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#include <stdio.h>
int search(int arr[], int len, int num)//arr为序列, len为序列长度, num为要查找的数
int start, end, mid;
start=0;
end=1en-1;
mid=(start+end)/2;
while(start<=end)</pre>
if(arr[mid]>num)
end=mid-1;
mid=(start+end)/2;
continue;
}
if(arr[mid] < num)</pre>
start=mid+1;
mid=(start+end)/2;
continue;
return mid+1;
return -1;
int main()
int a[100], i, m, num, pos;
printf("输入序列长度:");
scanf("%d", &m);
printf("输入一个长度为%d的有序序列: \n", m);
for (i=0; i \le m; i++)
scanf("%d", &a[i]);
```

```
printf("输入你要查找的数: ");
scanf("%d", &num);
pos=search(a, m, num);
if(pos==-1)
printf("未能在序列中找到你要查找的数。\n");
else
printf("你要查找的数在第%d个位置\n", pos);
return 0;
}
```