Intel® Galileo and Intel® Galileo Gen 2

API Features and Arduino Projects for Linux Programmers

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This book is dedicated to my children—Mariana, Gabriela, and Matheus—and my lovely wife Najla, for their patience during several late nights and working weekends.

Contents at a Glance

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About the Author

Manoel Carlos Ramon was born in Brazil. He started learning software programming when he was 11 years old, using a TK-85—an 8-bit computer based on a Z80 processor with only 16KB of RAM. His passion for programming and understanding computers started with watching *Bit & Bytes*, a Canadian TV series that aired on TV Cultura, a Brazilian public TV network.

A few years later, Manoel created his first pirate FM transmitter that, instead of music, transmitted programs written in Basic to exchange software saved on cassette tapes with his friends via radio. He created his first commercial software in 1986, at age 13. This was software for storage control, written in DbaseII and running on a CP500/M80 computer. He learned and programmed in Z80 Assembler using his first MSX computer in 1988. Later he bought an IBM PC XT with an Intel 8080 processor, on which he created the first Brazilian software able to compute with precision the lux intensity of irregular surfaces based on photometric curves, written in Turbo C.

Manoel earned a BsSc in electric engineering in 1996, graduating with honors. He has been working in research and development of mobile devices and tablets since graduation. Manoel contributed to porting the first Java virtual machine fully certified by Sun Microsystems in Motorola phones. He has also worked with Linux kernel and device drivers, J2ME, Android NDK/SDK/ADK, audio path, power management, and modem 2G/3G/4G integration, including the first tablet with an LTE modem released in South America.

Manoel has worked on several projects in the Americas, Asia, and Europe. He migrated to the United States in 2011. Manoel is currently part of Intel Corporation's New Devices Group, where he is a member of the team responsible for the development of the Intel Galileo, the Intel Galileo Gen 2, and the Intel Edison Kit for Arduino.

Manoel lives in California with his wife and children. He admires Dr. Steve Mann, who is considered the real father of wearable computers, and David Rolfe, a notable Assembler programmer who created classic arcade games in the 1980s.

About the Technical Reviewers

Krzysztof Sywula joined the Intel Corporation in 2010. He was initially assigned to the LAN Access Division, which provided him a background in UEFI and the Ethernet. He joined the Quark Software team in 2012, where he works on different areas of the chip, gaining an extensive and deep understanding of the workflows of low-level components.

Dino Tinitigan graduated from the University of Nevada Las Vegas (UNLV) with a BS in computer engineering. He is currently a software engineer for Intel, working on maker boards like the Galileo and the Edison. In his spare time he tinkers with robotics, home automation, and wearables.

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Kevin Clarke for his collaboration as tester and developer, going deeply into the Linux signals issues.

Daniel O'Donovan for his amazing collaboration in developing not only the Arduino IDE, but also Linux drivers.

Francis Crowe and Srikanth Vasuki for the fantastic job designing, supporting, and validating the Intel Galileo Gen 2 hardware.

I would especially like to say that I am very thankful to the whole open source community that works continuously on the Linux operation system and on the Arduino IDE. Of course, I could not list all names here, but I would like to express my gratitude in a Linux bash terminal:

```
cd $LINUX_REPOSITORIES; git log --pretty=format:"%an"|sort -u
cd $ARDUINO_REPOSITORIES; git log --pretty=format:"%an"|sort -u
```

Introduction

The Intel Galileo maker development board was announced on October 4, 2013 at the Rome Maker Fair. It was the first for the Intel Corporation. The board was based on the Intel Quark SoC X1000 application processor, powered by Linux OS, and compatible with Arduino reference APIs. The Intel Galileo introduced several extra software and hardware features that exceeded most other Arduino boards available on the market.

Intel received thousands of feedback comments from makers on Intel's Maker forums. Based on this feedback, Intel later unveiled the Intel Galileo Gen 2, a new version with the same Intel Quark SoC application processor but improved hardware.

This book discusses the hardware and the software for the Intel Galileo and the Intel Galileo Gen 2, introducing Arduino reference APIs and APIs created especially for Intel Galileo boards. Practical projects show how to make use of the Linux capabilities and to aggregate this potential in Arduino sketches.

What Is in this Book?

Chapter 1 discusses the hardware design of the Intel Galileo and the Intel Galileo Gen 2, as well as the construction of serial and FTDI cables for debugging using Linux terminal consoles.

Chapter 2 explains how the Yocto build system works and how to generate your custom SPI and SD card images. It also presents how to compile, install, and use the toolchains for native applications development, and discusses procedures to recover bricked Intel Galileo boards.

Chapter 3 shows how to install and use the Arduino IDE, and how to install the drivers needed in the computer or virtual machine used, running real examples of interacting sketches with simple circuits. It also brings a practical project that integrates Python, POSIX calls, and sketches to send an alert when an email is received.

Chapter 4 discusses the new APIs and hacking techniques created especially for the Intel Galileo and Intel Galileo Gen 2 boards. It contains a broad discussion of clusters architecture, and how GPIOs are distributed and their respective speed limits. A practical project demonstrates how to overcome the Intel Galileo's limitations and how to make the DHT11 temperature sensor work.

Chapter 5 presents networking APIs and hackings using an Ethernet adapter and WiFi mPCIe cards. It also explains how to install new WiFi cards and how to share Internet access between the Intel Galileo and computers. This chapter also explains how to hack the Arduino IDE to download sketches using network interfaces instead of a USB.

Chapter 6 offers a practical project on tweeting using Intel Galileo boards with new OAuth authentication and without intermediary computers or servers. The project uses a RTC (real-time clock) with external coin batteries and WiFi mPCIe cards.

Chapter 7 shows techniques using V42L and OpenCV libraries, as well as how to capture images and videos and detect facial expressions and emotions using a webcam. This chapter also explains how to change the Linux BSD to support eglibc instead uClibc and to generate the toolchain to compile C/C++ programs. There are also examples of OpenCV in Python.

Chapter 8 presents a low-cost project to create moisture sensors based in scrap materials and galvanized nails.

Chapter 9 shows a practical home automation project implementing a web server using node.js, interacting with multiple sensors for motion and temperature, and using keypads and switch relays.

Chapter 10 explains how to install and use PoE (Power of Ethernet) modules with the Intel Galileo Gen 2.

Chapter 11 discusses basic principles in robotics and how to design and control a robotic arm using analog controllers. It also presents a practical project using a 6 DOF robotic arm with a mechanical gripper and another one built with ground coffee.

Chapter 12 discusses how to connect a XMM 7160 LTE modem and use data channels in real networks using Intel Galileo boards.

Chapter 13 is a bonus chapter available online. It presents a practical project on how to design and build a low-cost robot head with animatronic eyes and a mouth that expresses emotions. This chapter is available online at http://www.apress.com/9781430268390, under the Source Code/Downloads tab.