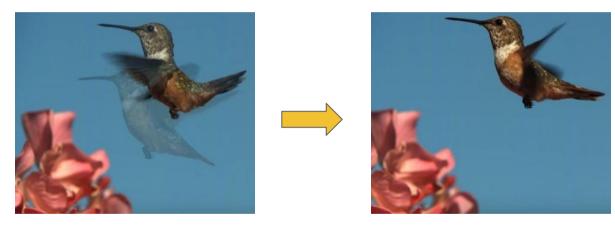
Recurrent Neural Networks (RNN)

Intuition



Previous frames

Current frame

Sequence Modeling Problem

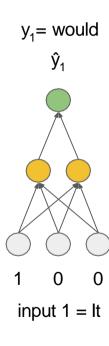
Next word prediction

Enter the beginning of a phrase:

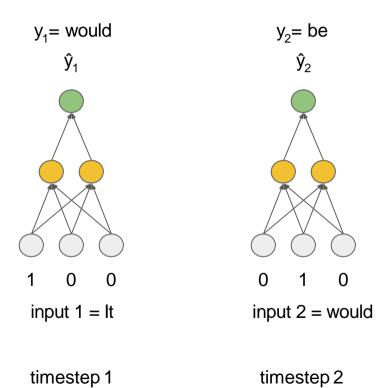
It would mean the

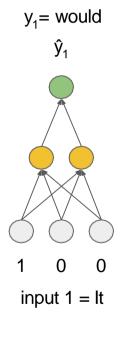
Top-3 predictions:

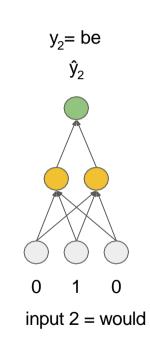
world same most



timestep 1



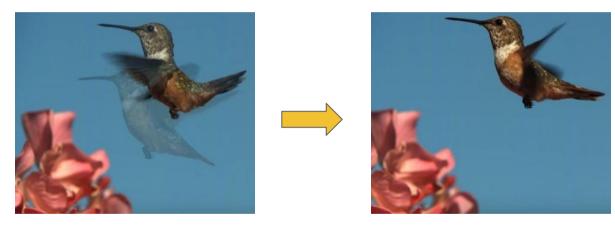




timestep 1

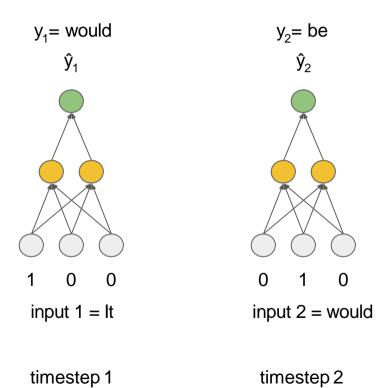
timestep 2

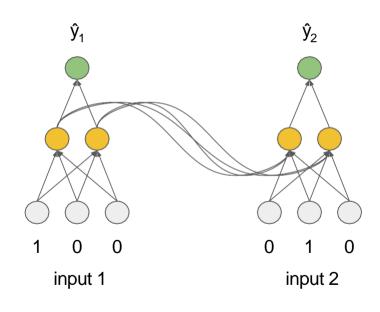
Intuition



Previous frames

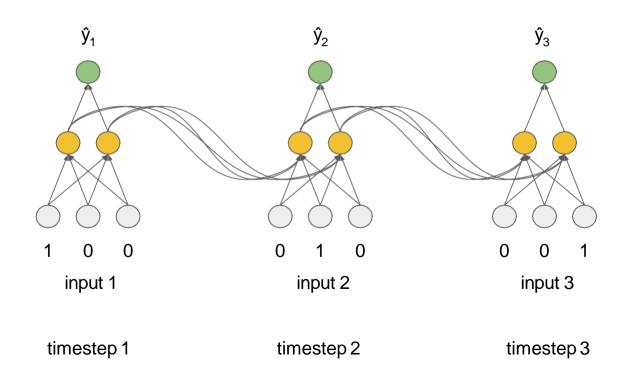
Current frame

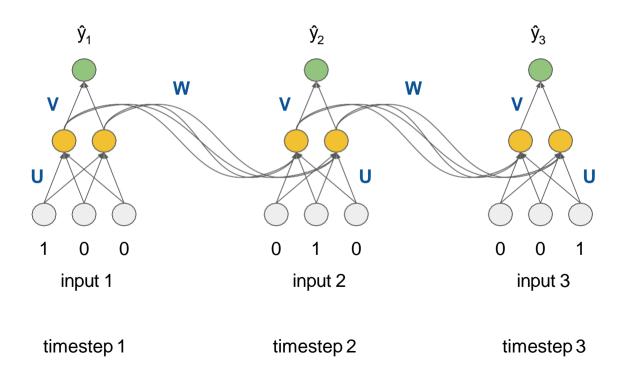


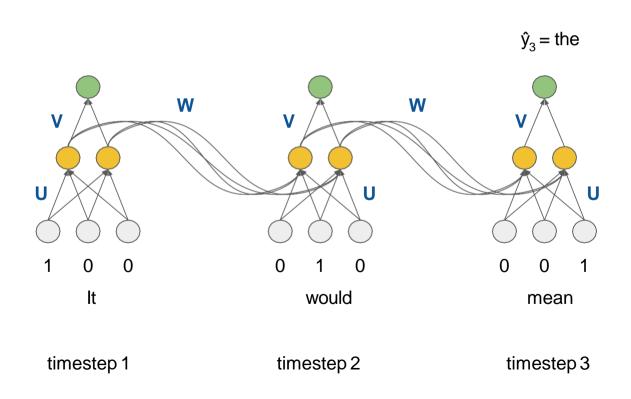


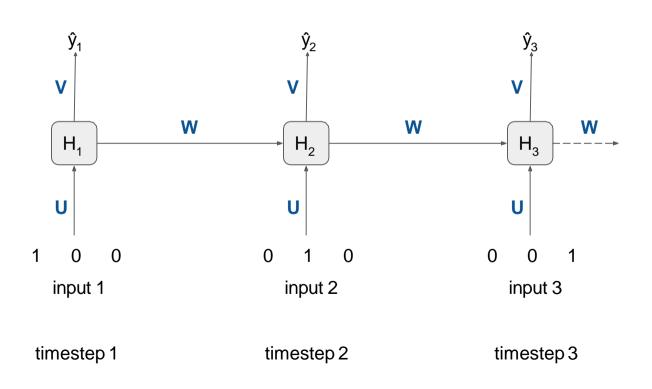
timestep 1

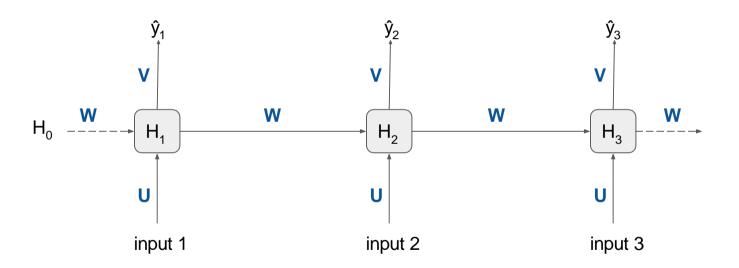
timestep 2







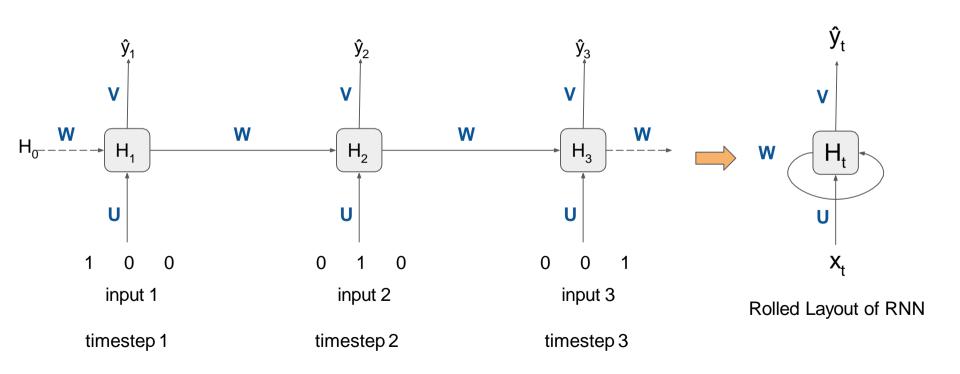


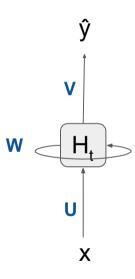


timestep 1

 $time step\,2$

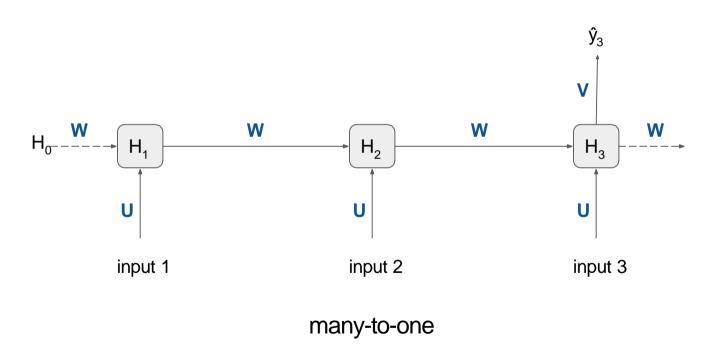
 $time step\,3$



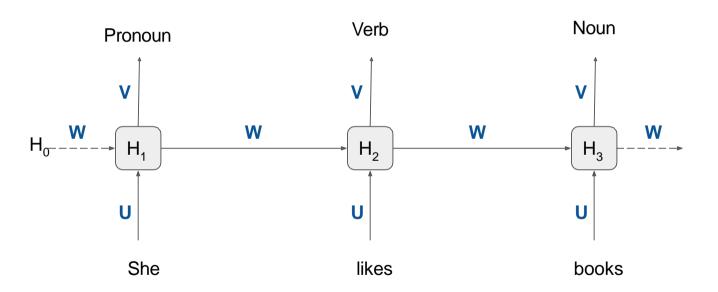


Rolled Layout of RNN

RNN Architecture Variants

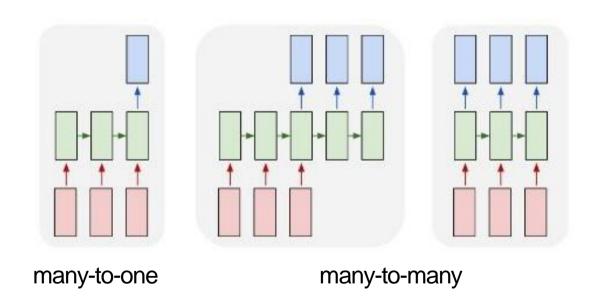


RNN Architecture Variants



many-to-many

RNN Architecture Variants

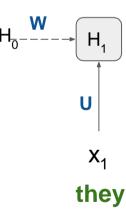


Functioning of RNN

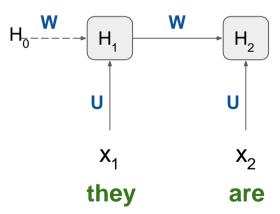
Task: Classify sentiment of the text as positive or negative

Input sentence: "they are happy"

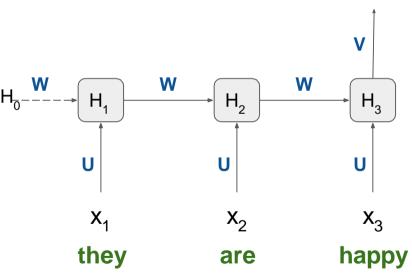
- Input sentence: "they are happy"
- First token, 'they', will be passed as input at timestep 1

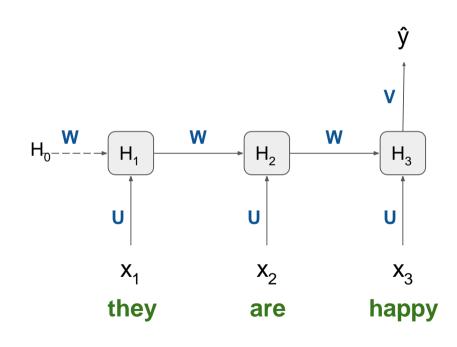


- Input sentence: "they are happy"
- First token, 'they', will be passed as input at timestep 1
- Second token, 'are', will be passed at timestep 2 and so on



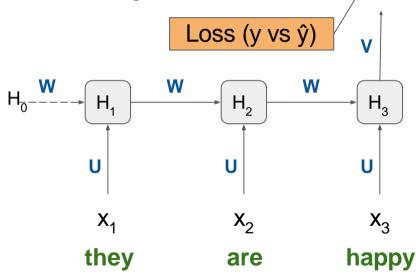
- Input sentence: "they are happy"
- First token, 'they', will be passed as input at timestep 1
- Second token, 'are', will be passed at timestep 2 and so on
- Output obtained at last timestep.



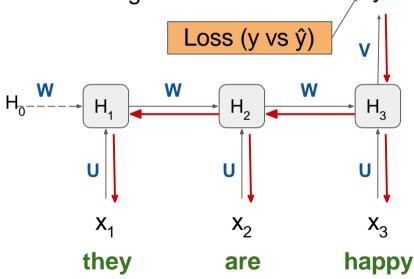


Task: Classify sentiment of the text as positive or negative

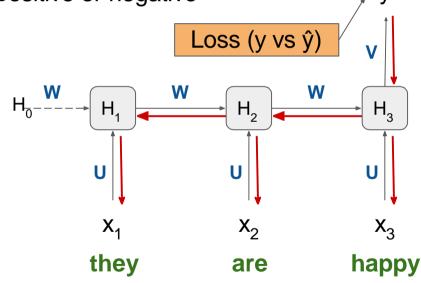
Loss (L) is calculated at the final timestep



- Loss (L) is calculated at the final timestep
- ∂L/∂V, ∂L/∂W and ∂L/∂U are computed



- Loss (L) is calculated at the final timestep
- ∂L/∂V, ∂L/∂W and ∂L/∂U are computed
- Weight matrices W, U, and V are updated



Thank You