {
4     if (size < 0) {
5         size = strlen(text);
6     } else {
7         assert(size <= strlen(text) &&
8             "new_string: size larger than text length");
9     }
10    String *string = malloc(sizeof(String));
11    string->text = string->head = malloc((size + 1) * sizeof(char));
12    memcpy(string->text, text, size * sizeof(char));
13    string->text[size] = '\0';
14    string->size = string->capacity = size;
15    return string;
16 }
17
18 void delete_string(void *p) {
19     String *string = p;
20     free(string->head);
21     free(string);
22 }
23
24 bool is_valid_key(const String *string, bool case_sensitive) {
25     if (string->size <= 0 || string_start_with(string, "--")) {
26         return false;
27     }
28     for (int i = 0; i < string->size; ++i) {
29         if (!is_valid_key_char(string->text[i], case_sensitive)) {
30             return false;
31         }
32     }
33     return true;
34 }
35
36 int string_index(const String *string, char value) {
37     char *find = strchr(string->text, value);
38     if (!find) {
39         return -1;
40     } else {
41         return find - string->text;
42     }
43 }
```

```

44
45 String *to_lower(const String *string) {
46     String *lower = malloc(sizeof(String));
47     lower->text = lower->head = malloc((string->size + 1) * sizeof(char));
48     for (int i = 0; i <= string->size; ++i) {
49         lower->text[i] = tolower(string->text[i]);
50     }
51     lower->size = lower->capacity = string->size;
52     return lower;
53 }
54
55 void to_lower_in_place(String *string) {
56     for (int i = 0; i < string->size; ++i) {
57         string->text[i] = tolower(string->text[i]);
58     }
59 }
60
61 static void shrink_string(String *string) {
62     if (string->size > string->capacity / 2) {
63         return;
64     }
65     size_t block_size = (string->size + 1) * sizeof(char);
66     char *head;
67     if (string->text == string->head) {
68         head = realloc(string->head, block_size);
69     } else {
70         head = malloc(block_size);
71         memcpy(head, string->text, block_size);
72         free(string->head);
73     }
74     string->text = string->head = head;
75     string->capacity = string->size;
76 }
77
78 String *substring(const String *string, int start, int end) {
79     if (start >= end) {
80         return new_string("", 0);
81     }
82     assert(start >= 0 && start < string->size &&
83            "substring: start index out of range");
84     assert(end >= 0 && end <= string->size &&
85            "substring: end index out of range");
86     return new_string(string->text + start, end - start);
87 }
88

```

```

89 void substring_in_place(String *string, int start, int end) {
90     if (start == 0 && end == string->size) {
91         return;
92     }
93     if (start >= end) {
94         string->text = string->head;
95         string->text[0] = '\0';
96         string->size = 0;
97         shrink_string(string);
98         return;
99     }
100    assert(start >= 0 && start < string->size &&
101           "substring_in_place: start index out of range");
102    assert(end >= 0 && end <= string->size &&
103           "substring_in_place: end index out of range");
104    string->text += start;
105    string->size = end - start;
106    string->text[string->size] = '\0';
107    shrink_string(string);
108 }
109
110 static void get_trim_indices(const String *string, int *start, int *end) {
111     *end = 0;
112     for (int i = string->size; i > 0; --i) {
113         if (!isspace(string->text[i - 1])) {
114             *end = i;
115             break;
116         }
117     }
118     *start = *end;
119     for (int i = 0; i < *end; ++i) {
120         if (!isspace(string->text[i])) {
121             *start = i;
122             break;
123         }
124     }
125 }
126
127 String *trim(const String *string) {
128     int start, end;
129     get_trim_indices(string, &start, &end);
130     return substring(string, start, end);
131 }
132
133 void trim_in_place(String *string) {

```

```

134     int start, end;
135     get_trim_indices(string, &start, &end);
136     substring_in_place(string, start, end);
137 }
138
139 String *get_line(FILE *stream) {
140     static char buffer[MAX_LINE_SIZE + 1];
141     if (!fgets(buffer, MAX_LINE_SIZE + 1, stream)) {
142         return NULL;
143     }
144     int size = strlen(buffer);
145     if (size > 0 && buffer[size - 1] == '\n') {
146         --size;
147     } else {
148         int c;
149         do {
150             c = getc(stream);
151         } while (c != '\n' && c != EOF);
152     }
153     if (size > 0 && buffer[size - 1] == '\r') {
154         --size;
155     }
156     return new_string(buffer, size);
157 }
158
159 Array *split_string(const String *string) {
160     Array *array = new_array(delete_string);
161     int start;
162     bool in_field = false;
163     for (int i = 0; i < string->size; ++i) {
164         if (isspace(string->text[i])) {
165             if (in_field) {
166                 array_append(array, substring(string, start, i));
167                 in_field = false;
168             }
169         } else if (!in_field) {
170             start = i;
171             in_field = true;
172         }
173     }
174     if (in_field) {
175         array_append(array, substring(string, start, string->size));
176     }
177     return array;
178 }

```

```

179
180 String *join_strings(const Array *strings, char c) {
181     assert(strings->size > 0 && "join_strings: string list is empty");
182     int size = strings->size - 1;
183     for (int i = 0; i < strings->size; ++i) {
184         size += ((String *)strings->data[i])->size;
185     }
186     String *joined = malloc(sizeof(String)), *field;
187     size_t block_size;
188     joined->text = joined->head = malloc((size + 1) * sizeof(char));
189     for (int i = 0, j = 0; i < strings->size; ++i) {
190         if (i) {
191             joined->text[j] = c;
192             ++j;
193         }
194         field = strings->data[i];
195         block_size = field->size * sizeof(char);
196         memcpy(joined->text + j, field->text, block_size);
197         j += block_size;
198     }
199     joined->text[size] = '\0';
200     joined->size = joined->capacity = size;
201     return joined;
202 }
203
204 bool string_start_with(const String *string, const char *prefix) {
205     int size = strlen(prefix);
206     if (size > string->size) {
207         return false;
208     }
209     return !memcmp(string->text, prefix, size * sizeof(char));
210 }

```

C.8 src/core/dict_entry.h

```

1 #ifndef CORE_DICT_ENTRY_H_
2 #define CORE_DICT_ENTRY_H_
3
4 #include "core/string.h"
5
6 typedef struct DictEntry {
7     String *headword, *word_class, *definition;
8 } DictEntry;
9
10 DictEntry *new_dict_entry(const String *line);

```

```

11 void delete_dict_entry(void *entry);
12
13 bool confirm(bool default_yes, const char *message);
14 DictEntry *input_dict_entry(const String *headword);
15
16 void display_dict_entry(const DictEntry *entry);
17 void write_dict_entry(const DictEntry *entry, FILE *stream);
18
19 #endif // CORE_DICT_ENTRY_H_

```

C.9 src/core/dict_entry.c

```

1 #include "core/dict_entry.h"
2
3 DictEntry *new_dict_entry(const String *line) {
4     int open_index = string_index(line, '(');
5     if (open_index < 0) {
6         return NULL;
7     }
8     int close_index = -1;
9     for (int i = open_index + 1, depth = 1; i < line->size; ++i) {
10         if (line->text[i] == '(') {
11             ++depth;
12         } else if (line->text[i] == ')' && --depth <= 0) {
13             close_index = i;
14             break;
15         }
16     }
17     if (close_index < 0) {
18         return NULL;
19     }
20     DictEntry *entry = malloc(sizeof(DictEntry));
21     int begin_index = 0, end_index = line->size;
22     if (line->text[0] == '"' && line->text[line->size - 1] == '"') {
23         ++begin_index;
24         --end_index;
25     }
26     entry->headword = substring(line, begin_index, open_index);
27     trim_in_place(entry->headword);
28     if (!is_valid_key(entry->headword, false)) {
29         WARN("Invalid headword: %s\n", entry->headword->text);
30         delete_string(entry->headword);
31         free(entry);
32         return NULL;
33     }

```



```

34     entry->word_class = substring(line, open_index + 1, close_index);
35     entry->definition = substring(line, close_index + 1, end_index);
36     trim_in_place(entry->word_class);
37     trim_in_place(entry->definition);
38     return entry;
39 }
40
41 void delete_dict_entry(void *p) {
42     DictEntry *entry = p;
43     delete_string(entry->headword);
44     delete_string(entry->word_class);
45     delete_string(entry->definition);
46     free(entry);
47 }
48
49 bool confirm(bool default_yes, const char *message) {
50     if (message) {
51         printf("%s ", message);
52     }
53     if (default_yes) {
54         printf("[y]/n ");
55     } else {
56         printf("(y/[n]) ");
57     }
58     bool returned;
59     String *line = get_line(stdin);
60     trim_in_place(line);
61     to_lower_in_place(line);
62     if (!strcmp(line->text, "y") || !strcmp(line->text, "yes")) {
63         returned = true;
64     } else if (!strcmp(line->text, "n") || !strcmp(line->text, "no")) {
65         returned = false;
66     } else {
67         returned = default_yes;
68     }
69     delete_string(line);
70     return returned;
71 }
72
73 DictEntry *input_dict_entry(const String *headword) {
74     if (!is_valid_key(headword, false)) {
75         WARN("Invalid headword: %s\nDo nothing.\n", headword->text);
76         return NULL;
77     }
78     DictEntry *entry = malloc(sizeof(DictEntry));

```

```

79     entry->headword = trim(headword);
80     printf("Word class: ");
81     entry->word_class = get_line(stdin);
82     printf("Definition: ");
83     entry->definition = get_line(stdin);
84     trim_in_place(entry->word_class);
85     trim_in_place(entry->definition);
86     printf("Will create the following entry:\n");
87     display_dict_entry(entry);
88     if (!confirm(true, "Continue?")) {
89         delete_dict_entry(entry);
90         printf("Do nothing.\n");
91         return NULL;
92     } else {
93         return entry;
94     }
95 }
96
97 void display_dict_entry(const DictEntry *entry) {
98     printf("%s\n%s\n%s\n", entry->headword->text, entry->word_class->text,
99           entry->definition->text);
100 }
101
102 void write_dict_entry(const DictEntry *entry, FILE *stream) {
103     fprintf(stream, "%s (%s) %s\n", entry->headword->text,
104           entry->word_class->text, entry->definition->text);
105 }

```

C.10 src/core/trie_node.h

```

1  #ifndef CORE_TRIE_NODE_H_
2  #define CORE_TRIE_NODE_H_
3
4  #include "core/dict_entry.h"
5
6  typedef struct TrieNode {
7      char letter;
8      Array *entries;
9      struct TrieNode *parent, *children[ALPHABET_SIZE];
10     int child_count;
11 } TrieNode;
12
13 TrieNode *new_trie_node(char letter, TrieNode *parent);
14 void delete_trie_node(void *node);
15

```

```

16 TrieNode *previous_trie_node(const TrieNode *node);
17 TrieNode *next_trie_node(const TrieNode *node);
18
19 TrieNode *trie_node_add_child(TrieNode *node, char letter);
20 void trie_node_remove_child(TrieNode *node, char letter);
21
22 #endif // CORE_TRIE_NODE_H_

```

C.11 src/core/trie_node.c

```

1 #include "core/trie_node.h"
2
3 TrieNode *new_trie_node(char letter, TrieNode *parent) {
4     assert((!parent || is_valid_key_char(letter, true)) &&
5           "new_trie_node: invalid character");
6     TrieNode *node = malloc(sizeof(TrieNode));
7     node->letter = letter;
8     node->entries = new_array(delete_dict_entry);
9     node->parent = parent;
10    for (int i = 0; i < ALPHABET_SIZE; ++i) {
11        node->children[i] = NULL;
12    }
13    node->child_count = 0;
14    return node;
15 }
16
17 void delete_trie_node(void *p) {
18     TrieNode *node = p;
19     delete_array(node->entries);
20     free(node);
21 }
22
23 static TrieNode *max_trie_leaf(TrieNode *node) {
24     if (node->child_count <= 0) {
25         return node;
26     }
27     for (int i = ALPHABET_SIZE - 1; i >= 0; --i) {
28         if (node->children[i]) {
29             return max_trie_leaf(node->children[i]);
30         }
31     }
32     assert(false && "max_trie_leaf: unreachable code");
33     return NULL;
34 }
35

```

```

36 TrieNode *previous_trie_node(const TrieNode *node) {
37     TrieNode *parent = node->parent;
38     if (!parent) {
39         return NULL;
40     }
41     for (int i = char_to_index(node->letter) - 1; i >= 0; --i) {
42         if (parent->children[i]) {
43             return max_trie_leaf(parent->children[i]);
44         }
45     }
46     return parent;
47 }
48
49 TrieNode *next_trie_node(const TrieNode *node) {
50     if (node->child_count > 0) {
51         for (int i = 0; i < ALPHABET_SIZE; ++i) {
52             if (node->children[i]) {
53                 return node->children[i];
54             }
55         }
56     }
57     TrieNode *parent = node->parent;
58     int index;
59     while (parent) {
60         index = char_to_index(node->letter);
61         for (int i = index + 1; i < ALPHABET_SIZE; ++i) {
62             if (parent->children[i]) {
63                 return parent->children[i];
64             }
65         }
66         node = parent;
67         parent = node->parent;
68     }
69     return NULL;
70 }
71
72 TrieNode *trie_node_add_child(TrieNode *node, char letter) {
73     int index = char_to_index(letter);
74     assert(!node->children[index] &&
75         "trie_node_add_child: child already exists");
76     node->children[index] = new_trie_node(letter, node);
77     ++node->child_count;
78     return node->children[index];
79 }
80

```

```

81 void trie_node_remove_child(TrieNode *node, char letter) {
82     int index = char_to_index(letter);
83     assert(node->child_count > 0 && node->children[index] &&
84           "trie_node_remove_child: child does not exist");
85     assert(node->children[index]->child_count <= 0 &&
86           "trie_node_remove_child: remove a non-leaf child");
87     delete_trie_node(node->children[index]);
88     node->children[index] = NULL;
89     --node->child_count;
90 }

```

C.12 src/core/trie.h

```

1  #ifndef CORE_TRIE_H_
2  #define CORE_TRIE_H_
3
4  #include "core/trie_node.h"
5
6  typedef struct Trie {
7      TrieNode *root;
8      int size;
9  } Trie;
10
11 Trie *new_trie();
12 void delete_trie(void *trie);
13
14 Array *trie_search(const Trie *trie, const String *word, bool
15                   case_sensitive);
16 void trie_insert(Trie *trie, DictEntry *entry);
17 void trie_remove(Trie *trie, const String *word, bool case_sensitive);
18
19 String *trie_predecessor(const Trie *trie, const String *word);
20 String *trie_successor(const Trie *trie, const String *word);
21
22 Array *traverse_trie(const Trie *trie);
23
24 #endif // CORE_TRIE_H_

```

C.13 src/core/trie.c

```

1  #include "core/trie.h"
2
3  Trie *new_trie() {
4      Trie *trie = malloc(sizeof(Trie));
5      trie->root = new_trie_node('\0', NULL);

```

```

6     trie->size = 0;
7     return trie;
8 }
9
10 static void clear_trie_nodes(TrieNode *root) {
11     assert(root && "clear_trie_nodes: root node is null");
12     if (root->child_count > 0) {
13         for (int i = 0; i < ALPHABET_SIZE; ++i) {
14             if (root->children[i]) {
15                 clear_trie_nodes(root->children[i]);
16             }
17         }
18     }
19     delete_trie_node(root);
20 }
21
22 void delete_trie(void *p) {
23     Trie *trie = p;
24     clear_trie_nodes(trie->root);
25     free(trie);
26 }
27
28 static TrieNode *get_trie_node(const Trie *trie, const String *word) {
29     TrieNode *node = trie->root;
30     for (int i = 0; i < word->size; ++i) {
31         int index = char_to_index(tolower(word->text[i]));
32         node = node->children[index];
33         if (!node) {
34             return NULL;
35         }
36     }
37     return node;
38 }
39
40 Array *trie_search(const Trie *trie, const String *word, bool
    case_sensitive) {
41     Array *entries = new_array(NULL);
42     if (!is_valid_key(word, false)) {
43         WARN("Invalid headword: %s\n", word->text);
44         return entries;
45     }
46     TrieNode *node = get_trie_node(trie, word);
47     if (!node || node->entries->size <= 0) {
48         return entries;
49     }

```

```

50     if (case_sensitive) {
51         DictEntry *entry;
52         for (int i = 0; i < node->entries->size; ++i) {
53             entry = node->entries->data[i];
54             if (!strcmp(entry->headword->text, word->text)) {
55                 array_append(entries, entry);
56             }
57         }
58     } else {
59         for (int i = 0; i < node->entries->size; ++i) {
60             array_append(entries, node->entries->data[i]);
61         }
62     }
63     return entries;
64 }
65
66 void trie_insert(Trie *trie, DictEntry *entry) {
67     assert(is_valid_key(entry->headword, false) &&
68           "trie_insert: invalid entry headword");
69     String *lowered = to_lower(entry->headword);
70     TrieNode *node = trie->root;
71     for (int i = 0; i < lowered->size; ++i) {
72         int index = char_to_index(lowered->text[i]);
73         if (!node->children[index]) {
74             node = trie_node_add_child(node, lowered->text[i]);
75         } else {
76             node = node->children[index];
77         }
78     }
79     delete_string(lowered);
80     array_append(node->entries, entry);
81     ++trie->size;
82 }
83
84 void trie_remove(Trie *trie, const String *word, bool case_sensitive) {
85     assert(is_valid_key(word, false) && "trie_remove: invalid headword");
86     TrieNode *node = get_trie_node(trie, word);
87     if (!node) {
88         return;
89     }
90     if (case_sensitive) {
91         int i = 0;
92         DictEntry *entry;
93         while (i < node->entries->size) {
94             entry = node->entries->data[i];

```

```

95         if (!strcmp(entry->headword->text, word->text)) {
96             array_remove(node->entries, i);
97             --trie->size;
98         } else {
99             ++i;
100         }
101     }
102 } else {
103     for (int i = node->entries->size - 1; i >= 0; --i) {
104         array_remove(node->entries, i);
105         --trie->size;
106     }
107 }
108 char letter;
109 while (node->entries->size <= 0 && node->child_count <= 0 && node->
parent) {
110     letter = node->letter;
111     node = node->parent;
112     trie_node_remove_child(node, letter);
113 }
114 }
115
116 String *trie_predecessor(const Trie *trie, const String *word) {
117     TrieNode *node = get_trie_node(trie, word);
118     if (!node) {
119         WARN("Cannot find word: %s\n", word->text);
120         return NULL;
121     }
122     node = previous_trie_node(node);
123     while (node) {
124         if (node->entries->size > 0) {
125             DictEntry *entry = node->entries->data[0];
126             return to_lower(entry->headword);
127         }
128         node = previous_trie_node(node);
129     }
130     return NULL;
131 }
132
133 String *trie_successor(const Trie *trie, const String *word) {
134     TrieNode *node = get_trie_node(trie, word);
135     if (!node) {
136         WARN("Cannot find word: %s\n", word->text);
137         return NULL;
138     }

```



```

139     node = next_trie_node(node);
140     while (node) {
141         if (node->entries->size > 0) {
142             DictEntry *entry = node->entries->data[0];
143             return to_lower(entry->headword);
144         }
145         node = next_trie_node(node);
146     }
147     return NULL;
148 }
149
150 static void traverse_trie_nodes(const TrieNode *root, Array *entries) {
151     for (int i = 0; i < root->entries->size; ++i) {
152         array_append(entries, root->entries->data[i]);
153     }
154     if (root->child_count > 0) {
155         for (int i = 0; i < ALPHABET_SIZE; ++i) {
156             if (root->children[i]) {
157                 traverse_trie_nodes(root->children[i], entries);
158             }
159         }
160     }
161 }
162
163 Array *traverse_trie(const Trie *trie) {
164     Array *entries = new_array(NULL);
165     traverse_trie_nodes(trie->root, entries);
166     return entries;
167 }

```

C.14 src/core/matcher.h

```

1 #ifndef CORE_TRIE_H_
2 #define CORE_TRIE_H_
3
4 #include "core/trie_node.h"
5
6 typedef struct Trie {
7     TrieNode *root;
8     int size;
9 } Trie;
10
11 Trie *new_trie();
12 void delete_trie(void *trie);
13

```

```

14 Array *trie_search(const Trie *trie, const String *word, bool
    case_sensitive);
15 void trie_insert(Trie *trie, DictEntry *entry);
16 void trie_remove(Trie *trie, const String *word, bool case_sensitive);
17
18 String *trie_predecessor(const Trie *trie, const String *word);
19 String *trie_successor(const Trie *trie, const String *word);
20
21 Array *traverse_trie(const Trie *trie);
22
23 #endif // CORE_TRIE_H_

```

C.15 src/core/matcher.c

```

1 #include "core/trie.h"
2
3 Trie *new_trie() {
4     Trie *trie = malloc(sizeof(Trie));
5     trie->root = new_trie_node('\0', NULL);
6     trie->size = 0;
7     return trie;
8 }
9
10 static void clear_trie_nodes(TrieNode *root) {
11     assert(root && "clear_trie_nodes: root node is null");
12     if (root->child_count > 0) {
13         for (int i = 0; i < ALPHABET_SIZE; ++i) {
14             if (root->children[i]) {
15                 clear_trie_nodes(root->children[i]);
16             }
17         }
18     }
19     delete_trie_node(root);
20 }
21
22 void delete_trie(void *p) {
23     Trie *trie = p;
24     clear_trie_nodes(trie->root);
25     free(trie);
26 }
27
28 static TrieNode *get_trie_node(const Trie *trie, const String *word) {
29     TrieNode *node = trie->root;
30     for (int i = 0; i < word->size; ++i) {
31         int index = char_to_index(tolower(word->text[i]));

```

```

32     node = node->children[index];
33     if (!node) {
34         return NULL;
35     }
36 }
37 return node;
38 }
39
40 Array *trie_search(const Trie *trie, const String *word, bool
    case_sensitive) {
41     Array *entries = new_array(NULL);
42     if (!is_valid_key(word, false)) {
43         WARN("Invalid headword: %s\n", word->text);
44         return entries;
45     }
46     TrieNode *node = get_trie_node(trie, word);
47     if (!node || node->entries->size <= 0) {
48         return entries;
49     }
50     if (case_sensitive) {
51         DictEntry *entry;
52         for (int i = 0; i < node->entries->size; ++i) {
53             entry = node->entries->data[i];
54             if (!strcmp(entry->headword->text, word->text)) {
55                 array_append(entries, entry);
56             }
57         }
58     } else {
59         for (int i = 0; i < node->entries->size; ++i) {
60             array_append(entries, node->entries->data[i]);
61         }
62     }
63     return entries;
64 }
65
66 void trie_insert(Trie *trie, DictEntry *entry) {
67     assert(is_valid_key(entry->headword, false) &&
68         "trie_insert: invalid entry headword");
69     String *lowered = to_lower(entry->headword);
70     TrieNode *node = trie->root;
71     for (int i = 0; i < lowered->size; ++i) {
72         int index = char_to_index(lowered->text[i]);
73         if (!node->children[index]) {
74             node = trie_node_add_child(node, lowered->text[i]);
75         } else {

```

```

76         node = node->children[index];
77     }
78 }
79 delete_string(lowered);
80 array_append(node->entries, entry);
81 ++trie->size;
82 }
83
84 void trie_remove(Trie *trie, const String *word, bool case_sensitive) {
85     assert(is_valid_key(word, false) && "trie_remove: invalid headword");
86     TrieNode *node = get_trie_node(trie, word);
87     if (!node) {
88         return;
89     }
90     if (case_sensitive) {
91         int i = 0;
92         DictEntry *entry;
93         while (i < node->entries->size) {
94             entry = node->entries->data[i];
95             if (!strcmp(entry->headword->text, word->text)) {
96                 array_remove(node->entries, i);
97                 --trie->size;
98             } else {
99                 ++i;
100             }
101         }
102     } else {
103         for (int i = node->entries->size - 1; i >= 0; --i) {
104             array_remove(node->entries, i);
105             --trie->size;
106         }
107     }
108     char letter;
109     while (node->entries->size <= 0 && node->child_count <= 0 && node->
parent) {
110         letter = node->letter;
111         node = node->parent;
112         trie_node_remove_child(node, letter);
113     }
114 }
115
116 String *trie_predecessor(const Trie *trie, const String *word) {
117     TrieNode *node = get_trie_node(trie, word);
118     if (!node) {
119         WARN("Cannot find word: %s\n", word->text);

```

```

120     return NULL;
121 }
122 node = previous_trie_node(node);
123 while (node) {
124     if (node->entries->size > 0) {
125         DictEntry *entry = node->entries->data[0];
126         return to_lower(entry->headword);
127     }
128     node = previous_trie_node(node);
129 }
130 return NULL;
131 }
132
133 String *trie_successor(const Trie *trie, const String *word) {
134     TrieNode *node = get_trie_node(trie, word);
135     if (!node) {
136         WARN("Cannot find word: %s\n", word->text);
137         return NULL;
138     }
139     node = next_trie_node(node);
140     while (node) {
141         if (node->entries->size > 0) {
142             DictEntry *entry = node->entries->data[0];
143             return to_lower(entry->headword);
144         }
145         node = next_trie_node(node);
146     }
147     return NULL;
148 }
149
150 static void traverse_trie_nodes(const TrieNode *root, Array *entries) {
151     for (int i = 0; i < root->entries->size; ++i) {
152         array_append(entries, root->entries->data[i]);
153     }
154     if (root->child_count > 0) {
155         for (int i = 0; i < ALPHABET_SIZE; ++i) {
156             if (root->children[i]) {
157                 traverse_trie_nodes(root->children[i], entries);
158             }
159         }
160     }
161 }
162
163 Array *traverse_trie(const Trie *trie) {
164     Array *entries = new_array(NULL);

```

```

165     traverse_trie_nodes(trie->root, entries);
166     return entries;
167 }

```

C.16 src/test/global.h

```

1  #ifndef TEST_GLOBAL_H_
2  #define TEST_GLOBAL_H_
3
4  #include "core/array.h"
5  #include "core/dict_entry.h"
6  #include "core/matcher.h"
7  #include "core/string.h"
8  #include "core/trie.h"
9  #include "core/trie_node.h"
10
11 #define CHECK_BASE(equality, expect, actual, format)
12     \
13     do {
14         \
15         ++test_count;
16         \
17         if (equality) {
18             \
19             ++pass_count;
20             \
21             } else {
22                 \
23                 fprintf(stderr,
24                     \
25                     "%s: %d\nexpect: " format "\nactual: " format "\n",
26                     \
27                     __FILE__, __LINE__, expect, actual);
28             \
29             }
30         \
31     } while (false)
32
33 #define DISPLAY_TEST_RESULT()
34     \
35     printf("%d/%d (%g%%) passed\n", pass_count, test_count,
36         \
37         pass_count * 100.0 / test_count)
38
39 #define CHECK_BOOL(expect, actual)

```

```

28     \
CHECK_BASE((expect) == (actual), (expect) ? "true" : "false",
29     \
(actual) ? "true" : "false", "%s")
30
31 #define CHECK_INT(expect, actual)
32     \
CHECK_BASE((expect) == (actual), expect, actual, "%d")
33
34 #define CHECK_STRING(expect, actual)
35     \
CHECK_BASE(!strcmp(expect, (actual)->text), expect, (actual)->text, "%s
36 ")
37 #endif // TEST_GLOBAL_H_

```

C.17 src/test/array.c

```

1 #include "test/global.h"
2
3 int test_count = 0, pass_count = 0;
4
5 #define N 50
6
7 int data[N];
8
9 void generate_data() {
10     for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i) {
11         data[i] = rand();
12     }
13 }
14
15 void test_append() {
16     generate_data();
17     Array *array = new_array(free);
18     int *element, *random;
19     for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i) {
20         element = malloc(sizeof(int));
21         *element = data[i];
22         random = malloc(sizeof(int));
23         *random = rand();
24         array_append(array, random);
25         CHECK_INT(i + 1, array->size);
26         array_append(array, element);
27         CHECK_INT(i + 2, array->size);

```

```

28     array_remove(array, i);
29     CHECK_INT(i + 1, array->size);
30 }
31 for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i) {
32     CHECK_INT(data[i], *(int *)(array->data[i]));
33 }
34 delete_array(array);
35 }
36
37 void test_remove() {
38     generate_data();
39     Array *array = new_array(free);
40     int *element;
41     for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i) {
42         element = malloc(sizeof(int));
43         *element = data[i];
44         array_append(array, element);
45     }
46     for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i) {
47         for (int j = i; j < N; ++j) {
48             CHECK_INT(data[j], *(int *)(array->data[j - i]));
49         }
50         array_remove(array, 0);
51     }
52     CHECK_INT(0, array->size);
53     delete_array(array);
54 }
55
56 void test_reserve() {
57     generate_data();
58     Array *array = new_array(free);
59     array_reserve(array, N - 1);
60     int *element;
61     for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i) {
62         element = malloc(sizeof(int));
63         *element = data[i];
64         CHECK_INT(N - 1, array->capacity);
65         array_append(array, element);
66     }
67     CHECK_INT((N - 1) * 2, array->capacity);
68     delete_array(array);
69 }
70
71 int main() {
72     test_append();

```



```

73     test_remove();
74     test_reserve();
75     DISPLAY_TEST_RESULT();
76 }

```

C.18 src/test/string.c

```

1  #include "test/global.h"
2
3  int test_count = 0, pass_count = 0;
4
5  #define N 10
6
7  char *texts[N] = {
8     "pen pineapple apple pie",
9     "  banana nanana  ",
10    "iPhone XS Max",
11    "\tIt was the age of wisdom.\tIt was the age of foolishness.\t",
12    "gcc -g string.c -o string.o",
13    "Engineering Science",
14    " University of Toronto ",
15    " \t \t \t \t ",
16    "Designed by Apple in California",
17    " ESC190 Teaching Team"};
18
19 String *strings[N];
20
21 void create_strings() {
22     for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i) {
23         strings[i] = new_string(texts[i], -1);
24     }
25 }
26
27 void discard_strings() {
28     for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i) {
29         delete_string(strings[i]);
30     }
31 }
32
33 char find_chars[N] = {'a', 'b', 'x', 'F', 'e', 'S', 'g', 'h', 'i', 't'};
34
35 int expect_indices[N] = {8, 2, 12, -1, -1, 12, -1, -1, 3, -1};
36
37 void test_index() {
38     int index;

```

```

39     create_strings();
40     for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i) {
41         index = string_index(strings[i], find_chars[i]);
42         CHECK_INT(expect_indices[i], index);
43     }
44     discard_strings();
45 }
46
47 char *lower_expect[N] = {
48     "pen pineapple apple pie",
49     " banana nanana ",
50     "iphone xs max",
51     "\tit was the age of wisdom.\tit was the age of foolishness.\t",
52     "gcc -g string.c -o string.o",
53     "engineering science",
54     " university of toronto ",
55     " \t \t \t \t ",
56     "designed by apple in california",
57     " esc190 teaching team"};
58
59 void test_to_lower() {
60     String *lowered;
61     create_strings();
62     for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i) {
63         lowered = to_lower(strings[i]);
64         CHECK_STRING(lower_expect[i], lowered);
65         delete_string(lowered);
66         to_lower_in_place(strings[i]);
67         CHECK_STRING(lower_expect[i], strings[i]);
68     }
69     discard_strings();
70 }
71
72 char *trim_expect[N] = {
73     "pen pineapple apple pie",
74     "banana nanana",
75     "iPhone XS Max",
76     "It was the age of wisdom.\tIt was the age of foolishness.",
77     "gcc -g string.c -o string.o",
78     "Engineering Science",
79     "University of Toronto",
80     "",
81     "Designed by Apple in California",
82     "ESC190 Teaching Team"};
83

```

```

84 void test_trim() {
85     String *trimmed;
86     create_strings();
87     for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i) {
88         trimmed = trim(strings[i]);
89         CHECK_STRING(trim_expect[i], trimmed);
90         delete_string(trimmed);
91         trim_in_place(strings[i]);
92         CHECK_STRING(trim_expect[i], strings[i]);
93     }
94     discard_strings();
95 }
96
97 int substring_indices[N][2] = {{4, 13}, {9, 15}, {7, 9}, {19, 25}, {7,
15},
98                                     {0, 11}, {15, 22}, {5, 8}, {9, 17}, {6,
16}};
99
100 char *substring_expect[N] = {"pineapple", "nanana", "XS", "wisdom
",
101                               "string.c", "Engineering", "Toronto", "\t \t"
,
102                               "by Apple", "0 Teaching"};
103
104 void test_substring() {
105     String *result;
106     create_strings();
107     for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i) {
108         result = substring(strings[i], substring_indices[i][0],
109                             substring_indices[i][1]);
110         CHECK_STRING(substring_expect[i], result);
111         delete_string(result);
112         substring_in_place(strings[i], substring_indices[i][0],
113                             substring_indices[i][1]);
114         CHECK_STRING(substring_expect[i], strings[i]);
115     }
116     discard_strings();
117 }
118
119 int split_counts[N] = {4, 2, 3, 12, 5, 2, 3, 0, 5, 3};
120
121 char *split_fields[N][15] = {"pen", "pineapple", "apple", "pie"},
122                               {"banana", "nanana"},
123                               {"iPhone", "XS", "Max"},
124                               {"It", "was", "the", "age", "of", "wisdom.", "

```

```

125         "was", "the", "age", "of", "foolishness."},
126         {"gcc", "-g", "string.c", "-o", "string.o"},
127         {"Engineering", "Science"},
128         {"University", "of", "Toronto"},
129         {},
130         {"Designed", "by", "Apple", "in", "California"}
131     },
132     {"ESC190", "Teaching", "Team"};
133
134 void test_split() {
135     Array *array;
136     create_strings();
137     for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i) {
138         array = split_string(strings[i]);
139         CHECK_INT(split_counts[i], array->size);
140         if (split_counts[i] != array->size) {
141             continue;
142         }
143         for (int j = 0; j < split_counts[i]; ++j) {
144             CHECK_STRING(split_fields[i][j], (String *) (array->data[j]));
145         }
146         delete_array(array);
147     }
148     discard_strings();
149 }
150
151 int join_counts[N] = {4, 2, 3, 12, 5, 2, 3, 1, 5, 3};
152
153 char *join_fields[N][15] = {{"pen", "pineapple", "apple", "pie"},
154                             {"banana", "nanana"},
155                             {"iPhone", "XS", "Max"},
156                             {"It", "was", "the", "age", "of", "wisdom.", "
157                                 "It",
158                                     "was", "the", "age", "of", "foolishness."},
159                             {"gcc", "-g", "string.c", "-o", "string.o"},
160                             {"Engineering", "Science"},
161                             {"University", "of", "Toronto"},
162                             {"t"},
163                             {"Designed", "by", "Apple", "in", "California"}
164     },
165     {"ESC190", "Teaching", "Team"};
166
167 char *join_expect[N] = {
168     "pen pineapple apple pie",

```

```

166     "banana nanana",
167     "iPhone XS Max",
168     "It was the age of wisdom. It was the age of foolishness.",
169     "gcc -g string.c -o string.o",
170     "Engineering Science",
171     "University of Toronto",
172     "\t",
173     "Designed by Apple in California",
174     "ESC190 Teaching Team"};
175
176 void test_join() {
177     Array *strings;
178     String *field, *joined;
179     for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i) {
180         strings = new_array(delete_string);
181         for (int j = 0; j < join_counts[i]; ++j) {
182             field = new_string(join_fields[i][j], -1);
183             array_append(strings, field);
184         }
185         joined = join_strings(strings, ' ');
186         CHECK_STRING(join_expect[i], joined);
187         delete_string(joined);
188         delete_array(strings);
189     }
190 }
191
192 const char *prefixes[N] = {"pen",          " banana", "iPhone XS Max Pro",
193                            "",            "gcc -g",   "Engineering Science",
194                            "University", " \t",      "Designed by",
195                            "ESC190 "};
196
197 bool start_expect[N] = {true, true,  false, true, true,
198                        true, false, true,  true, false};
199
200 void test_start_with() {
201     String *string;
202     bool start;
203     for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i) {
204         string = new_string(texts[i], -1);
205         start = string_start_with(string, prefixes[i]);
206         delete_string(string);
207         CHECK_BOOL(start_expect[i], start);
208     }
209 }
210

```

```

211 int main() {
212     test_index();
213     test_to_lower();
214     test_substring();
215     test_trim();
216     test_split();
217     test_join();
218     test_start_with();
219     DISPLAY_TEST_RESULT();
220 }

```

C.19 src/test/dict_entry.c

```

1 #include "test/global.h"
2
3 int test_count = 0, pass_count = 0;
4
5 #define N 15
6
7 const char *lines[N] = {
8     " Apple pie  ( n. )  A kind of food that is made of apple. ",
9     "\"Banana ((n.) A long and yellow fruit.\",",
10    "California (n.) A state of USA.",
11    "\" Drag  ( v. ))  To pull forcefully. \",",
12    "Delta-Epsilon (n.) A mathematical language that defines derivatives.",
13    "\"Fine adj. Good.\",",
14    "Gay (adj.) Happy and joyful.",
15    "\"Hike      (   v.   )      Travel on foot.\",",
16    " University of Toronto  ( n. )  A university in Ontario. ",
17    "\"Iceberg (n.) A big piece of ice that floats on the sea.\",",
18    " \"a ( ( b ) ) c\"",
19    "a ( ( b ) ( ) ) c",
20    "a ( ( ( b ) ) c",
21    "\" a b c ( ) \",",
22    "a b ( ) b c c ( ) \";
23
24 bool expect_success[N] = {
25     true, false, true, true, true,  false, true, true,
26     true, true,  true, true, false, true,  true,
27 };
28
29 const char *expect_entries[N][3] = {
30     {"Apple pie", "n.", "A kind of food that is made of apple."},
31     {},
32     {"California", "n.", "A state of USA."},

```

```

33     {"Drag", "v.", ") To pull forcefully."},
34     {"Delta-Epsilon", "n.",
35      "A mathematical language that defines derivatives."},
36     {},
37     {"Gay", "adj.", "Happy and joyful."},
38     {"Hike", "v.", "Travel on foot."},
39     {"University of Toronto", "n.", "A university in Ontario."},
40     {"Iceberg", "n.", "A big piece of ice that floats on the sea."},
41     {"\"a", "( b )", "c\""},
42     {"a", "( b ) ( )", ") c"},
43     {},
44     {"a b c", "", ""},
45     {"a b", "", "b c c () \""};
46
47 void test_new_dict_entry() {
48     DictEntry *entry;
49     for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i) {
50         String *line = new_string(lines[i], -1);
51         DictEntry *entry = new_dict_entry(line);
52         delete_string(line);
53         CHECK_BOOL(expect_success[i], (bool)entry);
54         if (expect_success[i] && entry) {
55             CHECK_STRING(expect_entries[i][0], entry->headword);
56             CHECK_STRING(expect_entries[i][1], entry->word_class);
57             CHECK_STRING(expect_entries[i][2], entry->definition);
58         }
59         if (entry) {
60             delete_dict_entry(entry);
61         }
62     }
63 }
64
65 int main() {
66     test_new_dict_entry();
67     DISPLAY_TEST_RESULT();
68 }

```

C.20 src/test/trie.c

```

1 #include "test/global.h"
2
3 int test_count = 0, pass_count = 0;
4
5 Trie *dictionary;
6

```

```

7 void create_dictionary() {
8     dictionary = new_trie();
9     char file_name[] = "../Dictionary-in-csv/*.csv";
10    int index = strchr(file_name, '*') - file_name;
11    FILE *stream;
12    String *line;
13    DictEntry *entry;
14    for (char c = 'A'; c <= 'Z'; ++c) {
15        file_name[index] = c;
16        stream = fopen(file_name, "r");
17        if (!stream) {
18            WARN("Cannot open file: %s\n", file_name);
19            continue;
20        }
21        line = get_line(stream);
22        while (line) {
23            if (line->size > 0) {
24                entry = new_dict_entry(line);
25                if (!entry) {
26                    WARN("Failed to parse the following line in %s:\n%s\n",
27                        file_name, line->text);
28                } else {
29                    trie_insert(dictionary, entry);
30                }
31            }
32            delete_string(line);
33            line = get_line(stream);
34        }
35        fclose(stream);
36    }
37 }
38
39 void save_dictionary(const char *file_name) {
40     Array *entries = traverse_trie(dictionary);
41     CHECK_INT(dictionary->size, entries->size);
42     FILE *stream = fopen(file_name, "wb");
43     for (int i = 0; i < entries->size; ++i) {
44         write_dict_entry((DictEntry *) (entries->data[i]), stream);
45     }
46     fclose(stream);
47     delete_array(entries);
48 }
49
50 void test_search() {
51     Array *entries = traverse_trie(dictionary), *results;

```



```

52 DictEntry *entry;
53 for (int i = 0; i < entries->size; ++i) {
54     entry = entries->data[i];
55     results = trie_search(dictionary, entry->headword, false);
56     CHECK_BOOL(true, results->size > 0);
57     delete_array(results);
58 }
59 delete_array(entries);
60 }
61
62 void test_predecessor() {
63     Array *entries = traverse_trie(dictionary);
64     String *s1, *s2;
65     s1 = to_lower(((DictEntry *) (entries->data[entries->size - 1]))->
headword);
66     int entry_count = 0;
67     Array *results;
68     while (true) {
69         results = trie_search(dictionary, s1, false);
70         entry_count += results->size;
71         delete_array(results);
72         s2 = trie_predecessor(dictionary, s1);
73         if (!s2) {
74             delete_string(s1);
75             break;
76         }
77         CHECK_BOOL(true, strcmp(s1->text, s2->text) > 0);
78         delete_string(s1);
79         s1 = s2;
80     }
81     delete_array(entries);
82     CHECK_INT(dictionary->size, entry_count);
83 }
84
85 void test_successor() {
86     Array *entries = traverse_trie(dictionary);
87     String *s1, *s2;
88     s1 = to_lower(((DictEntry *) (entries->data[0]))->headword);
89     int entry_count = 0;
90     Array *results;
91     while (true) {
92         results = trie_search(dictionary, s1, false);
93         entry_count += results->size;
94         delete_array(results);
95         s2 = trie_successor(dictionary, s1);

```

```

96     if (!s2) {
97         delete_string(s1);
98         break;
99     }
100     CHECK_BOOL(true, strcmp(s1->text, s2->text) < 0);
101     delete_string(s1);
102     s1 = s2;
103 }
104 delete_array(entries);
105 CHECK_INT(dictionary->size, entry_count);
106 }
107
108 void test_remove() {
109     Array *entries = traverse_trie(dictionary);
110     Array *headwords = new_array(delete_string);
111     String *headword;
112     for (int i = 0; i < entries->size; ++i) {
113         headword = ((DictEntry *) (entries->data[i]))->headword;
114         array_append(headwords, new_string(headword->text, headword->size))
115     };
116     delete_array(entries);
117     for (int i = 0; i < headwords->size; ++i) {
118         trie_remove(dictionary, (String *) (headwords->data[i]), true);
119     }
120     CHECK_INT(0, dictionary->size);
121     delete_array(headwords);
122 }
123
124 int main() {
125     create_dictionary();
126     save_dictionary("rewrite_dictionary.txt");
127     test_search();
128     test_predecessor();
129     test_successor();
130     test_remove();
131     delete_trie(dictionary);
132     DISPLAY_TEST_RESULT();
133 }

```

C.21 src/test/matcher.c

```

1 #include "test/global.h"
2
3 int test_count = 0, pass_count = 0;

```

```

4
5 Trie *dictionary;
6
7 // Copy and paste from test/trie.c.
8 void create_dictionary() {
9     dictionary = new_trie();
10    char file_name[] = "../Dictionary-in-csv/*.csv";
11    int index = strchr(file_name, '*') - file_name;
12    FILE *stream;
13    String *line;
14    DictEntry *entry;
15    for (char c = 'A'; c <= 'Z'; ++c) {
16        file_name[index] = c;
17        stream = fopen(file_name, "r");
18        if (!stream) {
19            WARN("Cannot open file: %s\n", file_name);
20            continue;
21        }
22        line = get_line(stream);
23        while (line) {
24            if (line->size > 0) {
25                entry = new_dict_entry(line);
26                if (!entry) {
27                    WARN("Failed to parse the following line in %s:\n%s\n",
28                        file_name, line->text);
29                } else {
30                    trie_insert(dictionary, entry);
31                }
32            }
33            delete_string(line);
34            line = get_line(stream);
35        }
36        fclose(stream);
37    }
38 }
39
40 void test_closest_match() {
41     Array *entries = traverse_trie(dictionary);
42     DictEntry *entry;
43     String *lowered, *result;
44     for (int i = 0; i < entries->size; ++i) {
45         entry = entries->data[i];
46         lowered = to_lower(entry->headword);
47         result = trie_closest_match(dictionary, entry->headword, -1);
48         CHECK_BOOL(true, result != NULL);

```

```

49     if (result) {
50         CHECK_STRING(lowered->text, result);
51         delete_string(result);
52     }
53     delete_string(lowered);
54 }
55 delete_array(entries);
56 }
57
58 int main() {
59     create_dictionary();
60     test_closest_match();
61     delete_trie(dictionary);
62     DISPLAY_TEST_RESULT();
63 }

```

C.22 src/main/api.h

```

1  #ifndef MAIN_API_H_
2  #define MAIN_API_H_
3
4  #include "core/array.h"
5  #include "core/dict_entry.h"
6  #include "core/matcher.h"
7  #include "core/string.h"
8  #include "core/trie.h"
9  #include "core/trie_node.h"
10
11 #ifndef ESP_RC_PATH
12 #define ESP_RC_PATH "../.esp_rc"
13 #endif // ESP_RC_PATH
14
15 typedef enum EspMode {
16     ESP_MODE_INTERACTIVE,
17     ESP_MODE_BACKGROUND,
18     ESP_MODE_COMMAND_LINE
19 } EspMode;
20
21 void esp_initialize(EspMode mode);
22 void esp_cleanup(EspMode mode);
23
24 bool esp_parse_arguments(Array *arguments, EspMode mode);
25
26 void esp_on_load(Array *arguments, EspMode mode);
27 void esp_on_search(Array *arguments, EspMode mode);

```

```

28 void esp_on_insert(Array *arguments, EspMode mode);
29 void esp_on_remove(Array *arguments, EspMode mode);
30 void esp_on_neighbour(Array *arguments, EspMode mode);
31 void esp_on_prefix(Array *arguments, EspMode mode);
32 void esp_on_match(Array *arguments, EspMode mode);
33 void esp_on_size(Array *arguments, EspMode mode);
34 void esp_on_save(Array *arguments, EspMode mode);
35 bool esp_on_exit(Array *arguments, EspMode mode);
36
37 #endif // MAIN_API_H_

```

C.23 src/main/api.c

```

1 #include "main/api.h"
2 #include "main/utility.h"
3
4 Trie *dictionary;
5
6 void esp_initialize(EspMode mode) {
7     if (mode == ESP_MODE_INTERACTIVE) {
8         printf("
9             "                || EngSci Press Dictionary by Yunhao Qian
10            ||\n"
11            "
12            *====*\n"
13            "\nStarting...\n\n");
14     }
15     dictionary = new_trie();
16     FILE *stream = fopen(ESP_RC_PATH, "r");
17     if (stream) {
18         String *line = get_line(stream);
19         Array *arguments;
20         while (line) {
21             arguments = split_string(line);
22             esp_parse_arguments(arguments, ESP_MODE_BACKGROUND);
23             delete_array(arguments);
24             delete_string(line);
25             line = get_line(stream);
26         }
27         fclose(stream);
28     }
29 void esp_cleanup(EspMode mode) {

```

```

30     if (mode == ESP_MODE_INTERACTIVE) {
31         printf("\nExiting...\n");
32     }
33     delete_trie(dictionary);
34 }
35
36 bool esp_parse_arguments(Array *arguments, EspMode mode) {
37     if (arguments->size <= 0) {
38         return true;
39     }
40     String *leading = to_lower(arguments->data[0]);
41     array_remove(arguments, 0);
42     bool returned = true;
43     if (!strcmp(leading->text, "load")) {
44         esp_on_load(arguments, mode);
45     } else if (!strcmp(leading->text, "search")) {
46         esp_on_search(arguments, mode);
47     } else if (!strcmp(leading->text, "insert")) {
48         esp_on_insert(arguments, mode);
49     } else if (!strcmp(leading->text, "remove")) {
50         esp_on_remove(arguments, mode);
51     } else if (!strcmp(leading->text, "neighbour")) {
52         esp_on_neighbour(arguments, mode);
53     } else if (!strcmp(leading->text, "prefix")) {
54         esp_on_prefix(arguments, mode);
55     } else if (!strcmp(leading->text, "match")) {
56         esp_on_match(arguments, mode);
57     } else if (!strcmp(leading->text, "size")) {
58         esp_on_size(arguments, mode);
59     } else if (!strcmp(leading->text, "save")) {
60         esp_on_save(arguments, mode);
61     } else if (!strcmp(leading->text, "exit")) {
62         returned = esp_on_exit(arguments, mode);
63     } else {
64         WARN("Unknown leading argument: %s\n", leading->text);
65     }
66     delete_string(leading);
67     return returned;
68 }
69
70 void esp_on_load(Array *arguments, EspMode mode) {
71     if (mode == ESP_MODE_COMMAND_LINE) {
72         WARN_NOT_SUPPORTED("load", "command-line");
73         return;
74     }

```

```

75     if (arguments->size < 1) {
76         WARN_MISSING("file name");
77         return;
78     }
79     if (arguments->size > 1) {
80         WARN_REDUNDANT(arguments, 1);
81     }
82     const char *file_name = ((String *)arguments->data[0])->text;
83     FILE *stream = fopen(file_name, "r");
84     if (!stream) {
85         WARN("Cannot open file: %s\nDo nothing.\n", file_name);
86         return;
87     }
88     String *line = get_line(stream);
89     DictEntry *entry;
90     int count = 0;
91     while (line) {
92         if (line->size > 0) {
93             entry = new_dict_entry(line);
94             if (!entry) {
95                 WARN("Failed to parse the following line in %s:\n%s\n",
96                     file_name, line->text);
97             } else {
98                 trie_insert(dictionary, entry);
99                 ++count;
100             }
101         }
102         delete_string(line);
103         line = get_line(stream);
104     }
105     fclose(stream);
106     if (mode == ESP_MODE_INTERACTIVE) {
107         printf("%d entries loaded from %s\n", count, file_name);
108     }
109 }
110
111 void esp_on_search(Array *arguments, EspMode mode) {
112     if (mode == ESP_MODE_BACKGROUND) {
113         WARN_NOT_SUPPORTED("search", "background");
114         return;
115     }
116     if (arguments->size <= 0) {
117         WARN_MISSING("headword");
118         return;
119     }

```

```

120 String *word = join_strings(arguments, ' ');
121 bool case_sensitive = false;
122 for (int i = 0; i < word->size; ++i) {
123     if (isupper(word->text[i])) {
124         case_sensitive = true;
125         break;
126     }
127 }
128 Array *results = trie_search(dictionary, word, case_sensitive);
129 if (results->size <= 0) {
130     WARN("Find no entry named: %s\n", word->text);
131     word_hint(word, dictionary, case_sensitive);
132 } else {
133     for (int i = 0; i < results->size; ++i) {
134         putchar('\n');
135         display_dict_entry(results->data[i]);
136     }
137     putchar('\n');
138 }
139 delete_array(results);
140 delete_string(word);
141 }
142
143 void esp_on_insert(Array *arguments, EspMode mode) {
144     if (mode == ESP_MODE_BACKGROUND) {
145         WARN_NOT_SUPPORTED("insert", "background");
146         return;
147     }
148     if (mode == ESP_MODE_COMMAND_LINE) {
149         WARN_NOT_SUPPORTED("insert", "command-line");
150         return;
151     }
152     if (arguments->size <= 0) {
153         WARN_MISSING("headword");
154         return;
155     }
156     String *headword = join_strings(arguments, ' ');
157     DictEntry *entry = input_dict_entry(headword);
158     if (entry) {
159         trie_insert(dictionary, entry);
160     }
161     delete_string(headword);
162 }
163
164 void esp_on_remove(Array *arguments, EspMode mode) {

```



```

165     if (mode == ESP_MODE_COMMAND_LINE) {
166         WARN_NOT_SUPPORTED("remove", "command-line");
167         return;
168     }
169     if (arguments->size <= 0) {
170         WARN_MISSING("headword");
171         return;
172     }
173     String *headword = join_strings(arguments, ' ');
174     bool case_sensitive = false;
175     for (int i = 0; i < headword->size; ++i) {
176         if (isupper(headword->text[i])) {
177             case_sensitive = true;
178             break;
179         }
180     }
181     Array *results = trie_search(dictionary, headword, case_sensitive);
182     int remove_count = results->size;
183     bool shall_remove = true;
184     if (remove_count <= 0) {
185         WARN("Find no entry named: %s\n", headword->text);
186         word_hint(headword, dictionary, case_sensitive);
187         shall_remove = false;
188     } else if (mode == ESP_MODE_INTERACTIVE) {
189         printf("The following entries will be removed:\n");
190         for (int i = 0; i < remove_count; ++i) {
191             putchar('\n');
192             display_dict_entry(results->data[i]);
193         }
194         shall_remove = confirm(true, "\nWant to continue?");
195     }
196     delete_array(results);
197     if (shall_remove) {
198         trie_remove(dictionary, headword, case_sensitive);
199         if (mode == ESP_MODE_INTERACTIVE) {
200             printf("%d entries removed.\n", remove_count);
201         }
202     } else if (mode == ESP_MODE_INTERACTIVE) {
203         printf("Do nothing.\n");
204     }
205 }
206
207 void esp_on_neighbour(Array *arguments, EspMode mode) {
208     if (mode == ESP_MODE_BACKGROUND) {
209         WARN_NOT_SUPPORTED("neighbour", "background");

```

```

210     return;
211 }
212 if (arguments->size <= 0) {
213     WARN_MISSING("headword");
214     return;
215 }
216 int radius = 10;
217 if (string_start_with(arguments->data[0], "--")) {
218     if (arguments->size <= 1) {
219         WARN_MISSING("headword");
220         return;
221     }
222     int number = parse_unsigned_int_flag(arguments->data[0]);
223     if (number < 0) {
224         WARN("Invalid flag: %s\n", ((String *)arguments->data[0])>text
225 );
226     } else {
227         radius = number;
228     }
229     array_remove(arguments, 0);
230 String *word = join_strings(arguments, ' ');
231 delete_string(word);
232 }
233
234 void esp_on_prefix(Array *arguments, EspMode mode) {
235     if (mode == ESP_MODE_BACKGROUND) {
236         WARN_NOT_SUPPORTED("prefix", "background");
237         return;
238     }
239     if (arguments->size <= 0) {
240         WARN_MISSING("prefix string");
241         return;
242     }
243     int max_count = 10;
244     if (string_start_with(arguments->data[0], "--")) {
245         if (arguments->size <= 1) {
246             WARN_MISSING("prefix string");
247             return;
248         }
249         int number = parse_unsigned_int_flag(arguments->data[0]);
250         if (number < 0) {
251             WARN("Invalid flag: %s\n", ((String *)arguments->data[0])>text
252 );
253         } else {

```

```

253         max_count = number;
254     }
255     array_remove(arguments, 0);
256 }
257 String *prefix = join_strings(arguments, ' ');
258 delete_string(prefix);
259 }
260
261 void esp_on_match(Array *arguments, EspMode mode) {
262     if (mode == ESP_MODE_BACKGROUND) {
263         WARN_NOT_SUPPORTED("match", "background");
264         return;
265     }
266     if (arguments->size <= 0) {
267         WARN_MISSING("headword");
268         return;
269     }
270     int tolerance = -1;
271     if (string_start_with(arguments->data[0], "--")) {
272         if (arguments->size <= 1) {
273             WARN_MISSING("headword");
274             return;
275         }
276         int number = parse_unsigned_int_flag(arguments->data[0]);
277         if (number < 0) {
278             WARN("Invalid flag: %s\n", ((String *)arguments->data[0])->text
279 );
280         } else {
281             tolerance = number;
282         }
283         array_remove(arguments, 0);
284     }
285     String *pattern = join_strings(arguments, ' ');
286     String *matched = trie_closest_match(dictionary, pattern, tolerance);
287     if (!matched) {
288         WARN("Find no entry similar to: %s\n", pattern->text);
289     } else {
290         printf("%s\n", matched->text);
291         delete_string(matched);
292     }
293     delete_string(pattern);
294 }
295
296 void esp_on_size(Array *arguments, EspMode mode) {
297     if (mode == ESP_MODE_BACKGROUND) {

```

```

297     WARN_NOT_SUPPORTED("size", "background");
298     return;
299 }
300 if (arguments->size > 0) {
301     WARN_REDUNDANT(arguments, 0);
302 }
303 printf("Dictionary size: %d\n", dictionary->size);
304 }
305
306 void esp_on_save(Array *arguments, EspMode mode) {
307     if (arguments->size < 1) {
308         WARN_MISSING("file name");
309         return;
310     }
311     if (arguments->size > 1) {
312         WARN_REDUNDANT(arguments, 1);
313     }
314     if (mode == ESP_MODE_INTERACTIVE && dictionary->size <= 0 &&
315         !confirm(false, "The dictionary is empty. Continue?")) {
316         printf("Do nothing.\n");
317         return;
318     }
319     const char *file_name = ((String *)arguments->data[0])->text;
320     FILE *stream = fopen(file_name, "wb");
321     if (!stream) {
322         WARN("Cannot open file: %s\nDo nothing.\n", file_name);
323         return;
324     }
325     Array *entries = traverse_trie(dictionary);
326     for (int i = 0; i < entries->size; ++i) {
327         write_dict_entry(entries->data[i], stream);
328     }
329     delete_array(entries);
330     fclose(stream);
331     if (mode == ESP_MODE_INTERACTIVE) {
332         printf("%d entries saved to %s.\n", dictionary->size, file_name);
333     }
334 }
335
336 bool esp_on_exit(Array *arguments, EspMode mode) {
337     if (mode == ESP_MODE_BACKGROUND) {
338         WARN_NOT_SUPPORTED("exit", "background");
339         return true;
340     }
341     if (mode == ESP_MODE_COMMAND_LINE) {

```

```

342     WARN_NOT_SUPPORTED("exit", "command-line");
343     return true;
344 }
345 if (arguments->size > 0) {
346     WARN_REDUNDANT(arguments, 0);
347 }
348 return !confirm(true, "Are you sure you want to exit?");
349 }

```

C.24 src/main/utility.h

```

1 #ifndef MAIN_UTILITY_H_
2 #define MAIN_UTILITY_H_
3
4 #include "main/api.h"
5
6 #define WARN_NOT_SUPPORTED(argument, mode)
7     \
8     WARN("Does not support \"%s\" in %s mode.\n", argument, mode);
9
10 #define WARN_MISSING(expected)
11     \
12     WARN("Missing argument: %s expected.\n", expected)
13
14 #define WARN_REDUNDANT(arguments, start_index)
15     \
16     WARN("Redundant arguments: ignore arguments since \"%s\".\n",
17         ((String *) (arguments)->data[start_index])->text)
18
19 int parse_unsigned_int_flag(const String *string);
20
21 void word_hint(const String *string, const Trie *dictionary,
22     bool case_sensitive);
23
24 #endif // MAIN_UTILITY_H_

```

C.25 src/main/utility.c

```

1 #include "main/utility.h"
2
3 int parse_unsigned_int_flag(const String *string) {
4     assert(string_start_with(string, "--") &&
5         "parse_unsigned_int_flag: not a flag");
6     if (string->size <= 2) {

```

```

7     return -1;
8 }
9 String *flag = substring(string, 2, string->size);
10 for (int i = 0; i < flag->size; ++i) {
11     if (!isdigit(flag->text[i])) {
12         delete_string(flag);
13         return -1;
14     }
15 }
16 int number = atoi(flag->text);
17 delete_string(flag);
18 return number;
19 }
20
21 void word_hint(const String *string, const Trie *dictionary,
22               bool case_sensitive) {
23     String *matched = trie_closest_match(dictionary, string, -1);
24     if (!matched) {
25         return;
26     }
27     if (case_sensitive) {
28         String *lowered = to_lower(string);
29         if (!strcmp(matched->text, lowered->text)) {
30             printf("Tip: use lower-case word for case-insensitive "
31                  "search/remove.\n");
32             delete_string(lowered);
33             return;
34         }
35         delete_string(lowered);
36     }
37     printf("Did you mean: %s\n", matched->text);
38     delete_string(matched);
39 }

```

C.26 src/main/main.c

```

1 #include "main/api.h"
2
3 int main(int argc, const char **argv) {
4     Array *arguments;
5     if (argc > 1) {
6         arguments = new_array(delete_string);
7         for (int i = 1; i < argc; ++i) {
8             array_append(arguments, new_string(argv[i], -1));
9         }

```

```

10     esp_initialize(ESP_MODE_COMMAND_LINE);
11     esp_parse_arguments(arguments, ESP_MODE_COMMAND_LINE);
12     delete_array(arguments);
13     esp_cleanup(ESP_MODE_COMMAND_LINE);
14     return 0;
15 }
16 esp_initialize(ESP_MODE_INTERACTIVE);
17 String *line;
18 bool shall_continue;
19 do {
20     printf(">>> ");
21     line = get_line(stdin);
22     if (!line) {
23         break;
24     }
25     arguments = split_string(line);
26     shall_continue = esp_parse_arguments(arguments,
ESP_MODE_INTERACTIVE);
27     delete_array(arguments);
28     delete_string(line);
29 } while (shall_continue);
30 esp_cleanup(ESP_MODE_INTERACTIVE);
31 }

```

C.27 src/writer/grammar.py

```

1 from random import choices, random
2 from re import compile, match
3
4
5 float_pattern = compile(r'(([0-9]*\.)?[0-9]+\s*:\s+)')
6 token_pattern = compile(
7     r'(([\s"\(\)]|(\([^\(\)]|\"([^\"]|\\\"))*\)|\"([^\"]|\\\"))*\s*)')
8
9
10 class Token:
11
12     __slots__ = 'identifier', 'terminal', 'optional', 'probability'
13
14     def __init__(self, string):
15         self.terminal = False
16         self.optional = False
17         self.probability = 1
18         if string.startswith('(') and string.endswith(')'):

```

```

19         string = string[1:-1]
20         matched = float_pattern.match(string)
21         factor = 1
22         if matched:
23             string = string[matched.end():]
24             factor = float(matched.group(1))
25             self.__init__(string)
26             self.optional = True
27             self.probability *= factor
28         elif string.startswith('"') and string.endswith('"'):
29             self.identifier = string[1:-1].replace('\\"', '"')
30             self.terminal = True
31         else:
32             self.identifier = string
33
34     def __eq__(self, other):
35         if not isinstance(other, Token):
36             return False
37         return self.identifier == other.identifier and \
38             self.terminal == other.terminal
39
40     def __hash__(self):
41         return hash((self.identifier, self.terminal))
42
43     def __str__(self):
44         string = self.identifier.replace('"', '\\"')
45         if self.terminal:
46             string = '"{}"'.format(string)
47         if self.optional:
48             if self.probability == 1:
49                 string = '({})'.format(string)
50             else:
51                 string = '({}: {})'.format(self.probability, string)
52         return string
53
54
55 class Rule:
56
57     __slots__ = 'lhs', 'rhs', 'weight'
58
59     def __init__(self, string):
60         matched = float_pattern.match(string)
61         if matched:
62             string = string[matched.end():]
63             self.weight = float(matched.group(1))

```



```

64     else:
65         self.weight = 1
66         matched = token_pattern.match(string)
67         string = string[matched.end():]
68         self.lhs = Token(matched.group(1))
69         string = string[match(r'->\s*', string).end():]
70         self.rhs = []
71         while True:
72             matched = token_pattern.match(string)
73             if not matched:
74                 break
75             string = string[matched.end():]
76             self.rhs.append(Token(matched.group(1)))
77
78     def __eq__(self, other):
79         if not isinstance(other, Rule):
80             return False
81         return self.lhs, tuple(self.rhs), self.weight == \
82             other.lhs, tuple(other.rhs), other.weight
83
84     def __hash__(self):
85         return hash((self.lhs, tuple(self.rhs), self.weight))
86
87     def __str__(self):
88         elements = []
89         if self.weight != 1:
90             elements.append(str(self.weight) + ':')
91         elements += [str(self.lhs), '->']
92         for element in self.rhs:
93             elements.append(str(element))
94         return ' '.join(elements)
95
96
97 class CFG:
98
99     __slots__ = 'rules', 'convergence'
100
101     def __init__(self, string=None):
102         self.rules = {}
103         self.convergence = 1
104         if string:
105             self.load_lines(string)
106
107     def __str__(self):
108         elements = []

```

```

109     if self.convergence != 1:
110         elements.append('convergence = {}'.format(self.convergence))
111     for rule_list in self.rules.values():
112         for rule in rule_list:
113             elements.append(str(rule))
114     return '\n'.join(elements)
115
116     def load_line(self, line):
117         line = line.strip()
118         if line == '' or line.startswith('//'):
119             return
120         matched = match(r'convergence\s*=\s*([0-9]*\.)?[0-9]+\s*', line)
121         if matched:
122             self.convergence = float(matched.group(1))
123             return
124         rule = Rule(line)
125         if rule.lhs in self.rules:
126             self.rules[rule.lhs].append(rule)
127         else:
128             self.rules[rule.lhs] = [rule]
129
130     def load_lines(self, string):
131         for line in string.split('\n'):
132             try:
133                 self.load_line(line)
134             except:
135                 print('Failed to parse line: {}'.format(line))
136
137     def generate(self, start=Token('S'), max_length=-1):
138         weight_dict = {}
139         for rule_list in self.rules.values():
140             for rule in rule_list:
141                 weight_dict[rule] = rule.weight
142         stack = [start]
143         terminals = []
144         while len(stack) > 0:
145             token = stack.pop()
146             if token.optional and random() > token.probability:
147                 continue
148             if token.terminal:
149                 terminals.append(token.identifier)
150                 continue
151             try:
152                 rule_list = self.rules[token]
153                 except:

```

```

154         raise Exception('Failed to find rule for: {}'.format(token)
155     )
156     weights = [weight_dict[rule] for rule in rule_list]
157     rule = choices(rule_list, weights, k=1)[0]
158     weight_dict[rule] *= self.convergence
159     stack += rule.rhs[::-1]
160     if max_length > 0 and len(terminals) > max_length:
161         raise Exception('Exceed max length: {}'.format(max_length))
162     return terminals
163
164 demo_grammar = '''
165 convergence = 0.3
166
167 0.9: S -> Clause "."
168 0.1: S -> Clause "while" S
169
170 Clause -> NP VP
171
172 0.9: NP -> Det (0.6: Adj) N
173 0.1: NP -> NP "and" NP
174
175 VP -> V NP
176 VP -> V
177
178 Det -> "a"
179 Det -> "the"
180
181 Adj -> "smart"
182 Adj -> "tired"
183 Adj -> "brown"
184
185 N -> "student"
186 N -> "laptop"
187 N -> "car"
188
189 V -> "drives"
190 V -> "walks"
191 V -> "leaves"
192 '''
193
194
195 if __name__ == '__main__':
196     cfg = CFG(demo_grammar)
197     print(cfg)

```

```

198     while True:
199         input('=' * 80)
200         try:
201             tokens = cfg.generate(max_length=30)
202         except Exception as exception:
203             print(exception)
204         else:
205             tokens[0] = tokens[0].capitalize()
206             print(' '.join(tokens[:-1]) + tokens[-1])

```

C.28 src/writer/espg_base.txt

```

1 // ===== Sentence =====
2 S -> NP-Sg VP-Sg "."
3 S -> NP-Pl VP-Pl "."
4 0.4: S -> VP-Pl "!"
5 0.2: S -> Aux-Sg NP-Sg VP-Pl "?"
6 0.2: S -> Aux-Pl NP-Pl VP-Pl "?"
7 0.1: S -> Wh-NP-Sg Aux-Sg NP-Sg VP-Pl "?"
8 0.1: S -> Wh-NP-Pl Aux-Pl NP-Pl VP-Pl "?"
9
10 // ===== Noun Phrase =====
11 0.2: NP-Sg -> Pronoun-Sg
12 // NP-Sg -> Proper-Noun-Sg
13 NP-Sg -> Det-Sg (0.5: AP) Nominal-Sg
14 0.2: NP-Pl -> Pronoun-Pl
15 // NP-Pl -> Proper-Noun-Pl
16 NP-Pl -> Det-Pl (0.5: AP) Nominal-Pl
17
18 // ===== Nominal =====
19 Nominal-Sg -> Noun-Sg
20 0.3: Nominal-Sg -> Nominal-Sg PP
21 0.3: Nominal-Sg -> Nominal-Sg Gerund-VP
22 0.3: Nominal-Sg -> Nominal-Sg Rel-Clause-Sg
23 Nominal-Pl -> Noun-Pl
24 0.3: Nominal-Pl -> Nominal-Pl PP
25 0.3: Nominal-Pl -> Nominal-Pl Gerund-VP
26 0.3: Nominal-Pl -> Nominal-Pl Rel-Clause-Pl
27
28 // ===== Gerundive Verb =====
29 Gerund-VP -> Gerund-V
30 Gerund-VP -> Gerund-V NP-Sg
31 Gerund-VP -> Gerund-V NP-Pl
32 Gerund-VP -> Gerund-V PP
33 Gerund-VP -> Gerund-V NP-Sg PP

```

```

34 Gerund-VP -> Gerund-V NP-Pl PP
35
36 // ===== Relative Clause =====
37 Rel-Clause-Sg -> Rel-Pronoun VP-Sg
38 Rel-Clause-Pl -> Rel-Pronoun VP-Pl
39
40 // ===== Verb Phrase =====
41 VP-Sg -> Verb-I-Sg
42 VP-Sg -> Verb-T-Sg NP-Sg
43 VP-Sg -> Verb-T-Sg NP-Pl
44 VP-Sg -> Verb-T-Sg NP-Sg PP
45 VP-Sg -> Verb-T-Sg NP-Pl PP
46 VP-Sg -> Verb-I-Sg PP
47 VP-Pl -> Verb-I-Pl
48 VP-Pl -> Verb-T-Pl NP-Sg
49 VP-Pl -> Verb-T-Pl NP-Pl
50 VP-Pl -> Verb-T-Pl NP-Sg PP
51 VP-Pl -> Verb-T-Pl NP-Pl PP
52 VP-Pl -> Verb-I-Pl PP
53
54 // ===== Adjective Phrase =====
55 AP -> Adj
56 0.2: AP -> Adv AP
57
58 // ===== Prepositional Phrase =====
59 PP -> Preposition NP-Sg
60 PP -> Preposition NP-Pl
61
62 // ===== Determiner =====
63 5: Det-Sg -> "the"
64 5: Det-Pl -> "the"
65 5: Det-Sg -> "a"
66 4: Deg-Sg -> "this"
67 4: Deg-Sg -> "that"
68 4: Det-Pl -> "these"
69 4: Det-Pl -> "those"
70 Det-Sg -> "my"
71 Det-Pl -> "my"
72 Det-Sg -> "your"
73 Det-Pl -> "your"
74 Det-Sg -> "his"
75 Det-Pl -> "his"
76 Det-Sg -> "her"
77 Deg-Pl -> "her"
78 Det-Sg -> "its"

```

```

79 Det-Pl -> "its"
80 Det-Sg -> "our"
81 Det-Pl -> "our"
82 Det-Sg -> "their"
83 Det-Pl -> "their"
84 2: Det-Pl -> "a" "few"
85 2: Det-Pl -> "many"
86 2: Det-Pl -> "a" "lot" "of"
87 3: Det-Pl -> "some"
88 Det-Sg -> "any"
89 Det-Sg -> "one"
90 Det-Pl -> "all"
91 Det-Sg -> "each"
92 Det-Sg -> "every"
93 Det-Sg -> "another"
94 Det-Sg -> NP-Sg "'s"
95 Det-Pl -> NP-Sg "'s"
96
97 // ===== Auxiliary Verb =====
98 Aux-Sg -> "has"
99 Aux-Pl -> "have"
100 Aux-Sg -> "had"
101 Aux-Pl -> "had"
102 Aux-Sg -> "did"
103 Aux-Pl -> "did"
104 Aux-Sg -> "will"
105 Aux-Pl -> "will"
106 Aux-Sg -> "should"
107 Aux-Pl -> "should"
108 Aux-Sg -> "would"
109 Aux-Pl -> "would"
110 Aux-Sg -> "may"
111 Aux-Pl -> "may"
112 Aux-Sg -> "might"
113 Aux-Pl -> "might"
114 Aux-Sg -> "must"
115 Aux-Pl -> "must"
116 Aux-Sg -> "can"
117 Aux-Pl -> "can"
118 Aux-Sg -> "could"
119 Aux-Pl -> "could"
120 Aux-Sg -> "does"
121 Aux-Pl -> "do"
122 Aux-Sg -> "need"
123 Aux-Pl -> "need"

```

```

124
125 // ===== Wh- Noun Phrase =====
126 Wh-NP-Sg -> "when"
127 Wh-NP-Pl -> "when"
128 Wh-NP-Sg -> "who"
129 Wh-NP-Pl -> "who"
130 Wh-NP-Sg -> "where"
131 Wh-NP-Pl -> "where"
132 Wh-NP-Sg -> "what"
133 Wh-NP-Pl -> "what"
134 Wh-NP-Sg -> "what" Noun-Sg
135 Wh-NP-Pl -> "what" Noun-Pl
136 Wh-NP-Sg -> "whose" Noun-Sg
137 Wh-NP-Pl -> "whose" Noun-Pl
138 Wh-NP-Sg -> "which" Noun-Sg
139 Wh-NP-Pl -> "which" Noun-Pl
140
141 // ===== Pronoun =====
142 4: Pronoun-Pl -> "you"
143 Pronoun-Sg -> "yours"
144 Pronoun-Pl -> "yours"
145 2: Pronoun-Pl -> "yourself"
146 Pronoun-Sg -> "him"
147 Pronoun-Sg -> "his"
148 Pronoun-Pl -> "his"
149 2: Pronoun-Sg -> "himself"
150 Pronoun-Sg -> "her"
151 Pronoun-Sg -> "hers"
152 Pronoun-Pl -> "hers"
153 2: Pronoun-Sg -> "herself"
154 4: Pronoun-Sg -> "it"
155 Pronoun-Sg -> "its"
156 Pronoun-Pl -> "its"
157 Pronoun-Sg -> "itself"
158 4: Pronoun-Sg -> "ours"
159 4: Pronoun-Pl -> "ours"
160 2: Pronoun-Pl -> "ourself"
161 Pronoun-Sg -> "theirs"
162 Pronoun-Pl -> "theirs"
163 2: Pronoun-Pl -> "themselves"
164
165 // ===== Relative Pronoun =====
166 Rel-Pronoun -> "who"
167 Rel-Pronoun -> "which"
168 Rel-Pronoun -> "that"

```

```

169
170 // ===== In espg_lexicon.txt =====
171 // Noun-Sg
172 // Noun-Pl
173 // Gerund-V
174 // Verb-I-Sg
175 // Verb-T-Sg
176 // Verb-I-Pl
177 // Verb-T-Pl
178 // Preposition
179 // Adj
180 // Adv

```

C.29 src/writer/lexicon.py

```

1 from collections import defaultdict
2
3
4 class DictEntry:
5
6     __slots__ = 'headword', 'word_class'
7
8     def __init__(self, headword, word_class):
9         self.headword = headword
10        self.word_class = word_class
11
12    @staticmethod
13    def from_line(line):
14        if line.startswith('"') and line.endswith('"'):
15            line = line[1:-1]
16            left_index = line.index('(')
17            if left_index < 0:
18                raise Exception('missing word class', line)
19            right_index = -1
20            depth = 1
21            for i in range(left_index + 1, len(line)):
22                if line[i] == '(':
23                    depth += 1
24                elif line[i] == ')':
25                    depth -= 1
26                    if depth == 0:
27                        right_index = i
28                        break
29            if right_index < 0:
30                raise Exception('mismatched brackets', line)

```



```

31     headword = line[:left_index].strip()
32     if headword == '':
33         raise Exception('empty headword', line)
34     word_class = line[left_index + 1:right_index].strip()
35     return DictEntry(headword, word_class)
36
37
38 pos_tag_to_word_classes = {
39     'Proper-Noun-Sg': set(),
40     'Proper-Noun-Pl': set(),
41     'Noun-Sg': {
42         'n. & v.',
43         'n.& v.',
44         'n & v.',
45         'n. & v. t.',
46         'n.',
47         'n. sing & pl.',
48         'a & n.',
49         'n. & v. i.',
50         'n. /',
51         'n. / interj.',
52         'n. & v.',
53         'sing. or pl.',
54         'n.sing & pl.',
55         'n',
56         'n., a., & v.',
57         'n. & a.',
58         'sing. & pl.',
59         'n .',
60         'v. t. & n.',
61         'n. sing. & pl.',
62         'a., n., & adv.',
63         'n. & adv.',
64         'n. / v. t. & i.',
65         'n.sing. & pl.',
66         'n. .',
67         'v.& n.',
68         'n. & interj.',
69         'adv. & n.',
70         'n. Chem.',
71         'v. i. & n.',
72         'n.',
73         'sing.',
74         'N.',
75         'n./',

```

```

76     'adv., & n.',
77     'a. / n.',
78     'v. & n.',
79     'a., adv., & n.',
80     'n..',
81     'n. sing. & pl',
82     'interj. & n.',
83     'n. sing.',
84     'n. & i.',
85     'imperative sing.',
86     'syntactically sing.'
87 },
88 'Noun-Pl': {
89     'n. pl.',
90     'n. sing & pl.',
91     'n.pl.',
92     'sing. or pl.',
93     'n.sing & pl.',
94     'sing. & pl.',
95     'n. pl',
96     'n. sing. & pl.',
97     'n.sing. & pl.',
98     'n pl.',
99     'n., sing. & pl.',
100    'n. collect. & pl.',
101    'n. sing. & pl',
102    'n. pl.',
103    'sing. / pl.'
104 },
105 'Gerund-V': {
106     'p. pr. & v. n.',
107     'p. pr. &, vb. n.',
108     'imp. & p. p. Fenced (/); p. pr. & vb. n.',
109     'imp. & p. p. & vb. n.',
110     'p, pr. & vb. n.',
111     'p. pr. a. & vb. n.',
112     'p. pr. vb. n.',
113     'imp. & p. pr. & vb. n.',
114     'pr.p. & vb. n.',
115     'p. pr. / vb. n.',
116     'p]. pr. & vb. n.',
117     'p. pr.& vb. n.',
118     'p. pr. &vb. n.',
119     'p. pr. & vb/ n.',
120     'P. pr. & vb. n.',

```

```

121     'p. pr. & vvb. n.',
122     'p. a. & vb. n.',
123     'p. pr. & vb. n.',
124     'p. pr. & pr. & vb. n.',
125     'vb. n.',
126     'p. p. & vb. n.',
127     'p pr. & vb. n.',
128     'imp. & p. p. Adored (/); p. pr. & vb. n.',
129     'p. pr & vb. n.'
130 },
131 'Verb-I-Sg': {
132     '3d sing.pr.',
133     'subj. 3d pers. sing.',
134     '3d sing.',
135     '3d pers. sing. pres.',
136     '3d sing. pr.',
137     'pres. indic. sing., 1st & 3d pers.',
138     'Sing. pres. ind.',
139     '3d sing.',
140     'pres. sing.'
141 },
142 'Verb-T-Sg': {
143     '3d sing.pr.',
144     'subj. 3d pers. sing.',
145     '3d sing.',
146     '3d pers. sing. pres.',
147     '3d sing. pr.',
148     'pres. indic. sing., 1st & 3d pers.',
149     'Sing. pres. ind.',
150     '3d sing.',
151     'pres. sing.'
152 },
153 'Verb-I-Pl': {
154     'v. t. / i.',
155     'v. i.',
156     'n. & v. i.',
157     'v. i. & i.',
158     'v. i.',
159     'v.t & i.',
160     'v.i',
161     'v. t. / v. i.',
162     'v.i.',
163     'v. t.& i.',
164     'n. / v. t. & i.',
165     'v. i.',

```

```

166     'v. t. & v. i.',
167     'v. i. & n.',
168     'v. i. & auxiliary.',
169     'v. t. & i.',
170     'v. i. & t.',
171     'v. i. / auxiliary'
172 },
173 'Verb-T-Pl': {
174     'v. t. / i.',
175     'a. & v. t.',
176     'v. t. &',
177     'n. & v. t.',
178     'v. t..',
179     'v. t. v. t.',
180     'v.t & i.',
181     'v. t. / v. i.',
182     'v.t',
183     'v. t. & n.',
184     'v. t.& i.',
185     'n. / v. t. & i.',
186     'v. t. & v. i.',
187     'v./t.',
188     'v. t.',
189     'v. t. / auxiliary',
190     'v. t.',
191     'v. i. & t.',
192     'v.t.'
193 },
194 'Preposition': {
195     'prep., adv., & conj.',
196     'prep., adv., conj. & n.',
197     'adv. & prep.',
198     'prep. & conj., but properly a participle',
199     'prep., adv. & a.',
200     'prep., adv. & conj.',
201     'prep. & adv.',
202     'adv., prep., & conj.',
203     'prep.',
204     'adv. or prep.',
205     'prep. & conj.',
206     'conj. & prep.'
207 },
208 'Adj': {
209     'adj.',
210     'pron. / adj.',

```

```

211     'a.',
212     'p. p. / a.',
213     'a. & v. t.',
214     'adv. & a.',
215     'p. p & a.',
216     'p. p. & a.',
217     'a. / a. pron.',
218     'P. p. & a.',
219     'pron. & a.',
220     'a & n.',
221     'a/',
222     'adv. / a.',
223     'a. & a. pron.',
224     'a & p. p.',
225     'p. & a.',
226     'prep., adv. & a.',
227     'a. .',
228     'a. superl.',
229     'v. & a.',
230     'a. & adv.',
231     'n., a., & v.',
232     'a. a.',
233     'pron., a., conj., & adv.',
234     'n. & a.',
235     'p. pr. a. & vb. n.',
236     'a. & v.',
237     'a., n., & adv.',
238     'a. Vigorously',
239     'a. & n.',
240     'a.',
241     'a. / adv.',
242     'a & adv.',
243     'a. Vibrating',
244     'a. or pron.',
245     'a. / pron.',
246     'imp., p. p., & a.',
247     'a',
248     'p. p. & a',
249     'a. / n.',
250     'pron., a., & adv.',
251     'a., adv., & n.',
252     'a. & p. p.',
253     'a. & pron.'
254 },
255 'Adv': {

```

```

256     'prep., adv., & conj.',
257     'prep., adv., conj. & n.',
258     'adv. & a.',
259     'adv. In combination or cooperation',
260     'adv. / interj.',
261     'interrog. adv.',
262     'adv. & prep.',
263     'adv. In a vanishing manner',
264     'adv. / a.',
265     'prep., adv. & a.',
266     'a. & adv.',
267     'pron., a., conj., & adv.',
268     'prep., adv. & conj.',
269     'conj. / adv.',
270     'adv.',
271     'prep. & adv.',
272     'interj., adv., or a.',
273     'a., n., & adv.',
274     'interj., adv., & n.',
275     'n. & adv.',
276     'a. / adv.',
277     'adv., prep., & conj.',
278     'adv. & n.',
279     'a & adv.',
280     'adv. or prep.',
281     'adv., & n.',
282     'pron., a., & adv.',
283     'a., adv., & n.',
284     'interj. & adv.',
285     'adv. / conj.',
286     'adv. & conj.'
287 }
288 }
289
290
291 def create_lexicon(lines):
292     lexicon = {}
293     for tag in pos_tag_to_word_classes:
294         lexicon[tag] = set()
295     for line in lines:
296         line = line.strip()
297         if line == '':
298             continue
299         try:
300             entry = DictEntry.from_line(line)

```

```

301     except:
302         print('Failed to parse line: {}'.format(line))
303         continue
304     for tag in pos_tag_to_word_classes:
305         word_class_set = pos_tag_to_word_classes[tag]
306         if entry.word_class in word_class_set:
307             lexicon[tag].add(entry.headword.lower().replace('"', '\\\\"'))
308     )
309     return lexicon
310
311 def write_lexicon(lexicon, stream):
312     for tag in pos_tag_to_word_classes:
313         for terminal in lexicon[tag]:
314             stream.write('{} -> "{}"\n'.format(tag, terminal))
315
316
317 def create_write_lexicon():
318     try:
319         output = open('espg_lexicon.txt', 'w')
320     except:
321         print('Failed to open file: {}'.format('espg_lexicon.txt'))
322         exit()
323     for i in range(ord('A'), ord('Z') + 1):
324         file_name = ('../Dictionary-in-csv/{}.csv'.format(chr(i)))
325         try:
326             with open(file_name, 'r') as stream:
327                 lines = stream.readlines()
328         except:
329             print('Failed to open file: {}'.format(file_name))
330         else:
331             lexicon = create_lexicon(lines)
332             write_lexicon(lexicon, output)
333     output.close()
334
335
336 if __name__ == '__main__':
337     create_write_lexicon()

```

C.30 src/writer/writer.py

```

1 from string import punctuation
2 from numpy.random import poisson
3
4

```

```

5 class Sentence:
6
7     __slots__ = 'tokens'
8
9     def __init__(self, tokens):
10         self.tokens = tokens
11
12     def __str__(self):
13         elements = []
14         for token in self.tokens:
15             if len(elements) > 0:
16                 if token[0] in punctuation or elements[-1][-1] in
punctuation:
17                     elements[-1] += token
18                 else:
19                     elements.append(token)
20             else:
21                 elements.append(token.capitalize())
22         return ' '.join(elements)
23
24     def word_count(self):
25         count = 0
26         for token in self.tokens:
27             if token not in punctuation:
28                 count += 1
29         return count
30
31
32 class Paragraph:
33
34     __slots__ = 'sentences', 'indent'
35
36     def __init__(self, indent):
37         self.sentences = []
38         self.indent = indent
39
40     def __str__(self):
41         elements = []
42         for sentence in self.sentences:
43             elements.append(str(sentence))
44         return ' ' * self.indent + ' '.join(elements)
45
46     def add_sentence(self, tokens):
47         self.sentences.append(Sentence(tokens))
48

```



```

49     def word_count(self):
50         count = 0
51         for sentence in self.sentences:
52             count += sentence.word_count()
53         return count
54
55
56 class Article:
57
58     __slots__ = 'paragraphs', 'title', 'spacing', 'indent'
59
60     def __init__(self, title, spacing, indent):
61         self.paragraphs = []
62         self.title = title
63         self.spacing = spacing
64         self.indent = indent
65
66     def __str__(self):
67         elements = []
68         if self.title:
69             elements.append(self.title)
70         for paragraph in self.paragraphs:
71             if len(paragraph.sentences) == 0:
72                 continue
73             elements.append(str(paragraph))
74         return ('\n' * (self.spacing + 1)).join(elements)
75
76     def add_sentence(self, tokens):
77         if len(self.paragraphs) == 0:
78             self.new_paragraph()
79         self.paragraphs[-1].add_sentence(tokens)
80
81     def new_paragraph(self, indent=None):
82         if len(self.paragraphs) > 0 and \
83             len(self.paragraphs[-1].sentences) == 0:
84             self.paragraphs.pop()
85         if indent == None:
86             indent = self.indent
87         self.paragraphs.append(Paragraph(indent))
88
89     def word_count(self):
90         count = 0
91         for paragraph in self.paragraphs:
92             count += paragraph.word_count()
93         return count

```

```

94
95
96 class Writer:
97
98     __slots__ = 'grammar', 'paragraphs_per_article',\
99                 'sentences_per_paragraph', 'tokens_per_sentence'
100
101     def __init__(self, grammar, paragraphs_per_article=5,
102                  sentences_per_paragraph=10, tokens_per_sentence=20):
103         self.grammar = grammar
104         self.paragraphs_per_article = paragraphs_per_article
105         self.sentences_per_paragraph = sentences_per_paragraph
106         self.tokens_per_sentence = tokens_per_sentence
107
108     def generate(self, title=None, spacing=1, indent=4):
109         article = Article(title, spacing, indent)
110         for i in range(poisson(self.paragraphs_per_article)):
111             for j in range(poisson(self.sentences_per_paragraph)):
112                 attempt_count = 0
113                 while True:
114                     try:
115                         max_length = poisson(self.tokens_per_sentence)
116                         tokens = self.grammar.generate(max_length=
max_length)
117                     except:
118                         attempt_count += 1
119                         if attempt_count > 50:
120                             raise Exception('Too many attempts')
121                     else:
122                         article.add_sentence(tokens)
123                         break
124                 article.new_paragraph()
125         return article
126
127
128 if __name__ == '__main__':
129     from grammar import CFG, demo_grammar
130     article = Writer(CFG(demo_grammar)).generate('Demo Article')
131     print(article)
132     print()
133     print('Word count: {}'.format(article.word_count()))

```

C.31 src/writer/main.py

```

1 from grammar import CFG

```

```

2 from lexicon import create_write_lexicon
3 from writer import Writer
4
5
6 def create_espg():
7     create_write_lexicon()
8     espg = CFG()
9     with open('espg_base.txt', 'r') as stream:
10         lines = stream.read()
11     espg.load_lines(lines)
12     with open('espg_lexicon.txt', 'r') as stream:
13         lines = stream.read()
14     espg.load_lines(lines)
15     return espg
16
17
18 def default_input(message, default_value, variable_name):
19     try:
20         value = int(input(message))
21     except:
22         value = default_value
23         print('{} set to {}'.format(variable_name, default_value))
24     return value
25
26
27 if __name__ == '__main__':
28     print('Creating ESPG...\n')
29     espg = create_espg()
30     while True:
31         paragraphs_per_article = default_input(
32             'Paragraphs per article: ', 3, 'paragraphs_per_article')
33         sentences_per_paragraph = default_input(
34             'Sentences per paragraph: ', 10, 'sentences_per_paragraph')
35         tokens_per_sentence = default_input(
36             'Tokens per sentence: ', 15, 'tokens_per_sentence')
37         title = input('Title: ')
38         spacing = default_input('Spacing: ', 1, 'spacing')
39         indent = default_input('Indent: ', 4, 'indent')
40         writer = Writer(espg, paragraphs_per_article,
41                         sentences_per_paragraph, tokens_per_sentence)
42         print('Composing...\n')
43         article = writer.generate(title, spacing, indent)
44         print(article)
45         print()
46         print('Word count: {}'.format(article.word_count()))

```

```
print('=' * 80)
```