

DAY -15 & 16 JAVA ASSIGNMENT

Day 15 and 16:

Task 1: Knapsack Problem

Write a function `int Knapsack(int W, int[] weights, int[] values)` in C# that determines the maximum value of items that can fit into a knapsack with a capacity `W`. The function should handle up to 100 items. Find the optimal way to fill the knapsack with the given items to achieve the maximum total value. You must consider that you cannot break items, but have to include them whole.

```
1 package com.wipro.dynamicprog;
2
3 import java.util.List;
4
5 public class KnapsackProblem01 {
6
7     public static void main(String[] args) {
8
9         int capacity = 8;
10        int[] values = { 1, 2, 5, 6 };
11        int[] weights = { 2, 3, 4, 5 };
12        int n = values.length;
13
14        int maxValue = knapsack(capacity, weights, values, n);
15        System.out.println("Maximum value that can be obtained : " + maxValue);
16    }
17
18    private static int knapsack(int capacity, int[] weights, int[] profits, int n) {
19        int[][] t = new int[n + 1][capacity + 1];
20
21        for (int rownum = 0; rownum <= n; rownum++) {
22            for (int colnum = 0; colnum <= capacity; colnum++) {
23                if (rownum == 0 || colnum == 0) {
24                    t[rownum][colnum] = 0;
25                } else if (weights[rownum - 1] <= colnum) {
26                    t[rownum][colnum] = Math.max(t[rownum - 1][colnum],
27                        profits[rownum - 1] + t[rownum - 1][colnum - weights[rownum - 1]]);
28                } else {
29                    t[rownum][colnum] = t[rownum - 1][colnum];
30                }
31            }
32        }
33
34        List<Integer> itemsIncluded = findItemsIncluded(t, weights, profits, n, capacity);
35        System.out.println("Items included in the knapsack : " + itemsIncluded);
36        return t[n][capacity];
37    }
38
39    private static List<Integer> findItemsIncluded(int[][] t, int[] weights, int[] profits, int n, int capacity) {
40        List<Integer> itemsIncluded = new ArrayList<>();
41        int i = n;
42        int j = capacity;
43        while (i > 0 && j > 0) {
44            if (t[i][j] != t[i - 1][j]) {
45                itemsIncluded.add(i);
46                j -= weights[i - 1];
47                i--;
48            } else {
49                i--;
50            }
51        }
52        return itemsIncluded;
53    }
54 }
```

```
private static List<Integer> findItemsIncluded(int[][] t, int[] weights, int[] profits, int n, int capacity) {
    List<Integer> itemsIncluded = new ArrayList<>();
    int i = n;
    int j = capacity;
    while (i > 0 && j > 0) {
        if (t[i][j] != t[i - 1][j]) {
            itemsIncluded.add(i);
            j -= weights[i - 1];
            i--;
        } else {
            i--;
        }
    }
    return itemsIncluded;
}

}
```

Task 2: Longest Common Subsequence

Implement `int LCS(string text1, string text2)` to find the length of the longest common subsequence between two strings.

```
LongestCommonSubsequence.java × Console ×
1 package com.wipro.dynamicprog;
2
3 public class LongestCommonSubsequence {
4
5     public static void main(String[] args) {
6         String str1 = "babbbab";
7         String str2 = "abaaba";
8
9         int[][] dp = new int[str1.length() + 1][str2.length() + 1];
10        int length = longestCommonSubsequence(str1, str2, dp);
11        System.out.println("Length of the common subsequence: " + length);
12
13        String lcs = findLCS(str1, str2, dp);
14        System.out.println("Longest common subsequence: " + lcs);
15    }
16
17    private static int longestCommonSubsequence(String str1, String str2, int[][] dp) {
18        int m = str1.length();
19        int n = str2.length();
20
21        for (int i = 0; i <= m; i++) {
22            for (int j = 0; j <= n; j++) {
23                if (i == 0 || j == 0) {
24                    dp[i][j] = 0;
25                } else if (str1.charAt(i - 1) == str2.charAt(j - 1)) {
26                    dp[i][j] = 1 + dp[i - 1][j - 1];
27                } else {
28                    dp[i][j] = Math.max(dp[i - 1][j], dp[i][j - 1]);
29                }
30            }
31        }
32        return dp[m][n];
33    }
34
35    private static String findLCS(String str1, String str2, int[][] dp) {
36        int i = str1.length();
37        int j = str2.length();
38        StringBuilder lcs = new StringBuilder();
39
40        while (i > 0 && j > 0) {
41            if (str1.charAt(i - 1) == str2.charAt(j - 1)) {
42                lcs.append(str1.charAt(i - 1));
43                i--;
44                j--;
45            } else if (dp[i - 1][j] > dp[i][j - 1]) {
46                i--;
47            } else {
48                j--;
49            }
50        }
51        return lcs.reverse().toString();
52    }
53 }
```

<terminated> LongestCommonSubsequence [Java 4
length of the common subsequence: 4
Longest common subsequence: abab