'''This script demonstrates how to build a variational autoencoder with Keras. #Reference - Auto-Encoding Variational Bayes https://arxiv.org/abs/1312.6114 from __future__ import print_function import numpy as np import matplotlib.pyplot as plt from scipy.stats import norm from keras.layers import Input, Dense, Lambda from keras.models import Model from keras import backend as K from keras import metrics from keras.datasets import mnist batch_size = 100 original_dim = 784 $latent_dim = 2$ intermediate dim = 256 epochs = 50epsilon_std = 1.0 x = Input(shape=(original_dim,)) h = Dense(intermediate_dim, activation='relu')(x) z_mean = Dense(latent_dim)(h) z_log_var = Dense(latent_dim)(h) def sampling(args): z_mean, z_log_var = args epsilon = K.random normal(shape=(K.shape(z mean)[0], latent dim), mean=0., stddev=epsilon std) return z_mean + K.exp(0 / 2) * epsilon z = Lambda(sampling, output_shape=(latent_dim,))([z_mean, z_log_var]) # we instantiate these layers separately so as to reuse them later decoder h = Dense(intermediate dim, activation='relu') decoder_mean = Dense(original_dim, activation='sigmoid') h decoded = decoder h(z)x decoded mean = decoder mean(h decoded) # instantiate VAE model vae = Model(x, x decoded mean) # Compute VAE loss xent_loss = original_dim * metrics.binary_crossentropy(x, x_decoded_mean) $kl_loss = -0.5 * K.sum(1 + 0 - K.square(z_mean) - K.exp(z_log_var), axis=-1)$ vae loss = K.mean(xent loss + kl loss)

Using TensorFlow backend.

The default version of TensorFlow in Colab will soon switch to TensorFlow 2.x. We recommend you <u>upgrade</u> now or ensure your notebook will continue to use TensorFlow 1.x via the %tensorflow version 1.x magic: <u>more info</u>.

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorfl

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WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorfl

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/tensorflow_core/python Instructions for updating:

Use tf.where in 2.0, which has the same broadcast rule as np.where

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/optimizers.py:79

Model: "model_1"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #	Connected to
input_1 (InputLayer)	(None, 784)	0	
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 256)	200960	input_1[0][0]
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 2)	514	dense_1[0][0]
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 2)	514	dense_1[0][0]
lambda_1 (Lambda)	(None, 2)	0	dense_2[0][0] dense_3[0][0]
dense_4 (Dense)	(None, 256)	768	lambda_1[0][0]
dense_5 (Dense)	(None, 784)	201488	dense_4[0][0]

Total params: 404,244 Trainable params: 404,244 Non-trainable params: 0

Downloading data from https://s3.amazonaws.com/img-datasets/mnist.npz

11493376/11490434 [============] - 1s Ous/step

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WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorfl

Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples

Epoch 1/50

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorfl

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WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/tensorfl

```
Epoch 2/50
Epoch 3/50
Epoch 4/50
Epoch 5/50
Epoch 6/50
Epoch 7/50
Epoch 8/50
Epoch 9/50
Epoch 10/50
Epoch 11/50
Epoch 12/50
Epoch 13/50
Epoch 14/50
Epoch 15/50
Epoch 16/50
Epoch 17/50
Epoch 18/50
Epoch 19/50
Epoch 20/50
Epoch 21/50
Epoch 22/50
Epoch 23/50
60000/60000 [============== ] - 4s 60us/step - loss: 173.6192 - val lo
Epoch 24/50
Epoch 25/50
Epoch 26/50
Epoch 27/50
60000/60000 [============== ] - 4s 60us/step - loss: 173.5343 - val lo
Epoch 28/50
Epoch 29/50
Epoch 30/50
Epoch 31/50
```

	7 MILE TITTO COCHOTT II.PyTID	Colaboratory				
60000/60000 [==========] - 4s	s 61us/step - l	oss: 173.3427 - val_lo			
Epoch 32/50	7 4.	- FO / - t 1	222 2400			
60000/60000 [=================================	======	5 59us/step - 1	055: 1/3.2498 - Val_10			
6000/6000 [=========	1 - 4c	s 62us/sten - 1	oss: 173 3211 - val lo			
Epoch 34/50]	, 02u3/3ccp	vai_10			
60000/60000 [==========		62us/step - 1	oss: 173.3326 - val_lo			
Epoch 35/50	_	•	_			
60000/60000 [==========		s 60us/step - 1	oss: 173.2487 - val_lo			
Epoch 36/50	_					
60000/60000 [===========	======] - 49	s 60us/step - 1	oss: 173.2973 - val_lo			
Epoch 37/50 60000/60000 [=================================	1 46	- 62us/ston 1	oss: 172 1692 - val lo			
Epoch 38/50		s 02us/step - 1	033. 1/3.1002 - Val_10			
60000/60000 [==========	======] - 4s	s 64us/step - 1	oss: 173.2128 - val lo			
Epoch 39/50	•	, ,	_			
60000/60000 [========		s 61us/step - l	oss: 173.2148 - val_lo			
Epoch 40/50						
60000/60000 [==========	-====] - 49	s 61us/step - l	oss: 173.0693 - val_lo			
Epoch 41/50	1 4	. COus/ston 1	occ. 172 1271 vol lo			
60000/60000 [=================================	======	5 60us/step - 1	oss: 1/3.13/1 - Val_10			
6000/60000 [==========	======= 1 - 49	s 59us/sten - 1	oss: 173.1048 - val lo			
Epoch 43/50	,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
6000/60000 [===========	======] - 49	s 61us/step - l	oss: 173.1110 - val_lo			
Epoch 44/50						
60000/60000 [==========		s 62us/step - 1	oss: 173.0710 - val_lo			
Epoch 45/50	7 4-	. (1/-+]				
60000/60000 [=================================	======	5 61us/step - 1	oss: 1/3.0253 - Val_10			
60000/60000 [==========	1 - 49	s 59us/sten - 1	oss: 173.0656 - val lo			
Epoch 47/50	,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
6000/60000 [==========		s 59us/step - 1	oss: 172.9076 - val_lo			
Epoch 48/50						
60000/60000 [========		s 62us/step - 1	oss: 173.1000 - val_lo			
Epoch 49/50	7 4	62 / 1	472 0004 1 1			
60000/60000 [============	======] - 49	s 63us/step - 1	oss: 1/2.9891 - Val_10			
Epoch 50/50 60000/60000 [=================================	1 - 4c	s 59us/sten - 1	oss: 173 0235 - val lo			
<pre><keras.callbacks.history 0x7<="" at="" pre=""></keras.callbacks.history></pre>	_	•	va1_10			
Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #	Connected to			
input_2 (InputLayer)	(None, 784)	 0				
input_2 (inputtayer)	(None; 704)	Ü				
dense_6 (Dense)	(None, 256)	200960	input_2[0][0]			
dense_7 (Dense)	(None, 2)	514	dense_6[0][0]			
dense_8 (Dense)	(None, 2)	514	dense_6[0][0]			
lambda_2 (Lambda)	(None, 2)	0				
	(140110, 2)	U	dense_7[0][0] dense_8[0][0]			
dense_9 (Dense)	(None, 256)	768	lambda_2[0][0]			
						
dense_10 (Dense)	(None, 784)	201488	dense_9[0][0]			
			=======================================			
. 0 tar paramo, 404,277						

Total params: 404,244
Trainable params: 404,244
Non-trainable params: 0

```
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/50
60000/60000 [============] - 4s 66us/step - loss: 195.2530 - val_lo
Epoch 2/50
Epoch 3/50
Epoch 4/50
Epoch 5/50
Epoch 6/50
Epoch 7/50
Epoch 8/50
Epoch 9/50
Epoch 10/50
Epoch 11/50
Epoch 12/50
Epoch 13/50
Epoch 14/50
Epoch 15/50
Epoch 16/50
Epoch 17/50
Epoch 18/50
Epoch 19/50
Epoch 20/50
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 4s 61us/step - loss: 174.1297 - val lo
Epoch 21/50
60000/60000 [============== ] - 4s 60us/step - loss: 174.0803 - val lo
Epoch 22/50
Epoch 23/50
60000/60000 [============== ] - 4s 63us/step - loss: 173.9866 - val lo
Epoch 24/50
60000/60000 [============== ] - 4s 62us/step - loss: 173.9471 - val lo
Epoch 25/50
Epoch 26/50
Epoch 27/50
Epoch 28/50
Epoch 29/50
Epoch 30/50
```

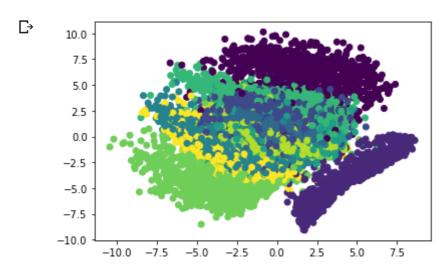
```
Epoch 31/50
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 4s 64us/step - loss: 173.6335 - val_lo
Epoch 32/50
Epoch 33/50
Epoch 34/50
Epoch 35/50
Epoch 36/50
Epoch 37/50
Epoch 38/50
Epoch 39/50
60000/60000 [=============== ] - 4s 62us/step - loss: 173.4093 - val_lo
Epoch 40/50
Epoch 41/50
Epoch 42/50
Epoch 43/50
Epoch 44/50
Epoch 45/50
Epoch 46/50
Epoch 47/50
Epoch 48/50
Epoch 49/50
Epoch 50/50
<keras.callbacks.History at 0x7fd5005bd940>
```

Here we start writing our code

Section C - Add an encoder which maps MNIST digits to the latent space. Using this encoder, visual

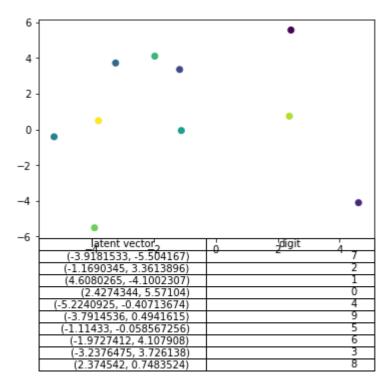
```
# encoder which maps MNIST digits to the latent space
encoder = Model(x, z_mean)

# visualize the test set in the latent space
x_test_encoded = encoder.predict(x_test, batch_size=batch_size)
plt.scatter(x_test_encoded[:, 0], x_test_encoded[:, 1], c=y_test)
plt.show()
```



Section C - Take one image per digit and print its corresponding mapping coordinates in the latent

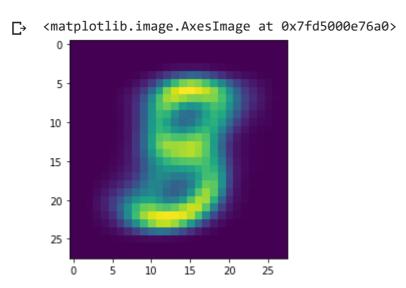
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Section D - Use the following code to define a generator that based on a sample from the latent sp

```
# Use the following code to define a generator that based on a sample from
# the latent space, generates a digits.
decoder_input = Input(shape=(latent_dim,))
    _h_decoded = decoder_h(decoder_input)
    _x_decoded_mean = decoder_mean(_h_decoded)
generator = Model(inputs=decoder_input, outputs=_x_decoded_mean)
z_sample = np.array([[0.5, 0.2]])
x_decoded = generator.predict(z_sample)
```

plt.imshow(x_decoded.reshape(28,28))



Section E - Take two original images from MNIST of different digits. Sample 10 points from the line latent space and generate their images

```
# Take two original images from MNIST of different digits
FIRST_DIGIT = 0
SECOND_DIGIT = 9
first_z = digits_to_latent[FIRST_DIGIT]
second_z = digits_to_latent[SECOND_DIGIT]
# Sample 10 points from the line connecting the two representations
# in the latent space and generate their images
SAMPLE_AMOUNT = 10
sampled = list(zip(np.linspace(first_z[0], second_z[0], SAMPLE_AMOUNT), np.linspace(first_
fig=plt.figure(figsize=(28, 28))
columns = 1
rows = 10
for i, z_sample in enumerate(sampled):
 x_sample = generator.predict(np.array([list(z_sample)]))
  fig.add_subplot(rows, columns, i+1)
  plt.imshow(x_sample.reshape(28,28))
plt.show()
```

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