

# Practical 5

The log of lifetime of 30 items are given below

3.21, 3.57, 3.63, 3.68, 3.74, 3.84, 4.21, 4.27, 4.48, 4.58, 4.72, 4.76, 4.76, 4.82, 4.82, 4.93, 4.96, 5.15, 5.33, 5.35, 5.41, 5.46, 5.63, 5.84, 6<sup>+</sup>, 6<sup>+</sup>, 6<sup>+</sup>, 6<sup>+</sup>, 6<sup>+</sup>, 6<sup>+</sup>

let log of lifetime is  $N(\theta, 1)$ , obtain ML estimate of  $\theta$  using EM algorithm

## Method

first of all we will estimate  $\theta_j$  by

$$\theta_{j+1} = \frac{m}{n}\bar{y} + \frac{m-n}{n} \left( \theta_j + \frac{\phi(a - \theta_j)}{1 - \phi(a - \theta_j)} \right)$$

## workout

Putting the values in R

```
rm(list=ls())
x=c(3.21,3.57,3.63,3.68,3.74,3.84,4.21,4.27,4.48,4.58,4.72,4.76,
    4.82,4.82,4.93,4.96,5.15,5.33,5.35,5.41,5.46,5.63,5.84)
m<-length(x)
n<-30
```

Iterating the formula

```
theta<-0          #Initializing theta
i<-0
repeat
{
  thetanew <- (m/n)*mean(x)+((n-m)/n)*(theta+(dnorm(6-theta)/(1-dnorm(6-theta))))
  thetanew<- round(thetanew,4)          #rounding upto 5 decimal places
  i<- i+1          #Increasing i to count iteration
  cat( "\t",i," Iteration"," \t ")
  cat(thetanew ,"\n ")
  if(thetanew == theta)          #checking condition to stop iteration
    break
  theta<-thetanew
}
```

```
##    1    Iteration      3.5463
##    2    Iteration      4.3785
##    3    Iteration      4.596
##    4    Iteration      4.6596
##    5    Iteration      4.6788
##    6    Iteration      4.6847
##    7    Iteration      4.6865
##    8    Iteration      4.6871
```

```
##      9  Iteration      4.6873
##     10  Iteration      4.6873
##
```

### Conclusion

the EM estimate of  $\theta$  is 4.6873