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TASK 01

Your task is to give SQL queries for problem statements with the help of below mentioned tables -

Table - LINK

A. Retrieve the names and salaries of all employees, along with the average salary in their respective departments.

B. Calculate the total sales amount for each employee, including those who have not made any sales.

Display their names and total sales amount.

C. Rank employees within each department based on their salary in descending order. The ranking should

reset for each department.if two employees have the highest salary, they will both be assigned the rank

1, and the next distinct salary will be assigned the rank 3 (skipping 2).

D. Rank employees within each department based on their salary in descending order. The ranking should

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1, and the next distinct salary will be assigned the rank 2."

Queries

use assignment;

-- viewing employee table-select * from employee; -- Viewing sales table--

select * from SALES;

-- Question 1: Retrieve the names and salaries of all employees, along with the average salary in their respective departments.

```
SELECT
EMP_ID,
Name,
Department,
Salary,
```

```
AVG(Salary) OVER (PARTITION BY Department) AS Avg_Salary_In_Department FROM employee;
```

-- Question 2: Calculate the total sales amount for each employee, including those who have not made any sales. Display their names and total sales amount.

```
SELECT
employee.Name,
IFNULL(SUM(SALES.Sale_Amount), 0) AS Total_Sales_Amount
FROM
employee
LEFT JOIN
SALES ON employee.EMP_ID = SALES.Employee_ID
GROUP BY
employee.EMP_ID, employee.Name;
```

-- Question 3: Rank employees within each department based on their salary in descending order. The ranking should reset for each department if two employees have the highest salary, they will both be assigned the rank 1, and the next distinct salary will be assigned the rank 3 (skipping 2).

```
SELECT

EMP_ID,Name,

Department,

Salary,

RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY Department ORDER BY Salary DESC) AS Salary_Rank from

employee;
```

-- Question 4: Rank employees within each department based on their salary in descending order. The ranking should reset for each department.if two employees have the highest salary, they will both be assigned the rank 1, and the next distinct salary will be assigned the rank 2."

```
SELECT
Department,
EMP_ID,
Name,
Salary,
DENSE_RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY Department ORDER BY Salary DESC) AS Salary_Rank
FROM
employee;
```

TASK 02

Your task is to give queries for problem statements with the help of below mentioned 3 tables -

Table 1 - rm_master - contains info of the raw material sold by the vendor - LINK

Table 2 - rm_mapping_master - contains info about the raw material used in SKU - LINK

Table 3 - sales_master - quantity of SKU sold on a given day - LINK

- A. To get the total quantity of each rm(raw material) sold in each month.
- B. To get the name of vendors for each SKU.
- C. Get the most used and least used raw material based on the SKU sold.

Queries

use openinapp;

- -- viewing rm_master table
 select * from rm_master;
- -- viewing rm_mapping_master
 select * from rm_mapping_master;
- -- viewing sales_master
 select * from sales_master;
- -- Q1. To get the total quantity of each rm(raw material) sold in each month.
- -- formatting date column
 UPDATE sales_master
 SET date = STR_TO_DATE(date, '%d/%m/%Y');

select sum(Quantity), month(date) as sale_month from sales_master group by sale_month;

-- Q2. To get the name of vendors for each SKU.

```
SELECT

rmm.SKU,

REPLACE(GROUP_CONCAT(DISTINCT rm.VendorName ORDER BY rm.VendorName ASC), ',', ', ') AS

Vendor_Names

FROM

rm_mapping_master rmm

LEFT JOIN

rm_master rm ON rmm. `RID` = rm.`RID` GROUP BY rmm.SKU;
```

-- Q3: Get the most used and least used raw material based on the SKU sold.

Most Used Raw Material

```
SELECT

rmm. `RID` AS Raw_Material_ID,

rm. `RName` AS Raw_Material_Name,

SUM(rmm.Quantity) AS Total_Quantity_Sold

FROM

rm_mapping_master rmm

JOIN

rm_master rm ON rmm. `RID` = rm. `RID`

GROUP BY

rmm. `RID`, rm. `RName`

ORDER BY

Total_Quantity_Sold DESC

LIMIT 1;
```

-- Least Used Raw Material

```
SELECT

rmm.`RID` AS Raw_Material_ID,

rm.`RName` AS Raw_Material_Name,

SUM(rmm.Quantity) AS Total_Quantity_Sold

FROM

rm_mapping_master rmm

JOIN

rm_master rm ON rmm.`RID` = rm.`RID`

GROUP BY

rmm.`RID`, rm.`RName`

ORDER BY

Total_Quantity_Sold ASC

LIMIT 1;
```