

Tribhuvan University
Institute of Science and Technology

2081

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Bachelor Level / First Year/ First Semester/ Science
Computer Science and Information Technology (MTH 117)
(Mathematics I)
(NEW COURSE)

Full Marks: 60
Pass Marks: 24
Time: 3 hours.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Section A

Attempt any TWO questions.

[2×10=20]

1. (a) Determine whether each of the following functions is even, odd, or neither even nor odd. Also, sketch the graph of each of the functions:
 (i) $f(x) = x^5 + x$ (ii) $g(x) = 2x - x^2$. [1+1+3]
 (b) Find the value of $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} \frac{\sqrt{x} - 2}{x^2 - 16}$. [5]
2. (a) Use Newton's method to find $\sqrt[6]{2}$ correct to five decimal places. [5]
 (b) What do you mean by ordinary differential equation of first order? Differentiate linear and non linear differential equation. Find the order of the differential equation $\left(\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}\right)^3 = \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^4$. [1.5+2+1.5]
3. (a) Find the Maclaurin series of the function $f(x) = e^x$ and its radius of convergence. [3+2]
 (b) Find a vector equation and parametric equations for the line that passes through the point $(5, 1, 3)$ and is parallel to the vector $\vec{i} + 4\vec{j} - 2\vec{k}$. Also, find two other points on the line. [4+1]

Section B

Attempt any EIGHT questions

4. Integrate $\int_1^9 \frac{x-1}{\sqrt{x}} dx$.

5. State Mean value theorem and verify this for $f(x) = x^2 - 4x - 3$ in the interval $[1, 4]$. [2+3]

6. Find two positive numbers whose product is 100 and whose sum is a minimum. [5]

7. Find $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$ and $\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}$ if z is defined implicitly as a function of x and y by the equation

$$x^3 + y^3 + z^3 + 6xyz = 1.$$

8. Compare the value of Δy and dy if $y = x^3 + x^2 - 2x + 1$ and x changes from 1 to 1.05. [5]
9. Find the area of the region enclosed by the parabola $y = x^2$ and the line $y = 2$. [5]
10. Determine whether the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2 + 1}$ converges or diverges. [5]
11. If $f(x) = x^2 + 2$, then find the range and domain of $f(x)$. [3+2]
12. Identify the separable differential equations [5]
- (i) $y' = x + 2$ (ii) $y' = xy + 4x - 7y$ (iii) $y' = \ln y$ (iv) $y' = \sin(xy)$.

$x^2 + 2$

$n^2 + 2$

$n^2 + 2$