

the blue arrow represents the other plate. The images are spaced by a units along the z axis, causing the boundaries to be doubled, which translates into an extra factor of 2 on the numerator of the boundary term for the Hadamard function. For the Casimir system to have a value of  $D^{(1)} = 0$ , this setup must be maintained.

Figure 1: Graphical representation of the Casimir system with image sources placed at  $z = \pm 2an$  for integer n. The red arrow represents one plate and