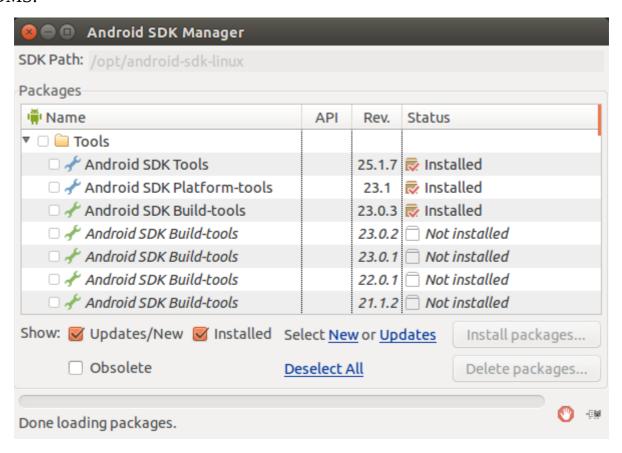
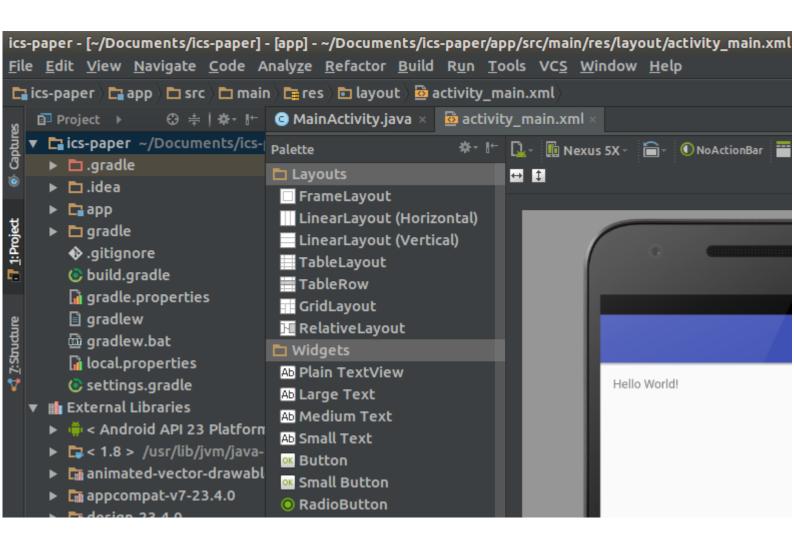
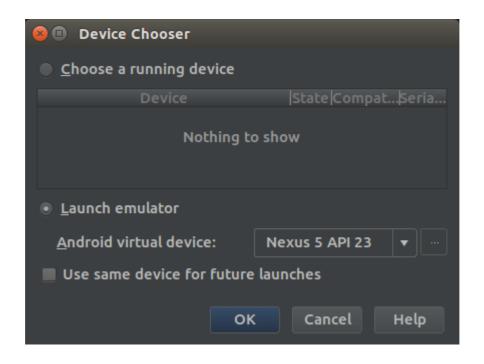
1. Android Debug Tool (i) Install Android SDK. (ii) Connect an Android device or emulator to the host which runs DDMS in the SDK. (iii) Dump and explain contents output by logcat in DDMS.

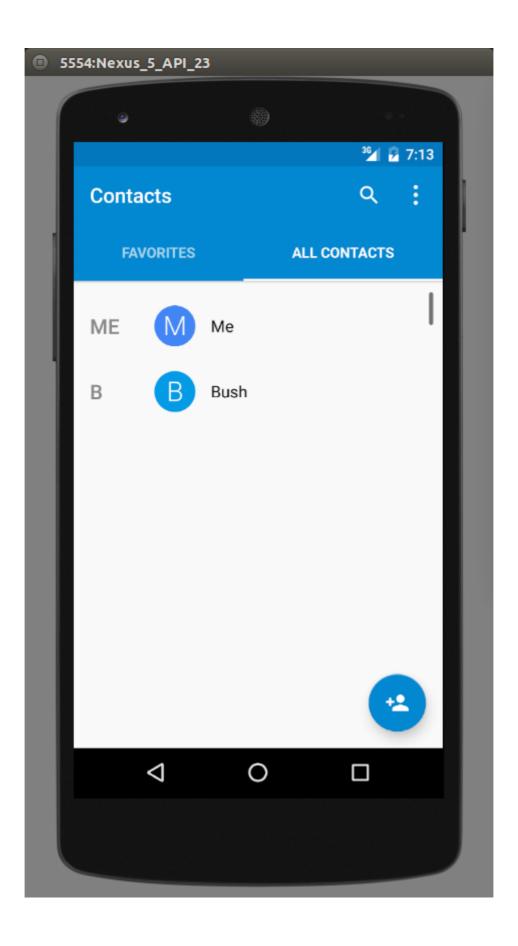


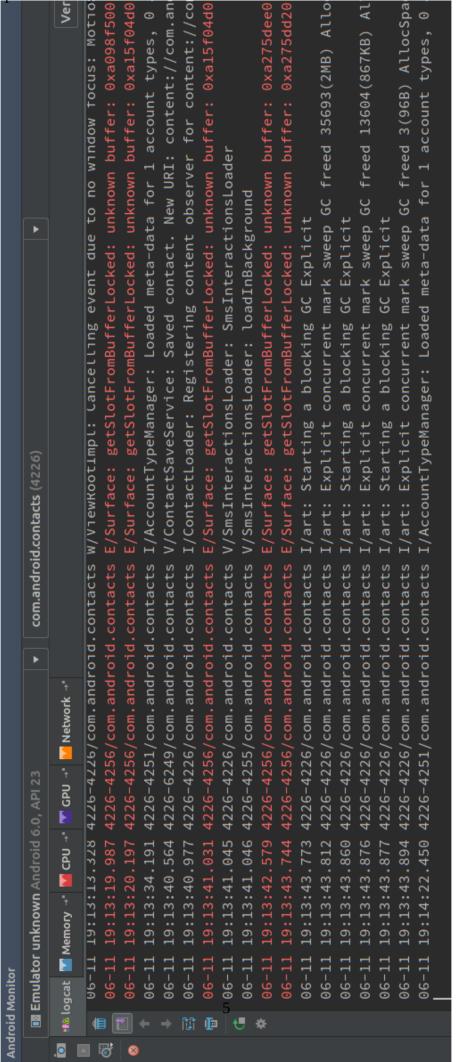


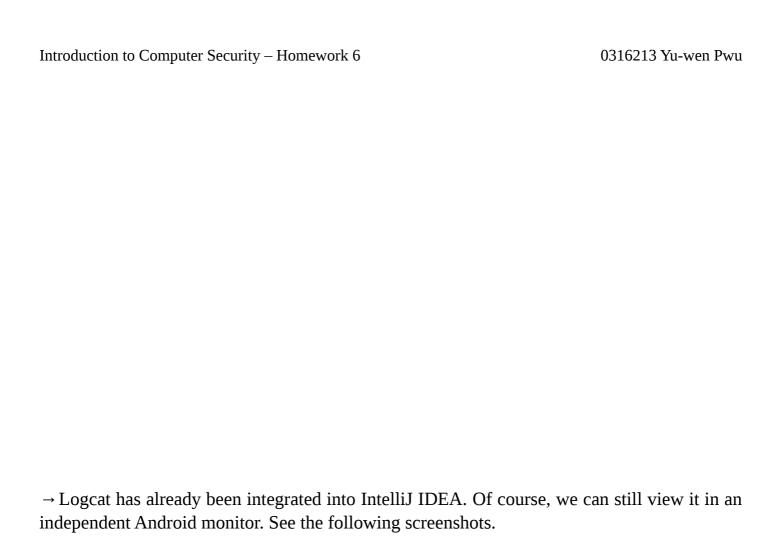


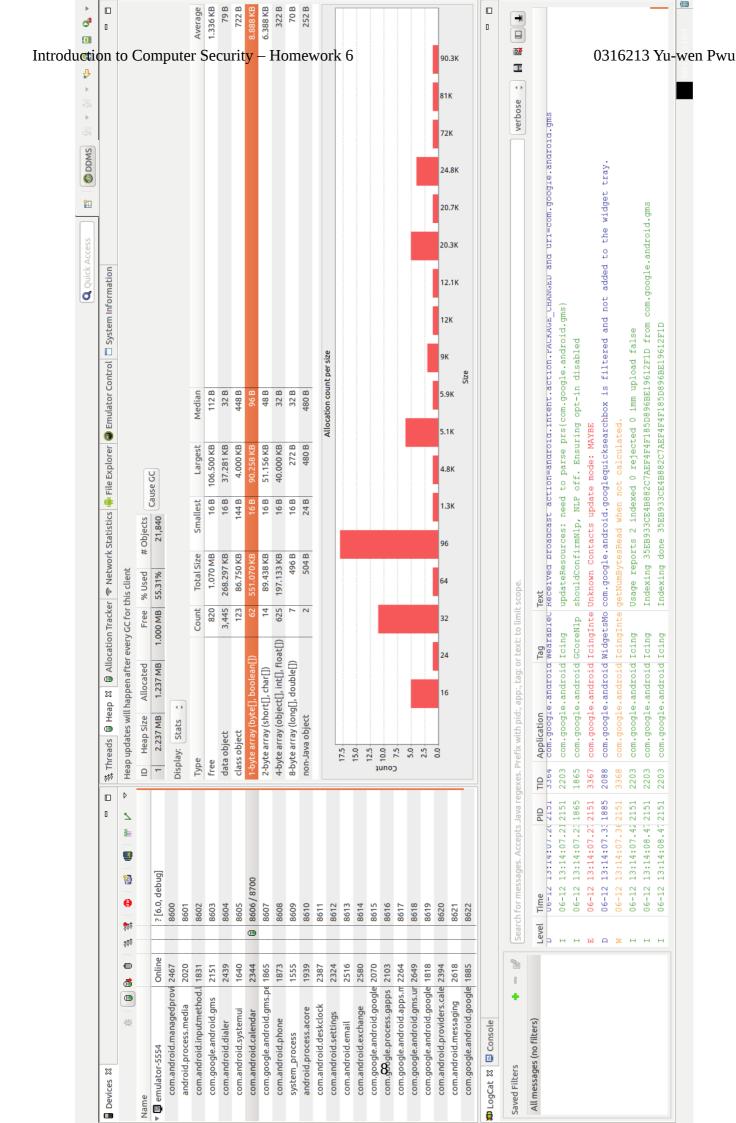






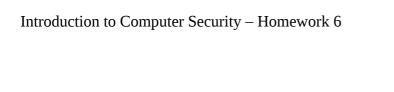






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Sea	rch for messages. Accepts	Java reg	Jexes. P	search for messages. Accepts Java regexes. Prefix with pid:, app:, tag: or text: to limit scope.		- Ho
						oir
eve	evel Time	PID	TID	PID TID Application	Tag	Text
	100.00:01:01 21-00	1017	4940	Ub-12 13:18:35.UU1 2131 4943 com.google.anarola.gms Wearablecontroller		Kecelved broadcast action=android.intent.action.rAcke
	06-12 13:18:56.005	1885	2088	06-12 13:18:56.005 1885 2088 com.google.android.goo WidgetsModel		com.google.android.googlequicksearchbox is filtered And
	06-12 13:18:56.077	2151	4954	com.google.android.gms	IcingInternalCorpora	06-12 13:18:56.077 2151 4954 com.google.android.gms IcingInternalCorpora Unknown Contacts update mode: MAYBE
	08-12 13:18:56.081	2151	2203	08-12 13:18:56.081 2151 2203 com.google.android.gms Icing	Icing	updateResources: need to parse prs{com.google.android.gm
	06-12 13:18:56.201	2151	4957	com.google.android.gms	IcingInternalCorpora	06-12 13:18:56.201 2151 4957 com.google.android.gms IcingInternalCorpora getNumBytesRead when not calculated.
	06-12 13:18:56.272	2151	4849	06-12 13:18:56.272 2151 4849 com.google.android.gms CheckinUtil	CheckinUtil	Classify the device as Phone.
	06-12 13:18:57.312	2151	2203	06-12 13:18:57.312 2151 2203 com.google.android.gms Icing	Icing	Indexing 35EB933CE4B882C7AEF4F4F185D896BE19612F1D from c
	06-12 13:18:57.317	2151	2203	06-12 13:18:57.317 2151 2203 com.google.android.gms Icing	Icing	Indexing done 35EB933CE4B882C7AEF4F4F185D896BE19612F1D
	06-12 13:19:00.701 1555 1569 system_process	1555	1569	system_process	ActivityManager	Waited long enough for: ServiceRecord{b1488e8 u0 com.goo



 \rightarrow There are tens of thousands of infos, warnings, errors, etc. produced by a single app.

0316213 Yu-wen Pwu

- 2. Select an Android device or emulator (e.g. the one in Android SDK, Bluestacks, and so on), root it. It is recommended to root on an Android emulator to avoid turning your phones "bricked".
- \rightarrow The adb shell is already rooted.

```
adb devices
ist of devices attached.
emulator-5554 device
adb shell
root
root@generic_x86:/  # ls -al
                               2016-06-11
drwxr-xr-x root root
drwxrwx--- system
                               2016-06-11
                cache
                               1970-01-01
lrwxrwxrwx root
               root
                               2016-06-11
dr-x---- root
                root
lrwxrwxrwx root
                               2016-06-11
                root
                                2016-06-1
drwxrwx--x system
                system
```

→ If I want to gain root access inside the device, I still need to overwrite the default "su" program in the device. (See: http://stackoverflow.com/questions/5095234/how-to-get-root-acc ess-on-android-emulator)

Here is the list of commands you have to run while the emulator is running, I test this solution for an avd on Android 2.2:

```
adb shell mount -o rw,remount -t yaffs2 /dev/block/mtdblock03 /system adb push su /system/xbin/su adb shell chmod 06755 /system adb shell chmod 06755 /system/xbin/su
```

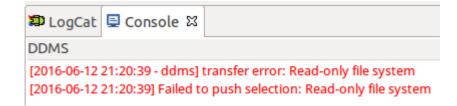
It assumes that the su binary is located in the working directory. You can find su and superuser here: http://forum.xda-developers.com/showthread.php?t=682828. You need to run these commands each time you launch the emulator. You can write a script that launch the emulator and root it.

share improve this answer

edited Dec 3 '12 at 5:28

answered May 21 '11 at 21:02 a.b.d 1,536 • 2 • 19 • 25 → However, the system storage space in my virtual device is read-only. I have tried every possible solutions, but I still cannot make it writable. That's so strange...

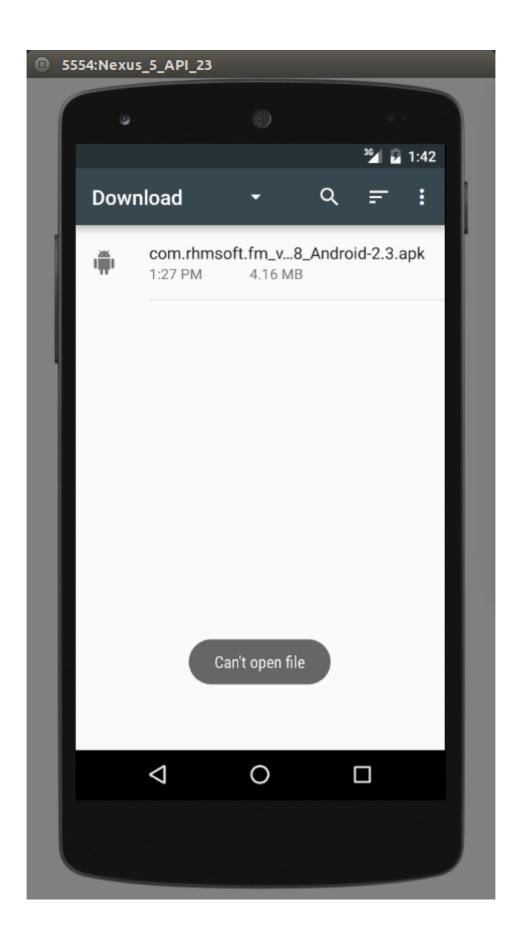
```
adb root
adbd is already running as root
adb remount
remount succeeded
adb shell mount -o rw,remount -t yaffs2 /dev/block/mtdblock03 /system
mount: Read-only file system
adb push /bin/su /system/xbin/su
failed to copy '/bin/su' to '/system/xbin/su': Read-only file system
adb shell chmod 06755 /system
chmod: chmod '/system' to 46755: Read-only file system
sudo adb shell mount -o rw,remount -t yaffs2 /dev/block/mtdblock03 /system
[sudo] password for yuwen41200:
mount: Read-only file system
sudo adb push /bin/su /system/xbin/su
failed to copy '/bin/su' to '/system/xbin/su': Read-only file system
X ~ sudo adb remount
remount of /system failed: Read-only file system
remount failed
   sudo adb shell chmod 06755 /system
chmod: chmod '/system' to 46755: Read-only file system
```



- 3. Use document management app (e.g. Root Explorer) to add/remove APK files to/from the folder "/system/app/" in a rooted Android device or emulator, and observe what happens.
- → Since I cannot write to my system storage space directly, I tried to move the APK file to my SD card first, then install it.

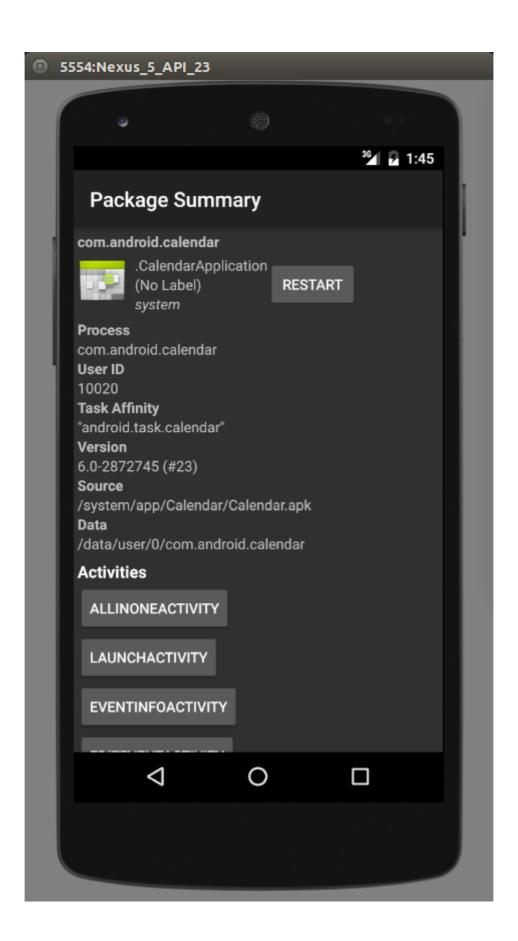
💸 Threads 🔋 Heap 🛢 Allocation Tracker 🗢 Network Statisti	cs 🏺 File Ex	plorer 🛭 🥌	Emulat	tor Control
Name	Size	Date	Time	Permissions
seapp_contexts	596	1970-01-01	00:00	-LM-LL
selinux_version	79	1970-01-01	00:00	-LM-LL
sepolicy		1970-01-01	00:00	-rw-rr
service contexts		1970-01-01	00:00	-rw-rr
▼		2016-06-12	12:52	drwxr-xr-x
▼		2016-06-11	18:59	drwxx-x
▼ 🗁 0		2016-06-11	19:00	drwxrwx-x
▶ 🗁 Alarms		2016-06-11	19:00	drwxrwx-x
►		2016-06-11	19:00	drwxrwx-x
▶ C DCIM		2016-06-11	19:00	drwxrwx-x
▼		2016-06-12	13:28	drwxrwx-x
com.rhmsoft.fm_v2.5.0-20500448_Android-2.3.apk	4362753	2016-06-12	13:27	-rw-rw
▶		2016-06-11	19:00	drwxrwxx
▶		2016-06-11	19:00	drwxrwx-x
Motifications		2016-06-11	19:00	drwxrwxx
▶		2016-06-11	19:00	drwxrwxx
▶ Podcasts		2016-06-11	19:00	drwxrwxx
▶		2016-06-11	19:00	drwxrwx-x
▶ 🗁 obb		2016-06-11	18:59	drwxrwx-x
▶		2016-06-12	12:51	drwxr-xr-x
▶ 		2016-06-12	12:51	dr-xr-xr-x

→ However, I failed to open the APK file in my device. (I have already enabled "installing apps from unknown sources.") I guess it's due to permission issues, but I have no way to modify its permission settings.



→ Anyway, I know that all installed apps are stored in "/system/app/" and if I add/remove an APK file, the app is installed/removed. This can be observed from the following screenshots.

☼ Threads ☐ Heap ☐ Alloca	ation Tracker	Network ■ Network	Statisti	cs 🖷 File Explorer	13
Name	Size	Date	Time	Permissions Info	
■ service_contexts	9769	1970-01-01	00:00	-rw-rr	
▶ 🗁 storage		2016-06-12	12:52	drwxr-xr-x	
▶		2016-06-12	12:51	dr-xr-xr-x	
▼ 🗁 system		1970-01-01	00:00	drwxr-xr-x	
▼ 🗁 app		2016-05-16	20:25	drwxr-xr-x	
BackupTestApp		2016-05-16	20:23	drwxr-xr-x	
BasicDreams		2016-05-16	20:23	drwxr-xr-x	
▶		2016-05-16	20:24	drwxr-xr-x	
Calculator		2016-05-16	20:24	drwxr-xr-x	
▼ Calendar		2016-05-16	20:24	drwxr-xr-x	
■ Calendar.apk	1486783	2016-05-16	20:24	-rw-rr-	
▼ 🗁 oat		2016-05-16	20:24	drwxr-xr-x	
▼		2016-05-16	20:24	drwxr-xr-x	
Calendar.odex	2753004	2016-05-16	20:24	-rw-rr	
CaptivePortalLogin		2016-05-16	20:23	drwxr-xr-x	
> (= Cartinstallar		2016-05-16	20.23	druve-ve-v	



- 4. Install the app, AdBlock, in an rooted Android device or emulator and explain how it blocks Ads.
- → It works as a proxy. It filters all transmitted data. If the device is not rooted, it can only filter Wi-Fi data. Also, if the device is not rooted, users may need to set up the proxy by themselves.
- 5. Install a root-dependent app (except AdBlock) to a rooted Android device or emulator and explain why it needs a root system.
- → The "WiFi Key Recovery" app. It will show all Wi-Fi passwords stored in the device. It needs root privilege because it need to parse the "/data/misc/wifi/wpa_supplicant.conf" file. This file is only accessible for root.





- 6. Select one version of iOS, survey how to jailbreak it, and list the steps.
- → For iOS 9.0.2, we can follow the steps in http://www.downloadpangu.org/pangu-9-downlo ad.html. To sum up:
- (i) Back up all data in your iOS device.
- (ii) Disable Find My iPhone, Touch ID and Passcode.
- (iii) Connect your iOS device to your computer.
- (iv) Run Pangu on your computer (as administrator), follow the instructions on your screen.
- (v) Done.