Build Your Own Lisp

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Write an abstract

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Prompt

```
\langle Print \ version \ and \ exit \ information. \ 1a \rangle \equiv
1a
          puts("Lispy v0.0.1");
          puts("Press ctrl-c to exit\n");
        Uses Lispy 1d.
        This code is used in chunk 3a.
1d
        \langle Create \ some \ parsers. \ 1d \rangle \equiv
          mpc_parser_t *Digit
                                     = mpc_new("digit");
          mpc_parser_t *Integer
                                     = mpc_new("integer");
          mpc_parser_t *Decimal
                                     = mpc_new("decimal");
                                     = mpc_new("number");
          mpc_parser_t *Number
          mpc_parser_t *Operator = mpc_new("operator");
          mpc_parser_t *Expr
                                     = mpc_new("expr");
          mpc_parser_t *Lispy
                                     = mpc_new("lispy");
        Defines:
          Decimal, used in chunk 2b.
          Digit, used in chunk 2b.
          Expr, used in chunk 2.
          Integer, used in chunk 2b.
          Lispy, used in chunks 1 and 2.
          Number, used in chunk 2.
          Operator, used in chunk 2.
        Uses mpc_parser_t 4d.
        This code is used in chunk 3a.
```

```
Here, input is functionally equivalent to input \neq NULL, and *input is functionally equivalent to input[0] \neq '\0', i.e. input is non-null and nonempty, respectively.
```

1b $\langle \text{input } is \ nonempty \ 1b \rangle \equiv \\ \text{input &\& *input}$

This code is used in chunk 3a.

1c ⟨Add input to the history table. 1c⟩≡
 add_history(input);
 Uses add_history 4c.
 This code is used in chunk 3a.

This code is used in chunk 2g.

Define the Lispy grammar. $\langle parsing.c \ 2a \rangle \equiv$ 2a#define LISPY_GRAMMAR \ : /[0-9]/; " digit " integer : /-?/ <digit>+; " decimal : /-?/ <digit>+ '.' <digit>+ ; " number : <decimal> | <integer> ; " operator : '+' | '-' | '*' | '/'; " expr : <number> | '(' <operator> <expr>+ ')'; " lispy : /^/ <expr>+ /\$/; This definition is continued in chunk 3a. Root chunk (not used in this document). $\langle Define \ the \ parsers \ with \ the \ Lispy \ grammar. \ 2b \rangle \equiv$ 2b mpca_lang(MPCA_LANG_DEFAULT, LISPY_GRAMMAR, Digit, Integer, Decimal, Number, Operator, Expr, Lispy); Uses Decimal 1d, Digit 1d, Expr 1d, Integer 1d, Lispy 1d, Number 1d, and Operator 1d. This code is used in chunk 3a. 2c $\langle Undefine \ and \ delete \ our \ parsers. \ 2c \rangle \equiv$ mpc_cleanup(4, Number, Operator, Expr, Lispy); Uses Expr 1d, Lispy 1d, Number 1d, Operator 1d, and mpc_cleanup 4d. This code is used in chunk 3a. 2e $\langle Print \ and \ delete \ the \ AST. \ 2e \rangle \equiv$ mpc_ast_print(res.output); 2d $\langle The input can be parsed as Lispy code. 2d \rangle \equiv$ mpc_ast_delete(res.output); mpc_parse("<stdin>", input, Lispy, &res) Uses $mpc_ast_delete\ 4d\ and$ Uses Lispy 1d and mpc_parse 4d. mpc_ast_print 4d. This code is used in chunk 2g. This code is used in chunk 2g. $\langle Attempt \ to \ parse \ the \ user \ input. \ 2g \rangle \equiv$ 2g $\langle Print \ and \ delete \ the \ error. \ 2f \rangle \equiv$ mpc_result_t res; mpc_err_print(res.error); if $(\langle The input can be parsed as Lispy code. 2d \rangle)$ { mpc_err_delete(res.error);

⟨Print and delete the AST. 2e⟩

 $\langle Print \ and \ delete \ the \ error. \ 2f \rangle$

} else {

 $Uses \ \texttt{mpc_result_t} \ 4d.$ This code is used in chunk 3a.

}

```
3a
         \langle parsing.c \ 2a \rangle + \equiv
            \langle Include the necessary headers. 3b \rangle
            int main(int argc, char *argv[])
                  ⟨Create some parsers. 1d⟩
                  (Define the parsers with the Lispy grammar. 2b)
                  \langle Print \ version \ and \ exit \ information. \ 1a \rangle
                  bool nonempty;
                  do {
                       char *input = readline("> ");
                       if ((nonempty = (\langle input \ is \ nonempty \ 1b \rangle))) {
                             \langle Add \text{ input } to \text{ } the \text{ } history \text{ } table. \text{ } \mathbf{1c} \rangle
                             \langle Attempt to parse the user input. 2g \rangle
                       }
                       free(input); // N.B. This is a no-op when !input.
                  } while (nonempty);
                  ⟨Undefine and delete our parsers. 2c⟩
                  return 0;
            }
         Uses bool 3c, free 4b, and readline 4c.
         Headers
3b
         \langle Include \ the \ necessary \ headers. \ 3b \rangle \equiv
            \langle Include \ the \ boolean \ type \ and \ values. \ 3c \rangle
            (Include the standard I/O functions. 4a)
            (Include the standard library definitions. 4b)
            ⟨Include the line editing functions from libedit. 4c⟩
            (Include the micro parser combinator definitions. 4d)
         This code is used in chunk 3a.
3c
         \langle Include \ the \ boolean \ type \ and \ values. \ 3c \rangle \equiv
            #include <stdbool.h>
         Defines:
            bool, used in chunk 3a.
         This code is used in chunk 3b.
```

```
\langle Include \ the \ standard \ I/O \ functions. \ 4a \rangle \equiv
4a
              #include <stdio.h>
          Defines:
              printf, never used.
          This code is used in chunk 3b.
4b
          \langle Include \ the \ standard \ library \ definitions. \ 4b \rangle \equiv
              #include <stdlib.h>
          Defines:
              free, used in chunk 3a.
          This code is used in chunk 3b.
4c
          \langle Include \ the \ line \ editing \ functions \ from \ libedit. \ 4c \rangle \equiv
              #include <editline/readline.h>
          Defines:
              add_history, used in chunk 1c.
              readline, used in chunk 3a.
          This code is used in chunk 3b.
          \langle Include \ the \ micro \ parser \ combinator \ definitions. \ 4d \rangle \equiv
4d
              #include <mpc.h>
          Defines:
              mpc_ast_delete, used in chunk 2e.
              mpc\_ast\_print, used in chunk 2e.
              \label{eq:mpc_cleanup} \texttt{mpc\_cleanup}, \ \mathrm{used} \ \mathrm{in} \ \mathrm{chunk} \ \underline{2c}.
              mpc_error_delete, never used.
              mpc_error_print, never used.
              mpc_parse, used in chunk 2d.
              \label{eq:mpc_parser_t} \mathsf{mpc\_parser\_t}, \ \mathrm{used} \ \mathrm{in} \ \mathrm{chunk} \ \underline{\mathsf{1d}}.
              mpc_result_t, used in chunk 2g.
          This code is used in chunk 3b.
```

Chunks

free: 3a, 4b

printf: 4a readline: 3a, 4c

mpc_ast_delete: 2e, 4d mpc_ast_print: 2e, 4d $\texttt{mpc_cleanup:} \quad \underline{2c}, \, \underline{4d}$ mpc_error_delete: 4d mpc_error_print: 4d mpc_parse: 2d, 4dmpc_parser_t: 1d, 4d mpc_result_t: 2g, 4d

```
(Add input to the history table. 1c) 1c, 3a
(Attempt to parse the user input. 2g) 2g, 3a
(Create some parsers. 1d) 1d, 3a
\langle Define \ the \ parsers \ with \ the \ Lispy \ grammar. \ 2b \rangle \ \underline{2b}, \ 3a
\langle Include \ the \ boolean \ type \ and \ values. \ 3c \rangle \ 3b, \ 3c
\langle Include \ the \ line \ editing \ functions \ from \ libedit. \ 4c \rangle \ 3b, \ \underline{4c}
(Include the micro parser combinator definitions. 4d) 3b, 4d
(Include the necessary headers. 3b) 3a, 3b
(Include the standard I/O functions. 4a) 3b, 4a
(Include the standard library definitions. 4b) 3b, 4b
\langle Print \ and \ delete \ the \ AST. \ 2e \rangle \ \underline{2e}, \ 2g
\langle Print \ and \ delete \ the \ error. \ 2f \rangle \ \underline{2f}, \ 2g
(Print version and exit information. 1a) 1a, 3a
(The input can be parsed as Lispy code. 2d) 2d, 2g
⟨Undefine and delete our parsers. 2c⟩ 2c, 3a
\langle \text{input } is \ nonempty \ 1b \rangle \ 1b, \ 3a
\langle parsing.c 2a \rangle 2a, 3a
Index
Decimal: 1d, 2b
Digit: <u>1d</u>, 2b
Expr: <u>1d</u>, 2b, 2c
Integer: 1d, 2b
Lispy: 1a, <u>1d</u>, 2b, 2c, 2d
Number: \underline{1d}, \underline{2b}, \underline{2c}
Operator: <u>1d</u>, <u>2b</u>, <u>2c</u>
add_history: 1c, \underline{4c}
bool: 3a, 3c
```

$Todo\ list$

To-Do