695. Max Area of Island

return maxArea

Medium

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You are given an m \times n binary matrix grid. An island is a group of 1's (representing land) connected 4-directionally (horizontal or vertical.) You may assume all four edges of the grid are surrounded by water.
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The area of an island is the number of cells with a value 1 in the island.

Return the maximum area of an island in grid. If there is no island, return 0.

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class Solution:
def maxAreaOfIsland(self, grid: List[List[int]]) -> int:
   if not grid:
       return 0
   rows, cols = len(grid), len(grid[0])
   visited = set()
   maxArea = 0
   def dfs(r, c):
        if ((r,c) in visited or
               r not in range(rows) or
                c not in range(cols) or
                grid[r][c] == 0 ):
            return 0
        visited.add((r,c))
        return 1 + dfs(r+1,c) + dfs(r-1,c) + dfs(r,c+1) + dfs(r,c-1)
   for row in range(rows):
        for col in range(cols):
            if (grid[row][col] == 1 and
                    (row, col) not in visited):
                island area = dfs(row, col)
                maxArea = max(maxArea, island_area)
```

```
class Solution:
def maxAreaOfIsland(self, grid: List[List[int]]) -> int:
    rows, cols = len(grid), len(grid[0])
    self.max area = 0
    visited = set()
    def bfs(r, c):
        area = 1
        q = collections.deque()
        q.append((r,c))
        directions = [(1,0), (-1,0), (0,1), (0,-1)]
        visited.add((r, c))
        while q:
            qr, qc = q.popleft()
            for dr, dc in directions:
                row, col = qr + dr, qc + dc
                if (row in range(rows) and
                        col in range(cols) and
                        (row, col) not in visited and
                        grid[row][col] == 1):
                    visited.add((row, col))
                    q.append((row, col))
                    area += 1
        self.max area = max(self.max area, area)
    for row in range(rows):
        for col in range(cols):
            if grid[row][col] == 1 and (row, col) is not visited:
                bfs(row, col)
    return self.max area
```

This BES solution is much slower than the DES solution