

计算机学院 深度学习实验报告

CNN 实验报告

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目录

1	原始	版本 CNN	1																							2
	1.1	网络结构																				 			 	2
	1.2	训练结果																				 			 	2
2	实现	ResNet																								3
	2.1	网络结构																				 			 	3
	2.2	训练结果																				 			 	5
3	Den	seNet																								6
	3.1	网络结构																				 			 	6
	3.2	训练结果																				 		 	 	10
4	SE-	\mathbf{ResNet}																								10
	4.1	网络结构																				 			 	10
	4.2	训练结果																				 			 	14
5	朴素	卷积网络、	\mathbf{Re}	sN	et.	D	ens	eN	let	; , }	\mathbf{SE}	-R	esl	Vet	; 右	ΕÙI	练	过	程的	内不	同					15
	5.1	ResNet																				 			 	15
	5.2	DenseNet																				 		 	 	15
	5.3	SE_RosNo	+																							16

1 原始版本 CNN

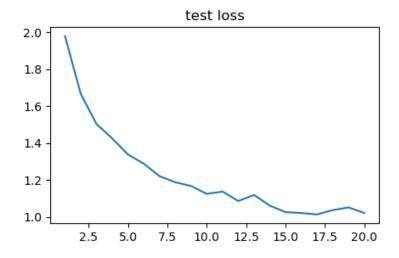
1.1 网络结构

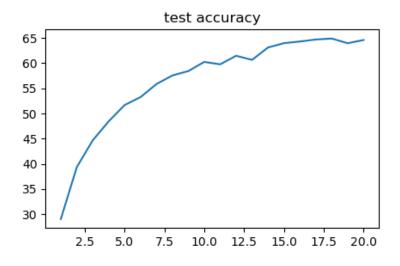
使用 print 函数打印网络结构如下所示:

```
Net(
    (conv1): Conv2d(3, 6, kernel_size=(5, 5), stride=(1, 1))
    (pool): MaxPool2d(kernel_size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1, ceil_mode=False)
    (conv2): Conv2d(6, 16, kernel_size=(5, 5), stride=(1, 1))
    (fc1): Linear(in_features=400, out_features=120, bias=True)
    (fc2): Linear(in_features=120, out_features=84, bias=True)
    (fc3): Linear(in_features=84, out_features=10, bias=True)
}
```

1.2 训练结果

训练网络,得到每轮的损失和准确度曲线如下,在经过 20 轮训练后,在测试集上达到了 64.59% 准确率。





2 实现 RESNET 深度学习实验报告

2 实现 ResNet

2.1 网络结构

实现 ResNet18 残差网络, 网络结构如下:

```
ResNet(
2
     (conv1): Conv2d(3, 64, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
         bias=False)
     (bn): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
3
         track_running_stats=True)
     (relu): ReLU(inplace=True)
 4
     (layer1): Sequential(
5
       (0): BasicBlock(
6
         (conv1): Conv2d(64, 64, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
             bias=False)
         (bn1): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
 8
             track_running_stats=True)
         (relu): ReLU(inplace=True)
9
         (conv2): Conv2d(64, 64, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
10
             bias=False)
         (bn2): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
11
             track_running_stats=True)
12
       (1): BasicBlock(
13
         (conv1): Conv2d(64, 64, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
14
             bias=False)
         (bn1): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
15
             track_running_stats=True)
         (relu): ReLU(inplace=True)
16
         (conv2): Conv2d(64, 64, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
17
             bias=False)
         (bn2): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
18
             track_running_stats=True)
       )
19
20
21
     (layer2): Sequential(
       (0): BasicBlock(
22
         (conv1): Conv2d(64, 128, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
23
             bias=False)
         (bn1): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
24
             track_running_stats=True)
         (relu): ReLU(inplace=True)
25
         (conv2): Conv2d(128, 128, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
26
             bias=False)
         (bn2): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
27
             track_running_stats=True)
         (downsample): Sequential(
28
            (0): Conv2d(64, 128, kernel_size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1), bias=False)
29
```

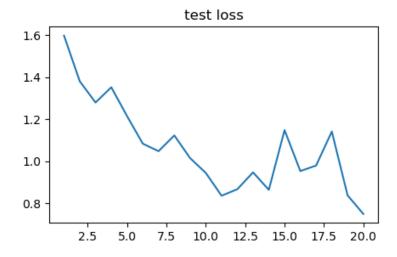
```
(1): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
30
               track_running_stats=True)
         )
       )
32
       (1): BasicBlock(
33
          (conv1): Conv2d(128, 128, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
34
             bias=False)
          (bn1): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
35
             track_running_stats=True)
          (relu): ReLU(inplace=True)
36
37
          (conv2): Conv2d(128, 128, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
             bias=False)
          (bn2): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
             track_running_stats=True)
       )
39
40
     (layer3): Sequential(
41
       (0): BasicBlock(
42
43
          (conv1): Conv2d(128, 256, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(2, 2), padding=(1, 1),
             bias=False)
44
          (bn1): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
             track_running_stats=True)
45
          (relu): ReLU(inplace=True)
          (conv2): Conv2d(256, 256, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
46
          (bn2): BatchNorm2d(256, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
47
             track_running_stats=True)
48
          (downsample): Sequential(
            (0): Conv2d(128, 256, kernel_size=(1, 1), stride=(2, 2), bias=False)
49
            (1): BatchNorm2d(256, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
50
               track_running_stats=True)
         )
51
       (1): BasicBlock(
53
54
          (conv1): Conv2d(256, 256, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
          (bn1): BatchNorm2d(256, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
55
             track_running_stats=True)
          (relu): ReLU(inplace=True)
56
          (conv2): Conv2d(256, 256, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
57
          (bn2): BatchNorm2d(256, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
58
             track_running_stats=True)
       )
59
60
61
     (layer4): Sequential(
       (0): BasicBlock(
62
          (conv1): Conv2d(256, 512, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(2, 2), padding=(1, 1),
63
             bias=False)
```

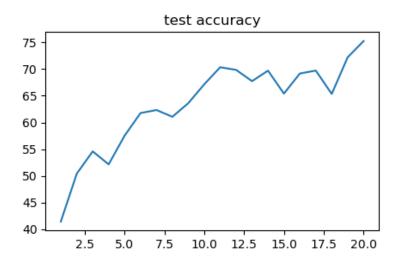
2 实现 RESNET 深度学习实验报告

```
(bn1): BatchNorm2d(256, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
64
             track_running_stats=True)
         (relu): ReLU(inplace=True)
         (conv2): Conv2d(512, 512, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
66
             bias=False)
         (bn2): BatchNorm2d(512, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
             track_running_stats=True)
         (downsample): Sequential(
            (0): Conv2d(256, 512, kernel_size=(1, 1), stride=(2, 2), bias=False)
            (1): BatchNorm2d(512, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
70
               track_running_stats=True)
         )
71
73
       (1): BasicBlock(
         (conv1): Conv2d(512, 512, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
             bias=False)
         (bn1): BatchNorm2d(512, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
             track_running_stats=True)
         (relu): ReLU(inplace=True)
         (conv2): Conv2d(512, 512, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
             bias=False)
         (bn2): BatchNorm2d(512, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
78
             track_running_stats=True)
79
       )
80
     (avg_pool): AdaptiveAvgPool2d(output_size=(1, 1))
81
82
     (fc): Linear(in_features=512, out_features=10, bias=True)
83
```

2.2 训练结果

训练网络,得到每轮的损失和准确度曲线如下,在经过 20 轮训练后,在测试集上达到了 75.26% 准确率。





3 DenseNet

3.1 网络结构

实现 DenseNet 残差网络,由于机器性能有限,这里只设置三个 DenseBlock,每个 DenseBlock 中设置三个 DenseLayer。网络结构如下:

```
DenseNet(
2
     (conv1): Sequential(
       (0): Conv2d(3, 64, kernel_size=(7, 7), stride=(2, 2), padding=(3, 3), bias=False)
3
       (1): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
           track_running_stats=True)
       (2): ReLU(inplace=True)
5
       (3): MaxPool2d(kernel_size=3, stride=2, padding=1, dilation=1, ceil_mode=False)
6
     (layers): Sequential(
8
       (0): DenseBlock(
9
         (layers): Sequential(
            (0): _DenseLayer(
              (dense_layer): Sequential(
12
                (0): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
13
                    track_running_stats=True)
                (1): ReLU(inplace=True)
14
                (2): Conv2d(64, 128, kernel_size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1), bias=False)
15
                (3): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
                    track_running_stats=True)
                (4): ReLU(inplace=True)
17
                (5): Conv2d(128, 32, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
18
                   bias=False)
             )
19
              (dropout): Dropout(p=0, inplace=False)
20
21
            (1): _DenseLayer(
22
              (dense_layer): Sequential(
23
```

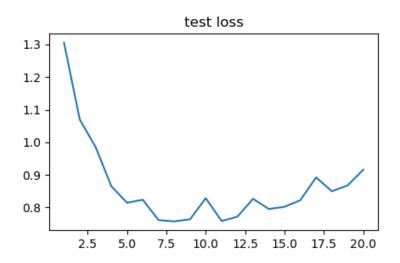
```
(0): BatchNorm2d(96, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
24
                    track_running_stats=True)
                (1): ReLU(inplace=True)
25
                (2): Conv2d(96, 128, kernel_size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1), bias=False)
26
                (3): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
27
                    track_running_stats=True)
28
                (4): ReLU(inplace=True)
                (5): Conv2d(128, 32, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
29
                    bias=False)
              )
30
              (dropout): Dropout(p=0, inplace=False)
            (2): _DenseLayer(
34
              (dense_layer): Sequential(
                (0): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
                    track_running_stats=True)
                (1): ReLU(inplace=True)
                (2): Conv2d(128, 128, kernel_size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1), bias=False)
37
38
                (3): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
                    track_running_stats=True)
                (4): ReLU(inplace=True)
                (5): Conv2d(128, 32, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
40
                    bias=False)
              )
41
              (dropout): Dropout(p=0, inplace=False)
43
         )
44
45
       )
       (1): _TransitionLayer(
46
         (transition_layer): Sequential(
47
48
            (0): BatchNorm2d(160, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
               track_running_stats=True)
            (1): ReLU(inplace=True)
            (2): Conv2d(160, 80, kernel_size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1), bias=False)
50
            (3): AvgPool2d(kernel_size=2, stride=2, padding=0)
         )
52
53
       (2): DenseBlock(
54
         (layers): Sequential(
            (0): _DenseLayer(
56
57
              (dense_layer): Sequential(
                (0): BatchNorm2d(80, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
58
                    track_running_stats=True)
                (1): ReLU(inplace=True)
59
                (2): Conv2d(80, 128, kernel_size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1), bias=False)
60
61
                (3): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
                    track_running_stats=True)
                (4): ReLU(inplace=True)
62
                (5): Conv2d(128, 32, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
63
```

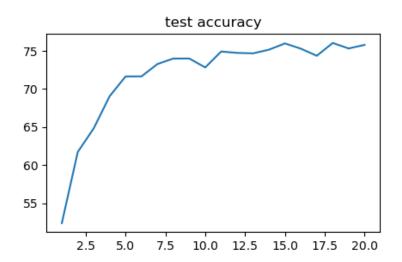
```
bias=False)
              )
64
              (dropout): Dropout(p=0, inplace=False)
65
            )
66
            (1): _DenseLayer(
67
              (dense_layer): Sequential(
68
                 (0): BatchNorm2d(112, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
                    track_running_stats=True)
                 (1): ReLU(inplace=True)
70
                 (2): Conv2d(112, 128, kernel_size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1), bias=False)
71
                 (3): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
                    track_running_stats=True)
                 (4): ReLU(inplace=True)
74
                 (5): Conv2d(128, 32, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
                    bias=False)
              )
75
              (dropout): Dropout(p=0, inplace=False)
77
            (2): _DenseLayer(
              (dense_layer): Sequential(
79
                 (0): BatchNorm2d(144, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
                    track_running_stats=True)
81
                 (1): ReLU(inplace=True)
                 (2): Conv2d(144, 128, kernel_size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1), bias=False)
                 (3): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
83
                    track_running_stats=True)
84
                 (4): ReLU(inplace=True)
85
                 (5): Conv2d(128, 32, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
                    bias=False)
86
              (dropout): Dropout(p=0, inplace=False)
            )
88
          )
90
91
        (3): _TransitionLayer(
          (transition_layer): Sequential(
92
            (0): BatchNorm2d(176, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
93
                track_running_stats=True)
            (1): ReLU(inplace=True)
94
            (2): Conv2d(176, 88, kernel_size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1), bias=False)
95
            (3): AvgPool2d(kernel_size=2, stride=2, padding=0)
96
          )
97
        )
98
        (4): DenseBlock(
99
          (layers): Sequential(
100
101
            (0): _DenseLayer(
              (dense_layer): Sequential(
102
                 (0): BatchNorm2d(88, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
                    track_running_stats=True)
```

```
104
                 (1): ReLU(inplace=True)
105
                 (2): Conv2d(88, 128, kernel_size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1), bias=False)
                 (3): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
106
                     track_running_stats=True)
                 (4): ReLU(inplace=True)
107
                 (5): Conv2d(128, 32, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
108
                     bias=False)
              )
109
               (dropout): Dropout(p=0, inplace=False)
110
111
112
            (1): _DenseLayer(
               (dense_layer): Sequential(
113
                 (0): BatchNorm2d(120, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
                     track_running_stats=True)
115
                 (1): ReLU(inplace=True)
                 (2): Conv2d(120, 128, kernel_size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1), bias=False)
116
                 (3): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
                     track_running_stats=True)
118
                 (4): ReLU(inplace=True)
                 (5): Conv2d(128, 32, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
119
                     bias=False)
              )
121
               (dropout): Dropout(p=0, inplace=False)
122
            (2): _DenseLayer(
123
               (dense_layer): Sequential(
124
125
                 (0): BatchNorm2d(152, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
                     track_running_stats=True)
                 (1): ReLU(inplace=True)
                 (2): Conv2d(152, 128, kernel_size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1), bias=False)
127
                 (3): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
                     track_running_stats=True)
                 (4): ReLU(inplace=True)
                 (5): Conv2d(128, 32, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
130
                    bias=False)
              )
131
               (dropout): Dropout(p=0, inplace=False)
132
133
          )
134
        )
135
136
      (avgpool): AvgPool2d(kernel_size=2, stride=1, padding=0)
137
      (fc): Linear(in_features=184, out_features=10, bias=True)
138
139
```

3.2 训练结果

训练网络,得到每轮的损失和准确度曲线如下,在经过 20 轮训练后,在测试集上达到了 75.79% 准确率。





4 SE-ResNet

4.1 网络结构

```
(bn1): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
8
             track_running_stats=True)
         (relu): ReLU(inplace=True)
9
         (conv2): Conv2d(64, 64, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
10
             bias=False)
         (bn2): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
11
             track_running_stats=True)
         (se): SELayer(
12
            (avg_pool): AdaptiveAvgPool2d(output_size=1)
13
            (fc): Sequential(
14
              (0): Linear(in_features=64, out_features=4, bias=False)
              (1): ReLU(inplace=True)
16
              (2): Linear(in_features=4, out_features=64, bias=False)
18
              (3): Sigmoid()
19
           )
         )
20
21
       (1): BasicBlock(
22
23
         (conv1): Conv2d(64, 64, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
             bias=False)
         (bn1): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
             track_running_stats=True)
25
         (relu): ReLU(inplace=True)
         (conv2): Conv2d(64, 64, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
26
         (bn2): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
27
             track_running_stats=True)
         (se): SELayer(
            (avg_pool): AdaptiveAvgPool2d(output_size=1)
            (fc): Sequential(
30
31
              (0): Linear(in_features=64, out_features=4, bias=False)
              (1): ReLU(inplace=True)
32
              (2): Linear(in_features=4, out_features=64, bias=False)
33
              (3): Sigmoid()
34
           )
         )
36
       )
37
38
     (layer2): Sequential(
39
       (0): BasicBlock(
40
         (conv1): Conv2d(64, 128, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
41
             bias=False)
         (bn1): BatchNorm2d(64, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
42
             track_running_stats=True)
         (relu): ReLU(inplace=True)
43
44
         (conv2): Conv2d(128, 128, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
             bias=False)
         (bn2): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
45
             track_running_stats=True)
```

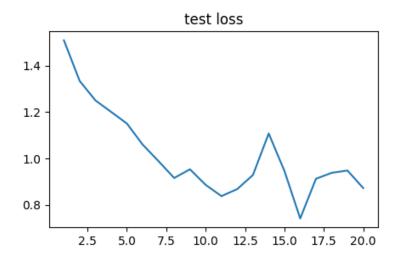
```
46
          (se): SELayer(
47
            (avg_pool): AdaptiveAvgPool2d(output_size=1)
            (fc): Sequential(
              (0): Linear(in_features=128, out_features=8, bias=False)
49
              (1): ReLU(inplace=True)
50
              (2): Linear(in_features=8, out_features=128, bias=False)
              (3): Sigmoid()
           )
53
54
          (downsample): Sequential(
            (0): Conv2d(64, 128, kernel_size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1), bias=False)
            (1): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
57
                track_running_stats=True)
         )
        )
        (1): BasicBlock(
60
          (conv1): Conv2d(128, 128, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
61
             bias=False)
62
          (bn1): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
             track_running_stats=True)
          (relu): ReLU(inplace=True)
          (conv2): Conv2d(128, 128, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
64
             bias=False)
          (bn2): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
              track_running_stats=True)
          (se): SELayer(
67
            (avg_pool): AdaptiveAvgPool2d(output_size=1)
68
            (fc): Sequential(
              (0): Linear(in_features=128, out_features=8, bias=False)
69
              (1): ReLU(inplace=True)
70
71
              (2): Linear(in_features=8, out_features=128, bias=False)
              (3): Sigmoid()
72
           )
73
74
          )
        )
75
76
     (layer3): Sequential(
77
78
        (0): BasicBlock(
          (conv1): Conv2d(128, 256, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(2, 2), padding=(1, 1),
79
             bias=False)
          (bn1): BatchNorm2d(128, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
80
             track_running_stats=True)
          (relu): ReLU(inplace=True)
81
          (conv2): Conv2d(256, 256, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
82
             bias=False)
83
          (bn2): BatchNorm2d(256, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
             track_running_stats=True)
          (se): SELayer(
84
85
            (avg_pool): AdaptiveAvgPool2d(output_size=1)
```

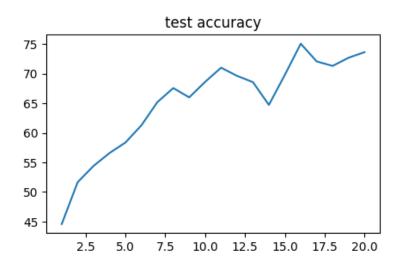
```
(fc): Sequential(
86
               (0): Linear(in_features=256, out_features=16, bias=False)
87
               (1): ReLU(inplace=True)
88
               (2): Linear(in_features=16, out_features=256, bias=False)
89
               (3): Sigmoid()
90
            )
91
          )
          (downsample): Sequential(
93
            (0): Conv2d(128, 256, kernel_size=(1, 1), stride=(2, 2), bias=False)
94
            (1): BatchNorm2d(256, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
95
                track_running_stats=True)
          )
96
97
        (1): BasicBlock(
          (conv1): Conv2d(256, 256, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
              bias=False)
          (bn1): BatchNorm2d(256, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
              track_running_stats=True)
101
          (relu): ReLU(inplace=True)
          (conv2): Conv2d(256, 256, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
102
              bias=False)
          (bn2): BatchNorm2d(256, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
103
              track_running_stats=True)
          (se): SELayer(
104
            (avg_pool): AdaptiveAvgPool2d(output_size=1)
105
            (fc): Sequential(
106
               (0): Linear(in_features=256, out_features=16, bias=False)
107
108
               (1): ReLU(inplace=True)
               (2): Linear(in_features=16, out_features=256, bias=False)
109
               (3): Sigmoid()
110
111
            )
          )
112
        )
113
114
115
      (layer4): Sequential(
        (0): BasicBlock(
116
          (conv1): Conv2d(256, 512, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(2, 2), padding=(1, 1),
117
              bias=False)
          (bn1): BatchNorm2d(256, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
118
              track_running_stats=True)
          (relu): ReLU(inplace=True)
          (conv2): Conv2d(512, 512, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
120
              bias=False)
          (bn2): BatchNorm2d(512, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
121
              track_running_stats=True)
122
          (se): SELayer(
            (avg_pool): AdaptiveAvgPool2d(output_size=1)
123
            (fc): Sequential(
124
125
               (0): Linear(in_features=512, out_features=32, bias=False)
```

```
126
               (1): ReLU(inplace=True)
127
               (2): Linear(in_features=32, out_features=512, bias=False)
128
               (3): Sigmoid()
            )
129
130
131
          (downsample): Sequential(
132
             (0): Conv2d(256, 512, kernel_size=(1, 1), stride=(2, 2), bias=False)
             (1): BatchNorm2d(512, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
133
                track_running_stats=True)
134
          )
        )
135
        (1): BasicBlock(
136
          (conv1): Conv2d(512, 512, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
              bias=False)
          (bn1): BatchNorm2d(512, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
138
              track_running_stats=True)
139
          (relu): ReLU(inplace=True)
          (conv2): Conv2d(512, 512, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1),
140
              bias=False)
141
          (bn2): BatchNorm2d(512, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True,
              track_running_stats=True)
          (se): SELayer(
142
143
             (avg_pool): AdaptiveAvgPool2d(output_size=1)
144
             (fc): Sequential(
               (0): Linear(in_features=512, out_features=32, bias=False)
               (1): ReLU(inplace=True)
146
147
               (2): Linear(in_features=32, out_features=512, bias=False)
148
               (3): Sigmoid()
            )
          )
150
        )
151
152
      (avg_pool): AdaptiveAvgPool2d(output_size=(1, 1))
      (fc): Linear(in_features=512, out_features=10, bias=True)
154
155
```

4.2 训练结果

训练网络,得到每轮的损失和准确度曲线如下,在经过 20 轮训练后,在测试集上达到了 73.63% 准确率。





5 朴素卷积网络、ResNet、DenseNet、SE-ResNet 在训练过程的 不同

5.1 ResNet

残差网络添加了一个恒等映射的部分,残差块最终的输出是 f(x)+x 而非 f(x)。残差网络可以很好地解决梯度消失,可以使网络层数更深而仍具有学习能力,从而提高网络的效果。而且还可以比较好的解决网络退化的问题,因为新加入一层最差我们也可以让他是一个恒等映射(或极其接近恒等映射的)层,不会对后续效果有影响,那么自然不会比加入之前差,从而解决网络退化问题。

5.2 DenseNet

当前馈卷积神经网络的深度过深的时候,信息通过许多层后,可能会消失或被"洗掉"。Denset 也提出了一种残差结构,这种结构的每个层都从前面的层获得额外的输入,并将自己的特征图传递给所有后续层。与 ResNet 最大的不同是,ResNet 是将残差和输出进行相加,而 Desnet 则是将输出和残差进行拼接。

虽然看起来更密集的连接会增加参数量,但实际上 DenseNet 比传统的卷积网络需要的参数反而更少,因为密集的连接带来了特征重用,不需要重新学习冗余的特征图。而且维度拼接的操作,带来了丰富的特征信息,利用更少的卷积就能获得很多的特征图。

5.3 SE-ResNet

SENet 工作机制如下:

对于每一输出通道,先进行全剧平均池化,每个通道得到 1 个标量,C 个通道得到 C 个数,然后经过 FC-ReLU-FC-Sigmoid 得到 C 个 0 1 之间的标量,作为通道的加权,然后原来的输出通道每个通道用对应的权重进行加权(对应通道的每个元素与权重分别相乘),得到新的加权后的特征。

SE 模块对于每个输出 channel,预测一个常数权重,对每个 channel 加权一下,本质上,SE 模块是在 channel 维度上做 attention 或者 gating 操作,这种注意力机制让模型可以更加关注信息量最大的 channel 特征,而抑制那些不重要的 channel 特征。SENet 一个很大的优点就是可以很方便地集成到现有网络中,提升网络性能,并且代价很小。