**“Feedback”**

**CS462 Project Version 1.02**

by Group 5: Vinh, Frankie, Sami, Julia, Michael, Yuri

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|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Member’s Background/Technical Strength** | |
| Francisco | Python/JavaScript/HTML/CSS/C#/C++/SQL |
| Sami | C++/C#/Python/HTML/SQL |
| Yuri | C++/Java/HTML/CSS/SQL |
| Vinh | C++/Java/Bash Shell/Python |
| Julia | C++/Python |
| Michael | C++/Python/C#/HTML/CSS |

# 1. Introduction

## 1.1. Description of the Problem

A student’s ultimate goal in college is to be able to comprehend, analyze, and think critically of the subjects that are taught in class; furthermore, a professor’s ultimate goal is to impart knowledge, understanding of the material, and invoke the student’s engagement with the material. However, some students feel intimidated or timid when contacting a professor and would rather not ask questions or voice their comments and concerns, which could be beneficial to both parties. Consequently, the professor would not be able to notice if a student is struggling to understand the material, not getting enough information in lectures, gauge the class understanding, or etc.

## 1.2. Goals and Objectives

The goals are as follows:

1. Allows students to anonymously message a professor a question, comment, or concern.
2. Allow professors to create an account and manage it.
3. Allow professors to respond and send an email to the entire class. \*\*(unsure)
4. Allow professors to respond to an individual message.
5. Archive questions to refer at a later date.
6. Prevent students from misusing anonymous feedback.

<allow professors to create class sections for classes they are teaching><up in the air>

## 1.3. Purpose

The main purpose of this website is to provide students the ability to anonymously message questions, comments, or concerns to their professors. The website shall provide Instructors with an account interface that will allow them to reply to feedback via broadcasting email to class or reply to the student that gave feedback while keeping his/her privacy. Furthermore, the website shall provide an archive for professor to look over past feedback.

## 

## 1.4. Scope

To improve professor/student interaction within the course by providing an anonymous feedback system. This will consist of professor receiving anonymous messages from students and the students receiving a broadcasted response email (via titanium) from the professor.

## 1.5. Definitions, Acronyms and Abbreviations

N/A

## 1.6. Development Environment

### 1.6.1. Software

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Classification** | **Software Requirements** |
| Operating System | Windows7, 8.1, 10 |
| Operating System | Ubuntu 14.04 LTS, Ubuntu 15.04 |
| Operating System | OS X 10.10 |
| Back End Language | Node.js Framework |
| Front End Language | HTML5, CSS, JavaScript |
| Programming Language | Python3 |
| Text Editor | Sublime Text 2, 3 |
| Version Control | Git |
| Remote Repository | GitHub |
| Front End Framework | Bootstrap |

### 1.6.2. Hardware

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Classification** | **Hardware Requirements** |
| Processor | Intel Pentium |
| Memory | 4GB RAM |
| Storage | 20GB SSD |

## 1.7. Operational Environment

### 1.7.1. Software

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Software** | **Classification** |
| Windows 8.1 64-bit | Operating System |
| Linux - Debian, Ubuntu, etc | Operating System |
| iOS | Operating System |
| Android | Operating System |
| HTML5 | Markup Language |
| Firefox, Chrome | Web browser |

### 1.7.2. Hardware

|  |
| --- |
| **Hardware Requirements** |
| 1 gigahertz (GHz) or faster processor 32 bit or 64 bit processor |
| 4GB RAM |
| 8GB available hard disk space |
|  |

# 2. Requirement Description

## 2.1. Functional Requirement

### 2.1.1. Functional Requirements for Users

Two types of users are defined: Student and Professor

#### 2.1.1.a. Functional Requirements for Users – Student

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **User Requirements: Interface Requirements** | |
| IRS01 | User shall be able to select a course |
| IRS02 | User shall be able to submit a feedback |
|  |  |
|  |  |

#### 2.1.1.b. Functional Requirements for Users – Professor

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **User Requirements: Interface Requirements** | |
| IRP01 | User shall be able to create an account |
| IRP02 | User shall be able to log in |
| IRP03 | User shall be able to view a message |
| IRP04 | User shall be able to view his/her archive |
| IRP05 | User shall be able to reply to message |
| IRP06 | User shall be able to delete a message |
| IRP07 | User shall be able to forward to his/her personal email account |
| IRP08 | User shall be able to select current course(s) |

### 2.1.2. Functional Requirements for Administrators

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Administrator Requirements** | |
| AR01 | User shall be able to log in |
| AR02 | User shall be able to verify professor email |
| AR03 | User shall be able to update an account |
| AR04 | User shall be able to update an account |
| AR05 | User shall be able to clear student email |

## 2.2. Non-Functional Requirement

### 2.2.1 Security Requirements

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Security Requirements** | |
| SR01 | The web app shall prevent students from misusing the anonymous feedback by preventing students from spamming a professor. |
| SR02 | The system must have means to avoid, detect, and recover from attacks and unauthorized access. |

### 2.2.2 Performance Requirements

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Performance Requirements** | |
| PER01 | The page call to the server shall not take longer than 30 seconds to resolve |
| PER02 | The page shall respond within 2 seconds after each user action |

### 2.2.3 Reliability Requirements

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Reliability Requirements** | |
| RR01 | The page shall not lose data during a crash while applications are active |
| RR02 | The server shall be able to manage updates done to the system data with 300 active users. |
| RR03 | The page shall run dynamically and smoothly |
| RR04 | The page shall revert the ongoing request and return to the most recent stable state if a crash occurs |

### 2.2.4 Availability Requirements

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Availability Requirements** | |
| AV01 | The app shall be available to the students and professors 24/7 when school is in session. |

### 2.2.5 Efficiency Requirements

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Efficiency Requirements** | |
| ER01 | The RAM usage shall take up no more than 25%. |

### 2.2.6. Usability Requirements

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Usability Requirements** | |
| UR01 | The web app shall be user friendly |
| UR02 | Professor’s names and courses shall be listed in a drop down menu. |
| UR03 | A textbox and submission button shall be available for students to type and submit their questions. |
| UR04 | Professors shall be able to navigate through an archive of questions separated into different folders on a separate page. |
| UR05 | With ease of use, it will allow students and professor to efficiently use the “unnamed” System, which will improve students’ needs and professor’s teaching performance. Also, student ask professor any question easily, which will encourage them to come back to use this service. |

2.2.7. Maintainability Requirements

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Maintainability Requirements** | |
| MR01 | The web app shall be compatible with new versions of a browser and it’s older versions. |

2.2.8. Portability Requirements

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Portability Requirements** | |
| PR01 | The web app shall be formatted various types of devices (mobile phones, tablets, laptops, and desktop computers |
| PR02 | The web app shall be available on: Internet Explorer, Safari, Google Chrome, and Firefox |

2.2.9. Testability Requirements

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Testability Requirements** | |
| TR01 | The application shall be required to render on the minimum of 3 browsers |
| TR02 | Testing of the Administrator's ID:01 and Users ID: 02 shall be done on various types of web browsers |

# 3. Management Process

## 3.1. Project Schedule

### 3.1.1 Working Days Overview

|  |
| --- |
| **September 3, 2015** |
| Group members: Francisco, Julia, Sami, Vinh, Yuri  Topics:   1. Description of problem 2. Objective and goals 3. Functional Requirements 4. Nonfunctional Requirements   Outcome: The team came up with the topic for our project as well as several requirements needed to start our project. We also discussed the basic structure of what our system will provide for users. |
| **September 6, 2015** |
| Group members: Francisco, Julia, Yuri  Topics:   1. Web framework   Outcome: Decided to go with Django version 1.8.  Django tutorial update in the works. |
| **September 7, 2015** |
| **Date: September 7, 2015**  Group members: Francisco, Julia, Michael, Sami, Vinh, Yuri  Topics:   1. Clarification of roles 2. Project name ideas 3. Begin creating use cases 4. Clarification of project goals and features   Outcome:  Some ideas for the project name were, Anon asks, Prof. Com., Profback, Prof Connect, Noname.  A name still has not been decided.  The testers are Yuri and Michael, programmers are Sami and Michael, program lead is Francisco, design lead is Julia, and project manager is Vinh.  Created a basic list for use cases to get started.  Discussed briefly anti-spam feature that will be needed.  Anonymity and simplicity.  Planned to create sketches of the student’s perspective of the interface to share next meeting. |
| **September 9, 2015** |
| Group members: Francisco, Julia, Michael, Sami, Vinh, and Yuri  Topics:   1. Initial web design 2. Use cases   Outcome: Updated the list of use cases required for our web application and use case format chosen.  Divided the use case responsibilities accordingly to each member.  First draft of each use case was planned to be completed by the scheduled meeting date of September 12, 2015 at 8:00pm.  Vinh’s sketch of the message/feedback form design was chosen and will be implemented with some minor modifications. |
| **September 12, 2015** |
| Group members: Francisco, Julia, Sami, Vinh, Yuri  Topics:   1. Review use cases 2. Web layout   Outcome: Message/feedback form is placed on the homepage.  An early preview of the website is shared by Francisco.  All use cases are reviewed, modified, and formatted. |
| **Date: September 14, 2015** |
| Group members: Francisco, Julia, Michael, Sami, Vinh, Yuri  Topics:   1. Ask professor questions   Outcome:  An early rough draft of the use case diagram is drawn out by Sami.  For now the title was chosen to be “Quick Feedback”.  Plan to continue editing use cases after clarifying a few things with the professor.  Plan to add “Admin login” use case.  Plan to fix alternative flows and exceptions for the use cases.  For the use cases, instead of using “administrator”, “student”, or “professor”, we will replace them with “user”.  Will edit descriptions of use cases to fit the use case goals. Plan to scan sketch of the feedback form.  The professor provided us with a way to look up other professor's email addresses for our whitelist.  She also would prefer a 2-step authentication for creating an account.  Meeting scheduled for 9/17/15 at 9:00pm or 9/20/15 at 6:00pm. |
| **Date: September 20, 2015** |
| Group members: Francisco, Michael, Sami, Vinh, Yuri  Topics:   1. Part 3 Management Process   Outcome: Assigned sections of part 3 Management Process accordingly to each member.  The assigned parts are to be completed by 9/23/15 class meeting. |
| **Date: September 21, 2015** |
| Group members: Francisco, Julia, Michael, Sami, Vinh, Yuri  Topics:   1. Framework switch 2. Review use cases 3. Part 3 Management Process   Outcome: We will now be using Node.js framework for the backend instead of Django.  A few use cases were clarified and updated.  An updated use case document titled “Use Case v2” is created.  We reviewed each section of part 3 and will complete the assigned sections by next class meeting. |
|  |
|  |

### 3.1.2 Tasks

|  |
| --- |
| **Project Manager – Vinh** |
| The project manager will organize, manage, and guide the project to meet the project requirements.  The project manager will be in charge of scheduling meetings and recording important information and topics that are brought up during these meetings.  The phase plans and iteration planning is the job that the project manager has to undertake and it is also important for the project manager to make sure all the participating team members understand the goals of each iteration.  The project manager is also in charge of organizing the team and managing expectations in order to achieve all the objectives of the project.  It is also the responsibility of the project manager to communicate the project status in order to stay on schedule. |
| **Design Lead - Julia** |
| The design lead is responsible for the written description of the software. The written document will then be given to the software development team to guide the team to the overall architecture of the software product. The documentation will help with the integration of the software in object-oriented design. The design lead is responsible for creating a data design/structure, architecture design, interface design, and procedural design. |
| **Programming Lead – Frank** |
| The programming lead shall be in charge of implementing the overall design of the project during the construction phase. Furthermore, the programing lead shall overlook the structure of the code through making sure the code is manageable and properly implemented. The programming lead shall be responsible of implementing backend technologies such as database and network connectivity. The programming lead shall overlook that the front-end technologies are implemented to communicate with the backend technologies. In the construction and transition phase, the programing lead shall communicate the code progress to the lead tester and tester in order to prepare for future test case runs. |
| **Programming – Sami** |
| The programmer shall assist the lead programmer in implementation throughout the progress of the project. It is the duty of the programmer to ensure the front end meets customer requirements using best-fit technology. In addition to working alongside the program lead, the programmer shall discuss with the design lead in ensuring the project is within scope of the project. This programmer shall ensure all requirements of the front end is met while coordinating with the program lead in communicating with the backend. |
| **Lead Tester – Yuri** |
| The Lead Tester (LT) shall perform the manual function testing on the designated devices at the earliest opportunity for complete functionality for precise, rigorous system checks prior to the system being seen as having the ability to go live with the client. Responsibilities of the LT will be communicating all test issues and concerns effectively and then executing the correct procedures in order to ensure the appropriate fix. The LT will coordinate the daily workload of each Tester by giving direction on projects to facilitate the results being completed in a timely fashion. The test results will be analyzed, discussed, and concerns resolved with the project manager and the design lead to improve correctness and performance for project web apps in order to meet customer's performance metrics. |
| **Tester – Michael** |
| The Tester shall design and executive test plans with the Test Lead in order to allow the pursuit of high levels of quality in the functionality of the product. The Tester shall be in charge of performing and recording various test cases and results. The tester shall report any unexpected results that came to pass during tests to the Test Lead. The tester shall carry out all possible tests to find any potential bug(s). The Tester shall be responsible for documentation of all test results and then to compare with the expected results. Any and all anomalies and issues will be discussed with the Test Lead. |

## 3.2 Project Plan

The project shall follow UP (Unified Process) and each iteration shall be 11 days long and planned for 8 iterations until the release date.

### 3.2.1 Phase Plan

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Phase** | **Starts on** | **Ends on** |
| Inception Phase | September 1 | September 12 |
| Elaboration Phase | September 13 | October 4 |
| Construction Phase | October 5 | November 7 |
| Transition Phase | November 8 | November 28 |

### 3.2.2 Iteration Plan

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Iteration # and Objective** | **Starts on** | **Ends on** |
| Inception Phase - Iteration1 | September 1 | September 12 |
| * Initiate project * Project approval * Identify team organization * Develop product vision * Define the scope of the project * Define project requirements * Prepare project environment * Begin documentation * Set up communications * Supplementary specifications * Architecture decision | | |
| Elaboration Phase – Iteration 2 | September 13 | September 24 |
| * Initial design of web application * Sketch system * Identify use cases * Define project environment * Project management and scheduling * Define system actors * Identify and manage high-level risks * Address development issues * Database design | | |
| Elaboration/Construction Phase – Iteration 3 | September 25 | October 6 |
| * User feedback and adaption * Finalize Report 1 * UML Use Case Diagram * Architecture baseline * Demonstration | | |
| Construction Phase – Iteration 4 | October 7 | October 18 |
|  | | |
| Construction Phase – Iteration 5 | October 19 | October 30 |
|  | | |
| Construction/Transition Phase – Iteration 6 | October 31 | November 11 |
|  | | |
| Transition Phase – Iteration 7 | November 12 | November 23 |
|  | | |
| Transition Phase – Iteration 8 | November 24 | November 28 |
|  | | |

### 3.2.3 Iteration Objectives

Iteration Objectives are stated above 3.2.3 Iteration Plan.

### 3.2.4 Releases

November 29, 2015

### 3.2.5 Project Schedule

Space holder here

### 3.2.6 Project Resourcing

Human resources are noted in 3.1.2 Task section.

The tools used are as follow:

* Google Drive: Documents, Spreadsheet
* Laptop/Desktop running Window 8/Linux Ubuntu
* Node.JS
* Git
* MongoDB

Time Plan:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Role** | **Hours worked** |
| Project Manager | 12 weeks, average 8 hours per week |
| Design Lead | 12 weeks, average 8 hours per week |
| Program Lead | 12 weeks, average 10 hours per week |
| Program Assist | 12 weeks, average 10 hours per week |
| Test Lead | 12 weeks, average 8 hours per week |
| Tester | 12 weeks, average 8 hours per week |

## 3.3 Project Monitoring and Control

### 3.3.1 Budget Control Plan

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Cost Type** | **Cost** | **Total** |
| Phase I |  |  |
| Labor | $1,080 | 1,080 |
| Material | $600 | 1,680 |
| Other |  |  |
| Sub Total | $1,680 |  |
| Phase II |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

### 3.3.2 Quality Control Plan

* The project manager shall update the scheduling the project and ensure that the project schedule is followed and updated on a weekly basis.
* The product manager shall manage the project budget to ensure that the project does not go over budget.
* The product manager shall manage the risk daily and update them when necessary.
* Quality control will occur between each iteration where the requirements will be checked and compared with the part of the project the group is currently working on to ensure that all the requirements listed were included in the project.

### 3.3.3 Reporting Plan

The project manager shall collaborate with the development team and coordinate the meetings with the client at each iteration basis.  The development team members shall attend the meetings with the client to gauge their satisfaction of the software in the current developmental stage and gather the client’s feedback for possible implementation in future iterations.  The details of each meeting shall be recorded by the project manager or a specific team member who will be designated by the project manager.  At the beginning of each iteration, the development team meetings will be held to report each member’s status and make sure that every team member understands the objective of the current iteration. The project manager will assess the team’s progress and adjust workloads accordingly.

### 3.3.4 Measurement Plan

Each team member shall seek feedback data in based on their designated area of their current task in the developmental process; the team’s progress will be assessed during the team meeting once per iteration. Thus all team members will be able to determine if the development process is going along as planned or if the team is behind schedule.  Any concerns and discussions about improvements that can be made to the software will be addressed during the meeting in order to help each individual team member work more efficiently during the next iteration.  If the team’s progress is determined to be behind schedule, the team member’s task and responsibility will need to be re-evaluated.  At that point-in-time the project manager will re-assign tasks and responsibilities to individual team members with the team’s approval.

## 3.4 Risk Management Plan

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Risk** | **Solution** |
| Time Constraint | Lay out deadlines for each iteration |
| Scope of the project | Pre-defining what extent of the project. |
| Choosing the right development tools | Experimenting each tool to see what tools work best with |
| Skills on web development | Interview potential members for skills in web development |

**Time Constraint**

Because of the amount given, timing is crucial within this project to deliver the final product without delay. To prevent any possibility of losing track from the deadline, a plan that lays out all the objectives on each iteration would be essential to handling any unknown complications in the future. By doing so, while additionally building upon the system, can reduce the risk on timing constraint.

**Scope of the Project**

Every project has it’s own domain with it’s extent at how much a project can function. This  “scope of the project”, is a high of risk because simply because of one question: does it fit our objective? In order to keep the scope under control, necessary steps in knowing what the goal is or  whether this function is within scope can allow the project to be deliver in a timely basis, keep the flow of the project into the right direction.

**Choosing the right development tools**

Originally, Flask and Django was what the team has chosen as the framework to build our project upon. However, because of our lack of knowledge within the framework and the amount of time necessary to learn the frameworks, they were scrapped. This risk comes right off from the start of the project due to knowing which frameworks each team member has knowledge upon.

**Skills of web development**

The project needed the web skills from the start just to begin with. The risk is moderate that could potentially become a high risk. The reason for this is because of simply know which members has the necessary coding skills to build the web application itself. To counter this, interviewing potential members and describing their strong skills can quickly resolve any issues in coding.

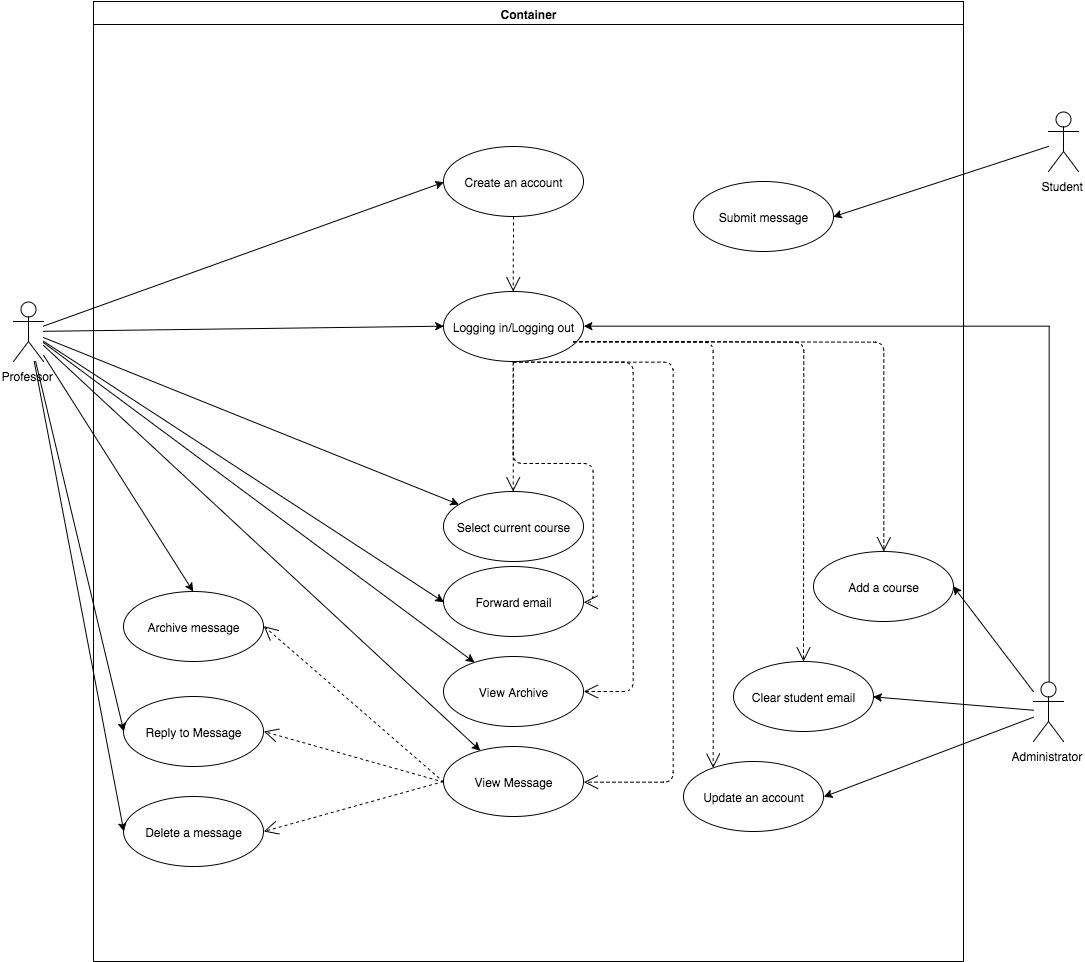
# 4. Design Description

## 4.1. Product Perspective

## 4.2 Product Features

## 4.3 Use Cases

Use Case Diagram

****

### 4.3.1 UC1:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Use Case ID | 01 |
| Use Case Name | Create an account |
| Primary Actor(s) | Professor |
| Goal | User shall be able to create an account successfully |
| Pre-Conditions | None |
| Post-Conditions | System stores the account information, with an associated unique ID number into the user database |
| Main Flow | 1. User selects “Sign up” button to sign up for an account on “Home” web page 2. System displays a blank creation form 3. User selects their affiliated “Campus” 4. User inputs their first name in the “First Name” text box 5. User inputs their last name in the “Last Name” text box 6. User inputs a valid professor “.edu” email address 7. User provides a password that must be 8 characters long, that includes 1 digit and 1 letter 8. User clicks the “Submit” button 9. System verifies input information by sending a verification email containing a secret code to the user 10. User receives the email in their email inbox 11. User will use the secret code within the email and input into the web page 12. System verifies the code 13. System creates an account saving the professor’s information along with a unique ID into the database |
| Alternative Flows | A.5.    System displays an error message: “Account already exists.”  A.5.1. System navigates the user to login page (UC:02)  B.5.    System displays an error message: “Email is not in .edu format.”  B.5.1. System navigates user back to Main Flow #5  A.8.    System prompts “Password must be 8 characters long”  A.8.1. Return to Main Flow #7  B.8. System prompts “Password must contain at least 1 digit.”  B.8.1. Return to Main Flow #7  C.8. System prompts “Password must contain at least 1 letter.”  C.8.1 Return to Main Flow #7 |
| Exceptions |  |
| Notes |  |

### 4.3.2 UC2:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Use Case ID | 02 |
| Use Case Name | Logging in |
| Primary Actor(s) | Professor |
| Goal | User shall be able to log into their account using their email/password combination. |
| Pre-Conditions | User has an existing account (UC:01) |
| Post-Conditions | The system forwards the user to their account page |
| Main Flow | 1. User selects “Login” button on the “Home” web page 2. System launches the login screen 3. User inputs their email into the “Email” textbox 4. User inputs their password into the “Password” textbox 5. User clicks a “Login” button 6. System successfully validates email/password combination 7. System forwards the user to their account page |
| Alternative Flows | A.5.    System alerts user that the input was an incorrect  A.5.1. System navigates the user back to Main Flow #2 |
| Exceptions |  |
| Notes |  |

### 4.3.3 UC3:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Use Case ID | 03 |
| Use Case Name | Select current course |
| Primary Actor(s) | Professor |
| Goal | User selects the courses that they are currently teaching |
| Pre-Conditions | User has an existing account (UC:01)  User is logged into their account (UC:02)  User is currently on their account’s home page |
| Post-Conditions | The database will reflect the courses selected by the user  The user’s name and their courses will be displayed for students in order to send a message |
| Main Flow | 1. User selects “Account Settings” 2. User selects “Add Course” 3. System provides list of universities 4. User selects the desired university 5. System provides list of majors 6. User selects the desired major 7. System provides list of courses 8. User selects the desired course(s) 9. User clicks the “Submit” button 10. System saves courses within the database |
| Alternative Flows |  |
| Exceptions | A.3.    System does not display desired course  A.3.1. User selects “Not seeing your course?” hyperlink  A.3.2. System renders: “Submit a course ticket.” form  A.3.3. User inputs desired course  A.3.4. User clicks “Submit” |
| Notes |  |

### 4.3.4 UC4:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Use Case ID | 04 |
| Use Case Name | View a message |
| Primary Actor(s) | Professor |
| Goal | User shall be able to view a message |
| Pre-Conditions | User has an existing account (UC:01)  User has logged into their account (UC:02) |
| Post-Conditions | System displays the messages the students have sent to the user then move the message into the archive with the user’s approval |
| Main Flow | 1. User selects “View Messages” screen 2. The system lists a page of the courses they are currently teaching 3. User clicks on the message they wish to view 4. System lists the anonymous messages the student have sent 5. System displays the message |
| Alternative Flows |  |
| Exceptions |  |
| Notes |  |

### 4.3.5 UC5:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Use Case ID | 05 |
| Use Case Name | Reply to message |
| Primary Actor(s) | Professor |
| Goal | User shall be able to reply to a specific student without compromising the student’s identity. |
| Pre-Conditions | User has an existing account (UC:01)  User is logged into their account (UC:02)  User has received student’s message  User has navigated to “View Messages” screen (UC:03) |
| Post-Conditions | System displays the messages the students have sent to the user then move the message into the archive with the user’s approval |
| Main Flow | 1. User selects desired message to view 2. User clicks on “Reply” button 3. System renders “Reply” form 4. User fills in their response in the “Response” text box 5. User selects “Send” 6. System sends the message to the student |
| Alternative Flows | A1.     Message does not contain a return email address  A.1.1. System’s reply button is replaced with “Return address was not provided.” text  B.5.    System fails to send reply to the student  B.5.1. System displays: “Failed to send message, the email may be invalid.”  B.5.2. System forwards user back to Main Flow #1 |
| Exceptions |  |
| Notes |  |

### 4.3.6 UC6:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Use Case ID | 06 |
| Use Case Name | Archive message |
| Primary Actor(s) | Professor |
| Goal | User shall be able to archive message into the appropriate position |
| Pre-Conditions | User has an existing account (UC:01)  User is logged into their account (UC:02)  User is currently on their account’s homepage |
| Post-Conditions | Message is archived into the appropriate position |
| Main Flow | 1. User navigates into “View Message” screen 2. User selects the desired message 3. System renders the desired message information 4. User selects “Archive Message” button 5. System prompts “Are you sure you want to archive this message?” 6. User selects “Archive” 7. System archives message |
| Alternative Flows | A.6.    User selects “Cancel”  A.6.1. User is forward to Main Flow #3 |
| Exceptions | A.1.    System does not display the desired message to archive |
| Notes |  |

### 4.3.6 UC7:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Use Case ID | 07 |
| Use Case Name | View archive |
| Primary Actor(s) | Professor |
| Goal | User shall be able to view their archives of questions previously submitted |
| Pre-Conditions | User has an existing account (UC:01)  User is logged into their account (UC:02)  User is currently on their account’s homepage |
| Post-Conditions | User can view all the questions the students have asked in the past |
| Main Flow | 1. User selects “View archive” 2. System displays a list of courses that the user has taught 3. User selects desired course to view 4. System displays a list of semester the courses had been taught 5. User selects desired semester to view 6. System displays the list of messages 7. User selects desired message to view 8. System displays the message |
| Alternative Flows | A.2.    System does not display all the courses taught by the user  B.5. System does not display all the semesters within the course  C.7. The message to view is not listed within the semester |
| Exceptions |  |
| Notes |  |

### 4.3.6 UC8:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Use Case ID | 08 |
| Use Case Name | Delete a message |
| Primary Actor(s) | Professor |
| Goal | User shall be able to delete a message |
| Pre-Conditions | User has an existing account (UC:01)  User is logged into their account (UC:02)  User has received student’s message  User is currently on their account’s homepage |
| Post-Conditions | Message is deleted from the database |
| Main Flow | 1. User selects “View Message” button 2. System renders “View Message” web page 3. User selects desired message from list of message 4. System renders the desired message 5. User selects “Delete” 6. System prompts a message: “Are you sure you want to delete?” 7. User selects “Delete” on the prompt message 8. System deletes message from database 9. System prompts another message: “Message successfully deleted.” 10. System removes a message from “View Messages” screen |
| Alternative Flows | A.6.    Professor selects “Cancel”  A.6.1. System prompts message: “Message was not deleted”  A.6.2. System forwards User back to Main Flow #2 |
| Exceptions | B.2. System does not display the desired message |
| Notes |  |

### 4.3.6 UC9:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Use Case ID | 09 |
| Use Case Name | Forward email (to personal email) |
| Primary Actor(s) | Professor |
| Goal | User is able to forward a message to a personal email account |
| Pre-Conditions | User has an existing account (UC:01)  User is logged into their account (UC:02)  User can view a message (UC:03)  User has received student’s message  User is currently on their account’s homepage |
| Post-Conditions | System forwards the message to the user’s personal email account |
| Main Flow | 1. User selects “View Message” 2. User select desired message 3. System renders the desired message 4. User selects “Forward Email” 5. System prompts: “Are you sure? This message shall be forwarded to your .edu email.” 6. User selects “Forward” 7. System forwards the message 8. System prompts a message: “Message has been forwarded.” |
| Alternative Flows | A.5.    Professor selects “Cancel”  A.5.1. System prompts: “Forward message canceled.”  A.5.2. System forwards user back to Main Flow #3  A.6.    System fails to forward the message  A.6.1. System prompts:  “Message failed to send. Would you like to try again “Yes”, “No”.”  A.6.2. User selects “Yes”  A.6.3. System navigates user to Main Flow #5 and forwards the message again  B.6.    System fails to forward the message  B.6.1. System prompts: “Message failed to send. Would you like to try again “Yes”, “No””  B.6.2. User selects “No”  B.6.3. System navigates user to Main Flow #3 |
| Exceptions |  |
| Notes |  |

### 4.3.6 UC10:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Use Case ID | 10 |
| Use Case Name | Submit message |
| Primary Actor(s) | Student |
| Goal | The student submits message to the Professor |
| Pre-Conditions | User is on the student page |
| Post-Conditions | User submits a message is sent to the Professor |
| Main Flow | 1. User navigates to the student’s web page 2. User selects their desired “College” 3. User selects their desired “Major” 4. User selects their desired “Course” 5. User inputs a subject in the subject field 6. User inputs a message in the message field 7. User presses the “Submit” button 8. System sends a message to the professor’s account |
| Alternative Flows | A.5.    User inputs their personal email into “Email” textbox  A.5.1. User returns back to Main Flow #6 |
| Exceptions | A.2.   System does not provide the desired “College”  A.3.   System does not provide the desired “Major”  A.4.   System does not provide the desired “Course” |
| Notes |  |

### 4.3.6 UC11:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Use Case ID | 11 |
| Use Case Name | Login for admin |
| Primary Actor(s) | Administrator |
| Goal | Admin shall be able to login their account |
| Pre-Conditions | User has an existing account (UC:01) |
| Post-Conditions | Admin shall successfully be logged into their account |
| Main Flow | 1. User selects “Administrator Login” 2. System forwards user to the administrator login web page 3. User types in their user name in the “username” textbox 4. User types in their password in the “password” textbox 5. User clicks the “Login” button 6. System successfully validates email/password combination 7. System forwards the user to their account page |
| Alternative Flows | A.5.    System alerts user that email/password combination  A.5.1. System forwards user back to Main Flow #2 |
| Exceptions | B.5.1. System alerts user that the account does not exist in the database  B.5.2. System forwards user back to Main Flow #2 |
| Notes |  |

### 4.3.6 UC12:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Use Case ID | 12 |
| Use Case Name | Update an account |
| Primary Actor(s) | Administrator |
| Goal | User shall be able to modify a professor account in the system |
| Pre-Conditions | User has access to the web application  Professor has an existing account (UC:01)  User has an existing account (UC:01)  User is logged into their account (UC:02) |
| Post-Conditions | Professor’s account has been updated in the system |
| Main Flow | 1. User clicks on “Users” on their administrator page 2. System will render a list of professor accounts 3. User selects the desired account 4. User modifies the professor’s account information 5. User selects “Update” 6. System updates the account information in the database |
| Alternative Flows | A.5.    User selects “Delete”  A.5.1. System prompts message: “Are you sure? This account will permanently be deleted?  A.5.2. User selects “Yes”  A.5.1. System deletes the account from the database |
| Exceptions | B.2.1. User fails to locate the desired account |
| Notes |  |

### 4.3.6 UC13:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Use Case ID | 13 |
| Use Case Name | Add a course |
| Primary Actor(s) | Administrator |
| Goal | User shall be able to add courses for Professor selection |
| Pre-Conditions | User has an existing account (UC:01)  User is logged into their account (UC:02)  User has access control prior to adding a course |
| Post-Conditions | A new course is added to the system |
| Main Flow | 1. User navigates to the administrator web page 2. User selects the “Add Course” tab 3. User selects the desired college 4. User selects the desired major 5. User inputs the course name 6. User selects the “Add” button 7. System adds the course into the database |
| Alternative Flows |  |
| Exceptions | Flow A:     7a.   “College” not properly selected     7b.   System prompts an error message     7c.   Administrator selects “Okay” within prompt     7d.   Return to Main Flow #3  Flow B:     7a.   “Major” not properly selected     7b.   System prompts an error message     7c.   Administrator selects “Okay” within the prompt     7d.   Return to Main Flow #4  Flow C:     7a.   “Professor” not properly selected     7b.   System prompts an error message     7c.   The administrator selects “Okay” within prompt     7d.   Return to Main Flow #6 |
| Notes | Note: Orange above is because of undecided |

### 4.3.6 UC14:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Use Case ID | 14 |
| Use Case Name | Clear student email |
| Primary Actor(s) | Administrator |
| Goal | User shall be able to clear a student email from the database |
| Pre-Conditions | User is logged into their account (UC:02)  User is on the administrator’s home page |
| Post-Conditions | A student email is removed (from the list of student emails?) |
| Main Flow | 1. User navigates to the “Manage Student Email” web page 2. User chooses the specific student email address 3. User clicks “Remove” 4. System removes the email address |
| Alternative Flows |  |
| Exceptions |  |
| Notes |  |

## 4.4 System Sequence Diagrams

## 4.5 Domain Model Diagrams

## 4.6 System Class Diagrams

## 4.7 Database Information (If Applicable)

## 4.7.1 Database Tables (If Applicable)

# 5. Test and Integration Plans and Results

## 5.1 Test Plans

## 5.2 Test Cases

## 5.3 Test Results

# 6. Installation Instructions and User Documentation

## 6.1 Prerequisites

## 6.2 Database Installation (If Applicable)

## 6.3 System Administration User (If Applicable)

## 6.4 User Manual, Operational Manual and Instruction

# 7. Recommendations for the Enhancement

# 8. References and Bibliography