- 1.
- 2.
- (a)

Since  $J_z = L_z + S_z$  and  $[L_z, S_z] = 0$ , the  $J_z$  eigenstates are sum of  $L_z$  and  $S_z$  eigenstates that has the same sum of  $m_l$  and  $m_s$ . (The only variable on the RHS are  $m_l$  and  $m_s$  among which  $m_s$  can only be  $\pm \frac{1}{2}$  so the constraint above limit the decomposition to the given form.)

- (b)
- 3.
- 4.
- **5.**
- (a)

Eigenvalue  $\lambda$ 

$$0 = (h - \lambda)^{2} - |g|^{2}$$
$$h - \lambda = \pm |g|$$
$$\lambda = h \pm |g|$$

Corresponding eigen vectors are  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\left(1,\pm\frac{g}{|g|}\right)$ 

(b)

Initial state

$$|\psi_0\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|+\rangle + |-\rangle)$$

At time t,

$$\begin{split} |\psi_{t}\rangle &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left( \exp\left(-\mathrm{i}\frac{h + |g|}{\hbar}t\right) |+\rangle + \exp\left(-\mathrm{i}\frac{h - |g|}{\hbar}t\right) |-\rangle \right) \\ &= \frac{\mathrm{e}^{-\mathrm{i}\hbar t/\hbar}}{\sqrt{2}} \left( \mathrm{e}^{-\mathrm{i}|g|t/\hbar} |+\rangle + \mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{i}|g|t/\hbar} |-\rangle \right) \\ &= \frac{\mathrm{e}^{-\mathrm{i}\hbar t/\hbar}}{2} \left( \mathrm{e}^{-\mathrm{i}|g|t/\hbar} \left( |1\rangle + \frac{g}{|g|} |2\rangle \right) + \mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{i}|g|t/\hbar} \left( |1\rangle - \frac{g}{|g|} |2\rangle \right) \right) \\ &= \mathrm{e}^{-\mathrm{i}\hbar t/\hbar} \left( \cos\left(\frac{|g|t}{\hbar}\right) |1\rangle - \mathrm{i}\frac{g}{|g|} \sin\left(\frac{|g|t}{\hbar}\right) |2\rangle \right) \end{split}$$

- 6.
- (a)
- (b)