



RICE[®]

Web Development

COMP 431 / COMP 531

HTML5

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Recap

- HTML
- JavaScript
- Forms
- CSS
- Events
- Homework Assignment 2 (Dynamic Page)
 - Due **TONIGHT**

~~9/3 CSS~~
~~9/8 Events~~
9/10 HTML5
9/15 Scope

Homework Assignment 3
(Draft Front-End)
Due Tuesday 2/9

Homework Assignment 4
(JavaScript Game)
Due Thursday 2/18







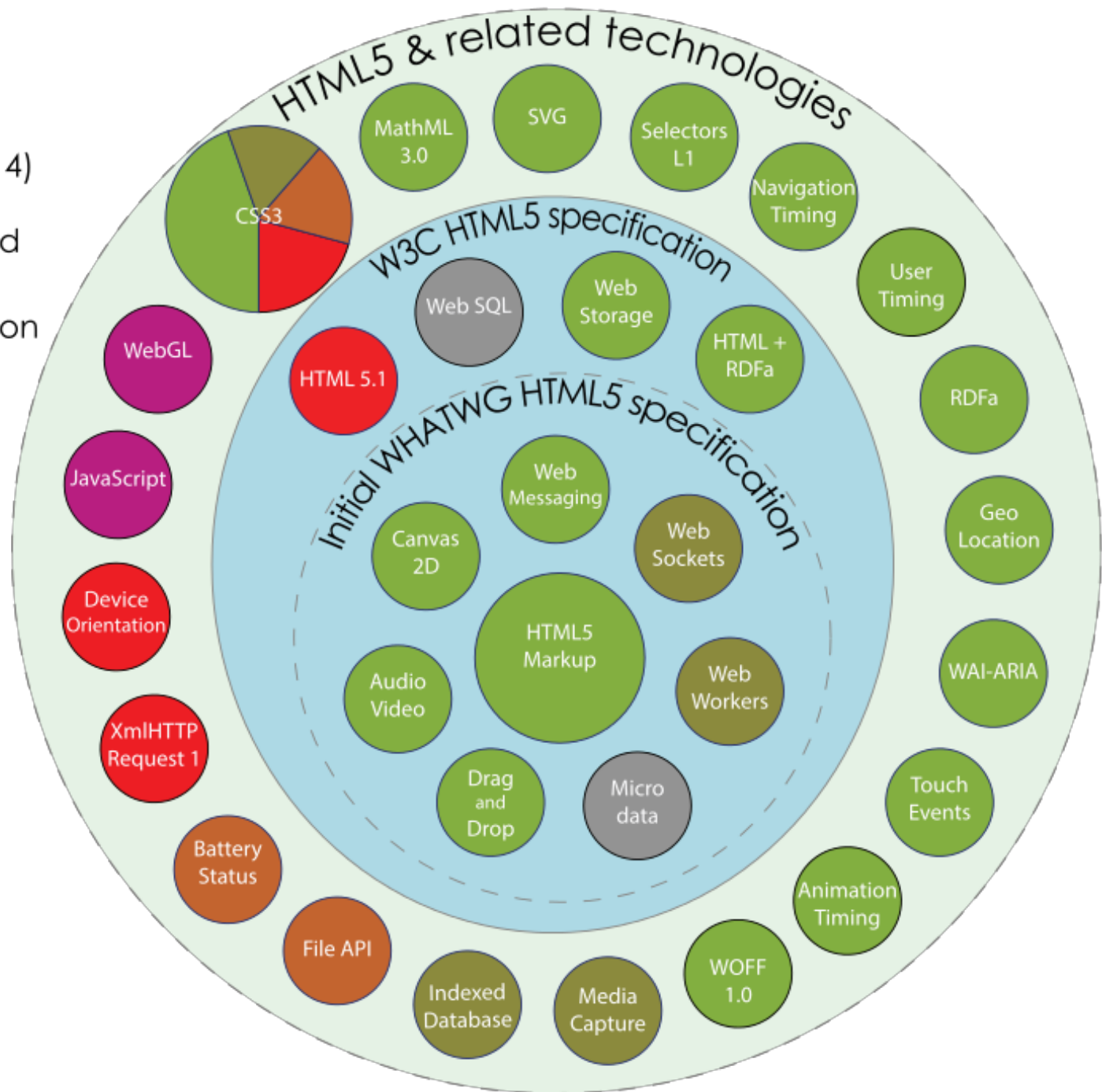
A Brief History of HTML5

- Dec 1997 – HTML 4.0 (strict/transitional/frameset)
- 2008 – First Working Draft
- 2012 – Candidate Version (*browsers start your engines*)
- Oct 2014 – HTML5

HTML5

Taxonomy & Status (October 2014)

-  Recommendation/Proposed
-  Candidate Recommendation
-  Last Call
-  Working Draft
-  Non-W3C Specifications
-  Deprecated or inactive



Overview

- Elemental Tour (now with audio & video)
- Web Workers
- Drag and Drop
- IndexedDB and LocalStorage
- Web Sockets
- Mobile: Camera, Touch, Orientation
- Geolocation
- SVG
- Canvas
- WebGL

<https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/Guide/HTML/HTML5>

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HTML5 Elements

- Semantic tags

section, aside, header, footer
figure, figcaption, main, etc...

- Embedded Media


video, audio

- Form improvements

- Input types like email, tel, date, etc...
- Data validation

Your Email

We will only use your email address to respond to your message.



Preferred Phone



Preferred Date to Visit*

September 2014 ▼

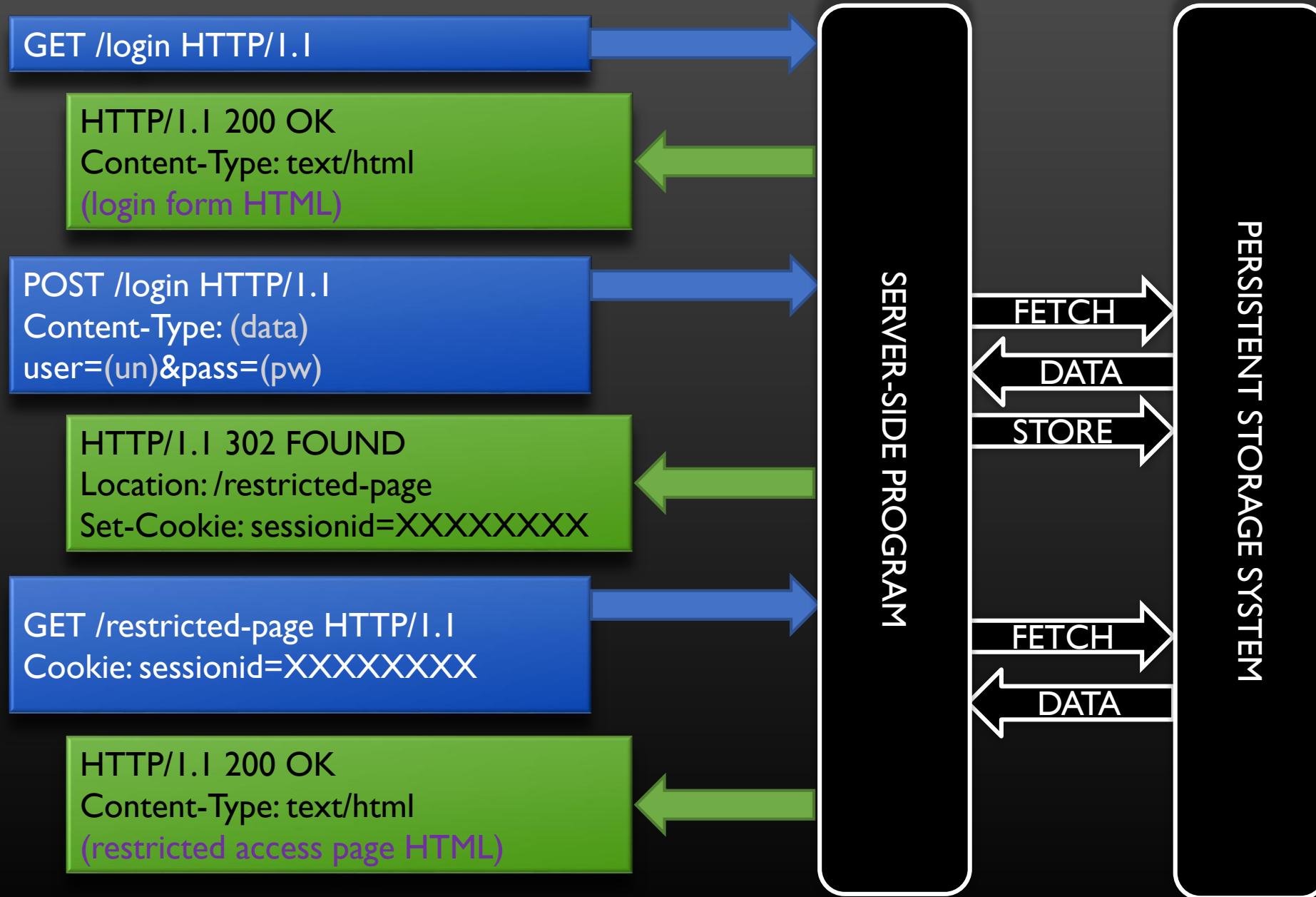
Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
31	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30	1	2	3	4

Form Example

<http://codepen.io/aarongustafson/pen/Kppxy>

Stateless Servers

- HTTP is a *stateless* protocol
- Each transaction is independent of previous ones
- There is no implementation in the protocol to retain state or session
- If you want state then you have to do it, i.e., by sending data back and forth in the payload



Note: "sessionid" will be attached to all future requests.

Courtesy of Matthew Schurr

Cookies

- It's a *magic cookie* (received and sent back unchanged)
- **June 1994** – first introduced [[Netscape](#)]
- They are key-value pairs with zero or more attributes
- The server creates them
- Browser retains for the session or until some server declared expiration



Wikipedia's Example

```
GET /index.html HTTP/1.1
Host: www.example.org
...
```

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK
Content-type: text/html
Set-Cookie: theme=light
Set-Cookie: sessionToken=abc123; Expires=Wed, 09 Jun 2021 10:18:14 GMT
...
```

```
GET /spec.html HTTP/1.1
Host: www.example.org
Cookie: theme=light; sessionToken=abc123
...
```

Cookies are scoped

- Default is the domain and path for the page requested
- Can expand path as well as to entire domain, i.e., ***.foo.com**

```
HTTP/1.0 200 OK
```

```
Set-Cookie: lu=Rg3vHJZnehYLjVg7qi3bZjzg; Expires=Tue, 15-Jan-2013 21:47:38 GMT; Path=/; Domain=.example.com; HttpOnly
```

```
Set-Cookie: made_write_conn=1295214458; Path=/; Domain=.example.com
```

```
Set-Cookie: reg_fb_gate=deleted; Expires=Thu, 01-Jan-1970 00:00:01 GMT; Path=/; Domain=.example.com; HttpOnly
```

Cookies in JavaScript (*i.e., not HttpOnly*)

- In Chrome, file:// will not store cookies

```
> document.cookie
```

```
< ""
```

```
> document.cookie = "secret=message"
```

```
< "secret=message"
```

```
> document.cookie
```

```
< ""
```

Cookies in JavaScript (*i.e., not HttpOnly*)

- In Chrome, file:// will not store cookies, so we move to Firefox

```
◀ document.cookie
▶ ""
◀ document.cookie = "secret=message"
▶ "secret=message"
◀ document.cookie
▶ "secret=message"
```

Cookies append

```
◀ document.cookie = "another=secret"  
▶ "another=secret"  
◀ document.cookie  
▶ "secret=message; another=secret"
```


Adding expiration

```
◀ expiry = new Date()  
▶ Date 2015-08-24T02:36:14.482Z  
◀ expiry.setDate(1)  
▶ 1438482974482  
◀ expiry  
▶ Date 2015-08-02T02:36:14.482Z  
◀ document.cookie = "stale=crumb; expires=" +  
  expiry.toUTCString()  
▶ "stale=crumb; expires=Sun, 02 Aug 2015 02:36:14  
  GMT"  
◀ document.cookie  
▶ "secret=message; another=secret"
```

Cookies

```
document.cookie  
"secret=message; another=secret"
```

- To “use” a cookie JavaScript you have to parse it out



- As you can see....they really are crumbly

origin = protocol://hostname:port

Storage in HTML5

• Cookies (IE2+)

- Limited to **4095 bytes**
- No expiration = session cookie
- Expiration per cookie

• Indexed Database API (IE10+)

- Sounds promising...
- **YMMV**

• Local Storage (IE8+)

- **5MB** per origin (browser dependent)
- No expiration
- ... UTF-16 (!) so really it's **2.5MB**
- Compression? => **50 MB!**

• Session Storage (IE8+)

- Like local storage but released when session terminates
- per origin per window

LocalStorage Example

```
if (window.localStorage) {  
    document.getElementById('save').onclick = function() {  
        localStorage.setItem('magic', 'This is my content')  
    }  
  
    document.getElementById('load').onclick = function() {  
        var content = localStorage.getItem('magic')  
        document.getElementById('content').innerHTML = content  
    }  
} else {  
    window.alert('No localStorage support!')  
}
```

demo

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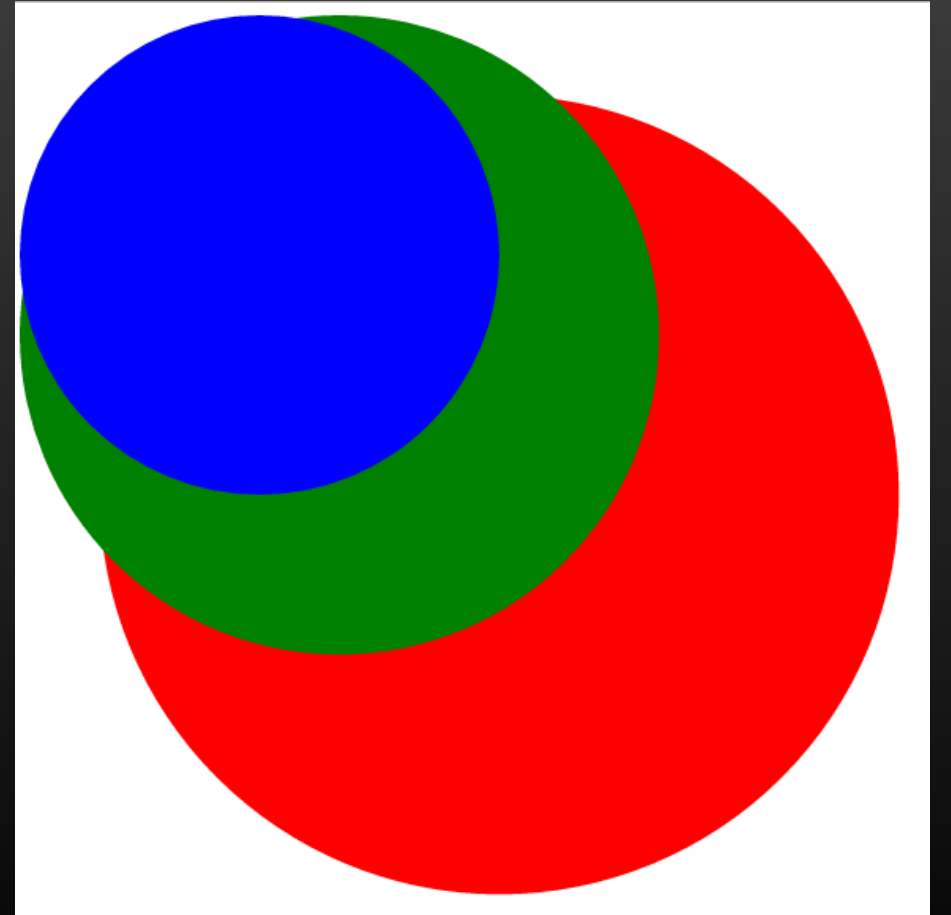
<https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/Guide/HTML/HTML5>

Scalable Vector Graphics

XML-based vector image
format for 2D graphics.

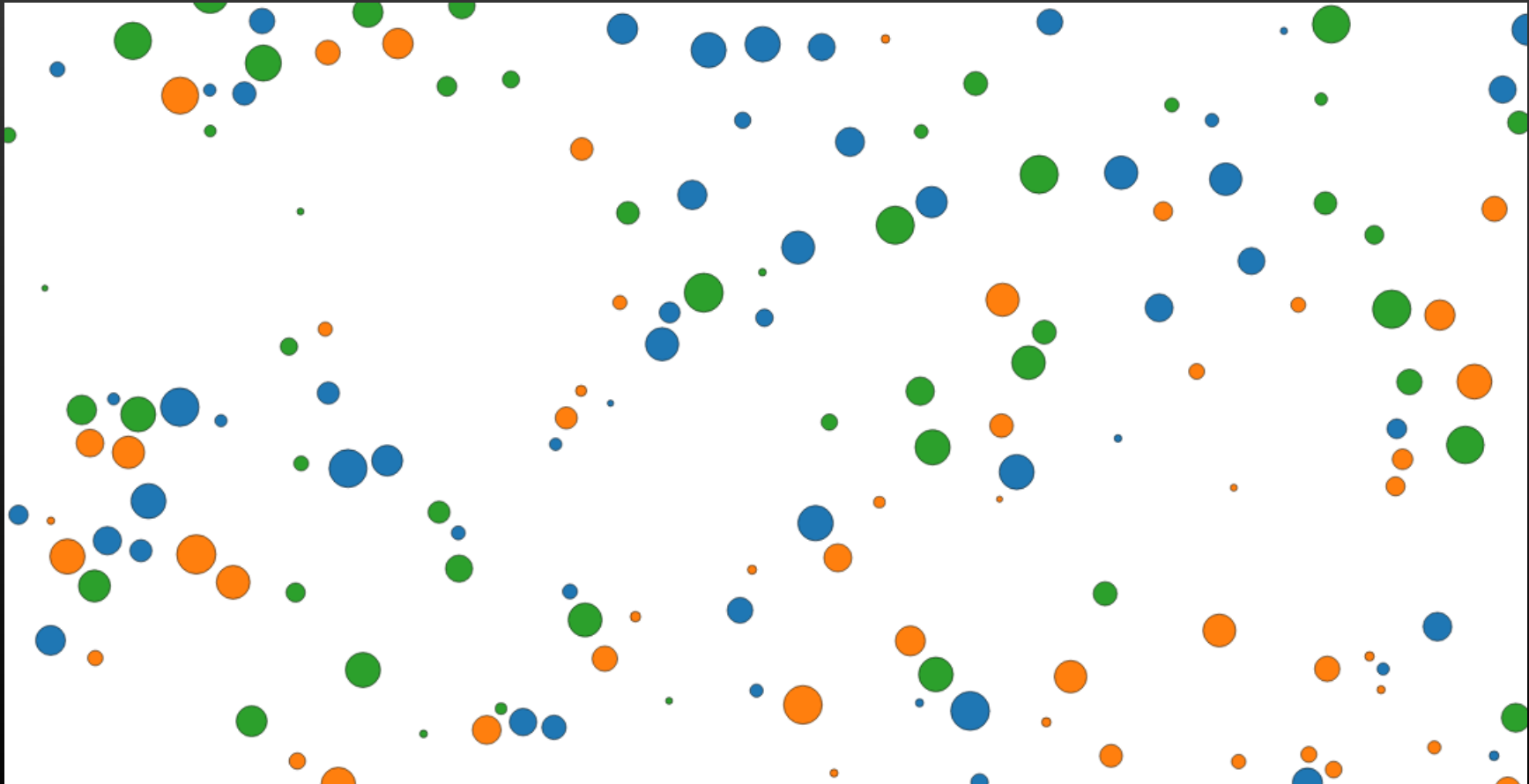
```
<body>

<svg viewBox="0 0 120 120">
  <circle cx="60" cy="60" r="50" fill="red" />
  <circle cx="40" cy="40" r="40" fill="green"/>
  <circle cx="30" cy="30" r="30" fill="blue"/>
</svg>
```



SVG Example

<http://mbostock.github.io/d3/talk/20111018/collision.html>

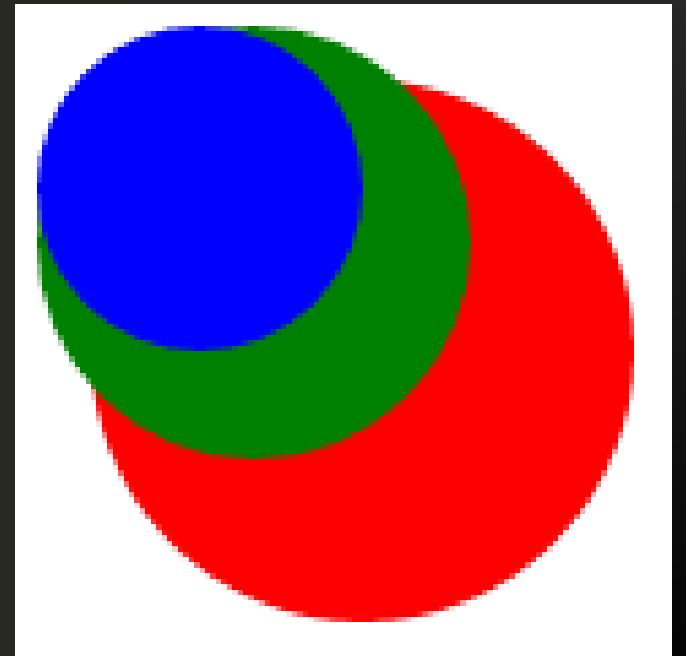


Canvas

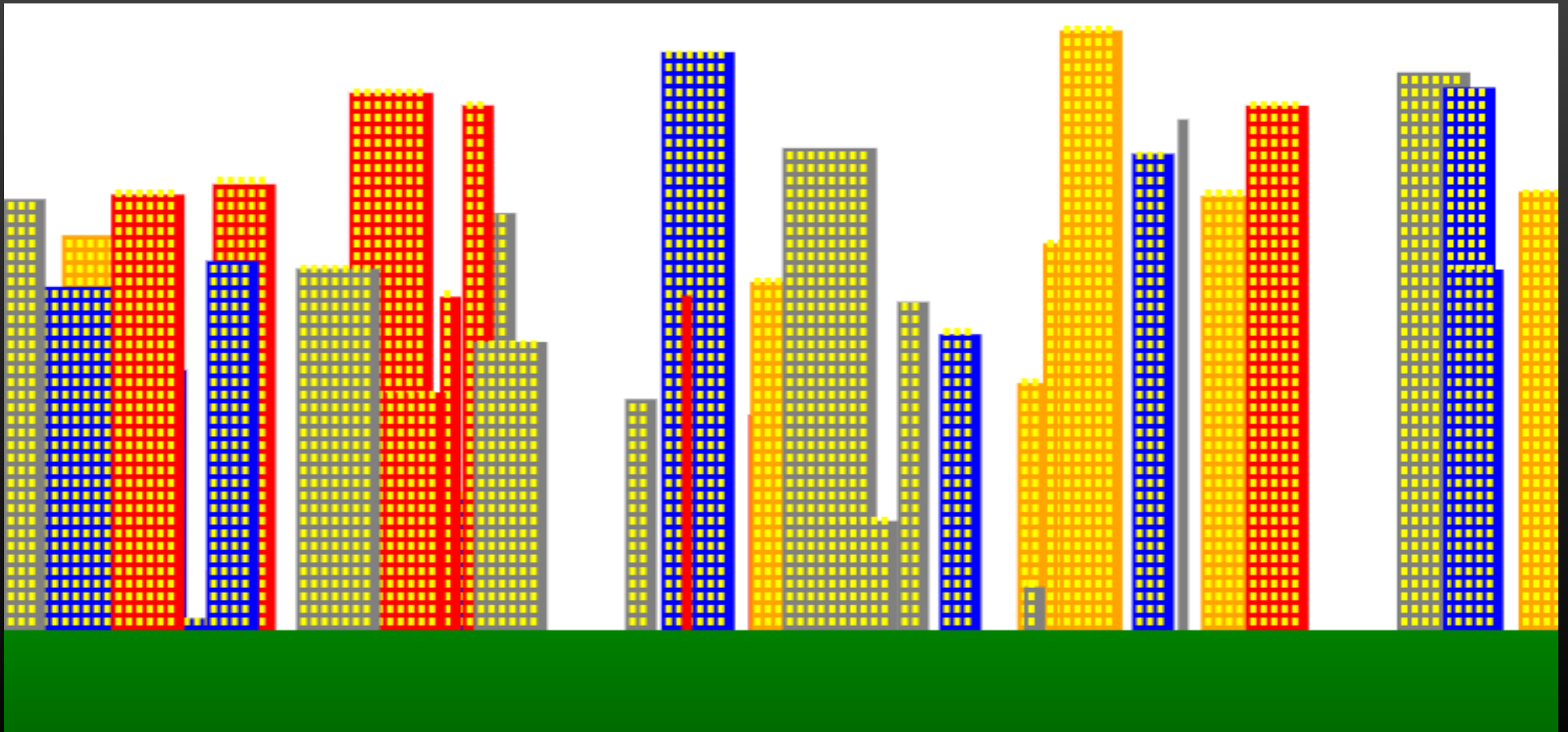
```
<canvas></canvas>
<script>
var c = document.querySelector("canvas").getContext("2d");

function fillCircle(x, y, r, color) {
  c.fillStyle = color;
  c.beginPath()
  c.arc(x, y, r, 0, 2 * Math.PI, false)
  c.closePath()
  c.fill()
}

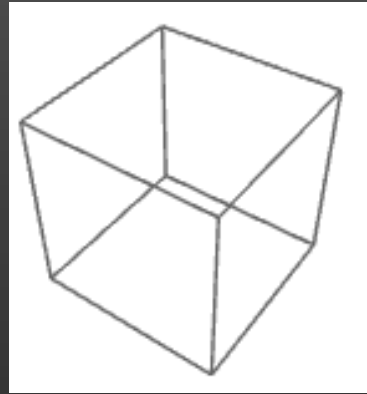
fillCircle(60, 60, 50, 'red')
fillCircle(40, 40, 40, 'green')
fillCircle(30, 30, 30, 'blue')
</script>
```



Canvas Example



WebGL



<https://get.webgl.org/>

<http://inear.se/beanstalk/>



<http://dinosaurpictures.org/ancient-earth/>

In-Class Exercise: Skyline Game

Improve the skyline game

1. Not all lights are on in each building
2. Mouse click on a building makes that building grow taller
3. Add the Sun and have it move across the sky
4. Add a car that drives along the ground

<https://www.clear.rice.edu/comp431/sample/skyline.html>

<https://www.clear.rice.edu/comp431/sample/skyline.js>

<https://www.clear.rice.edu/comp431/sample/skyline.jar>

<https://www.clear.rice.edu/comp431/sample/runSkylineDynamic>

Turnin skyline.(html & js) to COMP431-S16:inclass-6