

# Build Your Own Lisp

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Write an abstract

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## Prompt

**1a**  $\langle \text{Print version and exit information. 1a} \rangle \equiv$   
    `puts("Lispy v0.0.1");`  
    `puts("Press ctrl-c to exit\n");`

This code is used in chunk **2a**.

**1b**  $\langle \text{prompt.c 1b} \rangle \equiv$   
     $\langle \text{Include the boolean type and values. 2b} \rangle$   
     $\langle \text{Include the standard I/O functions. 2c} \rangle$   
     $\langle \text{Include the standard library definitions. 2d} \rangle$   
  
     $\langle \text{Include the line editing functions from libedit. 2e} \rangle$

This definition is continued in chunks **1e** and **2a**.  
Root chunk (not used in this document).

**1e**  $\langle \text{prompt.c 1b} \rangle + \equiv$   
    `bool eval(char *input)`  
    `{`  
        `if ((input is nonempty 1c)) {`  
             $\langle \text{add input to the history table 1d} \rangle$   
            `printf("< %s\n", input);`  
        `}`  
        `// N.B. This is a no-op when !input.`  
        `free(input);`  
  
        `return (bool) input;`  
    `}`

Defines:

`eval`, used in chunk **2a**.

Uses `bool` **2b**, `free` **2d**, and `printf` **2c**.

Here, `input` is functionally equivalent to `input != NULL`, and `*input` is functionally equivalent to `input[0] != '\0'`, i.e. `input` is non-null and nonempty, respectively.

**1c**  $\langle \text{input is nonempty 1c} \rangle \equiv$   
    `input && *input`

This code is used in chunk **1e**.

**1d**  $\langle \text{add input to the history table 1d} \rangle \equiv$   
    `add_history(input);`

Uses `add_history` **2e**.

This code is used in chunk **1e**.

2a *<prompt.c 1b>+≡*

```
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    <Print version and exit information. 1a>

    while (eval(readline("> ")))
        continue;

    return 0;
}
```

Uses `eval` 1e and `readline` 2e.

## Headers

2b *<Include the boolean type and values. 2b>≡*

```
#include <stdbool.h>
```

Defines:

`bool`, used in chunk 1e.

This code is used in chunk 1b.

2c *<Include the standard I/O functions. 2c>≡*

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

Defines:

`printf`, used in chunk 1e.

This code is used in chunk 1b.

2d *<Include the standard library definitions. 2d>≡*

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

Defines:

`free`, used in chunk 1e.

This code is used in chunk 1b.

2e *<Include the line editing functions from libedit. 2e>≡*

```
#include <editline/readline.h>
```

Defines:

`add_history`, used in chunk 1d.

`readline`, used in chunk 2a.

This code is used in chunk 1b.


*Chunks*

⟨Include the boolean type and values. 2b⟩ 1b, [2b](#)  
 ⟨Include the line editing functions from libedit. 2e⟩ 1b, [2e](#)  
 ⟨Include the standard I/O functions. 2c⟩ 1b, [2c](#)  
 ⟨Include the standard library definitions. 2d⟩ 1b, [2d](#)  
 ⟨Print version and exit information. 1a⟩ [1a](#), 2a  
 ⟨add `input` to the history table 1d⟩ [1d](#), 1e  
 ⟨`input` is nonempty 1c⟩ [1c](#), 1e  
 ⟨`prompt.c` 1b⟩ [1b](#), [1e](#), [2a](#)

*Index*

add\_history: 1d, [2e](#)  
 bool: 1e, [2b](#)  
 eval: [1e](#), 2a  
 free: 1e, [2d](#)  
 printf: 1e, [2c](#)  
 readline: 2a, [2e](#)

*Todo list*

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To-Do	