## Building Single Molecules from Single Atoms

A DISSERTATION PRESENTED

BY

Yichao Yu

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#### Building Single Molecules from Single Atoms

Abstract

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## Acknowledgments

,

Introduction

#### Apparatus

#### I.I COOLING AND OPTICAL PUMPING BEAMS

(MOT, OP, fiber back reflection)

(Mention Na Raman beam to be covered in later chapter?)

- 1.2 Tweezer and imaging
- 1.3 Molecular Raman frequency generation

(beam path, calibration)

### Computer control of the experiment

- 2.1 OVERALL STRUCTURE
- 2.2 FRONTEND
- 2.3 BACKENDS

(communication protocol)

- 2.3.1 FPGA BACKEND
- 2.3.2 NIDAQ BACKEND
- 2.3.3 USRP BACKEND
- 2.4 Automation of scan

## Raman sideband cooling

3.1 THEORY

3.1

3.2 SETUP

3.2

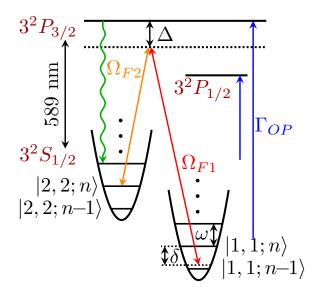


Figure 3.1: Single Na atom Raman sideband cooling scheme. The Raman transitions between  $|2,2;n\rangle$  and  $|1,1;n+\Delta n\rangle$  have a one-photon detuning  $\Delta=75$  GHz below the  $3^2S_{1/2}$  to  $3^2P_{3/2}$  transition. Two-photon detuning,  $\delta$ , is defined relative to the  $\Delta n=0$  carrier transition. For optical pumping, we use two  $\sigma^+$  polarized transitions, one to pump the atom state out of  $|1,1\rangle$  via  $3^2P_{3/2}$  and one to pump atoms out of  $|2,1\rangle$  via  $3^2P_{1/2}$  to minimize heating of the  $|2,2\rangle$  state.

- 3.3 Challenge with large Lamb-Dicky parameter
- 3.4 SOLUTION: HIGH ORDER SIDEBANDS
- 3.5 SOLUTION: SIMULATION BASED OPTIMIZATION

3.3

3.6 COOLING PERFORMANCE

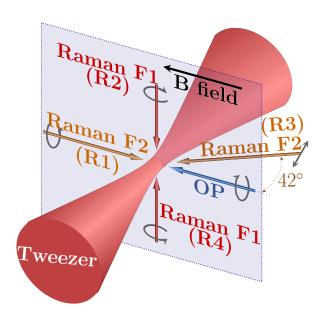


Figure 3.2: Geometry and polarizations of the Raman and optical pumping beams relative to the optical tweezer and bias magnetic field. Raman beams R1 and R4 address the radial x-mode. R1 and R2 address the radial y-mode. R3 and R4 address the axial z-mode, where the beams also couple to radial motion, but this coupling can be neglected when the atoms is cooled to the ground state of motion.

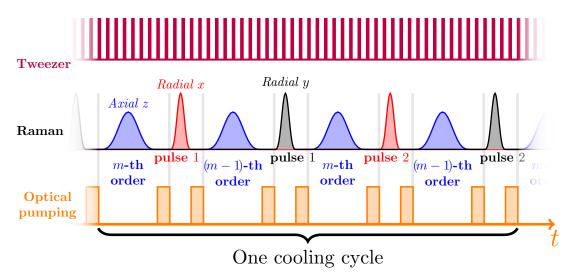


Figure 3.3: Schematic of the cooling pulse sequence. The tweezer is strobed at 3 MHz to reduce light shifts during optical pumping. Each cooling cycle consists of 8 sideband pulses. The four axial pulses address two sideband orders. The two pulses in each radial direction either address  $\Delta n=-2$  and  $\Delta n=-1$  or have different durations to drive  $\Delta n=-1$ , at the end of the cooling sequence when most of the population is below n=3. The Raman cooling and spectroscopy pulses have Blackman envelopes to reduce off-resonant coupling, while the measurement Rabi pulses in Fig. and have square envelopes to simplify analysis.

## Interaction of single atoms

#### 4.1 SCATTERING LENGTH

(Importance/relation with binding energy etc.)

		T-						
4	. 2.	LNERGY	LEVELS	OF TWO	INTERACTING A	ATOMS IN	AN ANISO	TROPIC TRAP
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#### 4.3 Interaction shift spectroscopy

 $(motional\ sideband,\ scattering\ length\ result)$ 

#### 4.4 Summary and Outlook

(Motional state selection)

## Photoassociation of single atoms

- 5.1 ENERGY LEVELS
- 5.2 EFFECT OF THE TRAP

(light shift, broadening)

#### 5.3 Photoassociation spectroscopy

(v=0, 12, 14, etc)

Two-photon spectroscopy of NaCs ground

state

(N=2, different HF states)

Coherent optical creation of NaCs

molecule

Conclusion