

EXERCISES FROM
A FRIENDLY INTRODUCTION TO GROUP THEORY
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1. PRELIMINARIES

1.1. Sets.

1. (a) `IsUnder30 := n -> n < 30;;`

```
# {n ∈ ℤ | n² < 30}
S := [];; n := 0;;
repeat
  Add( S, n^2 );
  n := n + 1;
until not IsUnder30( n^2 );

# {x, y, z ∈ S | x² + y² + z²}
T := Set( List( Tuples( S, 3), Sum) );;

# {n ∈ ℤ | n < 30 ∧ ∃ x, y, z ∈ ℤ, x² + y² + z² = n}
Set( Filtered( T, IsUnder30 ) );
```

```
[ 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 16, 17, 18,
  19, 20, 21, 22, 24, 25, 26, 27, 29 ]
```

```
(b) DigitsInt := function ( n, base )
    local digits;
    digits := [];
    repeat
        Add( digits, RemInt( n, base ), 1 );
        n := QuoInt( n, base );
    until IsZero( n );
    return digits;
end;;

IsAllOddSortedList := function ( digits )
    return ForAll( digits, IsOddInt ) and
        IsSortedList( digits );
end;;

IsAllOddSortedDigitsInt := function ( n )
    return IsAllOddSortedList( DigitsInt( n, 10 ) );
end;;

Set( Filtered( [100 .. 999], IsAllOddSortedDigitsInt ) );
```

```
[ 111, 113, 115, 117, 119, 133, 135, 137, 139, 155, 157, 159,
  177, 179, 199, 333, 335, 337, 339, 355, 357, 359, 377, 379,
  399, 555, 557, 559, 577, 579, 599, 777, 779, 799, 999 ]
```

```
(c) Cartesian( [ 1, 2, 3 ], [ 1, FLOAT.PI ] );
```

```
[ [ 1, 1 ], [ 1, 3.14159 ], [ 2, 1 ], [ 2, 3.14159 ],
  [ 3, 1 ], [ 3, 3.14159 ] ]
```


3. (a) *Proof.*

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{x \in (A \cup B) \cup C}{x \in A \cup B \vee x \in C} \\
 \frac{x \in A \vee x \in B \vee x \in C}{x \in A \vee x \in B \cup C} \\
 \frac{x \in A \vee x \in B \cup C}{x \in A \cup (B \cup C)} \\
 \hline
 (A \cup B) \cup C \subseteq A \cup (B \cup C)
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 \frac{x \in A \cup (B \cup C)}{x \in A \vee x \in (B \cup C)} \\
 \frac{x \in A \vee x \in B \vee x \in C}{x \in A \cup B \vee x \in C} \\
 \frac{x \in A \cup B \vee x \in C}{x \in (A \cup B) \cup C} \\
 \hline
 A \cup (B \cup C) \subseteq (A \cup B) \cup C
 \end{array}$$

$$(A \cup B) \cup C = A \cup (B \cup C)$$

□

(b) *Proof.*

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{x \in (A \cap B) \cap C}{x \in A \cap B \wedge x \in C} \\
 \frac{x \in A \wedge x \in B \wedge x \in C}{x \in A \wedge x \in B \cap C} \\
 \frac{x \in A \wedge x \in B \cap C}{x \in A \cap (B \cap C)} \\
 \hline
 (A \cap B) \cap C \subseteq A \cap (B \cap C)
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 \frac{x \in A \cap (B \cap C)}{x \in A \wedge x \in (B \cap C)} \\
 \frac{x \in A \wedge x \in B \wedge x \in C}{x \in A \cap B \wedge x \in C} \\
 \frac{x \in A \cap B \wedge x \in C}{x \in (A \cap B) \cap C} \\
 \hline
 A \cap (B \cap C) \subseteq (A \cap B) \cap C
 \end{array}$$

$$(A \cap B) \cap C = A \cap (B \cap C)$$

□

(c) *Proof.*

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \frac{x \in A \setminus (A \setminus B)}{x \in A \wedge x \notin (A \setminus B)} \\
 \frac{x \in A \wedge (x \notin A \vee x \in B)}{x \in A \wedge x \in B} \\
 \frac{x \in A \wedge x \in B}{x \in A \cap B} \\
 \hline
 A \setminus (A \setminus B) \subseteq A \cap B
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{c}
 \frac{x \in A \cap B}{x \in A \wedge x \in B} \\
 \frac{x \in A \wedge x \notin A \setminus B}{x \in A \setminus (A \setminus B)} \\
 \hline
 A \cap B \subseteq A \setminus (A \setminus B)
 \end{array}$$

$$A \setminus (A \setminus B) = A \cap B$$

□