

# SQL CREATE INDEX Statement

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## SQL CREATE INDEX Statement

The CREATE INDEX statement is used to create indexes in tables.

Indexes are used to retrieve data from the database more quickly than otherwise. The users cannot see the indexes, they are just used to speed up searches/queries.

**Note:** Updating a table with indexes takes more time than updating a table without (because the indexes also need an update). So, only create indexes on columns that will be frequently searched against.

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### CREATE INDEX Syntax

Creates an index on a table. Duplicate values are allowed:

HOW  
TO

```
CREATE INDEX index_name  
ON table_name (column1, column2, ...);
```

## CREATE UNIQUE INDEX Syntax

Creates a unique index on a table. Duplicate values are not allowed:

```
CREATE UNIQUE INDEX index_name  
ON table_name (column1, column2, ...);
```

**Note:** The syntax for creating indexes varies among different databases. Therefore: Check the syntax for creating indexes in your database.

## CREATE INDEX Example

The SQL statement below creates an index named "idx\_lastname" on the "LastName" column in the "Persons" table:

```
CREATE INDEX idx_lastname  
ON Persons (LastName);
```

If you want to create an index on a combination of columns, you can list the column names within the parentheses, separated by commas:

```
CREATE INDEX idx_pname  
ON Persons (LastName, FirstName);
```

Tabs  
Dropdown  
Accordion  
Side  
Navigatic  
Top  
Navigatic  
Modal  
Boxes  
Progress  
Bars  
Parallax  
Login  
Form  
HTML  
Includes  
Google  
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Range  
Sliders  
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List

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# DROP INDEX Statement

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## SQL References

SQL Keywords  
MySQL Functions  
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The DROP INDEX statement is used to delete an index in a table.

### MS Access:

```
DROP INDEX index_name ON table_name;
```

### SQL Server:

```
DROP INDEX table_name.index_name;
```

### DB2/Oracle:

```
DROP INDEX index_name;
```

### MySQL:

```
ALTER TABLE table_name
DROP INDEX index_name;
```

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