Recitation 3

1. The expenditure approach

a. Complete the following table using the expenditure approach!

| | Country A | Country B | Country C | Country D | Country E |
|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| С | 6000 | 4000 | 2000 | 7000 | 1000 |
| 1 | 1000 | 5000 | 8000 | 6000 | 1000 |
| G | 2000 | 7000 | 3000 | 5000 | 5000 |
| Χ | 5000 | 3000 | 5000 | 3000 | 5000 |
| М | 1000 | 1000 | 6000 | 6000 | 3000 |
| Y (GDP) | 13000 | 18000 | 12000 | 15000 | 9000 |

$$Y = C + I + G + (X-M)$$

2. Nominal and real GDP

a. Compute the rGDP and nGDP for each year! Use Year 3 as the base year!

| | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 |
|------|--------|--------|--------|
| P(A) | 10 | 6 | 5 |
| Q(A) | 2 | 3 | 5 |
| P(B) | 2 | 4 | 4 |
| Q(B) | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| nGDP | 22 | 22 | 37 |
| rGDP | 14 | 19 | 37 |

$$nGDP = P(A)* Q(A) + P(B)* Q(B)$$

 $nGDP = 5* Q(A) + 4* Q(B)$ as year 3 is base year