

Video 15 Summary: Data Profiling and Cleaning



Analogy: Inventory in a Store

Just like store managers **count and verify items** during inventory, data analysts **profile and clean data** to ensure it's accurate and usable.

What Is Data Profiling?

Data profiling is the process of **exploring data** to identify **quality issues**. It helps analysts understand:

- **Structure** (e.g., columns and data types)
 - **Format** (e.g., string, number)
 - **Values** (e.g., missing or duplicate entries)
 - **Relationships** between fields
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What Is Data Cleaning?

Data cleaning is the process of **fixing or removing** the issues identified during profiling. It ensures the data is:

- **Accurate**
 - **Consistent**
 - **Complete**
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Example: Arpa, a Retail Data Analyst

- Arpa receives monthly inventory data from multiple stores.
 - She uses a **data profiling tool** to:
 - Identify columns (e.g., item name, price, quantity)
 - Determine data types
 - Detect missing or duplicate values
 - After profiling, she **cleans the data** by:
 - Fixing missing prices
 - Removing duplicate item names
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Tools and Efficiency

- Data profiling and cleaning can be done **manually**, but tools are more **efficient** and **less error-prone**.
 - Tools help automate the detection and correction of data issues.
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Takeaway

Regular **profiling and cleaning** ensures high-quality data, which leads to **better analysis** and **more informed decisions**.