

The case $|P| = 3$.

- (1) $P = \{p, q, r\}$, $N_P(a) = pq$, $N_P(b) = r$.
- (2) $P = \{p, q, r\}$, $N_P(a) = p$, $N_P(b) = q$, $N_P(a + b) = 1$.
- (3) $P = \{p, q, r\}$, $N_P(a) = p$, $N_P(b) = q$, $N_P(a + b) = r$.
 - (i) $p = 2$,
 - (ii) $p, q \neq 2$.