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\#-*- coding:utf-8 -*-
import tkinter as tk
import random
import pandas as pd
brickData = {'col':12, 'row':3, 'width':50, 'height':25, 'color1':'saddlebrown',
color2':'rosybrown'}
paddleData = {'color':'black', 'width':100, 'height':5, 'speed':15}
ballData = {'color': 'red', 'size':20, 'speed':2}
class BrickApp(tk.Tk);
    def __init__(self):
    tk.Tk.__init__(self)
         self.geometry('700x650')
self.resizable(width=False, height=False)
self.title('블록 깨기')
         self.playingFrame = PlayingFrame(self)
         self.playingFrame.pack()
         self.controlFrame = ControlFrame(self)
         self.controlFrame.pack()
         #self.playingFrame.startgame()
class PlayingFrame(tk.Frame):
    def __init__(self, parent):
         tk.Frame.__init__(self, parent)
self.pack()
         self.shapeobjects = {}
         self.count = 0
self.score = tk.Label(self, text='블록 갯수 : ' + str(self.count), padx=10, pady=10)
         self.score.pack()
         self.playground = tk.Canvas(self, background='white', width=600, height=550)
         self.playground.pack()
         self.playground.create_text(300, 200, font=('Arial', 14), text='게임을 시작하려면 시작
버튼을 선택하세요!', justify=tk.CENTER)
         self.brick = None
         self.paddle = None
         self.ball = None
    def startgame(self):
         self.shapeobjects = {}
         self.playground.delete(tk.ALL)
         self.boundary = Boundary(self)
                                                     # 상단 및 좌우 벽에 대한 객체
         self.brick = Brick(self)
         self.paddle = Paddle(self)
         self.ball = Ball(self)
         self.bind('<Left>', self.arrowKeyPressed)
self.bind('<Right>', self.arrowKeyPressed)
         self.focus_set()
         flag1 = False
         flag2 = False
         while not flag1 and not flag2:
              self.moveball()
              flag1 = self.checkboundary()
              flag2 = self.checkoverlap()
                                                   1 페이지
```

## BrickApp

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def arrowKeyPressed(self, event):
        if event.keysym == 'Left' and self.paddle.position['x']>=5 :
    paddleData['speed'] = -5
elif event.keysym=='Right' and self.paddle.position['x']+paddleData['width'] <= 595 :
    paddleData['speed'] = 5</pre>
        else:
             paddleData['speed'] = 0
        self.paddle.position['x'] += paddleData['speed']
         self.playground.move('paddle', paddleData['speed'], 0)
        self.playground.update()
    def moveball(self):
         self.playground.move('ball', self.ball.dx, self.ball.dy)
         self.playground.after(20)
         self.playground.update()
    # 삭제 대상 메쏘드 --> checkoverlap 메쏘드와 통합
    def checkboundary(self):
         endflag = False
         rightBound = 600 - ballData['size']
        bottomBound = 550
        newX = self.ball.position['x'] + self.ball.dx
newY = self.ball.position['y'] + self.ball.dy
         if newX<0:
             self.ball.position['x'] = 0
             self.ball.dx = -self.ball.dx
        elif newX>rightBound:
             self.ball.position['x'] = rightBound
             self.ball.dx = -self.ball.dx
        else :
             self.ball.position['x'] = newX
         if newY<0:
             self.ball.position['y'] = 0
self.ball.dy = -self.ball.dy
         elif newY >= bottomBound :
             self.playground.create_text(300, 200, font=('Arial', 14), text='게임 종료 !',
fill='red', justify=tk.CENTER)
             endflag = True
         else:
             self.ball.position['y'] = newY
         return endflag
    def checkoverlap(self):
         endflag = False
         tmp = self.playground.coords(self.ball.gameball)
         x1=tmp[0]
        v1=tmp[1]
         x2=tmp[2]
        y2=tmp[3]
        overlapped_list = self.playground.find_overlapping(x1, y1, x2, y2)
         for k,v in self.shapeobjects.items():
             if v in overlapped_list:
                  self.ball.dy = -self.ball.dy
                  if k != 'paddle':
                      self.playground.delete(self.shapeobjects[k])
                      self.count += 1
                      if len(self.shapeobjects.keys()) == 1:
                                                  2 페이지
```

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BrickApp
                           endflag = True
         self.score.config(text='블록 갯수 : ' + str(self.count))
         return endflag
# 구현 대상 클래스
class Boundary:
    def __init__(self, frame):
         # 상단, 좌우 벽에 대한 객체를 생성하여 playingframe의 shapeobjects에 추가
         # 볼 객체와의 overlapping여부를 확인할 때 사용
class Brick:
    def __init__(self, frame):
         for x in range(brickData['col']):
              for y in range(brickData['row']+1):
    name = 'brick'+str(x) + str(y)
    startpoint = [x*brickData['width'], 50+y*brickData['height']]
    endpoint = [(x+1)*brickData['width'], 50+(y+1)*brickData['height']]
if (x+2)***
                   if (x+y)\%2 = 0
                       frame.shapeobjects[name] = frame.playground.create_rectangle(startpoint[0],
startpoint[1], endpoint[0], endpoint[1],
outline='black', fill=brickData['color1'])
                  else:
frame.shapeobjects[name] = frame.playground.create_rectangle(startpoint[0],
startpoint[1], endpoint[0], endpoint[1],
outline='black', fill=brickData['color2'])
class Paddle:
    def __init__(self, frame):
         \overline{\text{self.position}} = \{ 'x' : 250, 'y' : 540 \}
         frame.shapeobjects['paddle'] = frame.playground.create_rectangle(self.position['x'].
self.position['y'],
                                                  self.position['x']+paddleData['width'],
self.position['y']+paddleData['height'],
                                                  fill = paddleData['color'], tag='paddle')
class Ball:
     def __init__(self, frame):
         self.position = {}
self.position['x'] = random.randint(0, 600)
self.position['y'] = 150
         #self.dx = random.randint(-1, 1)*ballData['speed']
#self.dy = random.randint(-1, 1)*ballData['speed']
         self.dx = 5; self.dy = 5
         self.position['y']+ballData['size'].
                                                             fill = ballData['color'], tag='ball')
class ControlFrame(tk.Frame):
    def __init__(self, parent):
    tk.Frame.__init__(self, parent)
    self.pack()
         self.parent = parent
```

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## BrickApp

```
self.playBtn = tk.Button(self, text='시 작', width=10, pady=5, command=self.parent.playingFrame.startgame) self.playBtn.pack(side=tk.LEFT)

self.exitBtn = tk.Button(self, text='종 료', width=10, pady=5, command=self.parent.quit) self.exitBtn.pack(side=tk.LEFT)

def main():
    myapp = BrickApp()
    myapp.mainloop()
```