### SQL case study

### April 6, 2021

Q1: Some of the facilities charge a fee to members, but some do not. Write a SQL query to produce a list of the names of the facilities that do.

```
[]: SELECT name
FROM Facilities
WHERE membercost > 0;
```

Q2: How many facilities do not charge a fee to members

```
[]: SELECT COUNT(*)
FROM Facilities
WHERE membercost = 0;
```

Q3: Write an SQL query to show a list of facilities that charge a fee to members, where the fee is less than 20% of the facility's monthly maintenance cost. Return the facid, facility name, member cost, and monthly maintenance of the facilities in question.

```
[]: SELECT facid, name, membercost, monthlymaintenance FROM Facilities
WHERE membercost >0
AND membercost < monthlymaintenance * 0.2;
```

Q4: Write an SQL query to retrieve the details of facilities with ID 1 and 5. Try writing the query without using the OR operator.

```
[]: FROM Facilities
WHERE facid
IN (1, 5);
```

Q5: Produce a list of facilities, with each labelled as 'cheap' or 'expensive', depending on if their monthly maintenance cost is more than 100 dollars. Return the name and monthly maintenance of the facilities in question.

```
[]: SELECT name,
    CASE
    WHEN monthlymaintenance >100
    THEN 'expensive'
    ELSE 'cheap'
    END AS monthlymaintenance
```

```
FROM Facilities;
```

Q6: You'd like to get the first and last name of the last member(s) who signed up. Try not to use the LIMIT clause for your solution.

```
[]: SELECT surname, firstname
  FROM Members
  WHERE joindate = (

  SELECT MAX( joindate )
  FROM Members
);
```

Q7: Produce a list of all members who have used a tennis court. Include in your output the name of the court, and the name of the member formatted as a single column. Ensure no duplicate data, and order by the member name.

```
[]: SELECT DISTINCT (
    CONCAT( m.firstName, ' ', m.surname )
    ) AS membername, f.name
    FROM Members AS m
    LEFT JOIN Bookings AS b ON m.memid = b.memid
    LEFT JOIN Facilities AS f ON f.facid = b.facid
    WHERE f.name
    IN (
    'Tennis Court 1', 'Tennis Court 2'
    )
    ORDER BY membername;
```

Q8: Produce a list of bookings on the day of 2012-09-14 which will cost the member (or guest) more than 30. Remember that guests have different costs to members (the listed costs are per half-hour 'slot'), and the guest user's ID is always 0. Include in your output the name of the facility, the name of the member formatted as a single column, and the cost. Order by descending cost, and do not use any subqueries.

```
[]: SELECT
   DISTINCT (
        CONCAT(m.firstName, ' ', m.surname)
   ) AS membername,
   f.name,
   CASE WHEN (
        b.memid = 0
        AND (b.slots * f.guestcost > 30)
   ) THEN (b.slots * f.guestcost) ELSE b.slots * f.membercost END AS cost
FROM
   Bookings AS b
   LEFT JOIN Members AS m ON m.memid = b.memid
   LEFT JOIN Facilities AS f ON f.facid = b.facid
```

```
WHERE
  (
    b.starttime >= '2012-09-14 00:00:00'
    AND b.starttime <= '2012-09-14 23:59:59'
)
AND CASE
    WHEN b.memid = 0 THEN (f.guestcost * b.slots)
    ELSE (f.membercost * b.slots) END > 30
ORDER BY cost DESC;
```

### Q9: This time, produce the same result as in Q8, but using a subquery.

```
[]: SELECT
       sub3.membername,
      sub3.facilityname,
      sub3.Cost
     FROM
       (
         SELECT
           sub2.membername AS membername,
           f.name AS facilityname,
           CASE WHEN sub2.Type = 'Member'
           AND (
             sub2.slotNumber * f.membercost > 30
           ) THEN sub2.slotNumber * f.membercost WHEN sub2.Type = 'Guest'
           AND (sub2.slotNumber * f.guestcost > 30) THEN sub2.slotNumber * f.
      ⇒guestcost END AS Cost
         FROM
           (
             SELECT
               DISTINCT (
                 CONCAT(m.firstName, ' ', m.surname)
               ) AS membername,
               sub1.memid AS memberId,
               sub1.facid AS facilityId,
               sub1.slots AS slotNumber,
               sub1.UserType AS Type
             FROM
               (
                 SELECT
                   memId,
                   facid,
                   slots,
                   CASE WHEN memid = 0 THEN 'Guest' WHEN memid <> 0 THEN 'Member'
      →END AS UserType
                 FROM
                   Bookings
```

Q10: Produce a list of facilities with a total revenue less than 1000. The output of facility name and total revenue, sorted by revenue. Remember that there's a different cost for guests and members!

```
[1]: import sqlite3
     from sqlite3 import Error
     def create_connection(db_file):
         """ create a database connection to the SQLite database
             specified by the db_file
         :param db_file: database file
         :return: Connection object or None
         n n n
         conn = None
         try:
             conn = sqlite3.connect(db_file)
             print(sqlite3.version)
         except Error as e:
             print(e)
         return conn
     def select_all_tasks(conn):
         11 11 11
         Query all rows in the tasks table
         :param conn: the Connection object
         :return:
         11 11 11
         cur = conn.cursor()
```

```
query1 = "SELECT sub2.name AS facilityname, sub2.totalrevenue AS_
 \hookrightarrowtotalrevenue FROM ( SELECT sub1.facilityname AS name, SUM( sub1.revenue ) AS_{\sqcup}
 →totalrevenue FROM ( SELECT b.bookid, f.name AS facilityname, CASE WHEN b.
 \hookrightarrowmemid =0 THEN ( b.slots * f.guestcost) ELSE b.slots * f.membercost END AS_{\sqcup}
 →Revenue FROM Bookings AS b LEFT JOIN Members AS m ON m.memid = b.memid LEFT_
 \hookrightarrow JOIN Facilities AS f ON f.facid = b.facid ) AS sub1 GROUP BY sub1.
 →facilityname ) AS sub2 GROUP BY facilityname HAVING totalrevenue <1000 ORDER
 \hookrightarrowBY totalrevenue DESC "
    cur.execute(query1)
    rows = cur.fetchall()
    for row in rows:
        print(row)
def main():
    database = "sqlite_db_pythonsqlite.db"
    # create a database connection
    conn = create connection(database)
    with conn:
        print("2. Query all tasks")
        select_all_tasks(conn)
if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()
```

# 2.6.0 2. Query all tasks ('Pool Table', 270) ('Snooker Table', 240) ('Table Tennis', 180)

## Q11: Produce a report of members and who recommended them in alphabetic surname, first name order

```
n n n
    conn = None
    try:
        conn = sqlite3.connect(db_file)
        print(sqlite3.version)
    except Error as e:
        print(e)
    return conn
def select_all_tasks(conn):
    Query all rows in the tasks table
    :param conn: the Connection object
    :return:
    n n n
    cur = conn.cursor()
    query1 = "SELECT sub2.memberName AS membername, sub2.firstname || ', ' || |
⇒sub2.surname AS recommender FROM (SELECT sub1.memberName AS memberName, sub1.
⇔recommenderId AS memberId, m.firstname AS firstname, m.surname AS surname⊔
\hookrightarrowFROM (SELECT m2.memid AS memberId, m1.firstname || ', ' || m1.surname AS_{\sqcup}
→memberName, m2.recommendedby AS recommenderId FROM Members AS m1 INNER JOIN,
 _{
m G}Members AS m2 ON m1.memid = m2.memid WHERE m2.recommendedby IS NOT NULL _{
m L}
→AND m1.memid <> 0) AS sub1 LEFT JOIN Members AS m ON sub1.recommenderId = m.
→memid WHERE m.memid <> 0) AS sub2;"
    cur.execute(query1)
   rows = cur.fetchall()
    for row in rows:
        print(row)
def main():
    database = "sqlite_db_pythonsqlite.db"
    # create a database connection
    conn = create_connection(database)
    with conn:
        print("2. Query all tasks")
        select_all_tasks(conn)
if __name__ == '__main__':
```

```
main()
```

```
2.6.0
2. Query all tasks
('Janice, Joplette', 'Darren, Smith')
('Gerald, Butters', 'Darren, Smith')
('Nancy, Dare', 'Janice, Joplette')
('Tim, Boothe', 'Tim, Rownam')
('Ponder, Stibbons', 'Burton, Tracy')
('Charles, Owen', 'Darren, Smith')
('David, Jones', 'Janice, Joplette')
('Anne, Baker', 'Ponder, Stibbons')
('Jack, Smith', 'Darren, Smith')
('Florence, Bader', 'Ponder, Stibbons')
('Timothy, Baker', 'Jemima, Farrell')
('David, Pinker', 'Jemima, Farrell')
('Matthew, Genting', 'Gerald, Butters')
('Anna, Mackenzie', 'Darren, Smith')
('Joan, Coplin', 'Timothy, Baker')
('Ramnaresh, Sarwin', 'Florence, Bader')
('Douglas, Jones', 'David, Jones')
('Henrietta, Rumney', 'Matthew, Genting')
('Henry, Worthington-Smyth', 'Tracy, Smith')
('Millicent, Purview', 'Tracy, Smith')
('John, Hunt', 'Millicent, Purview')
('Erica, Crumpet', 'Tracy, Smith')
```

#### Q12: Find the facilities with their usage by member, but not guests

```
def select_all_tasks(conn):
    Query all rows in the tasks table
     :param conn: the Connection object
     :return:
     HHHH
    cur = conn.cursor()
    query1 = " SELECT f.name AS facility, SUM(b.slots) AS usage FROM Bookings⊔
 →AS b LEFT JOIN Facilities AS f ON f.facid = b.facid LEFT JOIN Members AS m<sub>1.1</sub>
 \hookrightarrow ON m.memid = b.memid WHERE b.memid <> 0 GROUP BY facility ORDER BY usage\sqcup
 →DESC;"
    cur.execute(query1)
    rows = cur.fetchall()
    for row in rows:
         print(row)
def main():
    database = "sqlite_db_pythonsqlite.db"
     # create a database connection
    conn = create_connection(database)
    with conn:
         print("2. Query all tasks")
         select_all_tasks(conn)
if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()
2.6.0
2. Query all tasks
('Badminton Court', 1086)
('Tennis Court 1', 957)
('Massage Room 1', 884)
('Tennis Court 2', 882)
```

('Snooker Table', 860) ('Pool Table', 856) ('Table Tennis', 794) ('Squash Court', 418) ('Massage Room 2', 54)

### Q13: Find the facilities usage by month, but not guests

```
[11]: import sqlite3
      from sqlite3 import Error
      def create_connection(db_file):
          """ create a database connection to the SQLite database
               specified by the db_file
           :param db_file: database file
           :return: Connection object or None
          n n n
          conn = None
          try:
              conn = sqlite3.connect(db_file)
              print(sqlite3.version)
          except Error as e:
              print(e)
          return conn
      def select_all_tasks(conn):
          Query all rows in the tasks table
          :param conn: the Connection object
          :return:
          cur = conn.cursor()
          query1 = "select sub.month as month, sub.facilityname as facility, sum(sub.
       \hookrightarrowslots) as usage from ( SELECT strftime('\%m', b.starttime) AS MONTH , f.name_{\sqcup}
       \hookrightarrowAS facilityname, b.slots FROM Bookings AS b LEFT JOIN Facilities AS f ON f.
       ⇔facid = b.facid LEFT JOIN Members AS m ON m.memid = b.memid WHERE b.memid⊔
       \hookrightarrow<>0) as sub group by month, facility order by month, usage"
          cur.execute(query1)
          rows = cur.fetchall()
          for row in rows:
              print(row)
      def main():
          database = "sqlite_db_pythonsqlite.db"
          # create a database connection
          conn = create_connection(database)
```

```
with conn:
        print("2. Query all tasks")
        select_all_tasks(conn)
if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()
2.6.0
2. Query all tasks
('07', 'Massage Room 2', 8)
('07', 'Squash Court', 50)
('07', 'Table Tennis', 98)
('07', 'Pool Table', 110)
('07', 'Tennis Court 2', 123)
('07', 'Snooker Table', 140)
('07', 'Badminton Court', 165)
('07', 'Massage Room 1', 166)
('07', 'Tennis Court 1', 201)
('08', 'Massage Room 2', 18)
('08', 'Squash Court', 184)
('08', 'Table Tennis', 296)
('08', 'Pool Table', 303)
('08', 'Massage Room 1', 316)
('08', 'Snooker Table', 316)
('08', 'Tennis Court 1', 339)
('08', 'Tennis Court 2', 345)
('08', 'Badminton Court', 414)
('09', 'Massage Room 2', 28)
('09', 'Squash Court', 184)
('09', 'Table Tennis', 400)
('09', 'Massage Room 1', 402)
('09', 'Snooker Table', 404)
('09', 'Tennis Court 2', 414)
('09', 'Tennis Court 1', 417)
('09', 'Pool Table', 443)
('09', 'Badminton Court', 507)
```

[]: