# Abstract Binding Trees

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#### 1 Preliminaries

Fix a set  $\mathscr{S}$  of *sorts*. We will say s *sort* when  $s \in S$ . A valence  $\{\vec{p}\}[\vec{q}]$  *s* specifies an expression of sort s which binds symbols in  $\vec{p}$  and variables in  $\vec{q}$ .

$$\frac{s \ sort \ p_i \ sort \ (i \le m) \ q_i \ sort \ (i \le n)}{\left\{p_0, \dots, p_m\right\} \left[q_0, \dots, q_n\right]. \ s \ valence}$$

An arity  $(\vec{v})s$  specifies an operator of sort s with arguments of valences  $\vec{v}$ . We will call the set of valences  $\mathcal{V}$ , and the set of arities  $\mathcal{A}$ .

$$\frac{s \ sort \ v_i \ valence \ (i \le n)}{(v_0, ..., v_n) \ s \ arity}$$

Let  $\mathbb{I}$  be an infinite set of symbols; let  $\mathbb{F}$  be the free cocartesian category over  $\mathbb{I}$ . Then, fix a covariant presheaf of operators  $\mathscr{O}: \mathbb{F} \times \mathscr{A} \to \mathbf{Set}$  such that the arrows in  $\mathbb{F}$  lift to renamings of operators' parameters; via the Grothendieck construction, we can also consider the set  $\int \mathscr{O}$  of operators  $(U, \varrho, \vartheta)$  for  $\vartheta \in \mathscr{O}(U, \varrho)$ .

$$\frac{\vartheta \in \mathcal{O}(U,\varrho)}{U \Vdash \vartheta : \varrho}$$

The judgment  $U \Vdash \vartheta : \varrho$  enjoys the structural properties of weakening and exchange via the functoriality of  $\mathscr{O}$ .

**Examples** Operators are defined by specifying the fibres of  $\int \mathcal{O}$  in which they reside. For instance, consider the lambda calculus with a single sort,  $\exp$ ; we give its signature by asserting the following about its operators:

$$U \Vdash \lambda : (\{\cdot\} \, [\exp] \, . \, \exp) \exp$$
 
$$U \Vdash \mathsf{ap} : (\{\cdot\} \, [\cdot] \, . \, \exp), \{\cdot\} \, [\cdot] \, . \, \exp) \exp$$

So far, we have made no use of symbols and parameters; however, consider the extension of the calculus with assignables (references):

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U \Vdash \mathsf{decl} : (\{\cdot\} [\cdot] \cdot \mathsf{exp}, \{\mathsf{exp}\} [\cdot] \cdot \mathsf{exp}) \mathsf{exp}
U, u \Vdash \mathsf{get}[u] : (\cdot) \mathsf{exp}
U, u \Vdash \mathsf{set}[u] : (\{\cdot\} [\cdot] \cdot \mathsf{exp}) \mathsf{exp}
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Declaring a new assignable consists in providing an initial value, and an expression with a free symbol (which shall represent the assignable in scope). Weakening can be seen as inducing a "degeneracy map" on operators, whereas a renaming  $u \mapsto v$  will take get[u] to get[v].

### 2 Contexts

In general, we will have three kinds of context: metavariable contexts, variable contexts, and symbol (parameter) contexts. A metavariable context  $\Omega$  consists of bindings of valences to metavariables; a variable context  $\Gamma$  is a collection of bindings of sorts to variables, and a parameter context  $\Upsilon$  is a collection of bindings of sorts to symbols.

$$\frac{\Omega \ mctx \quad v \ valence \quad \mathbf{M} \notin |\Omega|}{\Omega, \, \mathbf{M} : v \ mctx}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \ vctx \quad s \ sort \quad x \notin |\Gamma|}{\Gamma, x : s \ vctx}$$

$$\frac{\Upsilon \ vctx \quad s \ sort \quad u \notin |\Upsilon|}{\Upsilon, u : s \ sctx}$$

## 3 Abstract Binding Trees

Let the judgment  $\Omega \triangleright \Upsilon \parallel \Gamma \vdash M : s$  presuppose  $\Omega$  mctx,  $\Upsilon$  sctx,  $\Gamma$  vctx and s sort, meaning that M is an abstract binding tree of sort s, with metavariables in  $\Omega$ , parameters in  $\Upsilon$ , and variables in  $\Gamma$ . Let the judgment  $\Omega \triangleright \Upsilon \parallel \Gamma \vdash E : v$  presuppose v valence. Then, the syntax of abstract binding trees is inductively defined in four rules:

$$\begin{split} \frac{\Gamma \ni x : s}{\Omega \rhd \Upsilon \parallel \Gamma \vdash x : s} \ var \\ \Omega \ni M : & \left\{ p_0, \dots, p_m \right\} \left[ q_0, \dots, q_n \right] . s \\ \Upsilon \ni u_i : p_i \quad (i \le m) \\ \Omega \rhd \Upsilon \parallel \Gamma \vdash M_i : q_i \quad (i \le n) \\ \hline{\Omega \rhd \Upsilon \parallel \Gamma \vdash M \left\{ u_0, \dots, u_m \right\} \left( M_0, \dots, M_n \right) : s} \ mvar \\ & \frac{|\Upsilon| \Vdash \vartheta : v_1, \dots, v_n}{\Omega \rhd \Upsilon \parallel \Gamma \vdash E_i : q_i \quad (i \le n)} \ app \\ \hline{\Omega \rhd \Upsilon \parallel \Gamma \vdash \vartheta \left( E_0, \dots, E_n \right) : s} \ app \\ \hline{\Omega \rhd \Upsilon \parallel \Gamma \vdash \left( \left\{ \overrightarrow{u} \right\} \left[ \overrightarrow{x} \right] . E \right) : \left( \left\{ \overrightarrow{p} \right\} \left[ \overrightarrow{q} \right] . s \right)} \ abs \end{split}$$