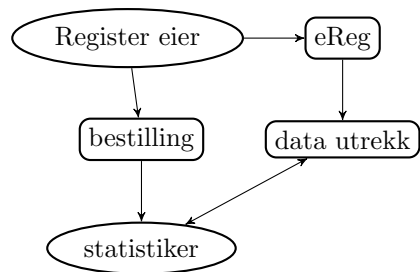
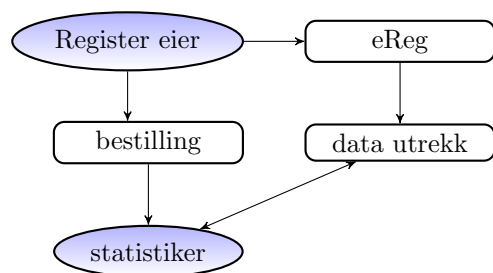


Usual way to connect nodes with path



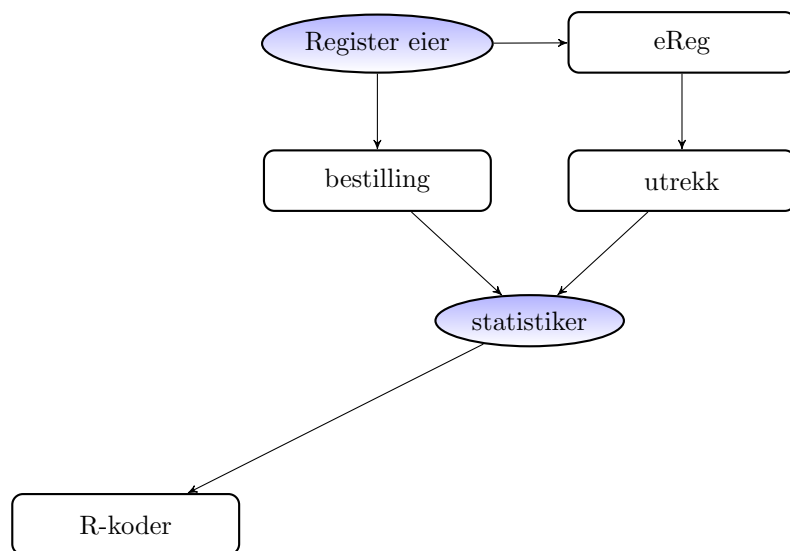
Arrow under ellipse to rectangle with `-|` as path ID



In case someone needs it, this syntax is explained in pgfmanual section "13.3.1 Intersections of Perpendicular Lines".

`(<p> |- <q>)` or `(<q> -| <p>)` represent a coordinate at intersection point between a vertical line passing through coordinate `<p>` and an horizontal passing through `<q>`. You can use named coordinates like `(bestil.north |- eier.south)` that is used here or numeric pairs like in `(2,1 |- 3,4)`.

To get alle the nodes aligned for both ellipse and rectangle, the structure starts from the middle i.e `bestil` and specify the direction from there. But using `below=` of `stat` as in `positioning` package doesn't locate the `kode` right below `stat` node.



Use calc package to position node like this:

```
\node [bulat] (stat) at ((bestil)!0.5!(ut) + (0,-2)) {statistiker};
```

