

CS 6341 Robotics Homework 2

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In this homework, write down your solutions for problems 1 and finish the coding problem 2. Upload your solutions and code to eLearning. Our TA will check your solutions and run your scripts to verify them.

Problem 1

(2 points)

Homogeneous Transformation Matrices. Exercise 3.18 in Lynch and Park, Modern Robotics.

Consider a robot arm mounted on a spacecraft as shown in Figure 1, in which frames are attached to the Earth {e}, a satellite {s}, the spacecraft {a}, and the robot arm {r}, respectively.

(2.1) Given T_{ea} , T_{ar} , and T_{es} , find T_{rs} .

(2.2) Suppose that the frame {s} origin as seen from {e} is (1, 1, 1) and that

$$T_{er} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Write down the coordinates of the frame {s} origin as seen from frame {r}.

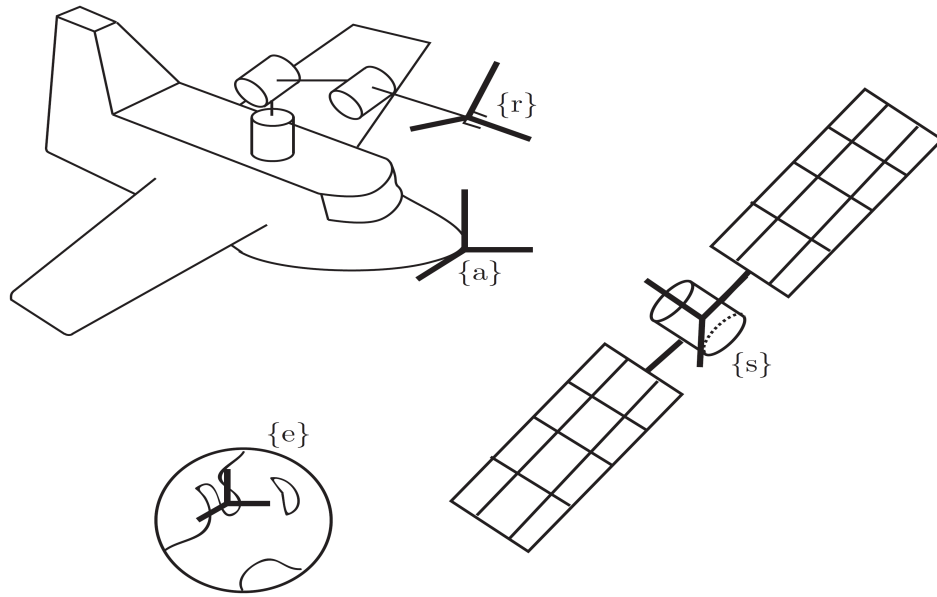


Figure 1: A robot arm mounted on a spacecraft.

Problem 2

(8 points)

ROS2 programming and Transformations.

In this problem, you will learn the homogeneous transformations in ROS2. **You can directly use Ubuntu, or Docker or virtual machine to install ROS2 according to your own set up.** Refer to the ROS2 Jazzy page if needed:

<https://docs.ros.org/en/jazzy/>.

For the following steps, start with your ROS2 workspace from Homework 1.

(2.1) Install the Gazebo simulator:

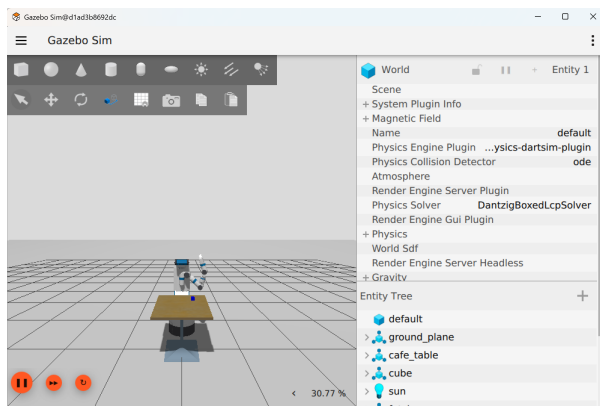
- `apt install ros-jazzy-ros-gz`
- For testing: `gz sim`

(2.2) Install and launch the Fetch Gazebo Simulator that I developed based on `panda_gz_moveit`. Follow the steps:

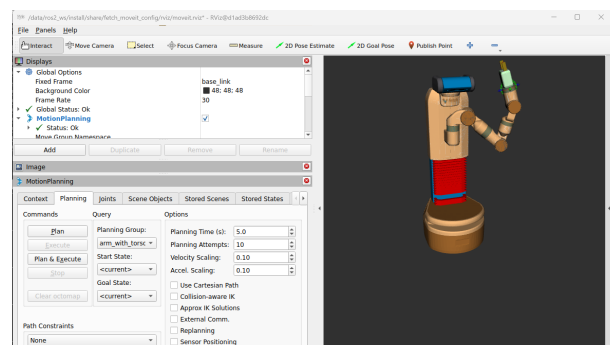
- Git clone the source code to the `src` folder of your ROS workspace:
`git clone https://github.com/IRVLUTD/panda_gz_moveit2.git`
- Build your ROS workspace by running
`colcon build`

Make sure that the workspace is correctly built without seeing any error from the terminal.

- Start terminator with multiple windows. For Docker users, you need to start X server as we did for Rviz in Homework 1.
- Use one terminator window. Launch the Fetch Gazebo simulation by
`ros2 launch panda fetch.launch.py`
- The following command can be used to change the viewpoint of the camera in Gazebo:
`gz service -s /gui/move_to/pose --reqtype gz.msgs.GUICamera --reptype gz.msgs.Boolean --timeout 5000 --req 'pose:{position:{x:3,y:0,z:2} orientation:{x:0,y:0,z:1.0,w:0.0}}'`
 If the commands are correctly launched, you will see the Gazebo environments as in Figure 2.



Gazebo sim interface



Rviz interface

Figure 2: Two windows after launching the Fetch Gazebo simulation

(2.3) Visualize TF information with Rviz. Follow the step:

- Click the Add button in Rviz to add a TF. These are frames of different robot links.

After this step, you should see an Rviz window as in Figure 3.

(2.4) Compute the pose of the demo cube in the Fetch base_link frame.

Download the [visualize_block_pose.py](#) file from eLearning. This python script first queries the pose of the cube and the pose of the Fetch base in the Gazebo world and then publishes the pose of the cube to a tf (<http://wiki.ros.org/tf>) for visualization in Rviz.

Finish the implementation of the callback function `def cb()` in the python script. Then you can run the python script to visualize the computed cube pose in Rviz.

```
python3 visualize_block_pose.py
```

Figure 4 shows the demo cube pose in Rviz if your implementation is correct. You might need to install the transforms3d package by *pip install transforms3d*.

Submission guideline: Upload your implemented `visualize_block_pose.py` file and screen captures for (2.2), (2.3) and (2.4) to eLearning.

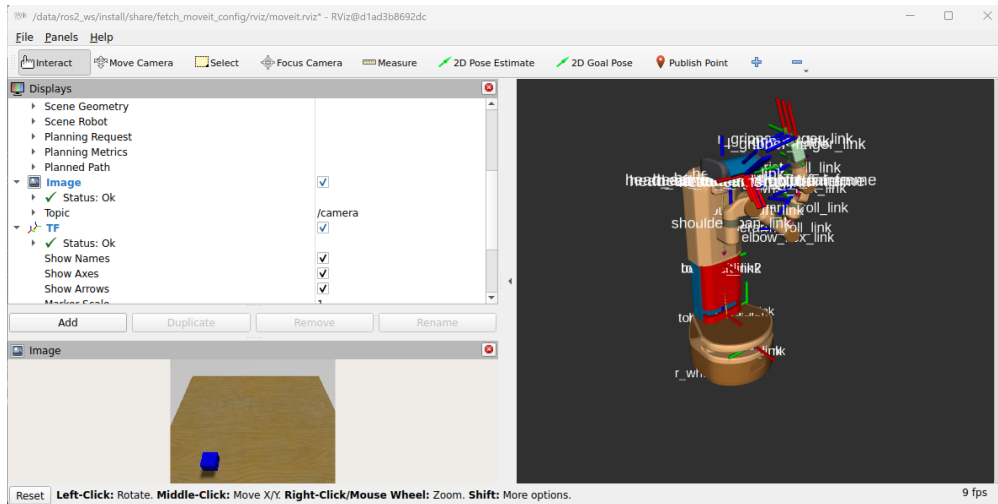


Figure 3: The Rviz Interface.

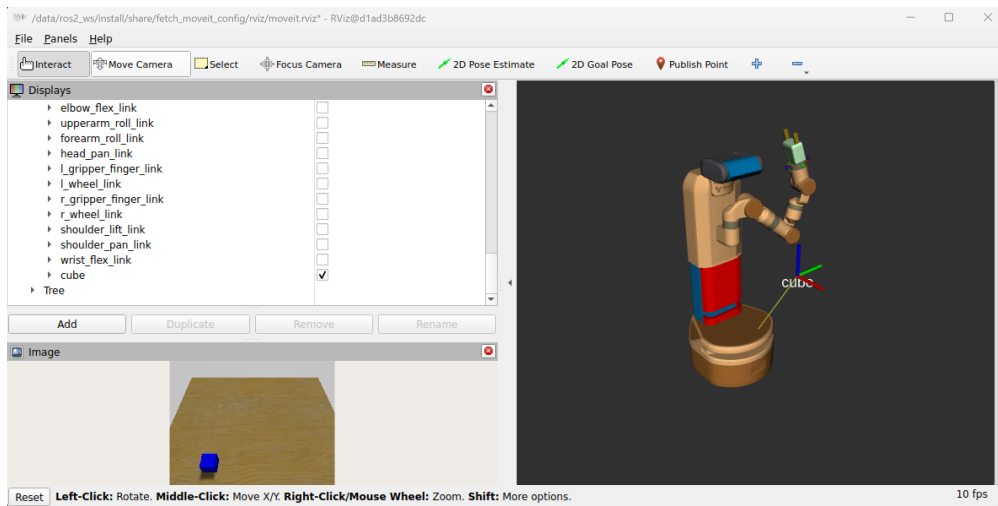


Figure 4: The cube pose in Rviz.