

## DAY-16 & 17 JAVA ASSIGNMENT

Day 16 and 17:

### Task 1: The Knight's Tour Problem

Create a function `bool SolveKnightsTour(int[,] board, int moveX, int moveY, int moveCount, int[] xMove, int[] yMove)` that attempts to solve the Knight's Tour problem using backtracking. The function should return true if a solution exists and false otherwise. The board represents the chessboard, `moveX` and `moveY` are the current coordinates of the knight, `moveCount` is the current move count, and `xMove[]`, `yMove[]` are the possible next moves for the knight. Fill the chessboard such that the knight visits every square exactly once. Keep the chessboard size to 8x8.

```
KnightsTourAlgo.java ×
1 package com.wipro.backtrackingalgo;
2
3 public class KnightsTourAlgo {
4     // Possible moves of a Knight
5     int[] pathRow = { 2, 2, 1, 1, -1, -1, -2, -2 };
6     int[] pathCol = { -1, 1, -2, 2, -2, 2, -1, 1 };
7
8     public static void main(String[] args) {
9         KnightsTourAlgo knightTour = new KnightsTourAlgo();
10        int[][] visited = new int[8][8];
11        visited[0][0] = 1;
12
13        if (!knightTour.findKnightTour(visited, 0, 0, 1)) {
14            System.out.println("Soultion Not Available :(");
15        }
16    }
17
18    private boolean findKnightTour(int[][] visited, int row, int col, int move) {
19        if (move == 64) {
20            for (int i = 0; i < 8; i++) {
21                for (int j = 0; j < 8; j++) {
22                    System.out.printf("%2d ", visited[i][j]);
23                }
24                System.out.println();
25            }
26            return true;
27        } else {
28            for (int index = 0; index < pathRow.length; index++) {
29                int rowNew = row + pathRow[index];
30                int colNew = col + pathCol[index];
31                // Try all the moves from current coordinate
32                if (isValidMove(visited, rowNew, colNew)) {
33                    // apply the move
34                    move++;
35                    visited[rowNew][colNew] = move;
36                    if (findKnightTour(visited, rowNew, colNew, move)) {
37                        return true;
38                    }
39                    // backtrack the move
40                    move--;
41                    visited[rowNew][colNew] = 0;
42                }
43            }
44        }
45    }
46
47    private boolean isValidMove(int[][] visited, int row, int col) {
48        return row >= 0 & row < 8 & col >= 0 & col < 8 & visited[row][col] == 0;
49    }
50}
```

```
Console ×
<terminated> KnightsTourAlgo [Java
1 36 47 50 57 52 61 40
46 49 58 37 60 39 56 53
35 2 27 48 51 54 41 62
26 45 34 59 38 43 32 55
3 28 25 44 33 30 63 42
12 15 18 29 24 21 8 31
17 4 13 10 19 6 23 64
14 11 16 5 22 9 20 7
```

```
43         }
44     }
45 }
46 }
47
48     return false;
49 }
50
51 private boolean isValidMove(int[][] visited, int rowNew, int colNew) {
52     if (rowNew >= 0 && rowNew < 8 && colNew >= 0 && colNew < 8 && visited[rowNew][colNe
53         return true;
54     }
55     return false;
56 }
57
58 }
```

## Task 2: Rat in a Maze

Implement a function `bool SolveMaze(int[,] maze)` that uses backtracking to find a path from the top left corner to the bottom right corner of a maze. The maze is represented by a 2D array where 1s are paths and 0s are walls. Find a rat's path through the maze. The maze size is 6x6.

```
RatInMaze.java ×
1 package com.wipro.backtrackingalgo;
2
3 public class RatInMaze {
4     int[] pathRow = { 0, 0, 1, -1 };
5     int[] pathCol = { 1, -1, 0, 0 };
6
7     private void findPathInMaze(int[][] maze, int[][] visited, int row, int col, int destRow, int destCol, int move) {
8         if (row == destRow && col == destCol) {
9             for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++) {
10                 for (int j = 0; j < 4; j++) {
11                     System.out.printf("%2d ", visited[i][j]);
12                 }
13                 System.out.println();
14             }
15             System.out.println("*****");
16         } else {
17             for (int index = 0; index < pathRow.length; index++) {
18                 int rowNew = row + pathRow[index];
19                 int colNew = col + pathCol[index];
20
21                 if (isValidMove(maze, visited, rowNew, colNew)) {
22                     move++;
23                     visited[rowNew][colNew] = move;
24                     findPathInMaze(maze, visited, rowNew, colNew, destRow, destCol, move);
25                     move--;
26                     visited[rowNew][colNew] = 0;
27                 }
28             }
29         }
30     }
31 }
32
33
34
35
36 private boolean isValidMove(int[][] maze, int[][] visited, int rowNew, int colNew) {
37
38     return (rowNew >= 0 && rowNew < 4 && colNew >= 0 && colNew < 4 && maze[rowNew][colNew] == 1
39         && visited[rowNew][colNew] == 0);
40 }
41
42 public static void main(String[] args) {
43     int[][] maze = { { 1, 0, 1, 1 }, { 1, 1, 1, 1 }, { 0, 0, 0, 1 }, { 1, 1, 1, 1 } };
44     int[][] visited = new int[4][4];
45     visited[0][0] = 1;
46
47     RatInMaze ratInMaze = new RatInMaze();
48     ratInMaze.findPathInMaze(maze, visited, 0, 0, 3, 3, 1);
49
50 }
51 }
```

```
Console ×
<terminated> RatInMaze (Java
1 0 0 0
2 3 4 5
0 0 0 6
0 0 0 7
*****
1 0 5 6
2 3 4 7
0 0 0 8
0 0 0 9
*****
```

### Task 3: N Queen Problem

Write a function `bool SolveNQueen(int[,] board, int col)` in C# that places N queens on an N x N chessboard so that no two queens attack each other using backtracking. Place N queens on the board such that no two queens can attack each other. Use a standard 8x8 chessboard.

```
NQueensProblem.java x Console x
1 package com.wipro.backtrackingalgo;
2
3 public class NQueensProblem {
4
5     public static void main(String[] args) {
6         int size = 8;
7         int[][] board = new int[size][size];
8
9         if (SolveNQueen(board, 0, size)) {
10             System.out.println("No solution found :( ");
11         } else {
12             printBoard(board, size);
13         }
14     }
15
16     private static boolean solveNQueen(int[][] board, int col, int size) {
17         if (col >= size) {
18             return true;
19         }
20
21         for (int row = 0; row < size; row++) {
22             if (isValidCell(board, row, col, size)) {
23                 board[row][col] = 1; // Place the queen
24
25                 if (solveNQueen(board, col + 1, size)) {
26                     return true;
27                 }
28
29                 board[row][col] = 0; // Backtrack and remove the queen
30             }
31         }
32
33         return false; // No valid placement found in this column
34     }
35 }
```

```
<terminated> NQueensProb
Q - - - - -
- - - - Q -
- - - Q - -
- - - - - Q
- Q - - - -
- - Q - - -
- - - - Q -
- - Q - - -
```

```

35
36● private static boolean isValidCell(int[][] board, int row, int col, int size) {
37     // Check the column
38     for (int i = 0; i < col; i++) {
39         if (board[row][i] == 1) {
40             return false;
41         }
42     }
43
44     // Check upper left diagonal
45     for (int i = row, j = col; i >= 0 && j >= 0; i--, j--) {
46         if (board[i][j] == 1) {
47             return false;
48         }
49     }
50
51     // Check lower left diagonal
52     for (int i = row, j = col; i < size && j >= 0; i++, j--) {
53         if (board[i][j] == 1) {
54             return false;
55         }
56     }
57
58     return true;
59 }
60
61● private static void printBoard(int[][] board, int size) {
62     for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
63         for (int j = 0; j < size; j++) {
64             System.out.print(board[i][j] == 1 ? "Q " : "- ");
65         }
66         System.out.println();
67     }
68 }
69 }
70 |

```