



RICE<sup>®</sup>

# Web Development

COMP 431 / COMP 531

Scope

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# Recap

- HTML
- JavaScript
- Forms
- CSS
- Events
- Homework Assignment 3 (Draft Front-End)
  - Due Tuesday 2/9

~~2/3 CSS~~  
~~2/8 Events~~  
~~2/10 HTML5~~  
2/15 Scope

*Homework Assignment 4*  
*(JavaScript Game)*  
Due Thursday 2/18

# Functions

```
var namedFunction = function aName() {  
    // This is a comment  
    return 9;  
}  
  
var unnamedFunction = function () {  
    return 7;  
}  
  
function globalFunction() {  
    return 33;  
}
```

```
> namedFunction  
< function aName()  
  
> namedFunction.name  
< "aName"  
  
> unnamedFunction  
< function unnamedFunction()  
  
> unnamedFunction.name  
< ""  
  
> globalFunction  
< function globalFunction()  
  
> globalFunction.name  
< "globalFunction"
```

# Functions

```
var namedFunction = function aName()  
    // This is a comment  
    return 9;  
}  
  
var unnamedFunction = function ()  
    return 7;  
}  
  
function globalFunction() {  
    return 33;  
}
```

```
> gf = globalFunction  
< function globalFunction()  
  
> gf.name  
< "globalFunction"  
  
> window.gf  
< function globalFunction()  
  
> window.namedFunction.toString()  
< "function aName() {  
    // This is a comment  
    return 9;  
}"
```

# Scope

where a name is known

```
private void go() {  
    Random r = new Random();  
    int sum = 0;  
    int value = 0;  
    int prevValue = 1;  
    for (int ii = 0; ii < 100; ++ii) {  
        value = r.nextInt(10);  
        int product = value * prevValue;  
        prevValue = value;  
        sum += product;  
    }  
    System.out.println("The product was " + product);  
    System.out.println("The sum is " + sum);  
}
```

Java has block scope



# Scope

where a name is known

```
private void go() {
```

```
ScopeExample.java:18: error: cannot find symbol
    System.out.println("The product was " + product);
                                           ^
```

```
symbol:   variable product
location: class ScopeExample
```

```
1 error
```

```
    int product = value * prevValue;
    prevValue = value;
    sum += product;
```

```
}
```

```
System.out.println("The product was " + product);
```

```
System.out.println("The sum is " + sum);
```

```
}
```



# JavaScript has Function Scope

```
function go() {  
  var sum = 0;  
  var value = 0;  
  var prevValue = 1;  
  for (var ii = 0; ii < 100; ++ii) {  
    value = Math.floor(Math.random()*10);  
    var product = value * prevValue;  
    prevValue = value;  
    sum += product;  
  }  
  console.log('The product was ' + product)  
  console.log('The sum is ' + sum)  
}
```

The product was 7

The sum is 2482

# Function Scope

Changing outer scope

Declared in global scope

```
> outer3  
← "Bar"
```

```
function innerOuter() {  
  var outer1 = "In Outer Scope"  
  var outer2 = "Also in Outer Scope"  
  
  var internal = function() {  
    var inner = "In Inner Scope"  
    outer1 = "Foo"  
    var outer2 = "Redeclared"  
    outer3 = "Bar"  
    console.log([inner, outer1, outer2, outer3])  
  }  
  internal()  
  console.log([outer1, outer2, outer3])  
  console.log(inner)  
}
```

```
["In Inner Scope", "Foo", "Redeclared", "Bar"]
```

```
["Foo", "Also in Outer Scope", "Bar"]
```

✖ ▼ Uncaught ReferenceError: if it is used without declaring , then it will be Window scope  
ie. global scope  
innerOuter  
(anonymous function) @ scope.js:33



# Block Scope with Let

maybe good for "for loop"

strict mode!

```
function innerOuterBlock() {  
  var outer1 = "In Outer Scope"  
  var outer2 = "Also in Outer Scope"  
  
  var internal = function() {  
    'use strict'  
    // block scope with let  
    {  
      let inner = "In Inner Scope"  
      outer1 = "Foo"  
    }  
    //console.log("let does not hoist: " + outer2)  
    let outer2 = "Redeclared"  
    var outer3 = "Bar" // no auto-global scope  
    console.log([inner, outer1, outer2, outer3])  
  }  
  internal()  
}
```

Uncaught ReferenceError: inner is not defined

# Variable Hoisting

```
function go() {  
  var sum = 0;  
  var value = 0;  
  var prevValue = 1;  
  for (var ii = 0; ii < 100;  
    value = Math.floor(Math.  
    var product = value *  
    prevValue = value;  
    sum += product;  
  }  
  console.log('The product was ' + product)  
  console.log('The sum is ' + sum)  
}
```

```
function go() {  
  var product, ii  
  var sum = 0;  
  var value = 0;  
  var prevValue = 1;  
  for (ii = 0; ii < 100; ++ii) {  
    value = Math.floor(Math.random()*10);  
    product = value * prevValue;  
    prevValue = value;  
    sum += product;  
  }  
  console.log('The product was ' + product)  
  console.log('The sum is ' + sum)  
}
```

# Variable Hoisting

```
hoist()  
function hoist() {  
  console.log("Inside hoist()", a)  
  var a = "Hoist Me!"  
}  
hoist()
```

a is hoisted, but has no value

```
hoist2()  
var hoist2 = function() {  
  hoist()  
}
```

hoist2 is hoisted, but has no value  
and therefore is not a function yet

Inside hoist() undefined

Inside hoist() undefined

► Uncaught TypeError: hoist2 is not a function

# Closures

*Closing over scope*

```
function closed() {  
  var i = 0;  
  return function() {  
    return ++i  
  }  
}
```

```
> plusOne = closed()  
< function anonymous()  
  
> plusOne.name  
< ""  
  
> plusOne()  
< 1  
  
> plusOne()  
< 2  
  
> plusOne()  
< 3
```

# Closures

```
function incremterFactory(increment) {  
  var value = 0  
  var inc = increment ? increment : 1;  
  return function() {  
    value += inc  
    return value;  
  }  
}
```

```
var plusOne = incremterFactory()
```

```
var plusTwo = incremterFactory(2)
```

```
> plusOne()
```

```
< 1
```

```
> plusOne()
```

```
< 2
```

```
> plusOne()
```

```
< 3
```

```
> plusTwo()
```

```
< 2
```

```
> plusTwo()
```

```
< 4
```

```
> plusTwo()
```

```
< 6
```

# A Closure Approach to Privacy

```
> var obj = { i:1,  
  increment: function() { return ++this.i } }  
< undefined  
> obj.increment()  
< 2  
> obj.increment()  
< 3  
> obj.increment()  
< 4  
> obj.i = 100  
< 100  
> obj.increment()
```

That's why we favor function over object:  
you won't be able to change internal value

```
function incremterFactory(increment) {  
  var value = 0;  
  var inc = increment ? increment : 1;  
  return {  
    getValue: function() {  
      return value  
    },  
    increment: function() {  
      value += inc  
      return value;  
    }  
  }  
}
```

# A Closure Approach to Privacy

```
> obj = incremterFactory(3)
```

```
< ▼ Object {} i
```

```
  ▶ getValue: function ()
```

```
  ▶ increment: function ()
```

```
  ▶ __proto__: Object
```

```
> obj.increment()
```

```
< 3
```

```
> obj.increment()
```

```
< 6
```

```
> obj.getValue()
```

```
< 6
```

```
> obj.getValue() = 10
```

```
✖ ▶ Uncaught ReferenceError: Invalid  
left-hand side in assignment
```

```
function incremterFactory(increment) {  
  var value = 0;  
  var inc = increment ? increment : 1;  
  return {  
    getValue: function() {  
      return value  
    },  
    increment: function() {  
      value += inc  
      return value;  
    }  
  }  
}
```

# Functions and Constructors

Capitalize for class name

```
function Person(name) {  
  var i = 0  
  this.name = name  
  this.increment = function() {  
    return ++i  
  }  
}
```

Call as a function

```
> fn = Person("Max")
```

```
< undefined
```

```
> fn.name
```

```
✖ ▶ Uncaught TypeError: Cannot read  
property 'name' of undefined
```

Call as a constructor

```
> cons = new Person("Leo")
```

```
< ▶ Person {name: "Leo"}
```

```
> cons.name
```

```
< "Leo"
```



# Functions and Constructors

```
function Person(name) {  
  var i = 0  
  this.name = name  
  this.increment = function() {  
    return ++i  
  }  
}
```

Because i is a variable rather than a field

```
> cons = new Person("Leo")
```

```
< ► Person {name: "Leo"}
```

```
> cons.name
```

```
< "Leo"
```

```
> cons.increment()
```

```
< 1
```

```
> cons.name = "Scott"
```

```
< "Scott"
```

```
> cons
```

```
< ► Person {name: "Scott"}
```

```
> cons.i
```

```
< undefined
```

# Scope Gotcha!

```
function showHelp(help) {  
    document.getElementById('help').innerHTML = help;  
}  
  
function setupHelp() {  
    var helpText = [  
        {'id': 'email', 'help': 'Your e-mail address'},  
        {'id': 'name', 'help': 'Your full name'},  
        {'id': 'age', 'help': 'Your age (you must be over 16)'}  
    ];  
  
    for (var i = 0; i < helpText.length; i++) {  
        var item = helpText[i];  
        document.getElementById(item.id).onfocus = function() {  
            showHelp(item.help);  
        }  
    }  
}  
  
window.onload = setupHelp
```

Because item is hoisted!

Will always point to  
the last one

Your age (you must be over 16)

E-mail:

Name:

Age:

# Context: What is *this*?

Call as a function

```
function Person(name) {  
  var i = 0  
  this.name = name  
  this.increment = function() {  
    return ++i  
  }  
  console.log(this)  
}
```

```
> fn = Person('Max')
```

```
▶ Window {top: Window, Location: Location, document: document, window: Object...}
```

Call as a constructor

```
> cons = new Person('Leo')
```

```
▶ Person {name: "Leo"}
```

```
◀ ▶ Person {name: "Leo"}
```

# Function Binding

```
function Person(name) {  
  var i = 0  
  this.name = name  
  this.increment = function() {  
    return ++i  
  }  
  //console.log(this)  
  this.status = function(postfix) {  
    return this.name + ' counted to '  
      + i + (postfix ? postfix : '')  
  }  
}
```

```
> leo = new Person('Leo')  
< ▶ Person {name: "Leo"}  
  
> leo.status()  
< "Leo counted to 0"  
  
> scott = new Person('Scott')  
< ▶ Person {name: "Scott"}  
  
> scott.increment()
```

# Function Binding

```
function Person(name) {  
  var i = 0  
  this.name = name  
  this.increment = function() {  
    return ++i  
  }  
  //console.log(this)  
  this.status = function(postfix) {  
    return this.name + ' counted to '  
      + i + (postfix ? postfix : '')  
  }  
}
```

```
> scott.status()  
◀ "Scott counted to 2"  
  
> scott.status.call(leo, '?')  
◀ "Leo counted to 2?"  
  
> leo.status()  
◀ "Leo counted to 0"
```

# Immediately Invoked Function Expression (IIFE)

```
function incremterFactory(increment) {  
  var value = 0;  
  var inc = increment ? increment : 1;  
  return {  
    getValue: function() {  
      return value;  
    },  
    increment: function() {  
      value += inc;  
      return value;  
    }  
  }  
}
```

```
> var incremter = incremterFactory(3)  
< undefined  
> incremter.increment()  
< 3  
> var incremter = (incremterFactory)(3)  
< undefined  
> incremter.increment()  
< 3
```

# Immediately Invoked Function Expression (IIFE)

```
function incremterFactory(increment) {  
  var value = 0;  
  var inc = increment ? increment : 1;  
  return {  
    getValue: function() {  
      return value;  
    },  
    increment: function() {  
      value += inc;  
      return value;  
    }  
  }  
}
```

```
> var incremter = incremterFactory(3)  
< undefined
```

```
> incremter.increment()  
< 3
```

```
> var incremter = (incremterFactory)(3)  
< undefined
```

```
> incremter.increment()  
< 3
```

```
> var incremter = (function() { return 5 } )(3)  
< undefined
```

```
> incremter  
< 5
```

```
> var incremter = (function(a) { return a+1 } )(3)  
< undefined
```

```
> incremter  
< 4
```

**IIFE**

# ASI+IIFE Gotcha!

```
var testIIFE = 'foo'
```

```
(function() {  
    console.log('This is an IFFE!')  
})();
```

► Uncaught TypeError: "foo" is not a function

```
var testIIFE = 'foo'
```

```
;(function() {  
    console.log('This is an IFFE!')  
})();
```

IIFE is good since they won't pollute the name space and will get garbage collected right away

This is an IFFE!



# In-Class Exercise:

## Get Started with Heroku

I have provided instructions for this assignment here:

<https://www.clear.rice.edu/comp431/data/heroku.html>

***Turnin README.json to COMP431-S16:inclass-7***