

SQL Constraints

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SQL constraints are used to specify rules for data in a table.

SQL Create Constraints

Constraints can be specified when the table is created with the `CREATE TABLE` statement, or after

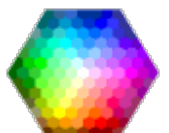
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statement.

Syntax

```
CREATE TABLE table_name (  
    column1 datatype constraint,  
    column2 datatype constraint,  
    column3 datatype constraint,  
    ....  
);
```

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HOW
TO

SQL Constraints

SQL constraints are used to specify rules for the data in a table.

Constraints are used to limit the type of data that

SQL Right Join
SQL Full Join
SQL Self Join
SQL Union
SQL Group By
SQL Having
SQL Exists
SQL Any, All
SQL Select Into
SQL Insert Into Select
SQL Case
SQL Null Functions
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SQL Comments

SQL Database

SQL Create DB
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can go into a table. This ensures the accuracy and reliability of the data in the table. If there is any violation between the constraint and the data action, the action is aborted.

Constraints can be column level or table level. Column level constraints apply to a column, and table level constraints apply to the whole table.

The following constraints are commonly used in SQL:

- **NOT NULL** - Ensures that a column cannot have a NULL value
- **UNIQUE** - Ensures that all values in a column are different
- **PRIMARY KEY** - A combination of a NOT NULL and UNIQUE. Uniquely identifies each row in a table
- **FOREIGN KEY** - Uniquely identifies a row/record in another table
- **CHECK** - Ensures that all values in a column satisfies a specific condition
- **DEFAULT** - Sets a default value for a column when no value is specified
- **INDEX** - Used to create and retrieve data from the database very quickly

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