

Convolutional Neural Networks I

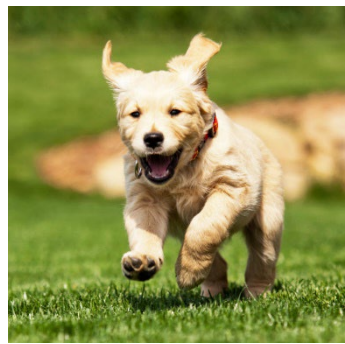
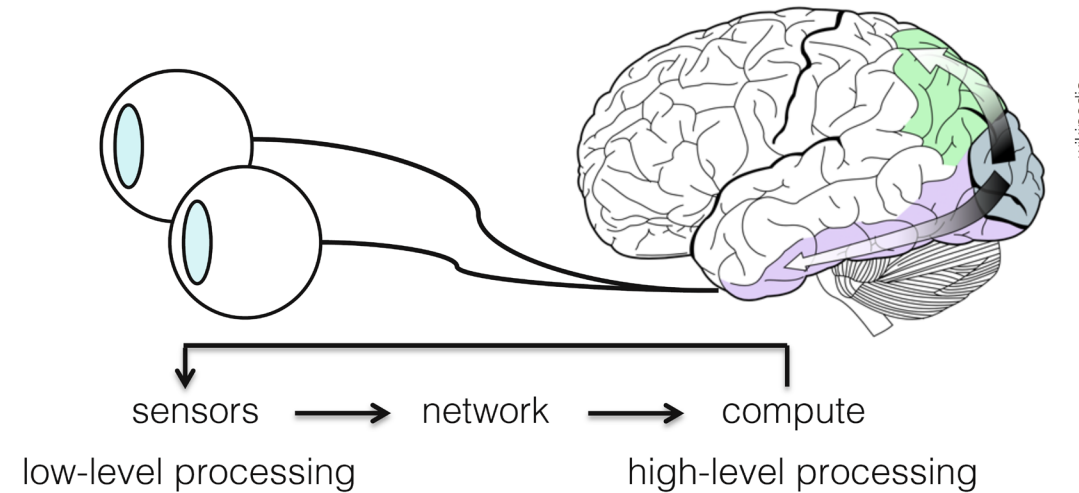
CS 4391 Introduction Computer Vision

Instructor Yu Xiang

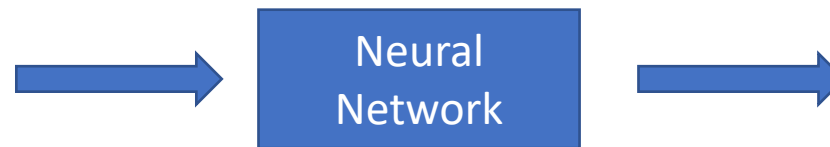
The University of Texas at Dallas

Some slides of this lecture are courtesy Stanford CS231n

Visual Perception vs. Computational Perception



Image

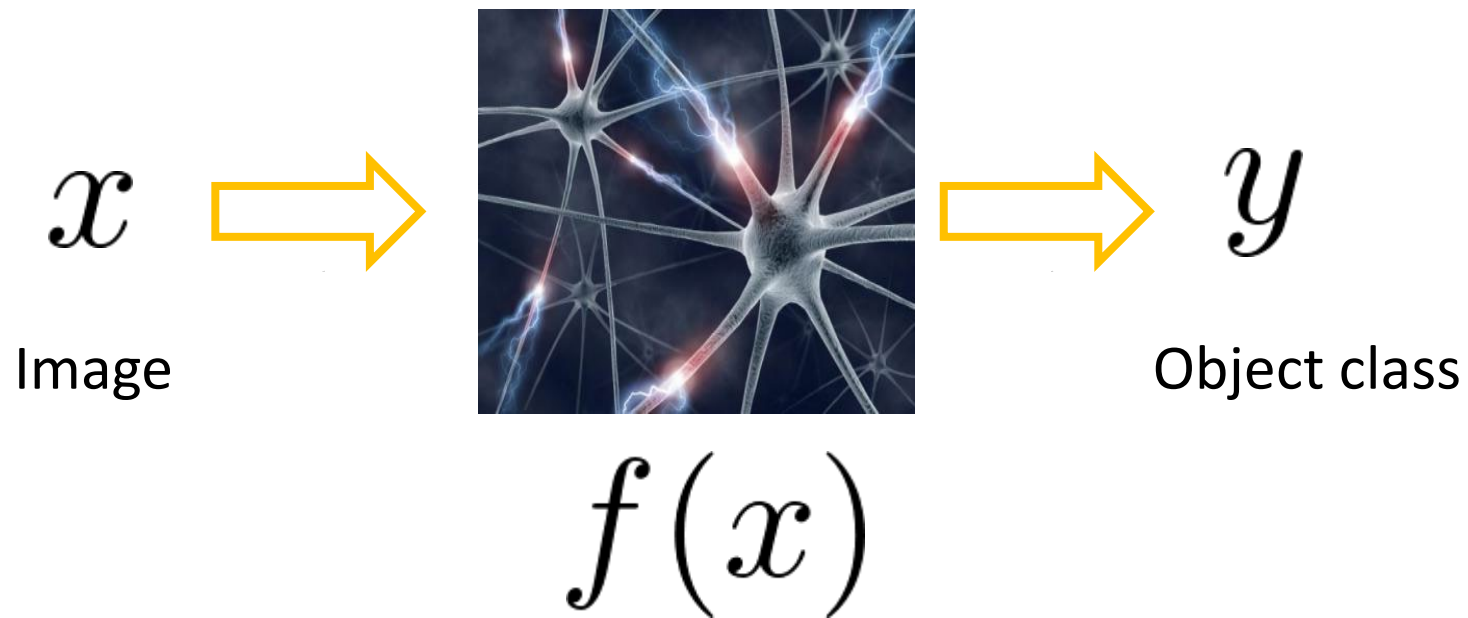


High-level information

- Depth
- Motion
- Object classes
- Object poses
- Etc.

Mathematic Models

- Try to model the human brain with computational models, e.g., neural networks

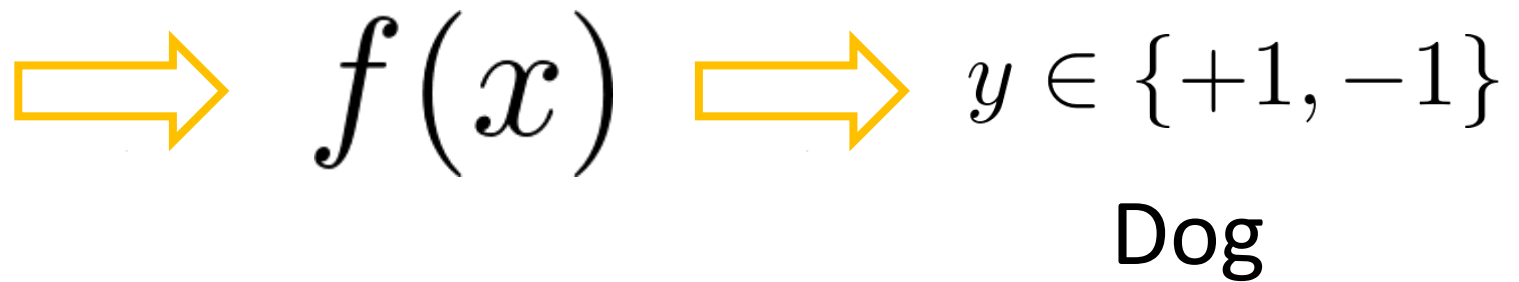


Mathematic Models

- What is the form of the function $f(x)$?
 - No idea!
 - Concatenate simple functions (neurons)



x



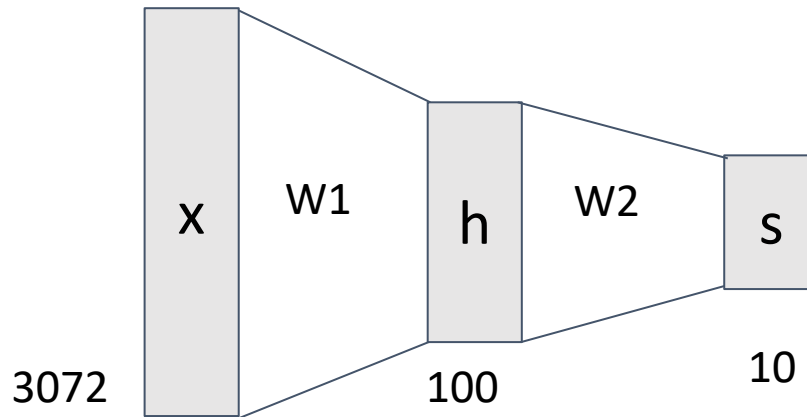
Neural Network: Concatenation of functions

Linear score function: $f = Wx$

2-layer Neural Network

$$f = f_2(f_1(x)) = W_2 \max(0, W_1 x)$$

Non-linearity

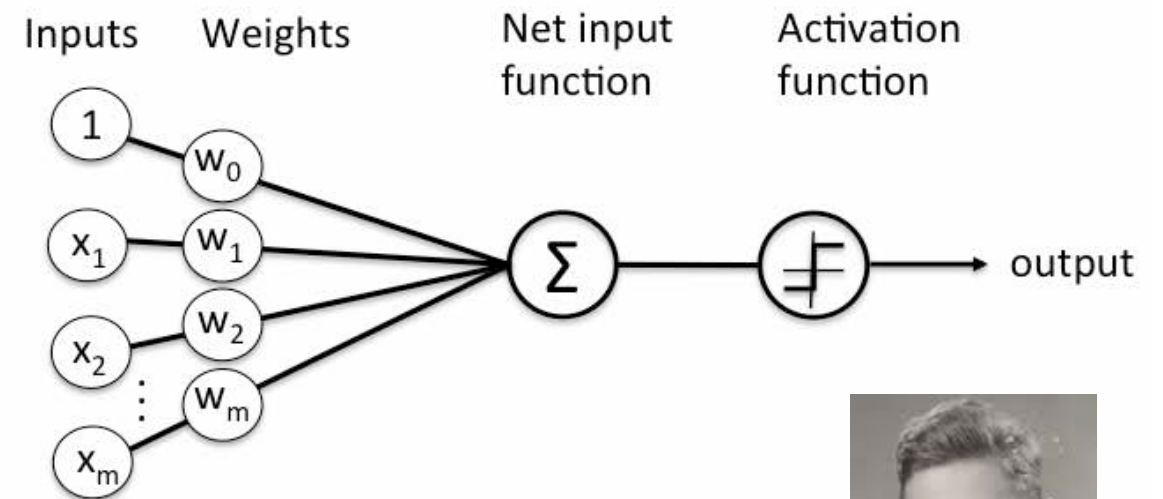
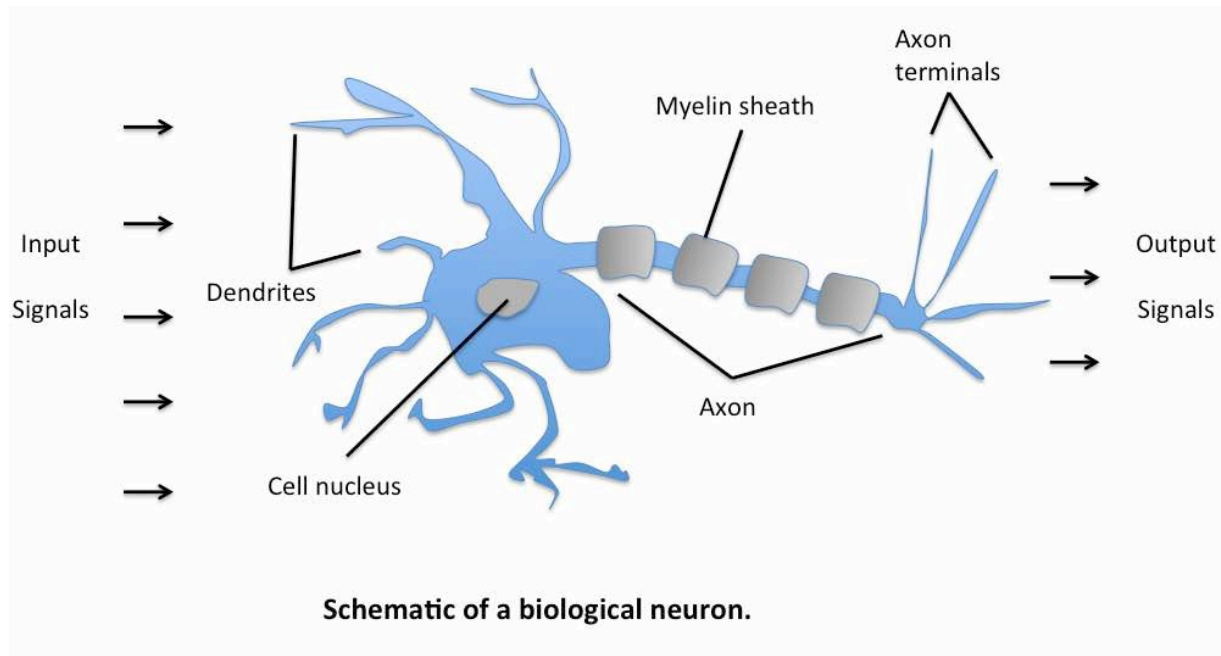


$$h = f_1(X)$$

$$s = f_2(h)$$

Need to learn the weights!

Frank Rosenblatt's Perceptron



$$\sigma(\mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{x} + b) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } \mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{x} + b \geq 0, \\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$



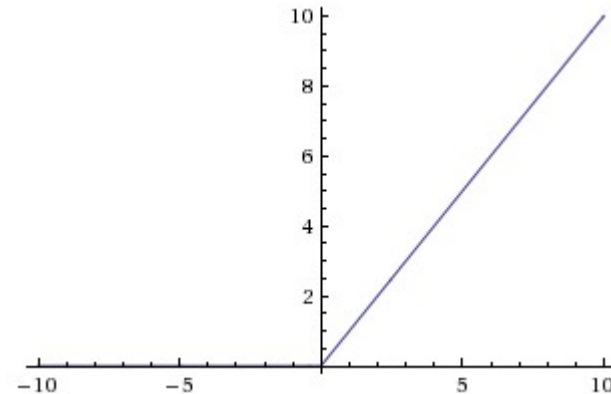
Frank Rosenblatt
(1928-1971)

Activation Functions

2-layer Neural Network

$$f = f_2(f_1(x)) = W_2 \max(0, W_1 x)$$

Rectified Linear Unit (ReLU)
 $\max(0, x)$

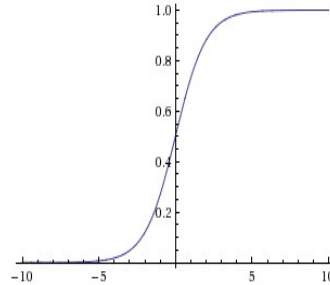


Introduce non-linearity to the network

Activation Functions

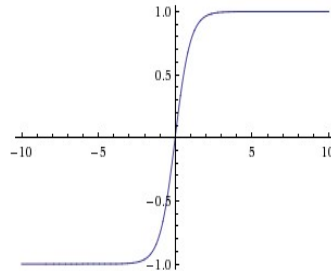
Sigmoid

$$\sigma(x) = 1/(1 + e^{-x})$$

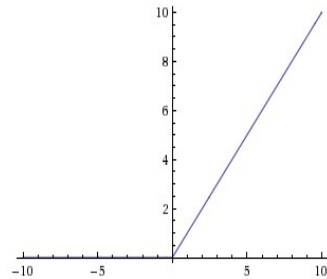


tanh $\tanh(x)$

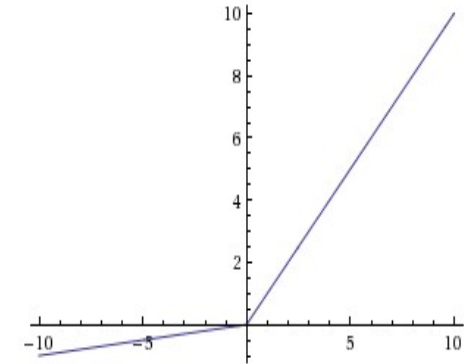
$$\frac{e^{2x} - 1}{e^{2x} + 1}$$



ReLU $\max(0, x)$

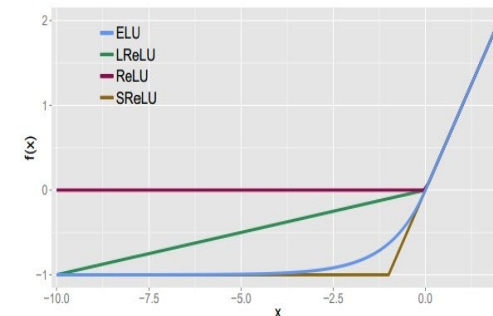


Leaky ReLU
 $\max(0.1x, x)$



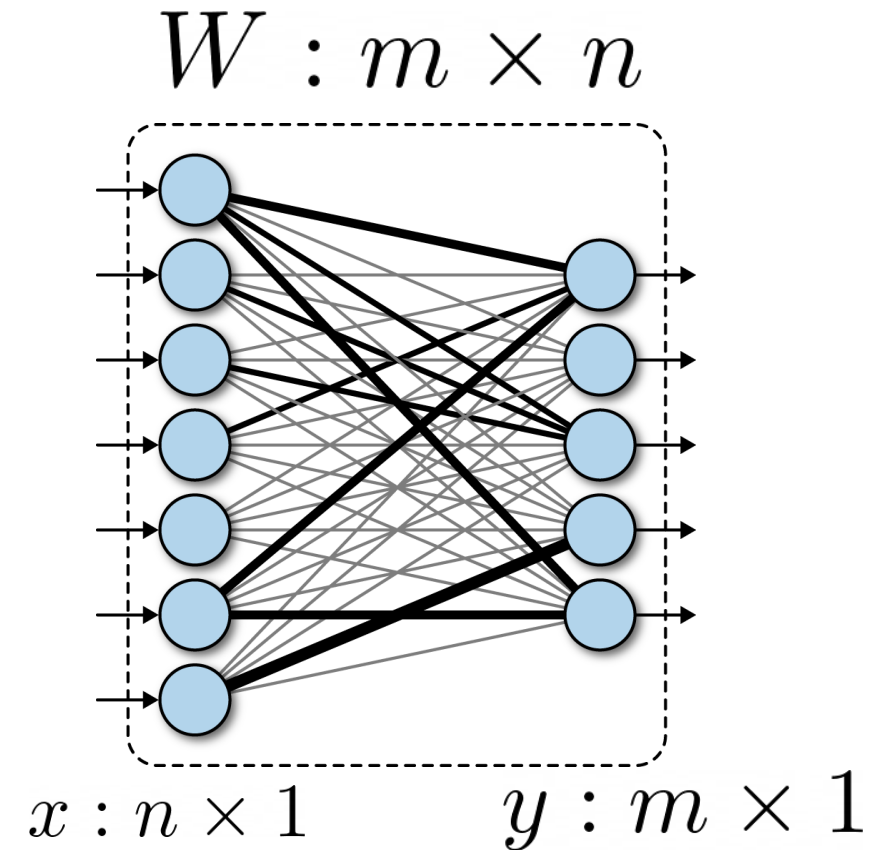
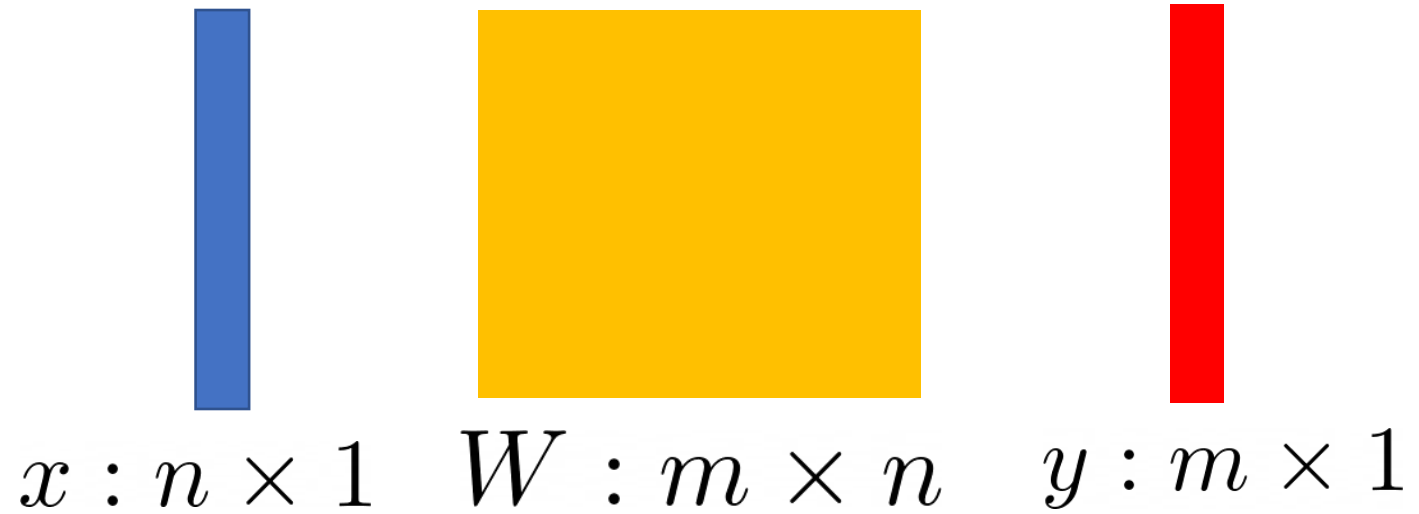
Maxout $\max(w_1^T x + b_1, w_2^T x + b_2)$

ELU Exponential Linear Unit
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x & \text{if } x > 0 \\ \alpha (\exp(x) - 1) & \text{if } x \leq 0 \end{cases}$$



Fully Connected Layer

$$y = Wx$$



Fully Connected Layer

- What is the drawback of only using fully connected layers?

$$y = Wx$$

- Consider an image with 640 x 480
 - x is with dimension 307,200
 - The weight matrix of the fully connect layer is too large

Further Reading

- Stanford CS231n, lecture 5, Convolutional Neural Networks
<http://cs231n.stanford.edu/schedule.html>
- Deep learning with PyTorch
https://pytorch.org/tutorials/beginner/deep_learning_60min_blitz.html
- AlexNet (2012):
<https://papers.nips.cc/paper/2012/hash/c399862d3b9d6b76c8436e924a68c45b-Abstract.html>
- Vgg16 (2014): <https://arxiv.org/abs/1409.1556>
- GoogleNet (2014): <https://arxiv.org/abs/1409.4842>
- ResNet (2015): <https://arxiv.org/abs/1512.03385>