

### **API REST**





UPDATE





DELETE

# Estrutura do projeto

Aplicação client (Postman)

Controladores Rest (controller)

Camada de serviço (service)

Camada de acesso a dados (repository)

Camada de domínio (model)

#### **UPDATE**

```
UsuarioService:
public Usuario update(Integer id, Usuario obj) {
         Usuario newObj = findById(id);
         newObj.setNome(obj.getNome());
         newObj.setSenha(obj.getSenha());
         return repository.save(newObii):
UsuarioController:
@PutMapping(value = "/{id}")
    public ResponseEntity<Usuario> update(@PathVariable Integer id, @RequestBody
Usuario obj) {
         Usuario newObj = service.update(id, obj);
         return ResponseEntity.ok().body(newObj);
```

#### **DELETE**

```
UsuarioService:
public void delete(Integer id) {
          findByld(id);
          repository.deleteByld(id);
UsuarioController:
@DeleteMapping(value = "/{id}")
     public ResponseEntity<Void> delete(@PathVariable Integer id) {
          service.delete(id);
          return ResponseEntity.noContent().build();
.build() = Construa a entidade de resposta sem corpo.
```

#### **POST**

```
UsuarioService:
public Usuario create(Usuario obj) {
          obj.setId(null);
          return repository.save(obj);
UsuarioController:
@PostMapping
     public ResponseEntity<Usuario> create(@RequestBody Usuario obj){
          Usuario newObj = service.create(obj);
          URI uri =
ServletUriComponentsBuilder.fromCurrentRequest().path("/{id}").buildAndExpand(newObj.getId()).toUri();
          return ResponseEntity.created(uri).build();
```

## **POST**

URI = import java.net.URI

ServletUriComponentsBuilder. from CurrentRequest() = Prepare um construtor copiando o esquema, host, porta, caminho e string de consulta de um HttpServletRequest.

.path() = caminho

.buildAndExpand() = Construtor padrão.





# **VAMOS PRATICAR?**