

572. Subtree of Another Tree

Easy

Given the roots of two binary trees *root* and *subRoot*, return *true* if there is a subtree of *root* with the same structure and node values of *subRoot* and *false* otherwise.

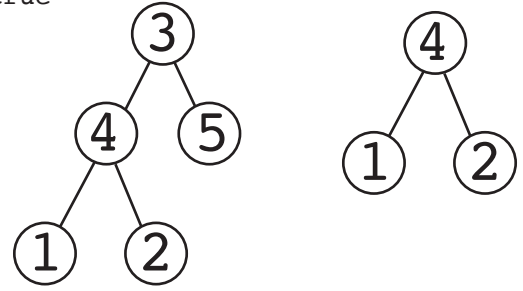
A subtree of a binary tree *tree* is a tree that consists of a node in *tree* and all of this node's descendants. The *tree* could also be considered as a subtree of itself.

True: a subtree exists
False: no subtree

Example 1

Input: *root* = [3,4,5,1,2], *subRoot* = [4,1,2]

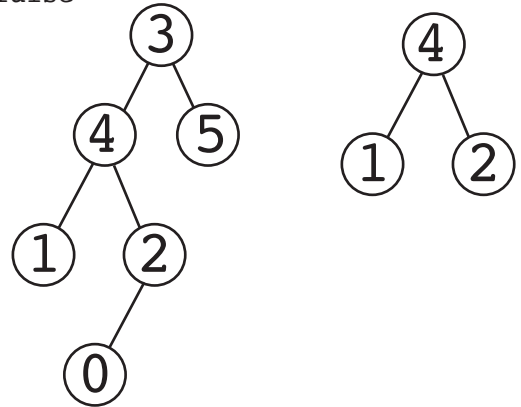
Output: *true*



Example 2

Input: *root* = [3,4,5,1,2,null,null,null,null,0], *subRoot* = [4,1,2]

Output: *false*



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class Solution:
    def isSubtree(self, root: Optional[TreeNode], subRoot: Optional[TreeNode]) -> bool:
        if not subRoot:
            return False
        if not root:
            return False

        if self.sametree(root, subRoot):
            return True
        return self.isSubtree(root.left, subRoot) or self.isSubtree(root.right, subRoot)

    def sametree(self, root, subRoot):
        if not root and not subRoot:
            return True
        if root and subRoot and root.val == subRoot.val:
            return self.sametree(root.left, subRoot.left) and self.sametree(root.right, subRoot.right)

        return False
```