

The Wizard's Adventure Game ¹

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October 14, 2017 ²

In this game, you are a wizard's apprentice.
You'll explore the wizard's house.

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¹

Conrad Barski. *Land of Lisp: Learn to Program in Lisp, One Game at a Time!*, chapter 5, pages 67–84. No Starch Press, 2010. ISBN 9781593273491. URL <http://landoflisp.com>

² Last updated October 17, 2017

```
1  (* 1)≡
    (in-package :cl-user)
    (defpackage lol.wizard5
      (:use :cl)
      (:export :look
               :walk
               :pickup
               :inventory))
    (in-package :lol.wizard5)
```

⟨define the global variables 5⟩

This definition is continued in chunks 7, 15, 19, 22, 26, 28, 35, 40, and 42.

Root chunk (not used in this document).

Defines:

 lol.wizard5, used in chunks 49–51.

Uses inventory 42, look 28, pickup 40, and walk 35.

Setting the Scene

This world consists of only three locations:

- 2 1. `<The living room 2>≡`
 you are in the living room.
 a wizard is snoring loudly on the couch.
 This code is used in chunks 5, 50, and 51.
- 3 2. `<A beautiful garden 3>≡`
 you are in a beautiful garden.
 there is a well in front of you.
 This code is used in chunks 5 and 51.
- 4 3. `<The attic 4>≡`
 you are in the attic.
 there is a giant welding torch in the corner.
 This code is used in chunk 5.

5 `<define the global variables 5>≡`
 `(defparameter *nodes*`
 `'((living-room (<The living room 2>))`
 `(garden (<A beautiful garden 3>))`
 `(attic (<The attic 4>))))`

This definition is continued in chunks 14, 20, and 27.

This code is used in chunk 1.

Defines:

`*nodes*`, used in chunks 28 and 50.

`*nodes*` is simply an *association list* with locations as keys and the previous descriptions as values.

Describing the Location

To find the description, `<look up a location 6>` and take the `cadr`. Preferring the *functional programming* style, pass `nodes` as an argument, instead of referencing `*nodes*` directly.

7 `<* 1>+≡`
 `(defun describe-location (location nodes)`
 `(cadr <look up a location 6>))`

Defines:

`describe-location`, used in chunks 28 and 50.

6 `<look up a location 6>≡`
 `(assoc location nodes)`

This code is used in chunk 7.

Describing the Paths

From the **living-room**, you can move to the **garden** by going **west** through the **door**,

```
8 <garden door 8>≡
  THERE IS A DOOR GOING WEST FROM HERE.
```

This code is used in chunks 43 and 50.

```
9 <living-room paths 9>≡
  (garden west door)
```

This definition is continued in chunk 11.

This code is used in chunk 14.

... or to the **attic** by going **upstairs** via the **ladder**.

```
10 <attic ladder 10>≡
  THERE IS A LADDER GOING UPSTAIRS FROM HERE.
```

This code is used in chunk 43.

```
11 <living-room paths 9>+≡
  (attic upstairs ladder)
```

This code is used in chunk 14.

From the **garden**, you can move to the **living-room** by going **east** through the **door**.

```
12 <garden path 12>≡
  (living-room east door)
```

This code is used in chunk 14.

From the **attic**, you can move to the **living-room** by going **downstairs** via the **ladder**.

```
13 <attic path 13>≡
  (living-room downstairs ladder)
```

This code is used in chunk 14.

With those symbolic paths, we can

To describe a path, take the means (**caddr**) and direction (**cadr**) and return a descriptive list.

```
15 <* 1>+≡
  (defun describe-path (edge)
    '(there is a ,(caddr edge) going ,(cadr edge) from here.))
```

Defines:

describe-path, used in chunk 50.

```
14 <define the global variables 5>+≡
  (defparameter *edges*
    '((living-room <living-room paths 9>)
      (garden      <garden path 12>)
      (attic       <attic path 13>))))
```

This code is used in chunk 1.

Defines:

edges, used in chunks 28, 29,
and 50.

Describing Multiple Paths at Once

To describe multiple paths:

16 1. *Find the relevant edges. 16* \equiv
 (cdr (assoc location edges))

This code is used in chunk 19.

17 2. *Convert the edges to descriptions. 17* \equiv
 mapcar #'describe-path

This code is used in chunk 19.

18 3. *Join the descriptions. 18* \equiv
 apply #'append

This code is used in chunks 19 and 26.

19 *(* 1)* \equiv
 (defun describe-paths (location edges)
 (*Join the descriptions. 18*)
 (*Convert the edges to descriptions. 17*)
 (*Find the relevant edges. 16*)))

Defines:

describe-paths, used in chunks 28 and 50.

Describing Objects at a Specific Location

20 *define the global variables 5* \equiv
 (defparameter *objects* '(whiskey bucket frog chain))

 (defparameter *object-locations*
 '((whiskey living-room)
 (bucket living-room)
 (chain garden)
 (frog garden)))

This code is used in chunk 1.

Defines:

object-locations, used in chunks 28, 37, 38, 41, 50, and 51.

objects, used in chunks 28, 37, 41, 50, and 51.

22 *(* 1)* \equiv
 (defun objects-at (loc objs obj-locs)
 (labels (*at-loc-p 21*)
 (remove-if-not #'at-loc-p objs)))

Defines:

objects-at, used in chunks 23, 37, 41, 50, and 51.

21 *at-loc-p 21* \equiv
 (at-loc-p (obj)
 (eq (cadr (assoc obj obj-locs)) loc))

This code is used in chunk 22.

Describing Visible Objects

To describe the objects visible at a given location:

- 23 1. *Find the objects at the current location. 23* \equiv
`(objects-at loc objs obj-loc)`

This code is used in chunk 26.

Uses `objects-at` 22.

- 24 2. *Convert the objects to descriptions. 24* \equiv
`mapcar #'describe-obj`

This code is used in chunk 26.

3. *Join the descriptions. 18*

- 25 *describe-obj 25* \equiv
`(describe-obj (obj)
 '(you see a ,obj on the floor.))`

This code is used in chunk 26.

- 26 *1* \equiv
`(defun describe-objects (loc objs obj-loc)
 (labels ((describe-obj 25)
 (Join the descriptions. 18)
 ((Convert the objects to descriptions. 24)
 (Find the objects at the current location. 23))))`

Defines:

`describe-objects`, used in chunks 28, 50, and 51.

Describing It All

- 28 *1* \equiv
`(defun look ()
 (append (describe-location *location* *nodes*)
 (describe-paths *location* *edges*)
 (describe-objects *location* *objects* *object-locations*)))`

N.B. The `look` function is **not** functional, since it reads global variables.

- 27 *define the global variables 5* \equiv
`(defparameter *location* 'living-room)`

Defines:

`look`, used in chunks 1, 34, and 51.

Uses `*edges*` 14, `*location*` 27, `*nodes*` 5, `*object-locations*` 20, `*objects*` 20, `describe-location` 7, `describe-objects` 26, and `describe-paths` 19.

This code is used in chunk 1.

Defines:

`*location*`, used in chunks 28, 29, 32, and 37.

Walking Around in Our World

Given a **direction**, *locate the path marked with the appropriate direction 31* and *try to go in that direction 34*. Since the **direction** will be there, *match against the cadr of each path 30*.

- 29 *look up the available walkings paths 29* \equiv
`(cdr (assoc *location* *edges*))`

This code is used in chunk 31.

Uses `*edges*` 14 and `*location*` 27.

- 31 *locate the path marked with the appropriate direction 31* \equiv
`(find direction
 (look up the available walkings paths 29)
 (match against the cadr of each path 30))`

This code is used in chunk 35.

- 30 *match against the cadr of each path 30* \equiv
`:key #'cadr`

This code is used in chunk 31.

If such a path is found, *<adjust the player's position 32>*, otherwise *<admonish the player 33>*.

```
34 <try to go in that direction 34>≡
    (if next
      (progn <adjust the player's position 32>
              (look))
      <admonish the player 33>))
```

This code is used in chunk 35.
Uses look 28.

```
35 <* 1>+≡
    (defun walk (direction)
      (let ((next <locate the path marked with the appropriate direction 31>))
        <try to go in that direction 34>)))
```

Defines:
walk, used in chunks 1 and 51.

Picking Up Objects

To determine if *<the object is on the floor 36>*,

```
37 <get the list of objects here 37>≡
    (objects-at *location* *objects* *object-locations*)
```

This code is used in chunk 36.
Uses *location* 27, *object-locations* 20, *objects* 20, and objects-at 22.

... and check if *object* is a *member*. If so...

```
38 <pick it up 38>≡
    (push (list object 'body) *object-locations*)
    '(you are now carrying the ,object)
```

This code is used in chunk 40.
Uses *object-locations* 20.

Otherwise...

```
39 <you cannot get that. 39>≡
    '(you cannot get that.)
```

This code is used in chunks 40 and 51.

Checking Our Inventory

To check our inventory, we *<retrieve the list of carried objects 41>* and prepend (a.k.a. *cons*) the symbol *items-*.

```
41 <retrieve the list of carried objects 41>≡
    (objects-at 'body *objects* *object-locations*)
```

This code is used in chunk 42.
Uses *object-locations* 20, *objects* 20, and objects-at 22.

```
32 <adjust the player's position 32>≡
    (setf *location* (car next))
```

This code is used in chunk 34.
Uses *location* 27.

```
33 <admonish the player 33>≡
    '(you cannot go that way.)
```

This code is used in chunks 34 and 51.

```
36 <the object is on the floor 36>≡
    (member object <get the list of objects here 37>))
```

This code is used in chunk 40.

```
40 <* 1>+≡
    (defun pickup (object)
      (if <the object is on the floor 36>
        (progn <pick it up 38>
                <you cannot get that. 39>))
        <you cannot get that. 39>)))
```

Defines:
pickup, used in chunks 1 and 51.

```

42  ⟨* 1⟩+≡
    (defun inventory ()
      (cons 'items- ⟨retrieve the list of carried objects 41⟩))

```

Defines:

inventory, used in chunks 1 and 51.

Tests

```

49  ⟨test/wizard5.lisp 49⟩≡
    (in-package :lol.wizard5)

```

```
(prove:plan 2)
```

```
⟨Test the private functions in lol.wizard5 50⟩
```

```
⟨Test the exported functions in lol.wizard5. 51⟩
```

```
(prove:finalize)
```

Root chunk (not used in this document).

Uses lol.wizard5 1.

lol.wizard5 (Private Parts)

```

50  ⟨Test the private functions in lol.wizard5 50⟩≡
    (prove:subtest "lol.wizard5 (Private Parts)"
      (prove:is (describe-location 'living-room *nodes*)
        '(⟨The living room 2⟩))
      (prove:is (describe-path '(garden west door))
        '(⟨garden door 8⟩))
      (prove:is (describe-paths 'living-room *edges*)
        '(⟨living-room path descriptions 43⟩))
      (prove:is (describe-objects 'living-room *objects* *object-locations*)
        '(⟨living-room object descriptions 44⟩))
      (prove:is (objects-at 'living-room *objects* *object-locations*)
        '(WHISKEY BUCKET)))

```

This code is used in chunk 49.

Uses *edges* 14, *nodes* 5, *object-locations* 20, *objects* 20, describe-location 7, describe-objects 26, describe-path 15, describe-paths 19, lol.wizard5 1, and objects-at 22.

```

43  ⟨living-room path descriptions 43⟩≡
    ⟨garden door 8⟩
    ⟨attic ladder 10⟩

```

This code is used in chunks 50 and 51.

```

44  ⟨living-room object descriptions 44⟩≡
    YOU SEE A WHISKEY ON THE FLOOR.
    YOU SEE A BUCKET ON THE FLOOR.

```

This code is used in chunks 50 and 51.

```

45  ⟨garden path description 45⟩≡
    THERE IS A DOOR GOING EAST FROM HERE.

```

This code is used in chunk 51.

```

46  ⟨garden object descriptions 46⟩≡
    YOU SEE A FROG ON THE FLOOR.
    YOU SEE A CHAIN ON THE FLOOR.

```

This code is used in chunk 51.

```

47  ⟨You've got whiskey! 47⟩≡
    '(YOU ARE NOW CARRYING THE WHISKEY)

```

This code is used in chunk 51.

```

48  ⟨All you have is whiskey. 48⟩≡
    '(ITEMS- WHISKEY)

```

This code is used in chunk 51.

`lol.wizard5` (Public API)

```

51 <Test the exported functions in lol.wizard5. 51>≡
    (prove:subtest "lol.wizard5 (Public API)"
      (prove:is (look)
        '(<The living room 2>
          <living-room path descriptions 43>
          <living-room object descriptions 44>)))
      (prove:subtest "Pick up the whiskey"
        (prove:is (pickup 'whiskey)
          <You've got whiskey! 47>))
        (prove:is (objects-at 'living-room *objects* *object-locations*)
          '(BUCKET))
        (prove:is (describe-objects 'living-room *objects* *object-locations*)
          '(YOU SEE A BUCKET ON THE FLOOR.)))
      (prove:is (pickup 'the-pace)
        <you cannot get that. 39>))
      (prove:is (walk 'west)
        '(<A beautiful garden 3>
          <garden path description 45>
          <garden object descriptions 46>)))
      (prove:is (walk 'south)
        <admonish the player 33>))
      (prove:is (inventory)
        <All you have is whiskey. 48>)))

```

This code is used in chunk 49.

Uses `*object-locations*` 20, `*objects*` 20, `describe-objects` 26, `inventory` 42,
`lol.wizard5` 1, `look` 28, `objects-at` 22, `pickup` 40, and `walk` 35.

Running the Tests

Describe prove

54 `<Run the system tests. 54>≡`
`(prove:run-test-system :lol-test)`

This code is used in chunk 55.

55 `<Run the system tests and exit. 55>≡`
`(uiop:quit (if <Run the system tests. 54> 0 1))`

This code is used in chunk 61.

Describe nix-shell shebang

56 `<script header 56>≡`
`#!/usr/bin/env nix-shell`
`#! nix-shell -i sh -p sbcl`

This definition is continued in chunks 57 and 58.

This code is used in chunk 61.

61 `<bin/runtests 61>≡`
`<script header 56>`
`-eval "<Load the test package. 59>" \`
`-eval "<Run the system tests and exit. 55>"`

`<script footer 60>`

Root chunk (not used in this document).

`$./bin/runtests`

`✓ 2 tests completed (0ms)`

Summary:

`All 1 file passed.`

62 `<init.lisp 62>≡`
`#-quicklisp`
`(let ((quicklisp-init (merge-pathnames "quicklisp/setup.lisp"`
`(user-homedir-pathname))))`
`(when (probe-file quicklisp-init)`
`(load quicklisp-init)))`
`(push (concatenate 'string (sb-posix:getcwd) "/"`
`asdf:*central-registry*))`

Root chunk (not used in this document).

52 `<Set the exit status. 52>≡`
`(if (null failures) 0 1)`

Root chunk (not used in this document).

53 `<Exit with an appropriate status code. 53>≡`
`(sb-posix:exit status)`

Root chunk (not used in this document).

Run sbcl quietly:

`<script header 56>+≡`
`sbcl -noinform -non-interactive \`

This code is used in chunk 61.

Load `<init.lisp 62>` as the user initialization file:

58 `<script header 56>+≡`
`-userinit init.lisp \`

This code is used in chunk 61.

59 `<Load the test package. 59>≡`
`(asdf:load-system :lol-test)`

This code is used in chunk 61.

60 `<script footer 60>≡`
`# Local Variables:`
`# mode: sh`
`# End:`

This code is used in chunk 61.

Full Listing

```

11 (defparameter *nodes*
12   '((living-room (you are in the living room.
13                 a wizard is snoring loudly on the couch.))
14     (garden      (you are in a beautiful garden.
15                 there is a well in front of you.))
16     (attic       (you are in the attic.
17                 there is a giant welding torch in the corner.))))
18
19 (defparameter *edges*
20   '((living-room (garden west door)
21                 (attic upstairs ladder))
22     (garden      (living-room east door))
23     (attic       (living-room downstairs ladder))))
24
25 (defparameter *objects* '(whiskey bucket frog chain))
26
27 (defparameter *object-locations*
28   '((whiskey living-room)
29     (bucket living-room)
30     (chain garden)
31     (frog garden)))
32
33 (defparameter *location* 'living-room)
34
35
36 (defun describe-location (location nodes)
37   (cadr (assoc location nodes)))
38
39
40 (defun describe-path (edge)
41   `(there is a ,(caddr edge) going ,(caddr edge) from here.))
42
43
44 (defun describe-paths (location edges)
45   (apply #'append
46          (mapcar #'describe-path
47                  (cdr (assoc location edges)))))

```

```

50 (defun objects-at (loc objs obj-locs)
51   (labels ((at-loc-p (obj)
52             (eq (cadr (assoc obj obj-locs)) loc)))
53     (remove-if-not #'at-loc-p objs)))
54
55
56 (defun describe-objects (loc objs obj-loc)
57   (labels ((describe-obj (obj)
58             `(you see a ,obj on the floor.)))
59     (apply #'append
60            (mapcar #'describe-obj
61                     (objects-at loc objs obj-loc)))))
62
63
64 (defun look ()
65   (append (describe-location *location* *nodes*)
66           (describe-paths *location* *edges*)
67           (describe-objects *location* *objects* *object-locations*)))
68
69
70 (defun walk (direction)
71   (let ((next (find direction
72                     (cdr (assoc *location* *edges*))
73                     :key #'cadr)))
74     (if next
75         (progn (setf *location* (car next))
76                (look))
77         '(you cannot go that way.)))
78
79
80 (defun pickup (object)
81   (if (member object (objects-at *location* *objects* *object-locations*))
82       (progn (push (list object 'body) *object-locations*)
83              `(you are now carrying the ,object))
84       '(you cannot get that.)))
85
86
87 (defun inventory ()
88   (cons 'items- (objects-at 'body *objects* *object-locations*)))

```

Chunks

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Glossary

association list a list of **conses** representing an association of keys with values, where the **car** of each **cons** is the key and the **cdr** is the associated value [Pitman, 2005]. 2

caddr

write me

3

cadr

write me

2, 3

car

- the first component of a **cons**; the other is the **cdr**.
• the first element of a list, or **nil** if the list is the empty list.
- the object that is held in the **car**. “The function **car** returns the **car** of a **cons**.”

Pitman [2005] 13

cdr

write me

13

cons

write me

13

nil

write me

13

References

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