

# @angular/forms

## 6. Custom Validation

# Custom Validation

- We can create our own custom validation

```
<!-- Validate correct phone -->
<input type="text" name="phone-number" [(ngModel)]="phoneNumber"
      required
      phone
      ↗
<!-- Validate correct social security format -->
<input type="text" name="social-security" [(ngModel)]="scNumber"
      required
      socialSecurity
      ↗
```

# Custom Validation as Directive / Function

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- Our custom validation can be applied with a directive on the template
- Our custom Validation can be applied as a function to Reactive

```
<input
  type="text"
  required
  phoneNumber
  name="phone"
  [formControl]="phone" ➔
```

```
phone: FormControl = new FormControl(
  "",
  [Validators.required, Validators.phone]
);
```

# FormControl Validation directive communication /academeeez

- For the validation to work, the FormControl needs to grab the instance of the validation directive
- after grabbing the instance the FormControl needs to call a validation method on the directive class.
- Angular supplies us with the **Validator** interface. The Validation directive needs to implement that interface so that the **FormControl** can call the proper method.

# Validator interface

- Validation directive needs to implement this interface
- Validation directive can on: FormGroup, FormArray, FormControl

```
export interface Validator {  
  validate(control: AbstractControl): ValidationErrors | null;  
  registerOnValidatorChange?(fn: () => void): void;  
}
```

# EX. Validation Directive PhoneValidator

- Create a validation directive to verify a phone number

```
<input
  name="phone"
  type="text"
  phone
  [(ngModel)]="phone"
  #phoneNgModel="ngModel"
  ⤴
  {{ phoneNgModel.errors | json }}
```

# EX. Validation Directive Password/Repeat

- Create a validation directive that will get a FormGroup and will validate that the password and repeat password match

```
<form passwordRepeat #repeatNgForm="ngForm">  
  ...  
</form>
```

# ValidatorFn

- Custom Validation that can be applied only to Reactive can be created using a function
- Angular provided an interface for that Function

```
export interface ValidatorFn {  
  (control: AbstractControl): ValidationErrors | null;  
}
```



## Ex. ValidatorFn

- Create the Validators we created in the previous ex. but as functions and use them in a reactive form

# Summary

- Angular provides us tools to create our own reusable for validation
- We can create a validation directive
- We can create a validation function that we can use on Reactive

# Thank You

**Next Lesson: 7. ControlValueAccessor**