



# 2019 STACK OVERFLOW DEVELOPER SURVEY

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# OUTLINE



- Executive Summary
- Introduction
- Methodology
- Results
  - Visualization – Charts
  - Dashboard
- Discussion
  - Findings & Implications
- Conclusion
- Appendix

# EXECUTIVE SUMMARY



- Data analysing goal
- Description
  - Gathering data
  - Analysis of data
  - Visualization of data
- Results shown with the help of dashboard outputs as graphs
- Overall findings and implications with respect to the results shown in graph
- Overall conclusion

# INTRODUCTION



- Stack overflow's annual developer survey 2019 is the most comprehensive survey of people who code globally
- Currently, there are 90000 developers according to May 2023 data
- Data keeps changing every year as programming languages evolve
- Data is analysed by two ways
  - Technology trends
  - Demographics

# METHODOLOGY



- Data collection and glance through the dataset
  - 1) Scraping data from web
  - 2) API
  - 3) Importing requests library
- Data wrangling
- Exploratory data analysis
  - 1) Data analysis with data distribution
  - 2) Outlier detection
  - 3) Correlation of data
  - Data visualization
  - Output

# RESULTS



# PROGRAMMING LANGUAGE TRENDS

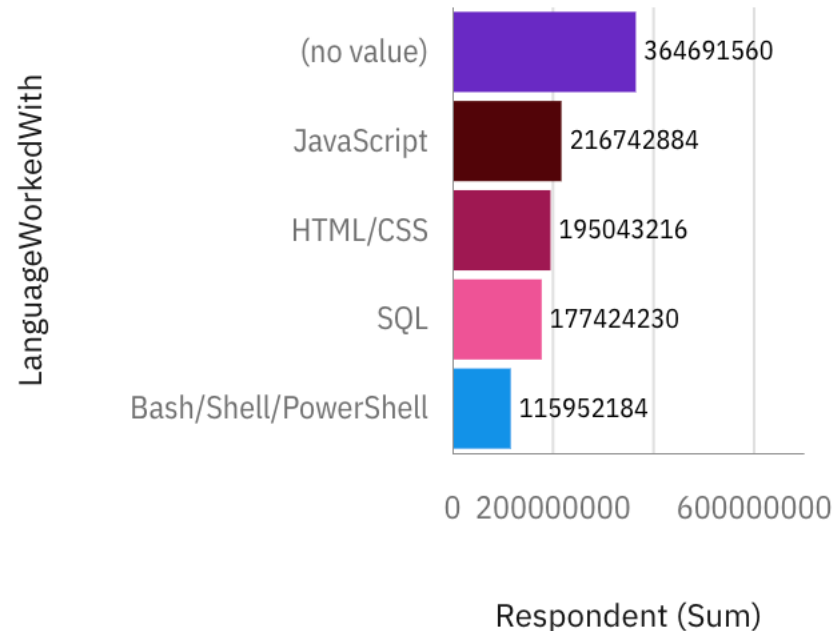
Current Year

Top 5 programming languages for current year



LanguageWorkedWith

- (no value)
- HTML/CSS
- SQL
- Bash/Shell/PowerShell
- JavaScript



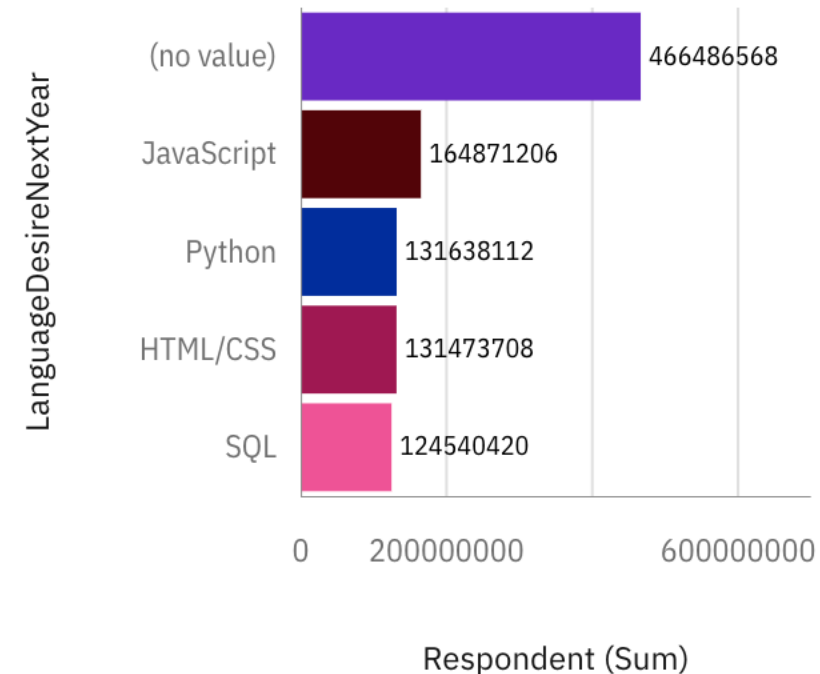
Next Year

Top 5 programming languages for future year



LanguageDesireNextYear

- (no value)
- HTML/CSS
- JavaScript
- Python
- SQL



# PROGRAMMING LANGUAGE TRENDS - FINDINGS & IMPLICATIONS

## Findings

- Javascript tends to be second fastest growing language
- People's interest in scripting languages keeps increasing in current year
- Future trends displays python as one of the growing languages
- No interest towards Bash language in future trends

## Implications

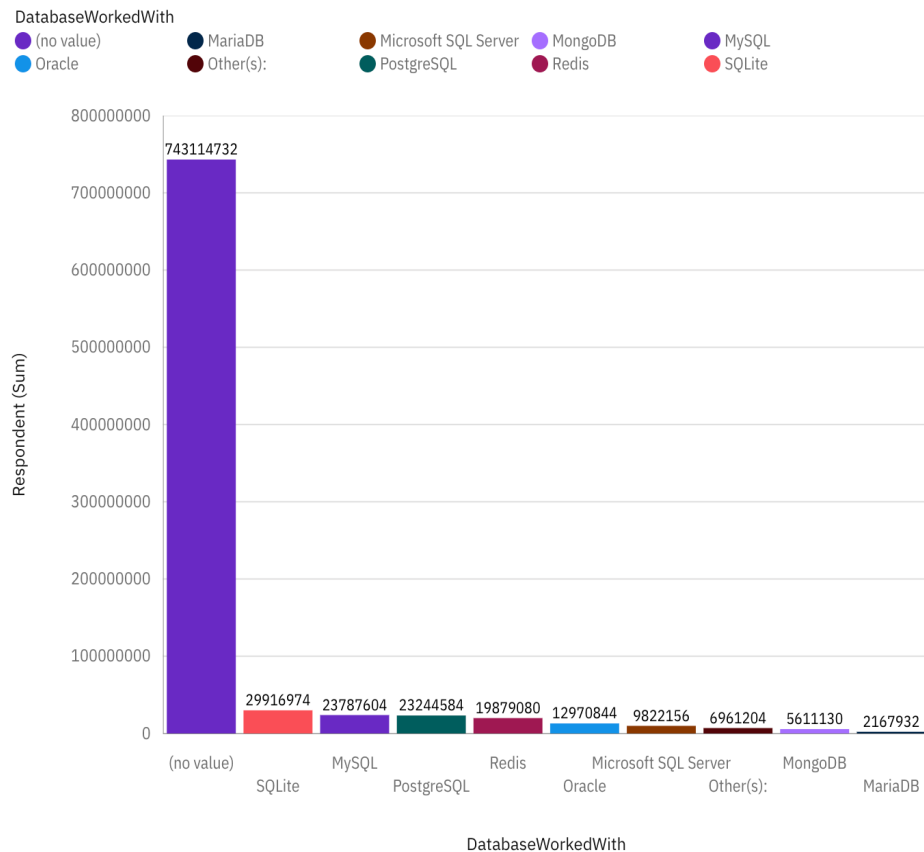
- Shift in first fastest growing language in future trends
- Fond for python programming by future developers
- Increased skillset with python programming language
- Less focus on SQL in future years



# DATABASE TRENDS

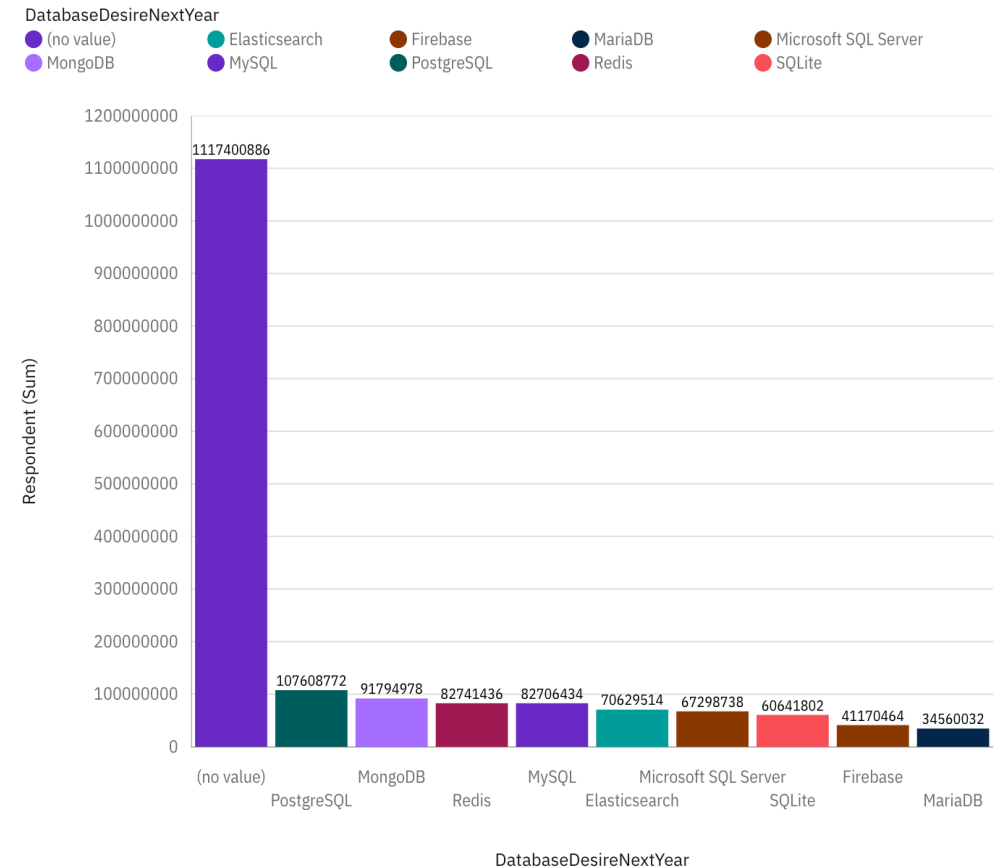
## Current Year

Top 10 Database worked with



## Next Year

Top 10 Database desire next year



# DATABASE TRENDS - FINDINGS & IMPLICATIONS

## Findings

- SQLite becomes the fastest evolving language
- Increased interest in MongoDB, MariaDB in future trends compared to current trends
- New interest in Firebase in future findings
- Decent trends in Oracle database currently

## Implications

- Introduction to Firebase in evolving market
- Shift in interest towards MongoDB and MariaDB
- Microsoft SQL Server has increased interest
- Shift in database software according to the demand

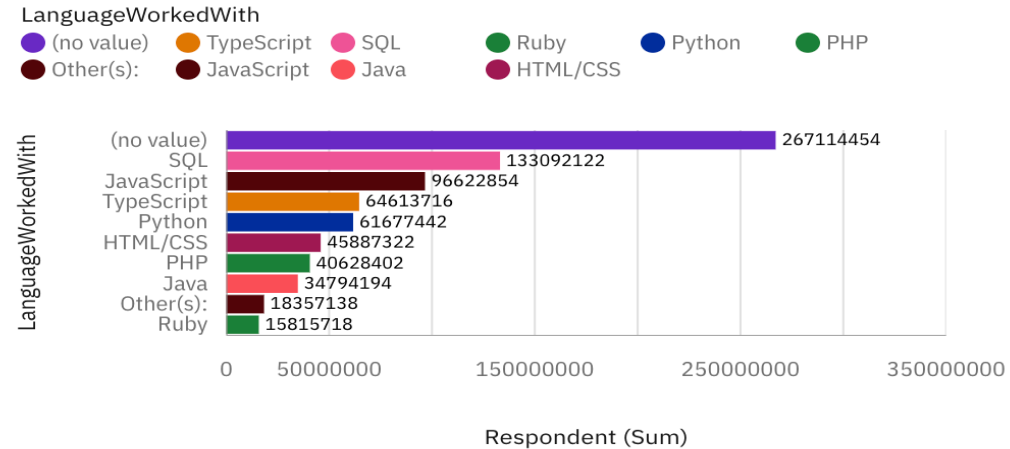
# DASHBOARD



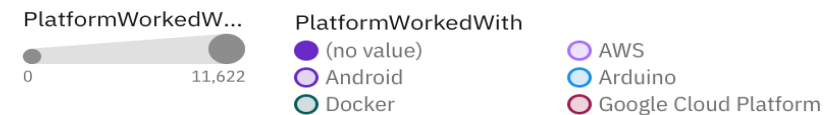
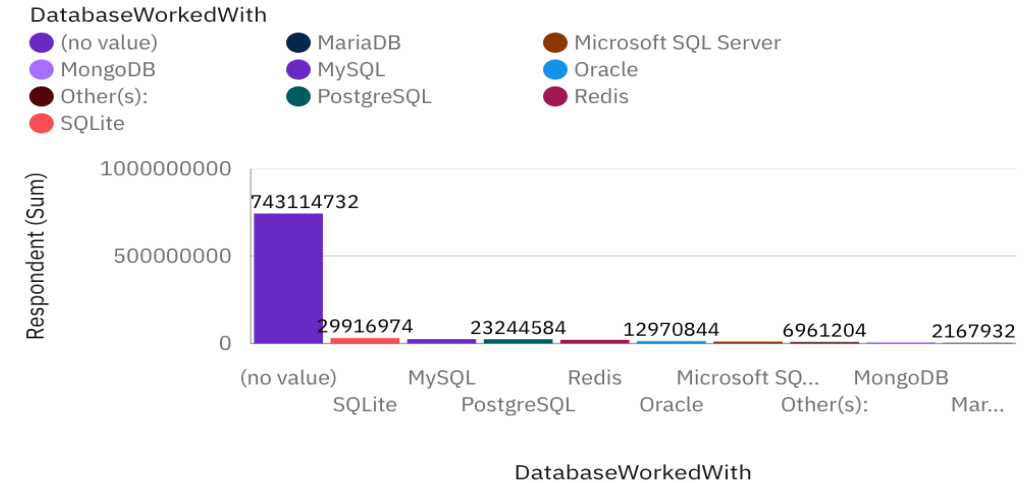
[https://us3.ca.analytics.ibm.com/bi/?perspective=dashboard&pathRef=.my\\_folders%2FCapstone&action=view&mode=dashboard&subView=model0000018cfb7900bc\\_00000000](https://us3.ca.analytics.ibm.com/bi/?perspective=dashboard&pathRef=.my_folders%2FCapstone&action=view&mode=dashboard&subView=model0000018cfb7900bc_00000000)

# DASHBOARD TAB 1

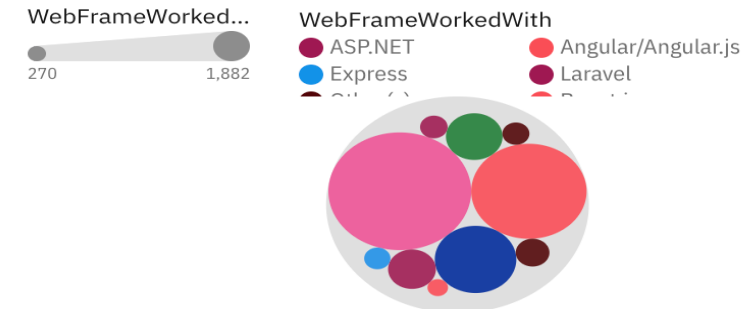
Top 10 languages worked with



Top 10 Database worked with



Top 10 Web frame worked with

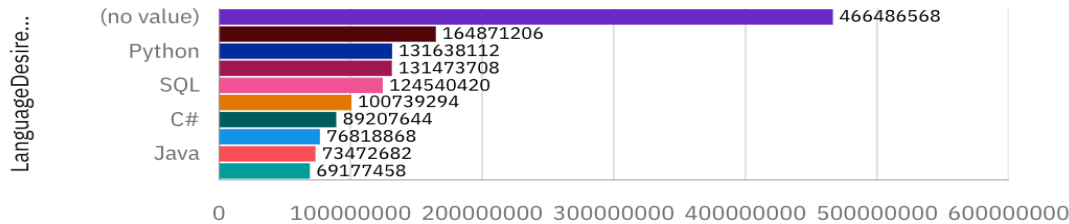


# DASHBOARD TAB 2

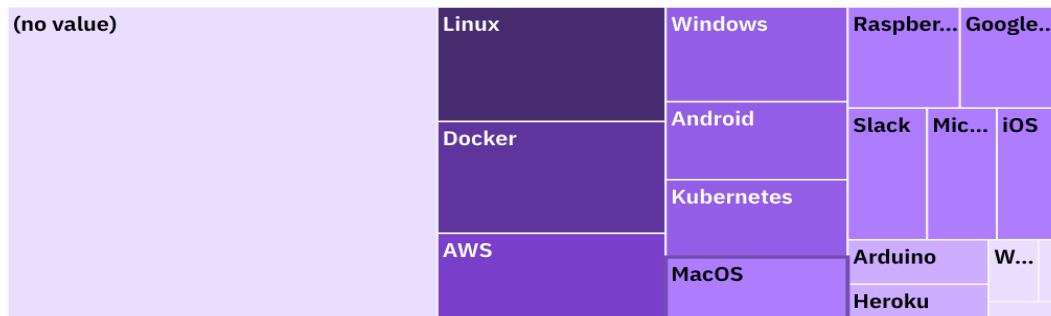
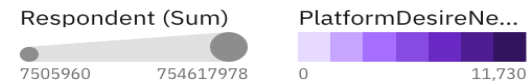
Top 10 Language Desire Next year



LanguageDesireNextYear



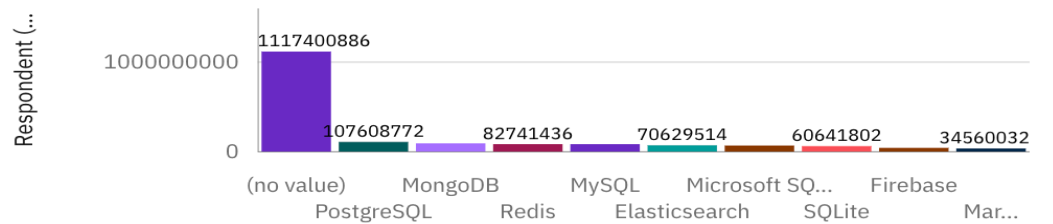
Platform desire next year



Top 10 Database desire next year



DatabaseDesireNextYear



DatabaseDesireNextYear

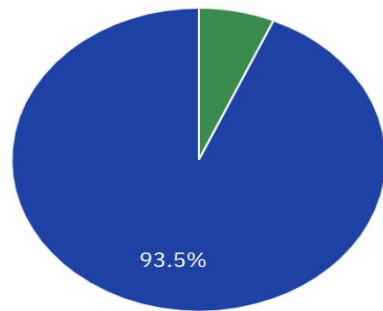
Top 10 web frame desire next year



# DASHBOARD TAB 3

Respondent classified by Gender

Gender  
● Woman ● Man

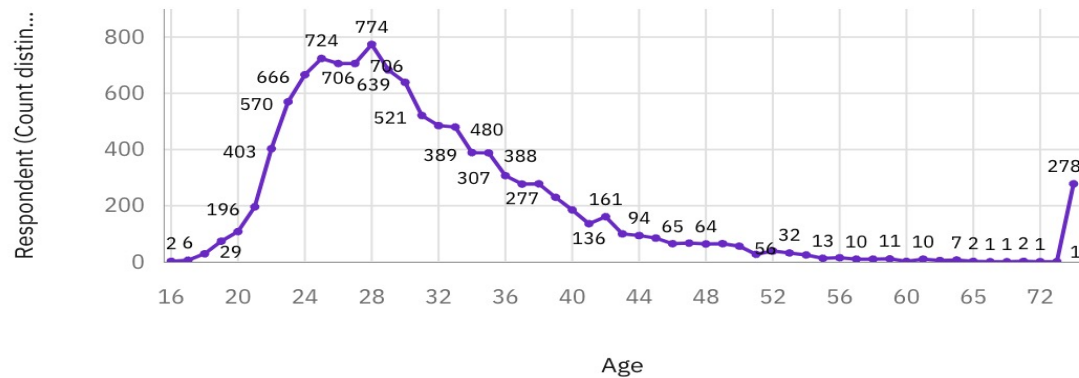


Respondent for Country regions

Respondent (Count)  
1 3058

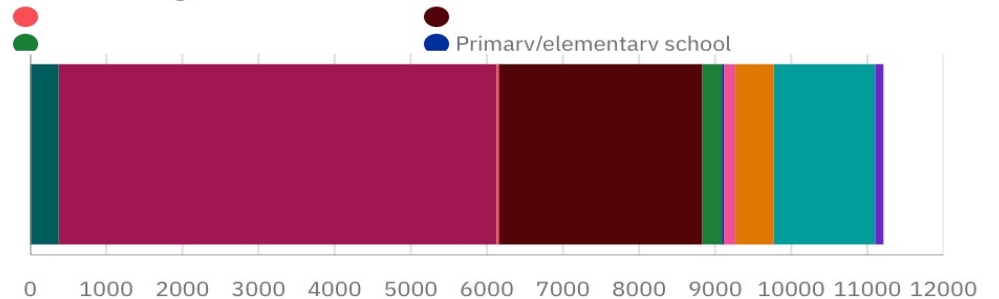


Respondent count by Age



Respondent by formal education level

EdLevel  
● Associate degree  
● Primary/elementary school



# DISCUSSION



- Increased interest towards database in future years
- Growth in technological sectors
- The increasing demand in database software like MongoDB, MariaDB in future years
- What about Swift and GoLang programming languages?

# OVERALL FINDINGS & IMPLICATIONS

## Findings

- Minimum qualification of all developers is BE in CSE
- Increased interest towards database softwares
- Python is fastest growing programming language
- Increased interest towards database languages

## Implications

- Data professionals must be proficient in SQL, tableau and Excel with python
- Increased concentration in basic foundational topics in python
- Professional growth globally is essential
- Bash is not given importance in future years



# CONCLUSION



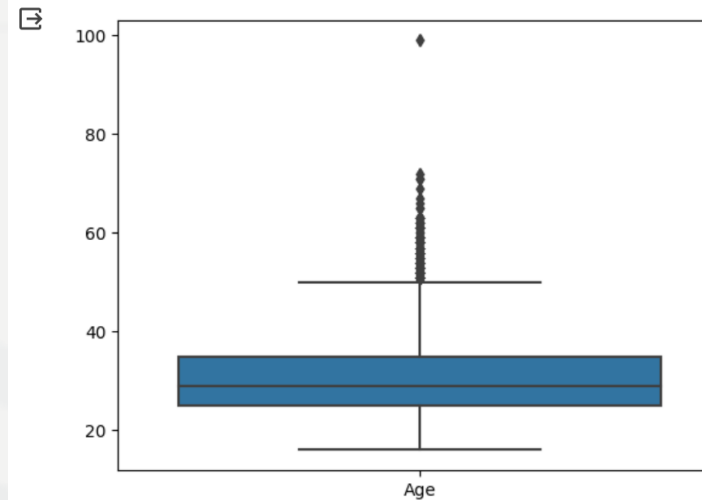
- It is important for data professionals to be proficient in both scripting and programming languages for a successful career in upcoming technology improvements
- Importance to database is also equally important
- Data visualizations like Tableau should also be very helpful tool to view as dashboards
- Data professionals should be expert in calculations with Excel spreadsheet

# APPENDIX



Plot a box plot of Age.

```
1 # your code goes here
2 QUERY = ""
3 SELECT Age
4 FROM master
5 ""
6 df = pd.read_sql_query(QUERY,conn)
7 df.head()
8 sns.boxplot(df,)
9
10 plt.show()
```

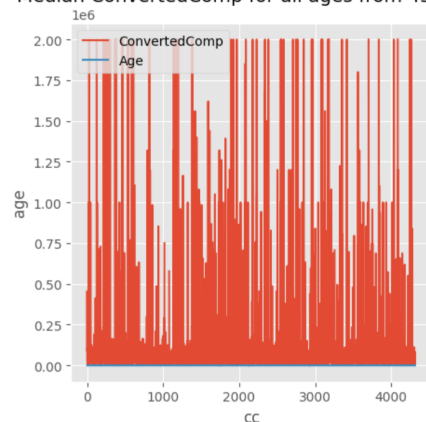


```
[ ]
```

	ConvertedComp	Age
count	4.012000e+03	4317.000000
mean	1.155598e+05	27.448923
std	2.786517e+05	1.683755
min	0.000000e+00	25.000000
25%	2.199600e+04	26.000000
50%	4.950000e+04	27.000000
75%	8.483875e+04	29.000000
max	2.000000e+06	30.000000

```
1 line_df.plot(kind = 'line', figsize = (5,5))
2 plt.xlabel('cc')
3 plt.ylabel('age')
4 plt.title('Median ConvertedComp for all ages from 45 to 60')
5 plt.show()
```

Median ConvertedComp for all ages from 45 to 60

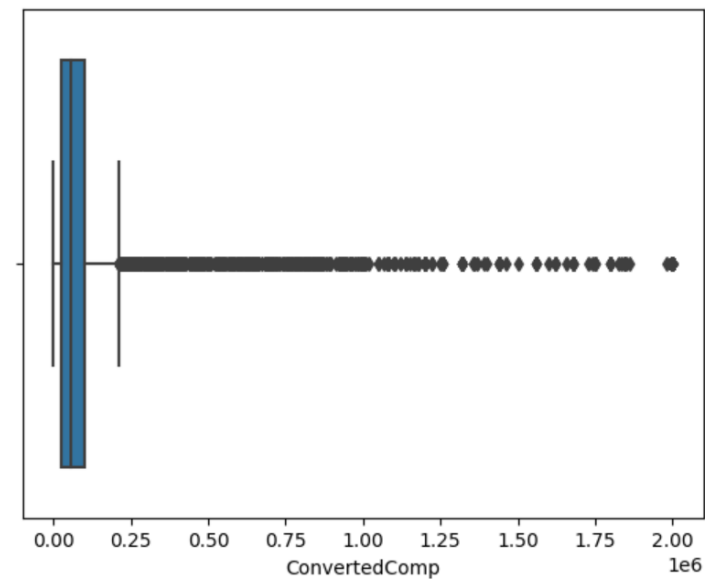


## ✓ Finding outliers

Find out if outliers exist in the column `ConvertedComp` using a box plot?

```
[ ] 1 # your code goes here
     2 sns.boxplot(x=df["ConvertedComp"])
```

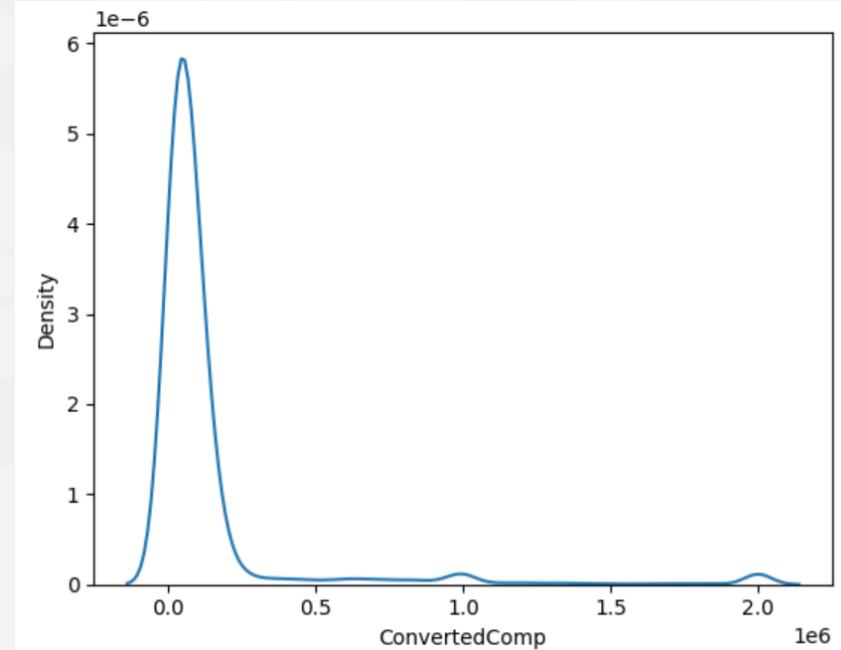
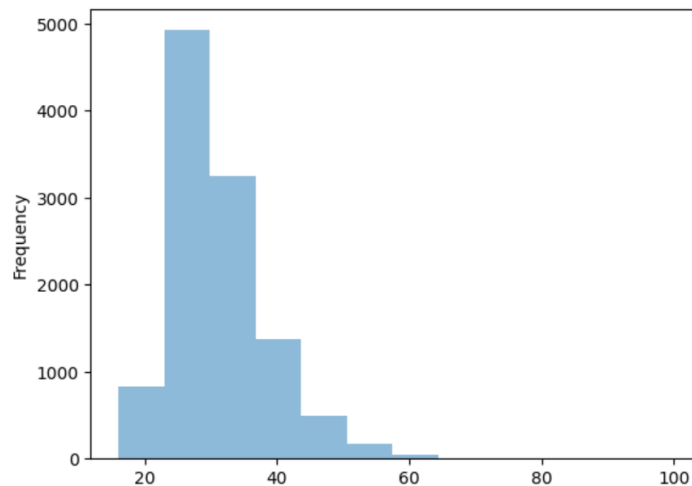
<Axes: xlabel='ConvertedComp'>



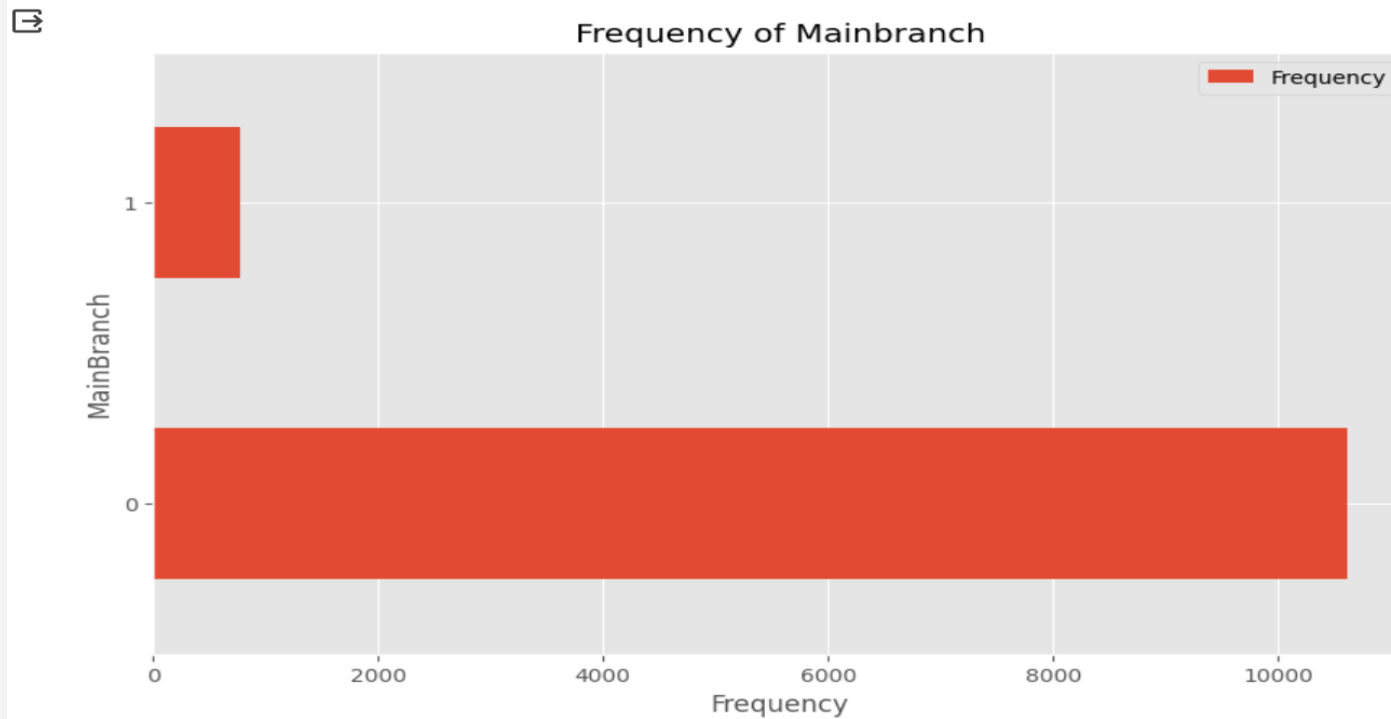
Plot a histogram of the column Age.

```
[ ] 1 # your code goes here  
    2 df['Age'].plot.hist(bins=12, alpha=0.5)
```

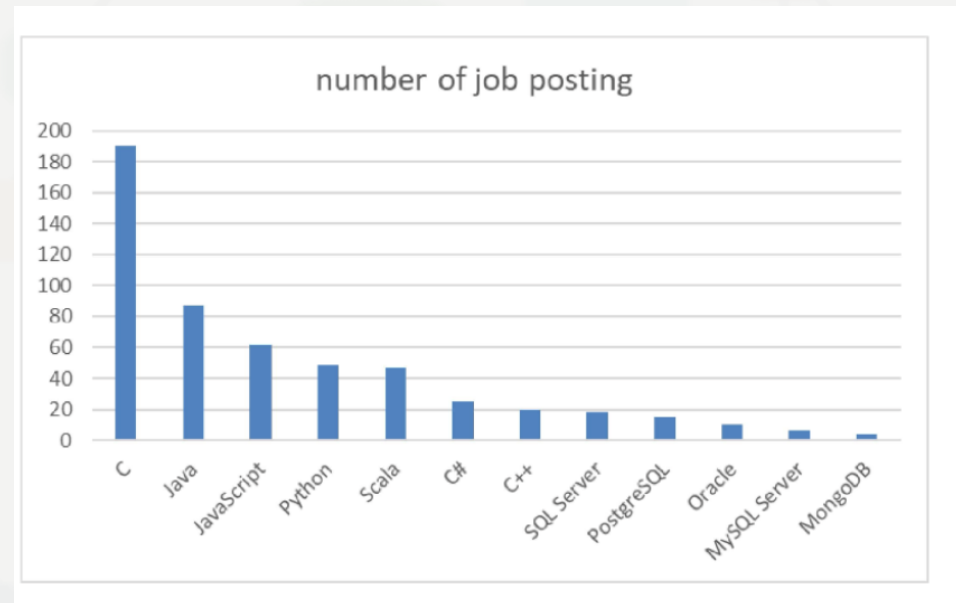
<Axes: ylabel='Frequency'>



```
1 # your code goes here
2 bar_df.plot(kind = 'barh', figsize=(10,6))
3 plt.xlabel('Frequency')
4 plt.ylabel('MainBranch')
5 plt.title('Frequency of Mainbranch')
6 plt.show()
```



# JOB POSTINGS



# POPULAR LANGUAGES

