

# {PROJECT\_3 : GANS}

Gans is a startup developing an e-scooter-sharing system. It aspires to operate in the most populous cities all around the world. In each city, it will have hundreds of e-scooters parked in the streets and allows users to rent them by the minute.

The task will be to collect data from external sources that can potentially help Gans predict e-scooter movement. Since data is needed every day, in real time and accessible by everyone in the company.

# ['METHODS', 'TOOLS', 'RESOURCES']

- → Web Scraping
  - ◆ Python Beautifulsoup
    - Wikipedia
- → Data with APIs
  - Python Requests
    - Open Weather and Rapid API
- → Data Storage
  - ♦ MySQL Local and Python SQLAlchemy
- → Cloud Pipeline
  - ◆ MySQL Cloud and AWS Lambda Functions

# **#WEB SCRAPING#**

> The first requests were started with collecting demographic data for the largest European cities from Wikipedia.

Moscow <sup>[b]</sup>	Russia	12,632,409	1 January 2022		
London	United Kingdom	9,002,488	30 June 2020	8,173,941	© 51.507222°N 0.1275°W
Saint Petersburg	Russia	5,376,672	1 January 2022		
Berlin	Germany	3,664,088	31 December 2020	3,460,725	© 52.516667°N 13.3833333°E
Madrid	Spain	3,305,408	1 January 2021	3,198,645	<b>4</b> 0.383333°N 3.716667°W
Kyiv	Ukraine	2,920,873	1 January 2021		<b>○</b> 50.45°N 30.523333°E
Rome	<b>■</b> Italy	2,844,750	1 January 2021	2,873,494	<b>♀</b> 41.9°N 12.5°E
Bucharest	Romania	2,161,347	1 July 2021	1,903,299	44.4325°N 26.103889°E
Paris	France	2,139,907	1 January 2022	2,249,977	48.8567°N 2.3508°E
Minsk	Belarus	2,009,786	1 January 2021		

> Demographic data contents were pulled out with Python Beautifulsoup.

```
requests.get('https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/city')

city= ['Moscow','London','Saint Petersburg','Berlin','Madrid','Kyiv','Rome','Bucharest','Paris','Minsk']

URL= "https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/"

for c in city:
    req = requests.get(URL + str(city) + '/')
    soup = bs(req.text, 'html.parser')

    titles = soup.find_all('div',attrs={'class','head'})
```

> After web scraping, all data were collected under the desired titles (latitude, longitude etc.), cleaned and saved as a 'csv' file.

#### **#DATA** with APIs#

> Two different API sources were used for weather and flight information.

### **Weather-OpenWeatherMap**

- > Registered OpenWeatherMap and then accessed the free API Key.
- > 3-hour and 5-day forecast APIs were used as weather conditions.

```
city = 'cities'
API_key = 'YOUR_API_KEY_HERE'

url = (f"http://api.openweathermap.org/data/2.5/forecast?q={city}&appid={API_key}&units=metric")

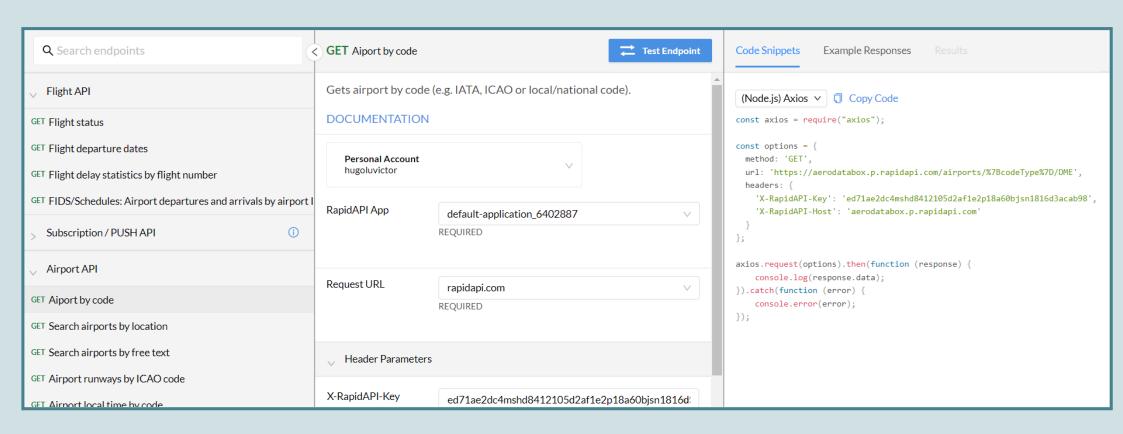
response = requests.get(url)
json = response.json()

json
```

> Responses were received in 5 days and 8 different times of the day, that's why the json list was iterated each time, so only the data of emphasis were selected.

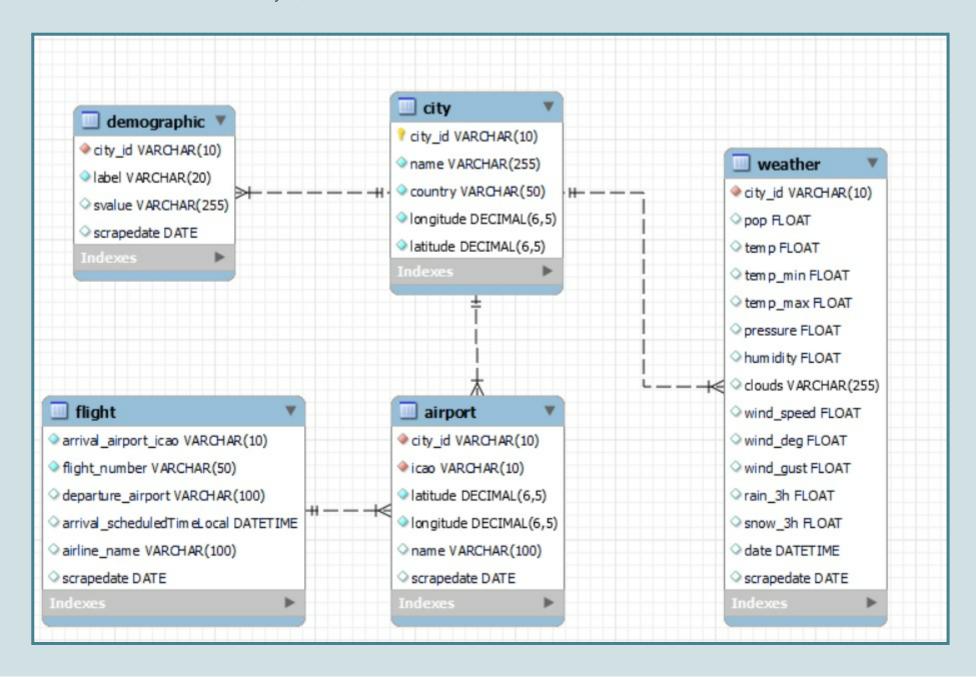
#### Flights- AeroDataBox

- > AeroDataBox data is only accessible via RapidAPI and only 200 queries per month are free.
- > All airports were listed with ICAO codes and saved as csv files.



#### **#DATA STORAGE#**

> A local database was created in MySQL Workbench to transfer all the obtained data.

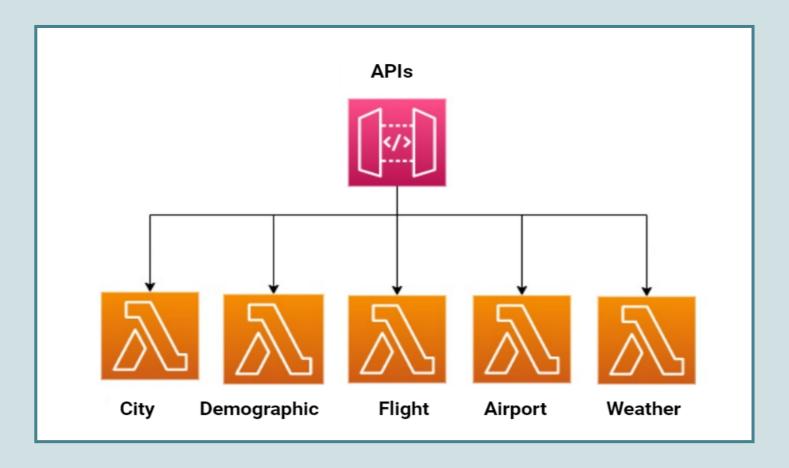


> Through SQLAlchemy, all query results were transferred to the MySQL local Database that we created before.

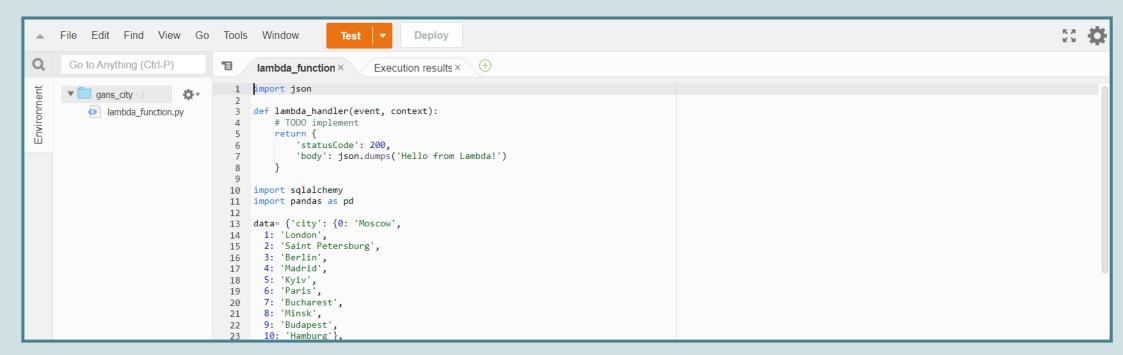
```
schema="gans"
host="127.0.0.1"
user="root"
password="mypassword"
port=3306
con = f'mysql+pymysql://{user}:{password}@{host}:{port}/{schema}'
```

## **#CLOUD PIPELINE#**

> Amazon AWS account was opened as a Cloud Database and connection with the local database was established.



> The database, which was migrated to AWS, started to be managed completely over the cloud through Lambda functions.



> Thanks to the AWS Event Bridge service, Lambda functions can be run in the desired time period with an automatic schedule by adding triggers. However, trigger is not used in this project due to API query limits.

