

視覚と行動の end-to-end 学習により 経路追従行動をオンラインで模倣する手法の提案 ー データセット収集密度の動的調整による学習の効率化 ー

A proposal for an online imitation method of path-tracking
behavior by end-to-end learning of vision and action

- Efficiency improvement of learning by dynamic adjustment of dataset collection density -

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We have proposed an online imitation method of path-tracking behavior based on end-to-end learning of vision and action. In recent years, many studies of autonomous movement using end-to-end learning have been reported. However, these studies have also observed deviations from the target path. One of the possible reasons for this is the lack of training data for returning to the path. In this paper, we perform end-to-end learning to follow a route generated by a map-based navigation system. The dataset was collected in two ways, one is to learn only the area around the route and the other is to learn the state away from the route, and the generated path-tracking behaviors were analyzed. In addition, we proposed a new method of collecting teacher data to reinforce the behavior of returning to the path, and verified the effectiveness of the method by experiments using a simulator.

Key Words: Autonomous mobile robot, Navigation, End-to-end learning, Dataset

1 緒言

近年

2 従来手法

従来手法の

2.1 地図ベースの経路追従行動の模倣学習

地図ベースの

2.2 訓練済みモデルを用いた経路追従

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