## 1.5 Linear Independence

## Homogeneous Linear Systems

Given vectors  $\{v_1, v_2, ... v_p\} \in \mathbb{R}^n$ . We will solve the system of equations  $x_1 v_2 + x_2 v_2 + ... + x_p v_p = 0$ .  $v_1 v_1, ..., x_p v_p$  are vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^n$  that we will be solving for and eventually give us values for  $x_1, x_2, ..., x_p$ .

## Two Cases

- 1) If  $x_1=0, x_2=0,...,x_p=0$  then we say that the set $\{v_1,v_2,...,v_p\}$  is linearly independent.
  - 2) If  $x_1, ..., x_p$  are not all zeros, then the set $\{v_1, v_2, ..., v_p\}$  is linearly dependent.

Ex 1 p60

$$v_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\3 \end{bmatrix} v_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 4\\5\\6 \end{bmatrix} v_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 2\\1\\0 \end{bmatrix}$$

1A. Determine if the set  $\{v_1, v_2, v_3\}$  is linearly independent. 2B. If possible find a linear dependence relation among  $v_1, v_2, v_3$ .

A) 
$$x_1v_1 + x_2v_2 + x_3v_3 = 0$$
,  $v_1, ...v_p$  are vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 5 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 6 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & -3 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x_1, x_2 = \text{pivot}, x_3 = \text{free}$$

$$x_3 = 1, \ x_2 = -1, \ x_1 = -4x_2 - 2x_3 \to 2$$

(2,-1,1) is a solution. So the set  $\{v_1,v_2,v_3\}$  is linearly dependent.

B) Linear Dependence Relation

$$2v_1 - v_2 + v_3 = 0$$

Ex 2 p61

Determine if the columns of a matrix, A are linearly independent.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & -2 \\ 5 & 8 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

 $x_1c_1 + x_2c_2 + x_3c_3 = 0$ , is what we are solving for where  $c_n$  represents a column.

$$x_1 \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} + x_2 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 8 \end{bmatrix} + x_3 \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 5 & 8 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Ax = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 4 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 5 & 8 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 13 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x_3 = 0$$
,  $x_2 = 0$ ,  $x_1 = 0$ , linearly independent

Due to no free variables existing. Meaning that there is only a trivial solution for the equation Ax = 0 thus the columns of A are linearly independent.