Group 44

Topic D: Car Pooling

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1. Environment setting:

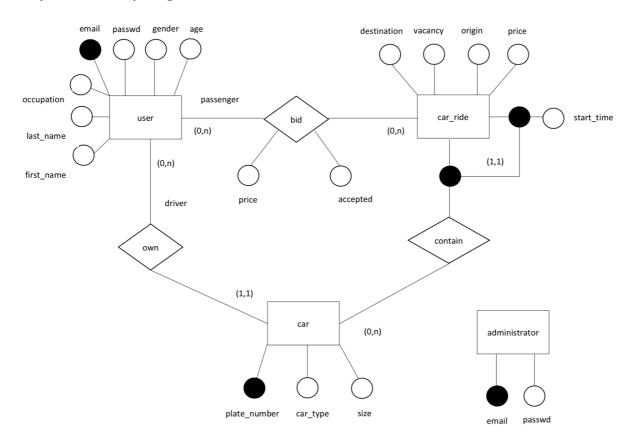
• Web Server: Apache HTTP Server

• Server Page Language: PHP

Database Management System: PostgreSQL

• Framework: Codelgniter

2. Entity – relationship Diagram:



3. Relation Schema:

```
CREATE TABLE users (
    email VARCHAR(32) PRIMARY KEY CHECK (email LIKE '% @ %. %'),
    passwd VARCHAR(32) NOT NULL CHECK (LENGTH(passwd) >= 6),
    first name VARCHAR(32) NOT NULL,
    last name VARCHAR(32) NOT NULL,
    gender CHAR(1) NOT NULL CHECK (gender IN ('M', 'F')),
    age INTEGER NOT NULL CHECK (age > 0),
    occupation VARCHAR(32) NOT NULL
);
CREATE TABLE cars (
   plate number VARCHAR(8) PRIMARY KEY,
    driver email VARCHAR(32) REFERENCES users (email),
    car type VARCHAR(16) NOT NULL,
    size INTEGER NOT NULL CHECK (size > 0)
);
CREATE TABLE administrators (
    email VARCHAR(32) PRIMARY KEY CHECK (email LIKE '% @ %. %'),
    passwd VARCHAR(32) NOT NULL CHECK (LENGTH(passwd) >= 6)
);
CREATE TABLE car rides (
    plate number VARCHAR(8) REFERENCES cars(plate number),
    start time TIMESTAMP NOT NULL CHECK (start time >=
   NOW()::timestamp),
    origin VARCHAR(32) NOT NULL,
    destination VARCHAR (32) NOT NULL,
   price NUMERIC(15,2) NOT NULL,
   vacancy INTEGER NOT NULL CHECK (vacancy >= 0),
   PRIMARY KEY (plate number, start time)
);
CREATE TABLE bids (
    passenger email VARCHAR(32) REFERENCES users(email),
   plate number VARCHAR(8),
    start time TIMESTAMP,
    price NUMERIC (15,2) NOT NULL,
    accepted BOOLEAN NOT NULL,
    FOREIGN KEY (plate number, start time) REFERENCES
    car rides(plate number, start time),
   PRIMARY KEY (passenger email, plate number, start time)
);
```

4. Sample and Representative SQL Code

Aggregate Query:

```
SELECT MIN(PRICE) as minimum, MAX(PRICE) as maximum,
ROUND(AVG(PRICE),2) as average, SUM(PRICE) as total
FROM bids
WHERE plate_number = '$plate_number'
AND start_time = '$start_time'
GROUP BY PLATE_NUMBER, START_TIME
ORDER BY PLATE NUMBER, START TIME;
```

Functionality:

Display lowest bid, highest bid, average price, sum of price for a particular car ride. In this way, the driver can obtain the meta information about a particular car ride so that he can make a more informed decision when selecting the bid to accept.

Screenshot for The Usage:

Detail of this car ride

Plate Number	Start Time	Origin	Destination	Price	Vacancy
IU52158V	2018-12-09 00:09:38	5902 Heidenreich Junctions	66280 Mac Fords	1.57	5

Meta data of this ride

Minimum Bid	Maximum Bid	Average Bid	Total Sum
5.50	9.67	7.53	60.24

Nested Query:

Functionality:

This nested query is to filter and get car rides only when the number of vacancy is greater than the number of accepted bids. In this way, users can view all the car rides which still have vacancies left.

Screenshot for The Usage:

Car rides to pick

View all View those with vacancies

Plate Number	Start Time	Origin	Destination	Price	Vacancy	Details
ZR84494Y	2018-11-09 18:13:08	37151 Schmitt Summit	342 Wava Knoll Suite 037	3.58	3	View Details
ZI39759G	2018-11-09 21:13:43	9980 Herman Wall Suite 629	26633 Birdie Vista Suite 935	0.12	2	View Details
SR86451F	2018-11-10 03:45:29	1506 Fahey Ford Suite 021	6721 Parisian Ridges	0.96	3	View Details

5. Assertions:

• Description:

This trigger will keep track of all UPDATE, INSERT and DELETE operations on TABLE car_rides and store them with timestamp in TABLE ride_audit. This trigger will prevent drivers from cancelling a car ride booking within one day, that means the driver can only cancel the booking at least one day before the trip. In addition, this trigger also prevents drivers from giving a negative value for price and a non-positive integer for vacancy for a car ride.

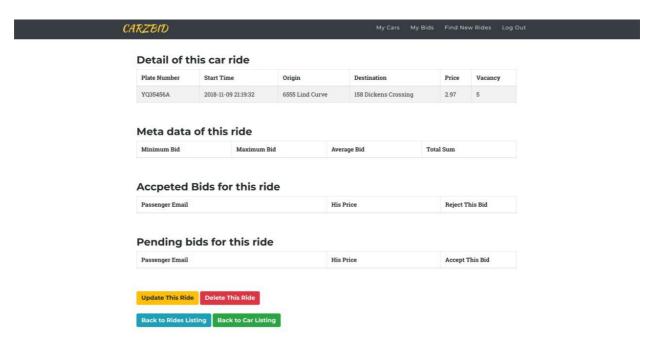
Implementation:

```
CREATE TABLE ride audit (
     stamp timestamp NOT NULL,
     operation char(1) NOT NULL,
     start time timestamp without time zone NOT NULL,
     price numeric (15,2) NOT NULL,
     vacancy integer NOT NULL);
--Triger function that does both assertion and audit
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION ride check() RETURNS trigger AS $$
     BEGIN
     IF (TG OP = 'DELETE') THEN
     --Check if the driver is cancelling rides in advance of 1
     IF OLD.START TIME-CURRENT TIMESTAMP < INTERVAL '1 DAYS'
     RAISE NOTICE 'YOU CAN ONLY CANCEL YOUR RIDES AT LEAST A
     DAY BEFORE THE RIDE!';
     ELSE
     INSERT INTO ride audit SELECT now(), 'D', OLD.start time,
     OLD.price, OLD.vacancy;
     RETURN OLD;
     END IF;
     ELSIF (TG OP = 'UPDATE') OR (TG OP = 'INSERT') THEN
     -- Check for price and vacancy input
     IF NEW.price < 0 OR NEW.price > 100 OR NEW.price IS NULL
     THEN
     RAISE NOTICE 'price cannot be less than zero or more than
     100 or null';
     ELSE
     IF NEW. vacancy <= 0 OR NEW. vacancy IS NULL THEN
     RAISE NOTICE 'vacancy cannot be zero or less or null';
     ELSE
     INSERT INTO ride audit SELECT now(), 'A', NEW.start time,
     NEW.price, NEW.vacancy;
     RETURN NEW;
     END IF;
     END IF;
     END IF;
     RETURN NULL;
     END; $$ LANGUAGE plpgsql;
CREATE TRIGGER ride audit BEFORE INSERT OR UPDATE OR DELETE ON
car rides
```

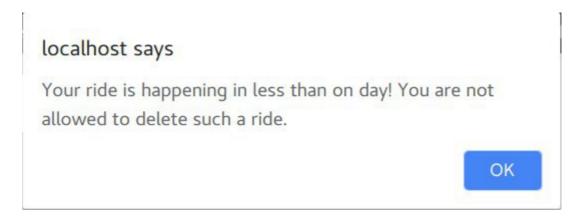
FOR EACH ROW EXECUTE PROCEDURE ride check();

Use Case in Application

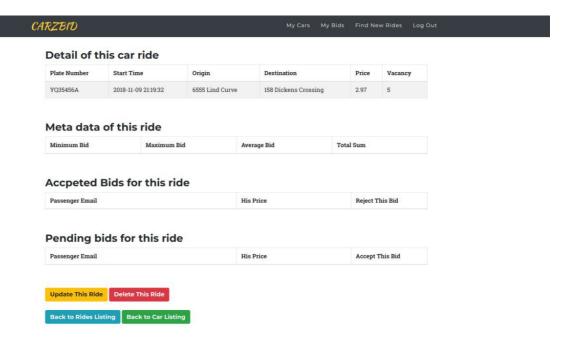
1). The driver wants to delete a ride.



2). However, since the start time of this ride is in less than one day of the current timing (9th Nov 2018), this deletion will be rejected and an error message will pop up.



3). After clicking 'OK' on the pop up window, the driver will be redirected to the original ride detail page.



Description:

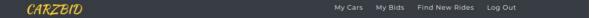
This trigger checks before the UPDATE operation on TABLE bids when a driver wants to accept a bid and update its status to successful. When the number of bids is greater than the number of vacancies, the update operation will be rejected.

Implementation:

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION bid check() RETURNS trigger AS $$
     DECLARE NO BIDS INTEGER;
     DECLARE NO VACANCY INTEGER;
     BEGIN
     IF NEW.accepted = 't' THEN
     --Find number of vacancies
     SELECT C.VACANCY INTO NO VACANCY FROM CAR RIDES C
     WHERE C.PLATE NUMBER = NEW.PLATE NUMBER
     AND C.START TIME = NEW.START TIME;
     --Find number of bids
     SELECT COUNT(*) INTO NO_BIDS FROM BIDS B
     WHERE B.PLATE NUMBER = NEW.PLATE NUMBER
     AND B.START TIME = NEW.START TIME AND B.ACCEPTED = TRUE;
     IF NO BIDS < NO VACANCY THEN
     RETURN NEW;
     RAISE NOTICE 'No. of accepted bids cannot be more than
     no. of vacancy';
     END IF;
     ELSE
     RETURN NEW;
     END IF;
     RETURN NULL;
     END; $$ LANGUAGE plpgsql;
CREATE TRIGGER bid trigger BEFORE UPDATE ON bids
FOR EACH ROW EXECUTE PROCEDURE bid check();
```

Use Case in Application:

1). The vacancy of this ride is 5, and now the driver has already accepted 5 bids.



Detail of this car ride

Plate Number	Start Time	Origin	Destination	Price	Vacancy
IU52158V	2018-12-09 00:09:38	5902 Heidenreich Junctions	66280 Mac Fords	1.57	5

Meta data of this ride

Minimum Bid	Maximum Bid	Average Bid	Total Sum
5.50	9.67	7.53	60.24

Accpeted Bids for this ride

Passenger Email	His Price	Reject This Bid
predovic.carolyn@conroy.com	7.81	Reject
ithompson@morar.net	7.58	Reject
sophie.pagac@fahey.com	5.50	Reject
vonrueden.laurie@yahoo.com	7.26	Reject
betsy63@hotmail.com	9.67	Reject

2). If he accepts one more bid, this operation will be rejected and an error message will pop up.



3). Clicking 'OK' will redirect driver back to the ride detail page.

Detail of this car ride

CARZBID

Plate Number	Start Time	Origin	Destination	Price	Vacancy
IU52158V	2018-12-09 00:09:38	5902 Heidenreich Junctions	66280 Mac Fords	1.57	5

Meta data of this ride

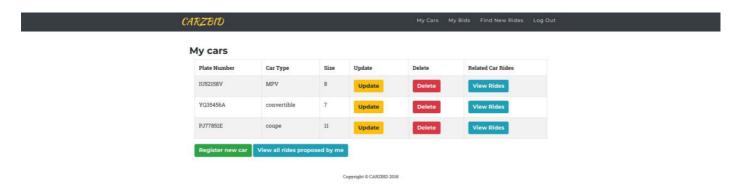
Minimum Bid	Maximum Bid	Average Bid	Total Sum	
5.50	9.67	7.53	60.24	

Accpeted Bids for this ride

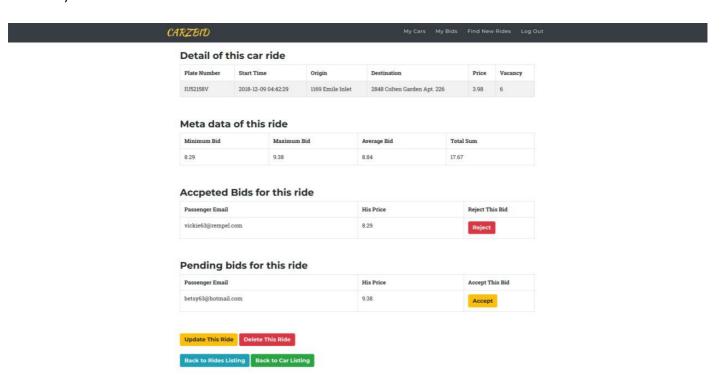
Passenger Email	His Price	Reject This Bid
predovic.carolyn@conroy.com	7.81	Reject
ithompson@morar.net	7.58	Reject
sophie.pagac@fahey.com	5.50	Reject
vonrueden.laurie@yahoo.com	7.26	Reject
betsy63@hotmail.com	9.67	Reject

6. Screenshots:

1). View my cars (after sign-in)



2). Driver views information about one car ride



3). Passenger views details of a ride and can place a bid

